UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM S-1

REGISTRATION STATEMENT UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933

ROTH CH ACQUISITION I CO. PARENT CORP.*

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in its Charter)

Delaware	5093	83-3584792
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)	(Primary Standard Industrial Classification Code Number)	(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)
(Address, Including Zip Code, and T	888 San Clemente Drive, Suite 400 Newport Beach, CA 92660 (949) 720-5700 elephone Number, Including Area Code, of Regis	trant's Principal Executive Offices)
	Gordon Roth Roth CH Acquisition I Co. 888 San Clemente Drive, Suite 400 Newport Beach, CA 92660 (949) 720-5700 ip Code, and Telephone Number, Including Area	
	Copies to:	
Mitchell Nussbaum, Esq. Norwood P. Beveridge, Esq. Loeb & Loeb LLP 345 Park Avenue New York, NY 10154 Phone: (212) 407-4000		Joel T. May, Esq. Patrick S. Baldwin, Esq. Jones Day 1420 Peachtree Street, N.E., Suite 800 Atlanta, Georgia 30309 Tel: (404) 581-8967
	nate date of commencement of proposed sale to rom time to time after the effective date hereof.	
If any of the securities being registered on this Form are to be of following box. \boxtimes	fered on a delayed or continuous basis pursuant to	Rule 415 under the Securities Act of 1933, check the
If this Form is filed to register additional securities for an offerin registration statement number of the earlier effective registration		et, check the following box and list the Securities Act
If this Form is a post-effective amendment filed pursuant to Rule number of the earlier effective registration statement for the sam		ving box and list the Securities Act registration statement
If this Form is a post-effective amendment filed pursuant to Rule number of the earlier effective registration statement for the sam		ving box and list the Securities Act registration statement
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerate company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer,"		
Large accelerated filer □ Non-accelerated filer ⊠		Accelerated filer □ Smaller reporting company ⊠ Emerging growth company ⊠
If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the reaccounting standards provided pursuant to Section 7(a)(2)(B) of		tion period for complying with any new or revised financial

CALCULATION OF REGISTRATION FEE

Title of Each Class of Security Being Registered ⁽¹⁾	Amount Being Registered ⁽²⁾	Proposed Maximum Offering Price Per Security	Proposed Maximum Aggregate Offering Price	Amount of Registration Fee
Shares of Common Stock, \$.001 par value ("Common Stock")	25,000,000 \$	3 10.45 ⁽³⁾ \$	261,250,000 ⁽²⁾ \$	28,502.38

⁽¹⁾ All securities being registered will be issued by Roth CH Acquisition I Co. Parent Corp. ("ParentCo"), a Delaware corporation and wholly-owned subsidiary of Roth CH Acquisition I Co., a Delaware corporation ("ROCH"), in connection with ROCH's previously announced initial business combination (the "Business Combination") with ParentCo, Roth CH Merger Sub LLC ("Merger Sub LLC"), Roth CH Merger Sub Corp. ("Merger Sub Corp") and PureCycle Technologies LLC ("PCT"), pursuant to which ParentCo will issue the shares of ParentCo Common Stock registered hereunder to certain institutions and accredited investors of ROCH in exchange for shares of ROCH common stock purchased by such investors in a transaction exempt from the registration requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act").

- (2) Pursuant to Rule 416 under the Securities Act, the registrant is also registering an indeterminate number of additional shares of common stock that may become issuable as a result of any stock dividend, stock split, recapitalization or other similar transaction.
- (3) Pursuant to Rule 457(c) under the Securities Act, and solely for the purpose of calculating the registration fee, the proposed maximum offering price is \$10.45, which is the average of the high and low prices of shares of ROCH common stock on the Nasdaq Capital Market on November 23, 2020 (such date being within five business days of the date that this registration statement was filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC")).
 - * Upon the closing of the Business Combination, the name of ParentCo is expected to change to PureCycle Technologies, Inc.

The registrant hereby amends this registration statement on such date or dates as may be necessary to delay its effective date until the registrant shall file a further amendment which specifically states that this registration statement shall thereafter become effective in accordance with Section 8(a) of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or until the registration statement shall become effective on such date as the Commission, acting pursuant to Section 8(a), may determine.

EXPLANATORY NOTE

This registration statement registers the resale of securities to be issued in a private placement in connection with the consummation of the proposed business combination (the "Business Combination") by and among Roth CH Acquisition I Co. ("ROCH"), Roth CH Acquisition I Co. Parent Corp. ("we," "us," "our" or "ParentCo"), a wholly owned subsidiary of ROCH, Roth CH Merger Sub LLC ("Merger Sub LLC"), Roth CH Merger Sub Corp. ("Merger Sub Corp") and PureCycle Technologies LLC ("PCT"). The shares of ParentCo common stock covered by this registration statement will not be entitled to vote at the special meeting of ROCH's stockholders to be held to approve the Business Combination, and will not receive any proceeds from the trust account established in connection with ROCH's initial public offering in the event ROCH does not consummate an initial business combination by the deadline in its amended and restated certificate of incorporation.

The information contained in this preliminary prospectus is not complete and may be changed. These securities may not be sold until the registration statement filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission is effective. This preliminary prospectus is not an offer to sell these securities and it is not soliciting an offer to buy these securities in any state where the offer or sale is not permitted.

PRELIMINARY PROSPECTUS

SUBJECT TO COMPLETION

DATED NOVEMBER 30, 2020

ROTH CH ACQUISITION I CO. PARENT CORP. 25,000,000 Shares Common Stock

This prospectus relates to the resale from time to time of certain shares of common stock to be issued pursuant to the terms of those certain subscription agreements entered into (the "PIPE Investment") in connection with the proposed business combination (the "Business Combination") by and among Roth CH Acquisition I Co. ("ROCH"), Roth CH Acquisition I Co. Parent Corp. ("we," "us," "our," or "ParentCo"), a wholly owned subsidiary of ROCH, Roth CH Merger Sub LLC ("Merger Sub LLC"), Roth CH Merger Sub Corp. ("Merger Sub Corp") and PureCycle Technologies LLC ("PCT") pursuant to the Agreement and Plan of Merger dated as of November 16, 2020, as amended from time to time (the "Merger Agreement").

In connection with the Business Combination, Merger Sub Corp will merge with and into ROCH (the "RH Merger"), with ROCH surviving the RH Merger as a wholly-owned subsidiary of ParentCo (the "ROCH Surviving Company"); simultaneously with the RH Merger, Merger Sub LLC will merge with and into PCT (the "PCT Merger"), with PCT surviving the PCT Merger as a wholly-owned subsidiary of ParentCo (the "Surviving Company"); following the PCT Merger, ParentCo will contribute to the Surviving Company the proceeds of the PIPE Investment, other than the par value of the ROCH common stock which will have been disbursed to ROCH, and, within two days following the closing of the Business Combination, ROCH Surviving Company will acquire, and ParentCo will contribute to ROCH Surviving Company all of the common units of the Surviving Company directly held by ParentCo after the PCT Merger (the "ParentCo Contribution"), such that, following the ParentCo Contribution, Surviving Company shall be a wholly-owned subsidiary of the ROCH Surviving Company.

Upon closing of the Business Combination, the name of ParentCo is expected to change to PureCycle Technologies, Inc. In connection with the closing of the Business Combination, the currently issued and outstanding shares of ROCH's common stock, par value \$0.0001 per share ("Common Stock"), will be exchanged, on a one-for-one basis, for shares of ParentCo common stock, par value \$0.001 per share ("ParentCo Common Stock"). Accordingly, all references in this prospectus to "ParentCo Common Stock" refer to shares of ParentCo Common Stock, which will be issued at the closing of the Business Combination in exchange for all issued and outstanding shares of Common Stock of ROCH.

As described herein, the selling securityholders named in this prospectus or their permitted transferees (collectively, the "Selling Stockholders"), may sell from time to time up to 25,000,000 shares of ParentCo Common Stock that will be issued to certain institutions and accredited investors in connection with the closing of the PIPE Investment and Business Combination

We will bear all costs, expenses and fees in connection with the registration of the ParentCo Common Stock and will not receive any proceeds from the sale of the ParentCo Common Stock. The Selling Stockholders will bear all commissions and discounts, if any, attributable to their respective sales of the ParentCo Common Stock.

Upon the consummation of the Business Combination, ParentCo's Common Stock, warrants and units are expected to trade on the Nasdaq Capital Market ('NASDAQ'') under the proposed symbols "PCT," "PCTTW" and "PCTTU," respectively.

We are an "emerging growth company" as defined under the U.S. federal securities laws and, as such, have elected to comply with certain reduced public company reporting requirements.

Investing in our common stock is highly speculative and involves a high degree of risk. See "Risk Factors" beginning on page 23.

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of these securities or determined if this prospectus is truthful or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

The date of this prospectus is

, 2021

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You should rely only on the information contained in this prospectus. We have not authorized any other person to provide you with information different from or in addition to that contained in this prospectus. If anyone provides you with different or inconsistent information, you should not rely on it. We are not making an offer to sell these securities in any jurisdiction where an offer or sale is not permitted. You should assume that the information appearing in this prospectus is accurate only as of the date on the front cover of this prospectus. Our business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects may have changed since that date.

In this prospectus, we rely on and refer to information and statistics regarding our industry. We obtained this statistical, market and other industry data and forecasts from publicly available information. While we believe that the statistical data, market data and other industry data and forecasts are reliable, we have not independently verified the data.

FREQUENTLY USED TERMS

Unless otherwise stated in this prospectus, the terms, "we," "us" or "our" refer to Roth CH Acquisition I Co., a Delaware corporation, prior to the consummation of the Business Combination and Roth CH Acquisition I Co. Parent Corp., a Delaware corporation to be renamed PureCycle Technologies, Inc., from and after the consummation of the Business Combination. Further, in this document:

- "Authority" means the Southern Ohio Port Authority, the issuer of the Revenue Bonds.
- · "Board" means the board of directors of ROCH.
- "Business Combination" means the transactions contemplated by the Merger Agreement.
- "Certificate of Incorporation" means ROCH's Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation.
- "Closing Date" means date of the consummation of the Business Combination.
- "Code" means the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.
- · "Combined Company" means ParentCo and its consolidated subsidiaries after the Business Combination.
- "Common Stock" means the shares of common stock, par value \$0.0001 per share, of ROCH.
- "Continental" means Continental Stock Transfer & Trust Company, ROCH's transfer agent.
- "Convertible Notes" means the up to \$60.0 million in aggregate principal amount of PCT's 5.875% Convertible Senior Secured Notes due 2022.
- "Effective Time" means the time at which the Business Combination becomes effective.
- "Equity Plan" means the PureCycle Technologies, Inc. 2021 Equity and Incentive Compensation Plan.
- "Exchange Act" means the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.
- "First Tranche Notes" means the \$48.0 million in aggregate principal amount of Convertible Notes issued on October 7, 2020.
- "GAAP" means accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.
- "Guarantor Liquidity Account" means the liquidity reserve held by U.S. Bank, as Escrow Agent, under an Escrow Agreement dated October 7, 2020 in connection with the Guaranty.
- "Guarantor Liquidity Reserve Amount" means the \$50 million to be fully funded by PCT into the Guarantor Liquidity Account by January 31, 2021.
- "Guaranty" means that certain Guaranty of Completion, dated as of October 7, 2020, by and between PCT and UMB Bank, N.A., entered into in connection with the Revenue Bonds.
- "Initial Stockholders" means the officers and directors of ROCH and certain other stockholders who acquired shares of ROCH prior to the IPO.

- "IPO" refers to the initial public offering of 7,500,000 ROCH Units consummated on May 7, 2020 and includes the partial exercise of the underwriters' over- allotment option in connection therewith.
- "Loan Agreement" means that certain Loan Agreement, dated as of October 1, 2020, by and between the Authority and Purecycle Ohio, entered into in connection with the Revenue Bonds.
- "Magnetar Guarantors" means the Combined Company and each subsidiary of the Combined Company that is a direct or indirect parent of PCT.
- "Magnetar Indenture" means that certain indenture, dated as of October 7, 2020, by and between PCT and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee and collateral agent pursuant to which the Convertible Notes were issued.
- "Magnetar Investors" means certain funds managed by Magnetar Capital LLC or its affiliates that purchased the Convertible Notes.
- "Magnetar Registration Rights Agreement" means that certain Registration Rights Agreement, dated as of October 28, 2020, by and between PCT and the Magnetar Investors entered into in connection with the Convertible Notes.
- "Merger Agreement" means that certain Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated as of November 16, 2020, by and among ParentCo, ROCH, Merger Sub LLC, Merger Sub Corp and PCT, as may be amended.
- "Merger Sub Corp" means Roth CH Merger Sub Corp., a Delaware corporation and wholly-owned subsidiary of ParentCo.
- · "Merger Sub LLC" means Roth CH Merger Sub LLC, a Delaware limited liability company of which ParentCo is the sole member.
- "Note Purchase Agreement" means that certain Note Purchase Agreement, dated as of October 6, 2020, by and among PCT and the Magnetar Investors, entered into in connection with the Convertible Notes.
- · "Organizational Documents" means certificate of incorporation and bylaws.
- "ParentCo" means Roth CH Acquisition I Co. Parent Corp., a Delaware corporation and wholly-owned subsidiary of ROCH, prior to the consummation of the Business Combination.
- "PCT" means PureCycle Technologies LLC, a Delaware limited liability company.
- "PCT Units" means, collectively, the Class A Units, Class B preferred Units, Class B-1 preferred Units and Class C Units of PCT.
- "PCT Unitholders" means the current holders of PCT Units.
- "Phase I Facility," "Feedstock Evaluation Unit," and "FEU" each refer to the pilot line which PCT uses to screen potential feedstock sources.
- "Phase II Facility" and "Plant 1" each refer to PCT's first commercial-scale plant in Ironton, Ohio.
- "PIPE Investment" means the purchase by certain institutions and accredited investors of 25,000,000 shares of Common Stock, which will be exchanged for shares of ParentCo Common Stock in the Business Combination, for an aggregate of \$250,000,000 in a private placement intended to close immediately prior to the closing of the Business Combination.
- "Private Shares" means the shares of Common Stock underlying the ROCH Units issued in a private placement.

- "Private Units" means the 265,500 units of ROCH sold to the Initial Stockholders upon consummation of the IPO, consisting of one Private Share and three quarters of one Private Warrant to purchase a share of Common Stock at an exercise price of \$11.50.
- "Private Warrant" means a warrant underlying the Private Units to purchase one Private Share at an exercise price of \$11.50 in a private placement transaction.
- "Project" refers to the Phase I Facility and Phase II Facility together.
- "Project site" refers to the location of the Project.
- "Proxy Statement/Prospectus" refers to the proxy statement/prospectus sent to holders of Common Stock in connection with the Special Meeting.
- "Public Shares" means the registered shares of Common Stock underlying the ROCH Units sold in the IPO.
- "Public Stockholders" means holders of Public Shares.
- "Public Warrant" means a registered warrant to purchase a share of Common Stock at an exercise price of \$11.50.
- "Purecycle Ohio" means Purecycle: Ohio LLC, a Delaware limited liability company and an indirect, wholly owned subsidiary of PCT.
- "Revenue Bonds" means, collectively, the Series 2020A Bonds, Series 2020B Bonds, and Series 2020C Bonds.
- · "Revenue Bonds Trustee" means UMB Bank, N.A., as trustee under the indenture relating to the Revenue Bonds.
- "ROCH Units" means the 7,650,000 registered units sold by ROCH in connection with its IPO and the partial exercise of the underwriters' over-allotment option, consisting of one Public Share and three quarters of one Public Warrant to purchase a share of Common Stock at an exercise price of \$11.50.
- "SEC" means the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission.
- "Second Tranche Notes" means the additional \$12.0 million of aggregate principal amount of Convertible Notes to be issued to the Magnetar Investors within 45 days after the entry into the Merger Agreement, subject to the satisfaction of customary closing conditions.
- "Securities Act" means the Securities Act of 1933, as amended.
- "Series 2020A Bonds" or "the Senior Bonds" means the tax-exempt senior secured bonds in the aggregate principal amount of \$219.6 million.
- "Series 2020B Bonds" or "the Tax-Exempt Subordinate Bonds" means the tax-exempt subordinate secured bonds in the aggregate principal amount of \$20.0 million.
- "Series 2020C Bonds" or "the Taxable Subordinate Bonds" means the taxable subordinate secured bonds in the aggregate principal amount of \$10.0 million.
- "sinking fund redemption amounts" means periodic payments reflecting the Authority's obligation to mandatorily redeem a portion of the Revenue Bonds from time to time.
- "Special Meeting" means the special meeting of the stockholders of ROCH held on approve the Business Combination.
 , 2021, at which the stockholders of ROCH, among other things, voted to
- "Trust Account" means the trust account of ROCH that holds the proceeds of the IPO in accordance with that certain Investment Management Trust Agreement between Continental Stock Transfer & Trust Company and ROCH.

CAUTIONARY STATEMENT ON FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This prospectus contains forward-looking statements, including statements about the parties' ability to close the Business Combination, the anticipated benefits of the Business Combination, and the financial condition, results of operations, earnings outlook and prospects of ROCH, ParentCo and/or PCT and may include statements for the period following the consummation of the Business Combination. Forward-looking statements appear in a number of places in this prospectus, including, without limitation, in the sections entitled "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations' and "Description of PCT Business." In addition, any statements that refer to projections, forecasts or other characterizations of future events or circumstances, including any underlying assumptions, are forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements are typically identified by words such as "plan," "believe," "expect," "anticipate," "intend," "outlook," "estimate," "forecast," "project," "continue," "could," "may," "might," "possible," "potential," "predict," "should," "would" and other similar words and expressions, but the absence of these words does not mean that a statement is not forward-looking.

The forward-looking statements are based on the current expectations of the management of ROCH, ParentCo and PCT as applicable and are inherently subject to uncertainties and changes in circumstances and their potential effects and speak only as of the date of such statement. There can be no assurance that future developments will be those that have been anticipated. These forward-looking statements involve a number of risks, uncertainties or other assumptions that may cause actual results or performance to be materially different from those expressed or implied by these forward-looking statements. These risks and uncertainties include, but are not limited to, those factors described in "Risk Factors," those discussed and identified in public filings made with the SEC by ROCH and ParentCo and the following:

- · PCT's ability to meet, and to continue to meet, applicable regulatory requirements for the use of PCT's UPRP in food grade applications;
- · PCT's ability to comply on an ongoing basis with the numerous regulatory requirements applicable to the UPRP and PCT's facilities;
- expectations regarding PCT's strategies and future financial performance, including its future business plans, expansion plans or objectives, prospective performance and
 opportunities and competitors, revenues, products and services, pricing, operating expenses, market trends, liquidity, cash flows and uses of cash, capital expenditures,
 and PCT's ability to invest in growth initiatives;
- PCT's ability to scale and build Plant 1 in a timely and cost-effective manner;
- the implementation, market acceptance and success of PCT's business model and growth strategy;
- · the success or profitability of PCT's offtake arrangements;
- · PCT's future capital requirements and sources and uses of cash;
- · PCT's ability to obtain funding for its operations and future growth;
- · developments and projections relating to PCT's competitors and industry;
- · the occurrence of any event, change or other circumstances that could give rise to the termination of the Merger Agreement;
- the outcome of any legal proceedings that may be instituted against ROCH or PCT following announcement of the Merger Agreement and the transactions contemplated therein:
- · the inability to complete the Business Combination;

- the risk that the announcement and consummation of the proposed Business Combination disrupts PCT's current plans;
- the ability to recognize the anticipated benefits of the Business Combination;
- unexpected costs related to the proposed Business Combination;
- · limited liquidity and trading of ROCH's securities;
- · geopolitical risk and changes in applicable laws or regulations;
- · the possibility that ROCH and/or PCT may be adversely affected by other economic, business, and/or competitive factors;
- operational risk;
- risk that the COVID-19 pandemic, and local, state, and federal responses to addressing the pandemic may have an adverse effect on ROCH's or PCT's business
 operations, as well as ROCH's or PCT's financial condition and results of operations; and
- the risks that the consummation of the Business Combination is substantially delayed or does not occur.

Should one or more of these risks or uncertainties materialize or should any of the assumptions made by the management of ROCH and PCT prove incorrect, actual results may vary in material respects from those projected in these forward-looking statements.

All subsequent written and oral forward-looking statements concerning the Business Combination or other matters addressed in this prospectus and attributable to ROCH, PCT or any person acting on their behalf are expressly qualified in their entirety by the cautionary statements contained or referred to in this proxy statement. Except to the extent required by applicable law or regulation, ROCH and PCT undertake no obligation to update these forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances after the date of this prospectus or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events.

PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

This summary highlights information related to the Business Combination and the business of PCT appearing elsewhere in this prospectus. Because it is only a summary, it does not contain all of the information that you should consider before investing in shares of ParentCo Common Stock and it is qualified in its entirety by, and should be read in conjunction with, the more detailed information appearing elsewhere in this prospectus. Before you decide to invest in ParentCo Common Stock, you should read the entire prospectus carefully, including "Risk Factors" beginning on page 23 and the financial statements and related notes included in this prospectus.

This prospectus includes trademarks, service marks and trade names owned by us or other companies. All trademarks, service marks and trade names included in this prospectus are the property of their respective owners.

The Parties to the Business Combination

Roth CH Acquisition I Co.

Roth CH Acquisition I Co., or ROCH, is a blank check company incorporated in Delaware and formed for the purpose of entering into a merger, share exchange, asset acquisition, stock purchase, recapitalization, reorganization or other similar business combination with one or more businesses or entities. Although ROCH is not limited to a particular industry or geographic region for purposes of consummating an initial business combination, ROCH focused its search on businesses that have their primary operations in the business services, consumer, healthcare, technology or wellness sectors.

ROCH's units, common stock, and warrants trade on NASDAQ under the symbols "ROCH.U," "ROCH" and "ROCH.W," respectively. At the Closing, the outstanding shares of ROCH Common Stock will be exchanged for shares of ParentCo Common Stock.

The mailing address of ROCH's principal executive office is 888 San Clemente Drive, Suite 400, Newport Beach, CA 92660, and its telephone number is 949-720-5700.

PureCycle Technologies LLC

PureCycle Technologies LLC, or PCT, is commercializing a patented purification recycling technology (the "Technology"), originally developed by The Procter & Gamble Company ("P&G"), for restoring waste polypropylene into resin with near-virgin characteristics. PCT refers to this resin as ultra-pure recycled polypropylene ("UPRP"), which has nearly identical properties and applicability for reuse as virgin polypropylene. PCT has a global license for the technology from P&G. PCT intends to build its first commercial-scale plant in Ironton, Ohio (referred to herein as "Plant 1" or the "Phase II Facility"), which is expected to have nameplate capacity of approximately 107 million pounds/year when fully operational. Production is expected to commence in late 2022 and the plant is expected to be fully operational in 2023. PCT has secured and contracted all of the feedstock and product offtake for this initial plant. PCT's goal is to create an important new segment of the global polypropylene market that will assist multinational entities in meeting their sustainability goals, provide consumers with polypropylene-based products that are sustainable, and reduce overall polypropylene waste in the world's landfills and oceans.

The mailing address of PCT's principal executive office is 5950 Hazeltine National Drive, Suite 650, Orlando, Florida 32822, and its telephone number is 877-648-3565.

Roth CH Acquisition I Co. Parent Corp.

Roth CH Acquisition I Co. Parent Corp., or ParentCo, is a Delaware corporation that was incorporated on October 16, 2020 to facilitate the Business Combination. To date, ParentCo has not conducted any material activities other than those incident to its formation. Other than 100 shares of common stock held by ROCH, there are no shares of ParentCo common stock, ParentCo warrants or ParentCo units currently outstanding. ParentCo is applying to have its common stock, warrants and units listed on NASDAQ under the symbols PCT, PCTTW and PCTTU, respectively.

The mailing address of ParentCo's principal executive office is 888 San Clemente Drive, Suite 400, Newport Beach, CA 92660, and its telephone number is (949) 720-5700.

The Special Meeting

A Special Meeting of stockholders of ROCH was held at 10:00 a.m., Eastern standard time, on , 2021 to approve the Business Combination and related matters (collectively, the "Proposals"). At the Special Meeting of stockholders of ROCH, the ROCH stockholders

Terms of the Business Combination

The Business Combination will be structured as a "double dummy" transaction, pursuant to which:

- (a) Each of ParentCo, Merger Sub Corp and Merger Sub LLC are newly formed entities that were formed for the sole purpose of entering into and consummating the transactions set forth in the Merger Agreement. ParentCo is a wholly-owned direct subsidiary of ROCH and both Merger Sub LLC and Merger Sub Corp are wholly-owned direct subsidiaries of ParentCo.
- (b) At Closing, each of the following transactions will occur in the following order: (i) ParentCo will complete the RH Merger, with ROCH surviving the RH Merger as a wholly-owned subsidiary of ParentCo (the "ROCH Surviving Company"); (ii) simultaneously with the RH Merger, ParentCo will complete the PCT Merger with PCT surviving the PCT Merger as a wholly-owned subsidiary of ParentCo (the "Surviving Company"); and (iii) following the PCT Merger, ParentCo will contribute to the Surviving Company the proceeds of the PIPE Investment, other than the par value of the Common Stock, which will have been disbursed to ROCH, and, within two days following the Closing, ROCH Surviving Company will acquire, and ParentCo will contribute to ROCH Surviving Company (the "ParentCo Contribution") all common units of the Surviving Company directly held by ParentCo after the PCT Merger, such that, following the ParentCo Contribution, Surviving Company shall be a wholly-owned subsidiary of the ROCH Surviving Company.

The Aggregate Consideration payable to the members of PCT in connection with the Business Combination consists of the Closing Share Consideration, the Contingency Consideration and the assumption of all indebtedness of PCT as of the Closing Date (the "Assumed Indebtedness"), including indebtedness related to (a) the Revenue Bonds and (b) the Convertible Notes and other indebtedness used to fund the construction of an industrial process facility in Ironton, Ohio (collectively, the "Construction Indebtedness").

(a) The Closing Share Consideration

The Closing Share Consideration for PCT Unitholders is the number of shares of ParentCo Common Stock, par value \$0.001 per share equal to the quotient of: (a) \$835,000,000 divided by (b) \$10.00, subject to adjustment as set forth in Section 2.3 of the Merger Agreement. Common Stock, Public Warrants and ROCH Units issued and outstanding immediately prior to the consummation of the Business Combination will be exchanged for ParentCo Securities on a one-for-one basis, as will ROCH's outstanding warrants and units.

(b) Contingency Consideration

PCT Unitholders will be issued up to 4,000,000 additional shares of ParentCo Common Stock if certain conditions are met. Each of the "First Level Contingency Consideration" and "Second Level Contingency Consideration" is equal to 2,000,000 shares of ParentCo Common Stock. The PCT Unitholders will be entitled to the First Level Contingency Consideration, if after six months after the Closing and prior to or as of the third anniversary of the Closing, the closing price of the ParentCo Common Stock is greater than or equal to \$18.00 over any 20 trading days within any 30-trading day period. The PCT Unitholders will be entitled to the Second Level Contingency Consideration upon the Phase II Facility becoming operational, as certified by an independent engineering firm in accordance with criteria established in connection with the incurrence of the Construction Indebtedness.

Upon the first Change in Control (as defined in the Merger Agreement) to occur during the Earnout Period (as defined in the Merger Agreement), if the price per share paid or payable to the stockholders of ParentCo in connection with such Change in Control is equal to or greater than \$18.00, ParentCo will issue 2,000,000 shares of ParentCo Common Stock. Upon the first Change in Control (substituting "80%" for "50%" in the definition thereof) to occur during the Earnout Period, if the price per share paid or payable to the stockholders of ParentCo in connection with such Change in Control is equal to or greater than \$10.00 per share, ParentCo will issue 2,000,000 shares of ParentCo Common Stock.

Other Agreements Relating to the Business Combination

Investor Rights Agreement

At the Closing of the transactions contemplated by the Merger Agreement, ParentCo, certain PCT Unitholders representing at least 70% of PCT's outstanding membership interests and certain stockholders of ROCH (including certain ROCH officers, directors and sponsors) entered into an investor rights agreement (the "Investor Rights Agreement"), which is a closing condition of the parties to consummate the Business Combination. Pursuant to the Investor Rights Agreement, such PCT Unitholders have agreed to vote in favor of two board designees nominated by a majority of such stockholders of ROCH for a period of two years following the Closing Date (the "IRA Designees"), provided that in the event a majority of the holders of the Pre-PIPE Shares (as defined below) choose to select one of the IRA Designees, the majority of such stockholders of ROCH will select one of the IRA Designees and such holders of the Pre-PIPE Shares will select the other. The holders of the Pre-PIPE Shares may continue to select an IRA Designee until they no longer hold 10% or more of the outstanding Combined Company's Common Stock. Such PCT Unitholders have also agreed, subject to certain limited exceptions, not to transfer ParentCo Common Stock received in the Business Combination except as follows:

- From and after the six-month anniversary of the Closing Date, each Founder (as defined in the Investor Rights Agreement) may sell up to 20% of such Founder's ParentCo Common Stock and each PCT Unitholder that is not a Founder may sell up to 33.34% of such PCT Unitholder's ParentCo Common Stock.
- From and after the one-year anniversary of the Closing Date, each Founder may sell up to an additional 30% of such Founder's ParentCo Common Stock and each PCT Unitholder that is not a Founder may sell up to an additional 33.33% of such PCT Unitholder's ParentCo Common Stock.
- From and after the Phase II Facility becoming operational, as certified by an independent engineering firm, each Founder may sell up to an additional 50% of such Founder's ParentCo Common Stock and each PCT Unitholder that is not a Founder may sell up to an additional 33.33% of such PCT shares of ParentCo Common Stock; provided that, in the case of Procter & Gamble, such lock-up will terminate in any event no later than April 15, 2023.

The Investor Rights Agreement also contains registration rights in favor of the PCT Unitholders and such ROCH stockholders which (in the case of the ROCH stockholders) are intended to replace the registration rights granted to them at the time of ROCH's IPO.

Subscription Agreements and PIPE Registration Rights Agreement

In connection with the Business Combination, certain institutions and accredited investors (each a "Subscriber") (i) have purchased prior to the date of the Merger Agreement membership units of PCT at an effective price per ParentCo Common Stock of approximately \$8.35 per share for an aggregate cash amount of approximately \$60 million (the "Pre-PIPE Shares") in a private placement (the "Pre-PIPE Placement") and (ii) have committed to purchase, on a transitory basis simultaneously with the consummation of the Business Combination, shares of Common Stock at a purchase price of \$10.00 per share for an aggregate cash amount of \$250 million (the "PIPE Shares") in a private placement (for purposes of this section, the "PIPE Placement"), all of which will be exchanged for ParentCo Common Stock in connection with the closing of the Business Combination. Certain offering related expenses are payable by ROCH and PCT, including customary fees payable to the placement agents: Roth Capital Partners, LLC, Craig-Hallum and Oppenheimer & Co. Inc. ("Oppenheimer"). Such commitments have been made by way of certain subscription or unit purchase agreements (collectively, the "Subscription Agreements"), by and among each Subscriber and PCT or ROCH, as the case may be. The purpose of the sale of the Pre-PIPE Shares and the PIPE Shares is to raise additional capital for use in connection with the PCT business and the Business Combination and, in the case of the PIPE Shares, to meet the minimum cash requirements provided in the Merger Agreement. The Subscription Agreements for the PIPE Placement were entered into contemporaneously with the execution of the Merger Agreement and the proceeds will be deposited into escrow by the Subscribers and released to ParentCo (other than the par value of the PIPE Shares, which will be released to ROCH) in connection with the issuance of ParentCo Common Stock as part of the RH Merger concurrent with the closing of the Business Combination.

The PIPE Shares are identical to the shares of Common Stock that will be held by ROCH's public stockholders at the time of the Closing of the Business Combination, other than the PIPE Shares, when initially issued by ROCH in connection with the PIPE Closing, may not be registered with the SEC.

The closing of the sale of PIPE Shares (the "PIPE Closing") will be contingent upon the substantially concurrent consummation of the Business Combination. The PIPE Closing will occur on the date of and simultaneously with the consummation of the RH Merger. The PIPE Closing will be subject to customary conditions, including:

- ParentCo's initial listing application with NASDAQ in connection with the Business Combination shall have been approved and, immediately following the
 Closing of the Business Combination, ParentCo shall satisfy any applicable initial and continuing listing requirements of NASDAQ and ParentCo shall not have
 received any notice of non-compliance therewith, and the ParentCo Common Stock shall have been approved for listing on NASDAQ;
- all representations and warranties of ROCH and the Subscriber contained in the relevant Subscription Agreement shall be true and correct in all material respects (other than representations and warranties that are qualified as to materiality or Material Adverse Effect (as defined in the Subscription Agreements), which representations and warranties shall be true in all respects) at, and as of, the PIPE Closing;
- as of the Closing Date, there has been no material adverse change in the business, properties, financial condition, stockholders' equity or results of operations of ROCH and its subsidiaries taken as a whole since the date of the Subscription Agreement (other than the election by holders of the ROCH Class A Common Stock to exercise redemption rights in connection with the special meeting of ROCH's stockholders to approve the Business Combination); and
- · all conditions precedent to the closing of the Business Combination, including the approval by ROCH's stockholders, shall have been satisfied or waived.

Each applicable Subscription Agreement will terminate upon the earlier to occur of (w) such date and time as the Merger Agreement is terminated in accordance with its terms, (x) upon the mutual written agreement of each of the parties to such Subscription Agreement, (y) any of the conditions to the PIPE Closing are not satisfied or waived on or prior to the PIPE Closing and, as a result thereof, the transactions contemplated by such Subscription Agreement are not consummated at the PIPE Closing or (z) May 31, 2021.

Pursuant to the Subscription Agreements and PIPE Registration Rights Agreement, ROCH agreed to file (at ROCH's sole cost and expense) a registration statement registering the resale of the ParentCo Common Stock issuable in respect of the Pre-PIPE Shares and the PIPE Shares, of which registration statement this prospectus forms a part (the "PIPE Resale Registration Statement"), with the SEC no later than the 10th calendar day following the date ROCH first files the Proxy Statement/Prospectus with the SEC. ROCH will use its commercially reasonable efforts to have this PIPE Resale Registration Statement declared effective at the same time that ROCH has cleared comments with the SEC on the Proxy Statement/Prospectus, but no later than the 60th calendar day following the Closing Date (or, in the event the SEC notifies ROCH that it will "review" this PIPE Resale Registration Statement, the 90th calendar day following the date thereof) (the "Effectiveness Date").

Under certain circumstances, additional payments by ROCH or ParentCo (as applicable) may be assessed with respect to the Pre-Pipe Shares and PIPE Shares in the event that (i) this PIPE Resale Registration Statement has not been filed with the SEC by the closing date; (ii) this PIPE Resale Registration Statement has not been declared effective by the SEC by the Effectiveness Date; (iii) this PIPE Resale Registration Statement is declared effective by the SEC but thereafter ceases to be effective or is suspended for more than fifteen (15) consecutive calendar days or more than an aggregate of twenty (20) calendar days (which need not be consecutive calendar days) during any 12-month period; or (iv) ROCH or ParentCo (as applicable) fails for any reason to satisfy the current public information requirement under Rule 144(c) under the Securities Act and the Pre-Pipe Shares and PIPE Shares are not then registered for resale under the Securities Act during the period commencing from the twelve (12) month anniversary of the closing and ending at such time that all of the Pre-Pipe Shares and PIPE Shares may be sold without the requirement for ROCH or ParentCo (as applicable) to be in compliance with Rule 144(c)(1) under the Securities Act and otherwise without restriction or limitation pursuant to Rule 144 under the Securities Act. The additional payments by ROCH or ParentCo (as applicable) will accrue on the applicable Pre-Pipe Shares and PIPE Shares at a rate of 1.0% of the aggregate purchase price paid for such shares per month, subject to certain terms and limitations (including a cap of 6.0% of the aggregate purchase price paid for such shares per month, subject to certain terms and limitations (including a cap of 6.0% of the aggregate purchase price paid for such shares per month, subject to certain terms and limitations (including a cap of 6.0% of the aggregate purchase price paid for such shares per month, subject to certain terms and limitations (including a cap of 6.0% of the aggregate purchase price paid for

Founder Support Agreement

In connection with the execution of the Merger Agreement, certain of the Initial Stockholders entered into the Founder Support Agreement with ROCH, ParentCo, and PCT, pursuant to which such Initial Stockholders agreed to vote all shares of Common Stock beneficially owned by them in favor of each of the Proposals, to use their reasonable best efforts to take all actions reasonably necessary to consummate the Business Combination and to not take any action that would reasonably be expected to materially delay or prevent the satisfaction of the conditions to the Business Combination set forth in the Merger Agreement. In addition, such Initial Stockholders also agreed that they would not sell, assign or otherwise transfer any of the Insider Shares (as defined therein) unless the buyer, assignee or transferee executes a joinder agreement to the Founder Support Agreement. We agreed that we would not register any sale, assignment or transfer of such Insider Shares on our transfer ledger (book entry or otherwise) that is not in compliance with the Founder Support Agreement.

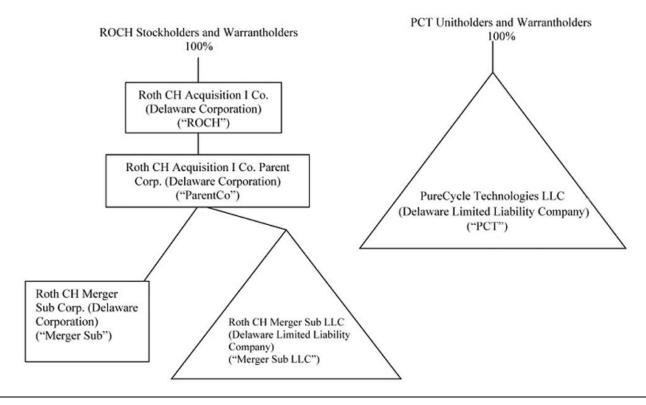
Company Support Agreement

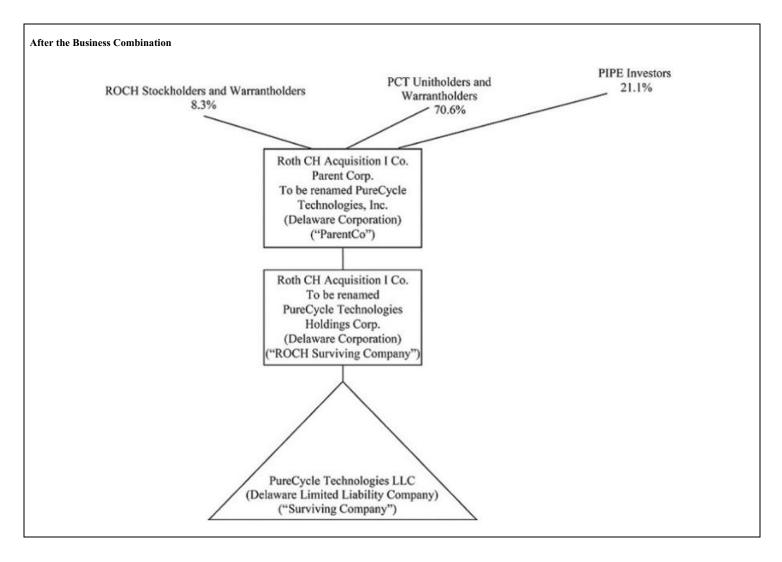
In connection with the execution of the Merger Agreement, PCT Unitholders representing at least 70% of the issued and outstanding Company LLC Interests entered into the Company Support Agreement with ROCH, ParentCo, and PCT, pursuant to which such PCT Unitholders agreed to vote all LLC Interests beneficially owned by them in favor of each of the Proposals, to use their reasonable best efforts to take all actions reasonably necessary to consummate the Business Combination and to not take any action that would reasonably be expected to materially delay or prevent the satisfaction of the conditions to the Business Combination set forth in the Merger Agreement. In addition, such PCT Unitholders also agreed that they would not sell, assign or otherwise transfer any of the Company LLC Interests held by them, with certain limited exceptions, unless the buyer, assignee or transferee executes a joinder agreement to the Company Support Agreement.

Ownership Structure

The following diagram illustrates the ownership structure of ROCH, ParentCo, Merger Sub LLC, Merger Sub Corp and PCT prior to the Business Combination and then after the Business Combination.

Prior to the Business Combination





Anticipated Accounting Treatment

The Business Combination will be accounted for as a "reverse recapitalization" in accordance with GAAP. Under this method of accounting ROCH will be treated as the "acquired" company for financial reporting purposes. This determination is primarily based on the fact that subsequent to the Business Combination, the PCT Unitholders are expected to have a majority of the voting power of the Combined Company, PCT will comprise all of the ongoing operations of the Combined Company, PCT will comprise a majority of the governing body of the Combined Company, and PCT's senior management will comprise all of the senior management of the Combined Company. Accordingly, for accounting purposes, the Business Combination will be treated as the equivalent of PCT issuing shares for the net assets of ROCH, accompanied by a recapitalization. The net assets of ROCH will be stated at historical costs. No goodwill or other intangible assets will be recorded. Operations prior to the Business Combination will be those of PCT.

SELECTED HISTORICAL FINANCIAL INFORMATION OF ROCH

ROCH's balance sheet data as of September 30, 2020 and statement of operations data for the nine months ended September 30, 2020 are derived from ROCH's unaudited financial statements included elsewhere in this prospectus. ROCH's balance sheet data as of December 31, 2019 and statement of operations data for the period from February 13, 2019 (inception) through December 31, 2019 are derived from ROCH's audited financial statements included elsewhere in this prospectus.

The historical results of ROCH included below and elsewhere in this prospectus are not necessarily indicative of the future performance of ROCH. You should read the following selected financial data in conjunction with the financial statements and the related notes appearing elsewhere in this prospectus.

Nine Months Ended September 30,	2020	For the Period from February 13, 2019 (inception) through December 31, 2019
Formation and operating costs	\$ 246,843	1,594
Loss from operations	(246,843)	
Other income		
Interest income	23,547	
Net loss	(224,032)	(1,594)
Weighted average shares outstanding – basic and diluted	2,409,765	1,875,000
Basic and diluted net loss per common share	\$ (0.09)	(0.00)
Balance Sheet Data:	As of September 30, 2020	As of December 31, 2019
Trust Account	\$ 76,522,615	\$
Total assets	77,078,250	280,908
Total liabilities	2,802,189	257,502
Common stock subject to possible redemption	69,276,060	
Stockholders' equity	5,000,001	280,908

SELECTED HISTORICAL FINANCIAL INFORMATION OF PCT

The information presented below is derived from PCT's unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements and audited consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this prospectus for the nine months ended September 30, 2020 and September 30, 2019 and the fiscal years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018 and the balance sheet data as of September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019 and 2018. In the opinion of PCT's management, the unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial information reflects all adjustments necessary for a fair statement of the financial information in those statements.

The historical results presented below are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for any future period. You should read carefully the following selected information in conjunction with "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and PCT's historical consolidated financial statements and accompanying footnotes, included elsewhere in this prospectus.

	 For the Ended Dec			Nine Months Ended September 30,				
(in thousands)	2020		2019		2019		2018	
Statement of Operations Data								
Revenue	\$ _	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	
Costs and Expenses								
Operating Costs	\$ 7,040	\$	4,901	\$	5,966	\$	1,222	
Research and Development	528		509		526		786	
Selling, General and Administrative	6,293		10,082		11,478		2,097	
Total Operating Costs and Expenses	13,861		15,492		17,970		4,105	
Interest Expense	1,827		400		1,012		_	
Other (Income) Expense, net	(100)		330		330		_	
Net Loss	\$ (15,588)	\$	(16,222)	\$	(19,312)	\$	(4,105)	
Net Loss per Unit ⁽¹⁾	\$ (7.91)	\$	(7.03)	\$	(8.42)	\$	(1.86)	

	As of December 31, (in thousands)											
As of September 30,		2020		2019	2018							
Balance Sheet Data												
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	108	\$	150	\$	101						
Working Capital ⁽²⁾		(15,742)		(7,622)		(4,226)						
Total Assets		37,954		33,281		25,738						
Total Liabilities		31,119		30,901		19,544						
Total Members' Equity		6,835		2,380		6,194						

⁽¹⁾ PCT follows the two-class method when computing net loss per common units when units are issued that meet the definition of participating securities. The two-class method requires income available to common unitholders for the period to be allocated between common and participating securities based upon their respective rights to receive dividends as if all income for the period had been distributed. The two-class method also requires losses for the period to be allocated between common and participating securities based on their respective rights if the participating security contractually participates in losses. As holders of participating securities do not have a contractual obligation to fund losses, undistributed net losses are not allocated to Class B Preferred Units, Class B-1 Preferred Units and Class C Units for purposes of the loss per unit calculation.

⁽²⁾ PCT defines working capital as total current assets minus total current liabilities.

SUMMARY UNAUDITED PRO FORMA CONDENSED COMBINED FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The following summary unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial information (the "Summary Pro Forma Information") gives effect to the Business Combination. The Business Combination will be accounted for as a reverse recapitalization in accordance with GAAP. Under this method of accounting, ROCH will be treated as the "acquired" company for financial reporting purposes. Accordingly, the Business Combination will be reflected as the equivalent of PCT issuing stock for the net assets of ROCH, accompanied by a recapitalization whereby no goodwill or other intangible assets are recorded. Operations prior to the Business Combination will be those of PCT. The summary unaudited pro forma condensed combined balance sheet data as of September 30, 2020 gives effect to the Business Combination as if it had occurred on September 30, 2020. The summary unaudited pro forma condensed combined statements of operations data for the nine months ended September 30, 2020 and combined statements of operations data for the year ended December 31, 2019 give effect to the Business Combination as if it had occurred on January 1, 2019.

The following Summary Pro Forma Information has been prepared in accordance with Article 11 of Regulation S-X as amended by the final rule, Release No. 33-10786 "Amendments to Financial Disclosures about Acquired and Disposed Businesses". The Summary Pro Forma Information has been derived from, and should be read in conjunction with, the more detailed unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial information of the post-combination company appearing elsewhere in this prospectus and the accompanying notes to the unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial information. The unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial information is based upon, and should be read in conjunction with, the historical financial statements and related notes of ROCH and PCT for the applicable periods included in this prospectus. The Summary Pro Forma Information has been presented for informational purposes only and is not necessarily indicative of what the Combined Company's financial position or results of operations actually would have been had the Business Combination been completed as of the dates indicated. In addition, the Summary Pro Forma Information does not purport to project the future financial position or operating results of the Combined Company.

The unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial information has been prepared using the assumptions below with respect to the potential redemption into cash of Common Stock:

- Assuming Minimum Redemptions: This presentation assumes that no Public Stockholders of ROCH exercise redemption rights with respect to their Public Shares for a pro rata share of the funds in the Trust Account.
- Assuming Maximum Redemptions: This presentation assumes that Public Stockholders holding 6.9 million of the Public Shares will exercise their redemption rights for their pro rata share (approximately \$10.00 per share) of the funds in the Trust Account. This scenario gives effect to public share redemptions for aggregate redemption payments of \$69.3 million using a per share redemption price of \$10.00 per share. The Merger Agreement includes as a condition to closing the Business Combination that, at the closing, ROCH will have a minimum of \$250.0 million in cash comprising (i) the cash held in the Trust Account after giving effect to ROCH share redemptions and proceeds from the PIPE Investment and (ii) a minimum of \$5.0 million of net tangible assets. Additionally, this presentation also contemplates that ROCH's Initial Stockholders have agreed to waive their redemption rights with respect to their Founder Shares, Private Shares and Public Shares in connection with the completion of a Business Combination.

fummary Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Combined Statement of Operations Data Nine Months Ended September 30, 2020 (in thousands except share and per share data) Revenue		Pro Forma Combined (Assuming No Redemption)			
per share – basic and diluted average common shares outstanding – basic and diluted	\$	(0.11) 118,328,000	\$	(0.11) 111,400,394	
Summary Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Combined Statement of Operations Data Year Ended December 31, 2019 (in thousands except share and per share data) Revenue	,	Pro Forma Combined Assuming No Redemption)	Co (A M	o Forma ombined assuming (aximum demption)	
Net loss per share – basic and diluted	\$	(0.14)	\$	(0.15)	
Weighted-average common shares outstanding – basic and diluted		118,328,000		111,400,394	
Summary Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Combined Balance Sheet Data as of September 30, 2020 (in thousands)	,	Pro Forma Combined Assuming No Redemption)	Co (A M	o Forma ombined assuming (aximum demption)	
Total assets	\$	724,516	\$	655,240	
Total liabilities	\$	311,851	\$	311,851	

COMPARATIVE PER SHARE DATA

The following table sets forth summary historical comparative share information for ROCH and PCT and unaudited pro forma condensed combined per share information after giving effect to the Business Combination. The pro forma book value information reflects the Business Combination as if it had occurred on September 30, 2020. The weighted average shares outstanding and net earnings per share information reflect the Business Combination as if they had occurred on January 1, 2019.

The unaudited pro forma condensed combined earnings per share information should be read in conjunction with, the historical financial statements and related notes of ROCH and PCT for the applicable periods included in this prospectus. The unaudited pro forma condensed combined earnings per share information has been presented for informational purposes only and is not necessarily indicative of what the Combined Company's results of operations actually would have been had the Business Combination been completed as of the dates indicated. In addition, the unaudited pro forma combined book value per share information does not purport to project the future financial position or operating results of the Combined Company.

The unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial information has been prepared using the assumptions below with respect to the potential redemption into cash of Common Stock:

- Assuming Minimum Redemptions: This presentation assumes that no Public Stockholders of ROCH exercise redemption rights with respect to their Public Shares for a pro rata share of the funds in the Trust Account.
- Assuming Maximum Redemptions: This presentation assumes that Public Stockholders holding 6.9 million of the Public Shares will exercise their redemption rights for their pro rata share (approximately \$10.00 per share) of the funds in the Trust Account. This scenario gives effect to public share redemptions for aggregate redemption payments of \$69.3 million using a per share redemption price of \$10.00 per share. The Merger Agreement includes as a condition to closing the Business Combination that, at the closing, ROCH will have a minimum of \$250.0 million in cash comprising (i) the cash held in the Trust Account after giving effect to ROCH share redemptions and proceeds from the PIPE Investment and (ii) a minimum of \$5.0 million of net tangible assets. Additionally, this presentation also contemplates that ROCH's Initial Stockholders have agreed to waive their redemption rights with respect to their Founder Shares, Private Shares and Public Shares in connection with the completion of a Business Combination.

PureCycle Equivalent

									i urccycic Equivalent					
						Combined	Forma	Per Share Pro Forn			rma ⁽³⁾			
	()	PCT Historical)		ROCH (Historical)		Pro Forma Combined (Assuming No Redemption)		Combined Combined (Assuming Maximum No		Pro Forma Combined (Assuming No Redemption)	((Pro Forma Combined Assuming Maximum edemption)		
As of and for the nine months ended September 30, 2020														
Book Value per share ⁽¹⁾	\$	2.65	\$	2.07	\$	3.49	\$	3.08	\$	37.69	\$	33.27		
Weighted average shares outstanding of common stock – basic														
and diluted		2,581,282		2,409,765		118,328,000		111,400,394		27,879,167		27,879,163		
Net income per share of Class A common stock – basic and														
diluted	\$	(7.91)	\$	(0.09)	\$	(0.11)	\$	(0.11)	\$	(1.14)	\$	(1.21)		
As of and for the Year ended December 31, 2019														
Book Value per share ⁽¹⁾	\$	0.92	\$	0.01	\$	N/A ⁽²⁾	\$	N/A ⁽²⁾	\$	N/A ⁽²⁾	\$	$N/A^{(2)}$		
Weighted average shares outstanding of common stock – basic														
and diluted		2,581,282		1,875,000		118,328,000		111,400,394		27,879,167		27,879,167		
Net income per share of Class A common stock – basic and														
diluted	\$	(8.42)	\$	_	\$	(0.14)	\$	(0.15)	\$	(1.52)	\$	(1.61)		

⁽¹⁾ Book value per share = (Total equity)/common shares outstanding.

⁽²⁾ Pro Forma balance sheet fur year ended December 31, 2019 not required and as such, no such calculation included in this table.

⁽³⁾ The equivalent pro forma basic and diluted per share data for PCT is calculated based on an expected exchange ratio of 10.80 under both the no redemption and maximum redemption scenarios that is inherent in the Business Combination.

THE OFFERING

Issuer

Roth CH Acquisition I Co. Parent Corp., to be renamed PureCycle Technologies, Inc. in connection with the Business Combination.

Shares that may be offered and sold from time to time by the Selling Stockholders named herein

25,000,000 shares of ParentCo Common Stock.

ParentCo Common Stock to be issued and outstanding after the consummation of the Business Combination (assuming no redemptions and excluding shares issuable upon exercise of outstanding warrants)⁽¹⁾

118,324,000 shares

Use of proceeds

All of the shares of ParentCo Common Stock offered by the Selling Stockholders pursuant to this prospectus will be sold by the Selling Stockholders for their respective accounts. We will not receive any of the proceeds from these sales.

Proposed NASDAQ Capital Market symbol

"PCT"

Risk Factors

Investing in ParentCo Common Stock involves a high degree of risk. See "*Risk Factors*" beginning on page 23 and the other information in this prospectus for a discussion of the factors you should consider carefully before you decide to invest in ParentCo Common Stock.

⁽¹⁾ Represents the number of shares of ParentCo Common Stock outstanding at Closing assuming that none of ROCH's public stockholders exercise their redemption rights in connection with the Special Meeting. Excludes 4,000,000 shares of ParentCo Common Stock which may be issued to the current owners of PCT subject to the achievement of certain stock price targets and upon commissioning of an industrial facility in Ironton, Ohio.

SUMMARY OF RISK FACTORS

Our business is subject to a number of risks and uncertainties, including those highlighted in the section entitled "Risk Factors" immediately following this summary. Some of these principal risks include the following and may be further exacerbated by the COVID-19 pandemic:

- · Risks Related to PCT's Business
 - · PCT is an early commercial stage emerging growth company with no revenue, and may never achieve or sustain profitability.
 - · PCT's business is not diversified.
 - The License Agreement sets forth certain performance targets which, if missed, could result in a termination or conversion of the license granted under the License Agreement.
 - PCT's outstanding secured and unsecured indebtedness (including at the Project level), ability to incur additional debt and the provisions in the agreements
 governing PCT's debt, and certain other agreements, could have a material adverse effect on PCT's business, financial condition, results of operations and
 prospects.
 - PCT's projections are subject to significant risks, assumptions, estimates and uncertainties. As a result, PCT's projected revenues, expenses and profitability
 may differ materially from expectations.
 - · PCT's business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects may be adversely affected by the impact of the global outbreak of COVID-19.
 - Construction of the Phase II Facility may not be completed in the expected timeframe or in a cost-effective manner. Any delays in the construction of the Phase II Facility could severely impact PCT's business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects.
 - Initially, PCT will rely on a single facility for all of its operations.
 - There is no guarantee the Technology is scalable to commercial-scale operation.
 - PCT may be unable to sufficiently protect its proprietary rights and may encounter disputes from time to time relating to its use of the intellectual property of third parties.
 - · PCT may not be successful in finding future strategic partners for continuing development of additional offtake and feedstock opportunities.
 - · PCT's failure to secure waste polypropylene could have a negative impact on PCT's business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects.
 - Because PCT's global expansion requires sourcing feedstock and supplies from around the world, including Europe, changes to international trade agreements, tariffs, import and excise duties, taxes or other governmental rules and regulations could adversely affect PCT's business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects.
 - · The market for UPRP is still in the development phase and the acceptance of UPRP by manufacturers and potential customers is not guaranteed.
 - · Certain of PCT's offtake agreements are subject to index pricing, and fluctuation in index prices may adversely impact PCT's financial results.
 - Competition could reduce demand for PCT's products or negatively affect PCT's sales mix or price realization.
 - PCT may not be able to meet applicable regulatory requirements for the use of PCT's UPRP in food grade applications, and, even if the requirements are met, complying on an ongoing basis with the numerous regulatory requirements applicable to the UPRP and our facilities will be time-consuming and costly.
 - The operation of and construction of the Project is subject to governmental regulation.

- · Risks Related to Human Capital Management
 - PCT is dependent on management and key personnel, and PCT's business would suffer if it fails to retain its key personnel and attract additional highly skilled employees.
 - While ROCH and PCT work to complete the business combination, management's focus and resources may be diverted from operational matters and other strategic opportunities.
- · PCT's management has limited experience in operating a public company.
- · Risks Related to the Combined Company's Common Stock
 - There can be no assurance that the Combined Company's Common Stock will be approved for listing on NASDAQ upon the Closing, or if approved, that the Combined Company will be able to comply with the continued listing standards of NASDAQ.
 - · The exercise of registration rights may adversely affect the market price of the Combined Company's Common Stock.
 - Future offerings of debt or offerings or issuances of equity securities by the Combined Company may adversely affect the market price of the Combined Company's Common Stock or otherwise dilute all other stockholders.

General Risk Factors

- Each of ROCH and PCT have incurred and will incur substantial costs in connection with the Business Combination and related transactions, such as legal, accounting, consulting and financial advisory fees.
- The Combined Company is an emerging growth company, and the Combined Company cannot be certain if the reduced reporting requirements applicable to emerging growth companies will make its shares less attractive to investors.
- Following the consummation of the Business Combination, the Combined Company will incur significant increased expenses and administrative burdens as a public company.

RISK FACTORS

Upon consummation of the Business Combination, the resulting Combined Company will be subject to a number of risks. You should carefully consider the following risk factors, together with all of the other information included in this prospectus, before you decide whether to invest in ParentCo Common Stock. Following the closing of the Business Combination, the market price of the Combined Company's common stock could decline due to any of these risks, in which case you could lose all or part of your investment. In assessing these risks, you should also refer to the other information included in this prospectus, including the consolidated financial statements of ROCH and PCT and the accompanying notes. The Combined Company's business, financial condition or results of operations could be affected materially and adversely by any of the risks discussed below.

Risks Related to PCT's Business

Risks Related to PCT's Status as an Early Commercial Stage Emerging Growth Company

PCT is an early commercial stage emerging growth company with no revenue, and may never achieve or sustain profitability.

PCT is commercializing a recycling technology that was developed by The Procter & Gamble Company ("P&G"). P&G granted PCT a worldwide license under an Amended and Restated Patent License Agreement dated July 28, 2020, between P&G and PCT (the "License Agreement") for a proprietary process of restoring waste polypropylene into ultra-pure recycled polypropylene ("UPRP") through an extraction and filtration purification process (the "Technology").

PCT relies principally on the commercialization of UPRP as well as the Technology and related licenses to generate future revenue growth. To date, such products and services have delivered no revenue. Also, UPRP product offerings and partnering revenues are in their very early stages. PCT believes that commercialization success is dependent upon the ability to significantly increase the number of production plants, feedstock suppliers and offtake partners as well as strategic partners that utilize UPRP and the Technology via licensing agreements. If demand for UPRP and the Technology does not increase as quickly as planned, PCT may be unable to increase revenue levels as expected. PCT is currently not profitable. Even if PCT succeeds in increasing adoption of UPRP products by target markets, maintaining and creating relationships with existing and new offtake partners, feedstock suppliers and customers, and developing and commercializing additional plants, market conditions, particularly related to pricing and feedstock costs, may result in PCT not generating sufficient revenue to achieve or sustain profitability.

PCT's business is not diversified.

PCT's initial commercial success depends on its ability to profitably operate the solid waste disposal facility and Feedstock Evaluation Unit (the "FEU" or the "Phase I Facility") and its ability to complete construction and profitably and successfully operate its first commercial scale recycling facility (the "Phase II Facility" and, together with the Phase I Facility, the "Project"). The Project is located in Lawrence County, Ohio. Other than the future production and sale of UPRP, there are currently no other lines of business or other sources of revenue. Such lack of diversification may limit PCT's ability to adapt to changing business conditions and could have an adverse effect on PCT's business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects.

The License Agreement sets forth certain performance and pricing targets which, if missed, could result in a termination or conversion of the license granted under the License Agreement.

Pursuant to the License Agreement, P&G has granted PCT a license to utilize certain P&G intellectual property. The intellectual property is tied to the proprietary purification process by which waste polypropylene may be converted to UPRP, referred to as the Technology. The License Agreement sets forth certain performance targets for the Phase II Facility which, if missed, could result in a termination of the license granted under the License Agreement (if PCT is unable to make UPRP at certain production volumes and at certain prices within a certain time frame). The License Agreement also sets forth certain performance and pricing targets for the Phase II Facility which, if missed, could result in conversion of the license to a non-exclusive license (if PCT's UPRP is unable to meet certain purification thresholds within a certain period of time after the start of the Project or PCT is unable or unwilling to provide P&G with UPRP at certain prices from the first plant). In the event the License Agreement is terminated or converted to a non-exclusive license, this could have a material adverse effect on PCT's business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects.

PCT's outstanding secured and unsecured indebtedness (including at the Project level), ability to incur additional debt and the provisions in the agreements governing PCT's debt, and certain other agreements, could have a material adverse effect on PCT's business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects.

As of September 30, 2020, after giving pro forma effect to the transactions contemplated by the Merger Agreement, the offering of the Revenue Bonds, and the issuance of \$60 million of the Convertible Notes, PCT had total consolidated debt of \$312.0 million, including \$306.5 million of secured indebtedness (including \$235.0 million of indebtedness at the Project level) and \$5.5 million of unsecured indebtedness. PCT's debt service obligations could have important consequences to the Combined Company for the foreseeable future, including the following: (i) PCT's ability to obtain additional financing for capital expenditures, working capital or other general corporate purposes may be impaired; (ii) a substantial portion of PCT's cash flow from operating activities must be dedicated to the payment of principal and interest on PCT's debt, thereby reducing the funds available to us for PCT's operations and other corporate purposes; and (iii) we may be or become substantially more leveraged than some of PCT's competitors, which may place us at a relative competitive disadvantage and make us more vulnerable to changes in market conditions and governmental regulations.

PCT is required to maintain compliance with certain financial and other covenants under its debt agreements. There are and will be operating and financial restrictions and covenants in certain of PCT's debt agreements, including the Loan Agreement and the indenture governing PCT's Convertible Notes, as well as certain other agreements to which PCT is or may become a party. These limit, among other things, PCT's ability to incur certain additional debt, create certain liens or other encumbrances, sell assets, and transfer ownership interests and transactions with affiliates of PCT. These covenants could limit PCT's ability to engage in activities that may be in PCT's best long-term interests. PCT's failure to comply with certain covenants in these agreements could result in an Event of Default (as defined therein) under the various debt agreements, allowing lenders to accelerate the maturity for the debt under these agreements and to foreclose upon any collateral securing the debt. An Event of Default would also adversely affect PCT's ability to access its borrowing capacity and pay debt service on its outstanding debt, likely resulting in acceleration of such debt or in a default under other agreements containing cross-default provisions. Under such circumstances, PCT might not have sufficient funds or other resources to satisfy all of its obligations. In addition, the limitations imposed by PCT's financing agreements on its ability to pay dividends, incur additional debt and to take other actions might significantly impair PCT's ability to obtain other financing, generate sufficient cash flow from operations to enable PCT to pay its debt or to fund other liquidity needs. Such consequences would adversely affect PCT's business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects.

PCT's projections are subject to significant risks, assumptions, estimates and uncertainties. As a result, PCT's projected revenues, expenses and profitability may differ materially from expectations.

In connection with the Business Combination, the ROCH Board of Directors considered, among other things, internal financial forecasts for the post-Business Combination company. They speak only as of the date made and will not be updated. These financial projections are subject to significant economic, competitive, industry and other uncertainties, including availability of capital, and may not be achieved in full, at all or within projected timeframes. For example, the financial projections provided to the ROCH Board of Directors are derived in part from PCT's projections of future UPRP production volumes. Those future production volumes include volumes associated with both current and projected feedstock sources. Projected feedstock sources and associated future production volumes and related future cash flows are inherently more uncertain than those related to current volumes, and the impact of that uncertainty increases for periods further from the date of this proxy statement/prospectus. Further, as a result of unprecedented market disruption resulting from the global coronavirus (COVID-19), these projections are even more uncertain in terms of reflecting actual future results. In addition, the failure of PCT's business to achieve projected results could have a material adverse effect on the Combined Company's share price and financial position following the Business Combination.

Risks Related to PCT's Operations

PCT's business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects may be adversely affected by the impact of the global outbreak of COVID-19.

The United States is being affected by the COVID-19 pandemic, the full effect of which on global financial markets as well as national, state and local economies is unknown. There can be no assurances as to the materiality, severity and duration of negative economic conditions caused by the pandemic.

In addition to keeping PCT employees healthy and safe, the immediate impact of COVID-19 on PCT relates to the challenges that PCT's suppliers and contractors may be facing. PCT is a party to certain agreements, including construction contracts and certain long-term feedstock agreements that provide for the supply to PCT of post-industrial and post-consumer resin that contains polypropylene as feedstock with guaranteed minimum and maximum volumes at prices linked to an index for virgin polypropylene in a price schedule with collared pricing and a minimum price floor. The feedstock agreements contain typical provisions for termination by either party due to force majeure, breach of contract, and/or company insolvency. The impact of COVID-19 on such agreements, or the applicable agreements' termination provisions, is uncertain, and could result in the termination of such agreements.

When PCT is producing UPRP, if the pandemic has not abated, the impact of COVID-19, while uncertain, could be manifested in the challenges faced by PCT's customers. For example, certain UPRP is intended for use in consumer packaging by consumer goods companies, and there could be volatility in the packaged consumer goods market due to interruptions in consumer access to products resulting from government actions that impact the ability of those companies to produce and ship goods. Product demand trends caused by future economic trends are unclear. PCT has executed offtake agreements providing for a combined guaranteed minimum sale of 63 million pounds per year ("MMlb/yr.") of UPRP and a maximum volume of 138 MMlb/yr at PCT's option, which reduces the ability of PCT to quickly respond to changes caused by COVID-19, particularly as the amount of UPRP to be provided for sale under each offtake agreement is determined prior to each year as an annual volume commitment.

There may be additional unknown risks presented by the COVID-19 pandemic that could impact PCT's operating results. For example, the deadly global outbreak and continuing spread of COVID-19 could have an adverse effect on the value, operating results and financial condition of PCT's business; as well as the ability of PCT to maintain operations and grow revenue generated from offtake partners and customers and could delay or prevent completion of the Phase II Facility or result in additional costs or reduced revenues. In addition, the impact of COVID-19 is likely to cause substantial changes in consumer behavior and has caused restrictions on business and individual activities, which are likely to lead to reduced economic activity. Extraordinary actions taken by international, federal, state, and local public health and governmental authorities to contain and combat the outbreak and spread of COVID-19 in regions throughout the world, including travel bans, quarantines, "stay-at-home" orders, and similar mandates for many individuals and businesses to substantially restrict daily activities could have an adverse effect on PCT's business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects.

Construction of the Phase II Facility may not be completed in the expected timeframe or in a cost-effective manner. Any delays in the construction of the Phase II Facility could severely impact PCT's business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects.

The Project will constitute the first of its kind. Construction on the Project commenced in 2018 with the construction of the Phase I Facility comprised of the FEU, operating within an 11,000 square foot building located on the Project site. The FEU was brought online on July 1, 2019. Construction of the Phase II Facility has commenced, will include modifications to 150,000 square feet of existing buildings, utilities and the Project storage area, and is expected to be substantially completed by October 2022. The Combined Company might not be able to achieve completion of the Phase II Facility in the expected timeframe, in a cost-effective manner or at all due to a variety of factors, including, but not limited to, a stoppage of work as a result of the COVID-19 outbreak, unexpected construction problems or severe weather. Significant unexpected delays in construction could result in additional costs or reduced revenues, and it could limit the amount of UPRP PCT can produce, which could severely impact PCT's business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects.

The construction and commissioning of any new project is dependent on a number of contingencies some of which are beyond PCT's control. There is a risk that significant unanticipated costs or delays could arise due to, among other things, errors or omissions, unanticipated or concealed Project site conditions, including subsurface conditions, unforeseen technical issues or increases in plant and equipment costs, insufficiency of water supply and other utility infrastructure, or inadequate contractual arrangements. Should significant unanticipated costs arise, this could have a material adverse impact on PCT's business, financial performance and operations. No assurance can be given that construction will be completed, will be completed on time or will be completed at all, or as to whether PCT, which has provided a Guaranty of Completion of the Project, will have sufficient funds available to complete construction. If the Project is not completed, funds are not likely to be available to pay debt service on PCT's outstanding debt.

Initially, PCT will rely on a single facility for all of its operations.

Initially, PCT will rely solely on the operations at the Project. Adverse changes or developments affecting the Project could impair PCT's ability to produce UPRP and its business, prospects, financial condition and results of operations. Any shutdown or period of reduced production at the Project, which may be caused by regulatory noncompliance or other issues, as well as other factors beyond its control, such as severe weather conditions, natural disaster, fire, power interruption, work stoppage, disease outbreaks or pandemics (such as COVID-19), equipment failure or delay in supply delivery, would significantly disrupt PCT's ability to grow and produce UPRP in a timely manner, meet its contractual obligations and operate its business. PCT's equipment is costly to replace or repair, and PCT's equipment supply chains may be disrupted in connection with pandemics, such as COVID-19, trade wars or other factors. If any material amount of PCT's machinery were damaged, it would be unable to predict when, if at all, it could replace or repair such machinery or find co-manufacturers with suitable alterative machinery, which could adversely affect PCT's business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects. Performance guarantees may not be sufficient to cover damages or losses, or the guarantors under such guarantees may not have the ability to pay. Any insurance coverage PCT has may not be sufficient to cover all of its potential losses and may not continue to be available to PCT on acceptable terms, or at all.

Cyber risk and the failure to maintain the integrity of PCT's operational or security systems or infrastructure, or those of third parties with which PCT does business, could have a material adverse effect on PCT's business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects.

PCT is subject to an increasing number of information technology vulnerabilities, threats and targeted computer crimes which pose a risk to the security of its systems and networks and the confidentiality, availability and integrity of data. Disruptions or failures in the physical infrastructure or operating systems that support PCT's businesses, offtake partners, feedstock suppliers and customers, or cyber attacks or security breaches of PCT's networks or systems, could result in the loss of customers and business opportunities, legal liability, regulatory fines, penalties or intervention, reputational damage, reimbursement or other compensatory costs, and additional compliance costs, any of which could materially adversely affect PCT's business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects. While PCT attempts to mitigate these risks, PCT's systems, networks, products, solutions and services remain potentially vulnerable to advanced and persistent threats.

PCT also maintains and has access to sensitive, confidential or personal data or information in its business that is subject to privacy and security laws, regulations and customer controls. Despite PCT's efforts to protect such sensitive, confidential or personal data or information, PCT's facilities and systems and those of its customers, offtake partners, feedstock suppliers and third-party service providers may be vulnerable to security breaches, theft, misplaced or lost data, programming and/or human errors that could lead to the compromise of sensitive, confidential or personal data or information or improper use of PCT's systems and software.

PCT may be unable to sufficiently protect its proprietary rights and may encounter disputes from time to time relating to its use of the intellectual property of third parties.

PCT relies on its proprietary intellectual property, including numerous patents and registered trademarks, as well as its licensed intellectual property under the License Agreement and others to market, promote and sell UPRP products. PCT monitors and protects against activities that might infringe, dilute, or otherwise harm its patents, trademarks and other intellectual property and relies on the patent, trademark and other laws of the U.S. and other countries. However, PCT may be unable to prevent third parties from using its intellectual property without authorization. In addition, the laws of some non-U.S. jurisdictions, particularly those of certain emerging markets, provide less protection for PCT's proprietary rights than the laws of the U.S. and present greater risks of counterfeiting and other infringement. To the extent PCT cannot protect its intellectual property, unauthorized use and misuse of PCT's intellectual property could harm its competitive position and have a material adverse effect on PCT's business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects.

Despite PCT's efforts to protect these rights, unauthorized third parties may attempt to duplicate or copy the proprietary aspects of its technology and processes. PCT's competitors and other third parties independently may design around or develop similar technology or otherwise duplicate PCT's services or products such that PCT could not assert its intellectual property rights against them. In addition, PCT's contractual arrangements may not effectively prevent disclosure of its intellectual property and confidential and proprietary information or provide an adequate remedy in the event of an unauthorized disclosure. Measures in place may not prevent misappropriation or infringement of PCT's intellectual property or proprietary information and the resulting loss of competitive advantage, and PCT may be required to litigate to protect its intellectual property and proprietary information from misappropriation or infringement by others, which is expensive, could cause a diversion of resources and may not be successful.

PCT also may encounter disputes from time to time concerning intellectual property rights of others, and it may not prevail in these disputes. Third parties may raise claims against PCT alleging that PCT, or consultants or other third parties retained or indemnified by PCT, infringe on their intellectual property rights. Some third-party intellectual property rights may be extremely broad, and it may not be possible for PCT to conduct its operations in such a way as to avoid all alleged violations of such intellectual property rights. Given the complex, rapidly changing and competitive technological and business environment in which PCT operates, and the potential risks and uncertainties of intellectual property-related litigation, an assertion of an infringement claim against PCT may cause PCT to spend significant amounts to defend the claim, even if PCT ultimately prevails, pay significant money damages, lose significant revenues, be prohibited from using the relevant systems, processes, technologies or other intellectual property (temporarily or permanently), cease offering certain products or services, or incur significant license, royalty or technology development expenses.

Moreover, it has become common in recent years for individuals and groups to purchase intellectual property assets for the sole purpose of making claims of infringement and attempting to extract settlements from companies such as PCT. Even in instances where PCT believes that claims and allegations of intellectual property infringement against it are without merit, defending against such claims is time consuming and expensive and could result in the diversion of time and attention of PCT's management and employees. In addition, although in some cases a third party may have agreed to indemnify PCT for such costs, such indemnifying party may refuse or be unable to uphold its contractual obligations. In other cases, insurance may not cover potential claims of this type adequately or at all, and PCT may be required to pay monetary damages, which may be significant.

Risks Related to PCT's Production of UPRP

There is no guarantee the Technology is scalable to commercial-scale operation.

The Technology is based upon generally available commercial equipment to process contaminated polypropylene into clean recycled polypropylene product. Certain of the equipment to be utilized in the Phase II Facility has not operated with the same feedstock in a commercial mode. While PCT has constructed the FEU to demonstrate the process using the same equipment (except at a smaller scale) as the commercial-scale Phase II Facility, the FEU does not operate at a commercial-scale. The collective test data was used to design the Phase II Facility equipment for commercial-scale and testing under the intended operating conditions and configuration for the commercial-scale operation to verify reproducibility of results including color, melt flow index, moldability (tensile modulus and other measures) and the odor of the final PCT- produced polypropylene product. While that testing indicated that the FEU can generate recycled polypropylene product that on average meets all of its key parameter targets, PCT cannot guarantee these results will be achieved in commercial-scale operation. Further, of the four quality parameters for UPRP, odor is the most difficult to characterize and measure. PCT's goal is to generate product that will significantly reduce the odor of the offtake and be comparable or nearly comparable to virgin polypropylene with respect to level of odor, but PCT cannot guarantee that the Project will be capable of achieving the performance guarantees or meeting the requirements of the currently applicable environmental permits. The Project's failure to achieve the performance guarantees or meet the requirements of the currently applicable environmental permits could impact PCT's business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects if the possible shortfalls versus specification are not effectively remedied per contract.

PCT may not be successful in finding future strategic partners for continuing development of additional offtake and feedstock opportunities.

PCT may seek to develop additional strategic partnerships to increase feedstock supply and offtake amount due to capital costs required to develop the UPRP product or manufacturing constraints. PCT may not be successful in efforts to establish such a strategic partnerships or other alternative arrangements for the UPRP product or Technology because PCT's research and development pipeline may be insufficient, PCT's product may be deemed to be at too early of a stage of development for collaborative effort or third parties may not view PCT's product as having the requisite potential to demonstrate commercial success.

If PCT is unable to reach agreements with suitable collaborators on a timely basis, on acceptable terms or at all, PCT may have to curtail the development of UPRP product, reduce or delay the development program, delay potential commercialization, reduce the scope of any sales or marketing activities or increase expenditures and undertake development or commercialization activities at PCT's own expense. If PCT elects to fund development or commercialization activities on its own, PCT may need to obtain additional expertise and additional capital, which may not be available on acceptable terms or at all. If PCT fails to enter into collaborations and does not have sufficient funds or expertise to undertake the necessary development and commercialization activities, PCT may not be able to further develop product candidates and PCT's business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects may be materially and adversely affected.

PCT's failure to secure waste polypropylene could have a negative impact on PCT's business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects.

PCT's ability to procure a sufficient quantity and quality of post-industrial and post-consumer resin that contains polypropylene as feedstock is dependent upon certain factors outside of PCT's control including, but not limited to, changes to pricing levels for waste polypropylene, recycled polypropylene and non-recycled polypropylene, shortages in supply, interruptions affecting suppliers (including those due to operational restraints, industrial relations, transportation difficulties, accidents or natural disasters), or the introduction of new laws or regulations that make access to waste polypropylene more difficult or expensive. PCT has entered into four feedstock supply agreements each for a term of three years with automatic one-year renewals for 17 years, and one feedstock supply agreement for a term ending October 31, 2023 (collectively, the "Feedstock Supply Agreements"). The Feedstock Supply Agreements are subject to prior termination by either party upon ninety days' notice prior to expiration of the current term. The Feedstock Supply Agreements provide for a combined guaranteed minimum of 60 MMlb/yr. of feedstock and at PCT's option for a combined maximum of 195 MMlb/yr., and up to a combined 210 MMlb/yr. as an option to be mutually agreed to. The amount of feedstock to be supplied each year by each supplier is determined prior to each year in an Annual Volume Commitment (as defined therein). The feedstock suppliers guarantee that they will not sell to other parties or otherwise dispose of any portion of feedstock up to the Annual Volume Commitment. While there are no penalties stated in the Feedstock Supply Agreements for failure of either party to deliver and/or accept the committed quantity of feedstock, PCT may terminate an agreement by giving notice of nonrenewal as indicated above. While PCT believes it has sourced sufficient feedstock of desirable quality, it cannot guarantee that feedstock suppliers will have sufficient quantities available and at the appropriate specifications in accordanc

Because PCT's global expansion requires sourcing feedstock and supplies from around the world, including Europe, changes to international trade agreements, tariffs, import and excise duties, taxes or other governmental rules and regulations could adversely affect PCT's business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects.

PCT's global expansion model will require sourcing feedstock from suppliers around the world. The U.S. federal government or other governmental bodies may propose changes to international trade agreements, tariffs, taxes and other government rules and regulations. If any restrictions or significant increases in costs or tariffs are imposed related to feedstock sourced from Europe, or elsewhere, as a result of amendments to existing trade agreements, and PCT's supply costs consequently increase, PCT may be required to raise UPRP prices, which may result in decreased margins, the loss of customers, and a material adverse effect on PCT's financial results. The extent to which PCT's margins could decrease in response to any future tariffs is uncertain. PCT continues to evaluate the impact of effective trade agreements, as well as other recent changes in foreign trade policy on its supply chain, costs, sales and profitability. PCT is actively working through strategies to mitigate such impact, including reviewing feedstock sourcing options and working with feedstock suppliers. In addition, COVID-19 has resulted in increased travel restrictions and the extended shutdown of certain businesses throughout the world. The impact of COVID-19 on PCT's business is uncertain at this time and will depend on future developments; however, prolonged closures in Europe, and elsewhere, may disrupt the operations of certain feedstock suppliers, which could, in turn, negatively impact PCT's business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects. Any such impact could be material.

Risks Related to the Market for UPRP

The market for UPRP is still in the development phase and the acceptance of UPRP by manufacturers and potential customers is not guaranteed.

The customer approval process for the UPRP product may take longer than expected and certain potential customers may be slow to accept the product produced by PCT or may not accept it at all. PCT has agreed to a strategic partnership term sheet to enter into an offtake agreement with a term of 20 years, whereby PCT guarantees the UPRP product to meet specific criteria for color and opacity. There is no odor specification in the offtake agreements. Any such changes may require modifications to its executed offtake agreements, which provide for a combined guaranteed minimum sale of 63 MMlb/yr of UPRP at PCT's option, and a combined maximum of 138 MMlb/yr. The amount of UPRP to be provided for sale under each agreement is determined prior to each year as an Annual Volume Commitment. PCT must provide samples of the product to each customer so that the customer may determine if the product meets specifications, regulatory and legal requirements, customer's internal policies, and technical, safety, and other qualifications for UPRP use in the customer's products. Upon delivery, the customer will have 30 days to inspect the UPRP and either accept or reject the material. Provided PCT has sufficient feedstock and that the UPRP meets the product specifications and conditions as determined in each offtake agreement, PCT should have sufficient product offtake capacity to accommodate a production rate of 107 MMlb/yr. The inability of PCT to provide, and there is no guarantee that PCT will be able to provide, product of sufficient quantity and quality for sale pursuant to the offtake agreements is likely to materially adversely affect PCT's business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects.

Certain of PCT's offtake agreements are subject to index pricing, and fluctuation in index prices may adversely impact PCT's financial results.

While PCT expects the price of its UPRP to continue to command a premium over the price of virgin resin and not be subject to fluctuations in the price of virgin PP, there is no guarantee of this result. Offtake agreements contain pricing for PCT's products at both fixed prices and Index prices. PCT is using Information Handling Services provided by IHS Market Ltd ("IHS") as it relates to the monthly market movement price mechanism index known as "Global Plastics & Polymers Report, Month-End: Polypropylene (PP)" and "Homopolymer (GP Inj. Mldg.)," with the price description terms of "Contract-market; HC Bulk, Delivered; Ex-Discounts, rebates" (delivered via railcar), based on the lower value listed in "Cts/Lb." Over the last two years the index has been as high as \$0.93 in October 2018 and as low as \$0.54 in April 2020. Should the modeled index price forecasted by IHS be materially lower than the IHS estimate, PCT's business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects may be materially adversely impacted.

Competition could reduce demand for PCT's products or negatively affect PCT's sales mix or price realization. Failure to compete effectively by meeting consumer preferences, developing and marketing innovative solutions, maintaining strong customer service and distribution relationships, and expanding solutions capabilities and reach could adversely affect PCT's business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects.

While PCT expects to produce a unique product in its UPRP, PCT operates in a competitive global market for polypropylene sources — virgin and recycled polypropylene. Competitors or new entrants might develop new products or technologies which compete with PCT and its proprietary Technology. PCT cannot predict changes that might affect its competitiveness or whether existing competitors or new entrants might develop products that reduce demand for PCT's UPRP. The development of new products or technologies which compete with PCT's UPRP may have a material adverse effect on PCT's business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects.

In addition, PCT has granted a sublicense of P&G intellectual property back to P&G under the terms of the License Agreement, with a limited right to sublicense by P&G (the "Grant Back"). Under the Grant Back, for five years after the effective date of the License Agreement, the aggregate tonnage that may be produced under the Grant Back will be capped at a certain level per year worldwide. Beyond year 5, that aggregate annual tonnage will be expanded for each of the six regions worldwide. P&G has agreed that territory under the Grant Back will exclude the start of construction of a plant within a certain radius of the Project for five years from the effective date of the License Agreement. If PCT is able to establish production, either on its own or through a sublicense agreement with another partner, in any territory, P&G production will remain capped within that territory beyond the 5 years. If P&G sublicenses the P&G intellectual property under the Grant Back to other manufacturers, UPRP production and supply could increase, adversely impacting PCT's business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects.

Risks Related to Regulatory Developments

PCT may not be able to meet applicable regulatory requirements for the use of PCT's UPRP in food grade applications, and, even if the requirements are met, complying on an ongoing basis with the numerous regulatory requirements applicable to the UPRP and PCT's facilities will be time-consuming and costly.

The use of UPRP in food grade applications is subject to regulation by various government agencies, including the U.S. Food and Drug Administration ("FDA"). The FDA has established certain guidelines for the use of recycled plastics in food packaging, as set forth in the FDA's Guidance for Industry: Use of Recycled Plastics in Food Packaging (Chemistry Considerations). In order for the UPRP to be used in food grade applications, it must receive a No Objection Letter ("NOL") from the FDA. The process for obtaining an NOL will include FDA evaluation of both the PCT purification process, the Technology, as well as the recycled feedstock resin. As such, PCT will seek multiple NOLs for type of use and for each categorically different source of feedstock. In addition, as needed, individual migration studies will be conducted to simulate articles in contact with food.

We cannot guarantee the receipt of the NOLs and a failure to receive the requested NOLs will have an adverse effect on PCT's business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects.

Furthermore, changes in regulatory requirements, laws and policies, or evolving interpretations of existing regulatory requirements, laws and policies, may result in increased compliance costs, delays, capital expenditures and other financial obligations that could adversely affect PCT's business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects.

We expect to encounter regulations in most if not all of the countries in which we may seek to expand, and we cannot be sure that we will be able to obtain necessary approvals in a timely manner or at all. If PCT's UPRP does not meet applicable regulatory requirements in a particular country or at all, then we may face limited market demand in those countries and PCT's business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects will be adversely affected.

The various regulatory schemes applicable to PCT's UPRP will continue to apply following initial approval.

Monitoring regulatory changes and ensuring our ongoing compliance with applicable requirements is time-consuming and may affect our business, financial condition, results of operation and prospects. If we fail to comply with such requirements on an ongoing basis, we may be subject to fines or other penalties, or may be prevented from selling our UPRP, and PCT's business, financial condition, results of operation and prospects may be harmed.

The operation of and construction of the Project is subject to governmental regulation.

Under the loan agreement entered into in connection with PCT's outstanding Revenue Bonds (the "Loan Agreement"), PCT must: (i) not commence construction or operation of the Project prior to receipt of all applicable permits and easements required for the particular phase of construction or operation; (ii) abide by the terms and conditions of all such permits and easements; and (iii) operate the Project at all times in the manner required or permitted by such permits and easements.

PCT has not identified any technical or engineering circumstances that it believes would prevent the issuance of the key permits and approvals required for construction and operation of the Project in the ordinary course consistent with the planned construction of the Project. Delays in or failure to obtain and maintain any required permit or approval, or delay in satisfying or failure to satisfy any condition or requirement or any approval or permit could delay or prevent completion of the Project or result in additional costs or reduced revenues. Federal, state and local statutory and regulatory requirements applicable to construction and operation of the Project are subject to change. No assurance can be given that PCT or any other affected party will be able to comply with such changes. Additional statutory or regulatory requirements may be imposed upon the Project in the future, which might materially increase costs of operation or maintenance.

Legislative, regulatory or judicial developments could affect PCT's business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects.

PCT is subject to extensive air, water and other environmental laws and regulations at the federal and state level, as well as foreign regulatory schemes in Europe, such as the European Food Safety Authority. In addition, PCT will be subject to additional regulatory regimes upon expanding to new regions, such as Asia. Some of these laws require or may require PCT to operate under a number of environmental permits. These laws, regulations and permits can often require pollution control equipment or operational changes to limit actual or potential impacts to the environment. These laws, regulations and permit conditions may change and become more difficult to comply with. A violation of these laws, regulations or permit conditions could result in substantial fines, damages, criminal sanctions, permit revocations and/or a plant shutdown. Any such action may have a material adverse effect on PCT's business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects and result in the Company's inability to pay debt service on its outstanding debt.

Risks Related to Human Capital Management

PCT is dependent on management and key personnel, and PCT's business would suffer if it fails to retain its key personnel and attract additional highly skilled employees.

PCT's success is dependent on the specialized skills of its management team and key operating personnel. This may present particular challenges as PCT operates in a highly specialized industry sector, which may make replacement of its management team and key operating personnel difficult. A loss of the managers or key employees, or their failure to satisfactorily perform their responsibilities, could have an adverse effect on PCT's business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects.

PCT's future success will depend on its ability to identify, hire, develop, motivate and retain highly qualified personnel for all areas of its organization, particularly research and development, recycling technology, operations and sales. Trained and experienced personnel are in high demand and may be in short supply. Many of the companies with which PCT competes for experienced employees have greater resources than PCT does and may be able to offer more attractive terms of employment. In addition, PCT invests significant time and expense in training employees, which increases their value to competitors that may seek to recruit them. PCT may not be able to attract, develop and maintain the skilled workforce necessary to operate its business, and labor expenses may increase as a result of a shortage in the supply of qualified personnel, which will negatively impact PCT's business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects.

While ROCH and PCT work to complete the Business Combination, management's focus and resources may be diverted from operational matters and other strategic opportunities.

Successful completion of the Business Combination may place a significant burden on management and other internal resources. The diversion of management's attention and any difficulties encountered in the transition process could harm the new Combined Company's business financial condition, results of operations and prospects. In addition, uncertainty about the effect of the Business Combination on PCT's systems, employees, customers, partners, and other third parties, including regulators, may have an adverse effect on the new Combined Company. These uncertainties may impair the new Combined Company's ability to attract, retain and motivate key personnel for a period of time after the completion of the Business Combination.

PCT's management has limited experience in operating a public company.

PCT's executive officers and directors have limited experience in the management of a publicly traded company subject to significant regulatory oversight and the reporting obligations under federal securities laws. PCT's management team may not successfully or effectively manage its transition to a public company following the Merger. Their limited experience in dealing with the increasingly complex laws pertaining to public companies could be a significant disadvantage in that it is likely that an increasing amount of their time may be devoted to these activities which will result in less time being devoted to the management and growth of PCT. It is possible that the Combined Company will be required to expand its employee base and hire additional employees to support its operations as a public company, which will increase its operating costs in future periods.

Risks Related to the Combined Company's Common Stock

An active trading market for the Combined Company's Common Stock may never develop or be sustained, which may make it difficult to sell the shares of the Combined Company's Common Stock you purchase.

An active trading market for the Combined Company's Common Stock may not develop or continue or, if developed, may not be sustained, which would make it difficult for you to sell your shares of the Combined Company's Common Stock at an attractive price (or at all). The market price of the Combined Company's Common Stock may decline below your purchase price, and you may not be able to sell your shares of the Combined Company's Common Stock at or above the price you paid for such shares (or at all).

There can be no assurance that Combined Company's Common Stock will be approved for listing on NASDAQ upon the Closing, or if approved, that the Combined Company will be able to comply with the continued listing standards of NASDAQ.

ROCH's Common Stock is currently listed on NASDAQ. In connection with the Closing, we intend to apply to list the ParentCo Common Stock, warrants and units on NASDAQ upon the Closing under the symbol "PCT", "PCTTW" and "PCTTU", respectively. As part of the application process, we are required to provide evidence that we are able to meet the initial listing requirements of NASDAQ, which are more rigorous than NASDAQ's continued listing requirements and include, among other things, a requirement that the Combined Company have 300 or more unrestricted round lot holders, at least 150 of which hold unrestricted shares with a minimum value of \$2,500, and meet a minimum public float. The Combined Company's ability to meet these listing requirements may depend, in part, on the number of shares of Common Stock that are redeemed in connection with the Business Combination, as the number of redemptions may impact whether the Combined Company has at least 300 unrestricted round lot holders upon the Closing, among other initial listing requirements. The Combined Company's application has not yet been approved, and may not be approved if we are unable to provide evidence satisfactory to NASDAQ that the Combined Company will meet these listing requirements.

If the Combined Company's Common Stock is not approved for listing on NASDAQ or, after the Closing, NASDAQ delists the Combined Company's shares from trading on its exchange for failure to meet the listing standards, the Combined Company and its stockholders could face significant material adverse consequences including:

· a limited availability of market quotations for the Combined Company's securities;

- · reduced liquidity for the Combined Company's securities;
- a determination that the Combined Company's Common Stock is a "penny stock" which will require brokers trading in the Combined Company's Common Stock to
 adhere to more stringent rules and possibly result in a reduced level of trading activity in the secondary trading market for the Combined Company's securities;
- · a limited amount of news and analyst coverage; and
- · a decreased ability to issue additional securities or obtain additional financing in the future.

The market price of the Combined Company's common stock is likely to be highly volatile, and you may lose some or all of your investment.

Following the Business Combination, the market price of Combined Company's common stock is likely to be highly volatile and may be subject to wide fluctuations in response to a variety of factors, including the following:

- the impact of COVID-19 pandemic on PCT's business;
- · the inability to obtain or maintain the listing of the Combined Company's shares of Common Stock on NASDAQ;
- the inability to recognize the anticipated benefits of the Business Combination, which may be affected by, among other things, competition, PCT's ability to grow and manage growth profitably, and retain its key employees;
- · changes in applicable laws or regulations;
- · risks relating to the uncertainty of PCT's projected financial information;
- · risks related to the organic and inorganic growth of PCT's business and the timing of expected business milestones; and
- · the amount of redemption requests made by ROCH's stockholders.

In addition, the stock markets have experienced extreme price and volume fluctuations that have affected and continue to affect the market prices of equity securities of many companies. These fluctuations have often been unrelated or disproportionate to the operating performance of those companies. Broad market and industry factors, as well as general economic, political, regulatory and market conditions, may negatively affect the market price of the Combined Company's Common Stock, regardless of the Combined Company's actual operating performance.

Volatility in the Combined Company's share price could subject the Combined Company to securities class action litigation.

In the past, securities class action litigation has often been brought against a company following a decline in the market price of its securities. If the Combined Company faces such litigation, it could result in substantial costs and a diversion of management's attention and resources, which could harm its business.

If securities or industry analysts do not publish research or reports about the Combined Company, or publish negative reports, the Combined Company's stock price and trading volume could decline.

The trading market for the Combined Company's common stock will depend, in part, on the research and reports that securities or industry analysts publish about the Combined Company. The Combined Company does not have any control over these analysts. If the Combined Company's financial performance fails to meet analyst estimates or one or more of the analysts who cover the Combined Company downgrade its common stock or change their opinion, the Combined Company's stock price would likely decline. If one or more of these analysts cease coverage of the Combined Company or fail to regularly publish reports on the Combined Company, it could lose visibility in the financial markets, which could cause the Combined Company's stock price or trading volume to decline.

Because the Combined Company does not anticipate paying any cash dividends in the foreseeable future, capital appreciation, if any, would be your sole source of gain.

The Combined Company currently anticipates that it will retain future earnings for the development, operation and expansion of its business and do not anticipate declaring or paying any cash dividends for the foreseeable future. As a result, capital appreciation, if any, of the Combined Company's shares of common stock would be your sole source of gain on an investment in such shares for the foreseeable future.

The exercise of registration rights or sales of a substantial amount of the Combined Company's Common Stock after the Business Combination may adversely affect the market price of the Combined Company's Common Stock.

In connection with the consummation of the Business Combination, the Merger Agreement provides that Roth Capital Partners, LLC ("Roth"), Craig-Hallum Capital Group, LLC ("C-H"), the Combined Company and certain Initial Stockholders and PCT Unitholders (collectively, the "IRA Holders") will enter into an Investor Rights Agreement pursuant to which the Combined Company will be obligated to file a registration statement to register the resale of certain securities of the Combined Company held by the IRA Holders. IRA Holders will have certain demand rights and "piggy-back" registration rights, subject to certain requirements and customary conditions. The Combined Company also has agreed to register the shares of the Combined Company's Common Stock issued in connection with the PIPE prior to the consummation of the Business Combination.

In connection with its issuance of Convertible Notes, PCT has entered into a registration rights agreement (the "Magnetar Registration Rights Agreement") with a series of funds affiliated with Magnetar Capital LLC (the "Magnetar Investors"). Pursuant to the Magnetar Registration Rights Agreement, PCT, ROCH, or an affiliate thereof is required to file a registration statement to register the resale of the Common Stock (as defined therein) held by the Magnetar Investors upon conversion of the Convertible Notes no later than 60 days following the consummation of the Business Combination, and is required to have such registration statement declared effective by a certain period of time or pay liquidated damages. The Magnetar Investors also have certain demand rights, subject to certain requirements and customary conditions.

The registration and availability of such a significant number of securities for trading in the public market may have an adverse effect on the market price of the Combined Company's Common Stock. See "Shares Eligible for Future Sale"

Future offerings of debt or offerings or issuances of equity securities by the Combined Company may adversely affect the market price of the Combined Company's Common Stock or otherwise dilute all other stockholders.

In the future, we may attempt to obtain financing or to further increase the Combined Company's capital resources by issuing additional shares of the Combined Company's Common Stock or offering debt or other equity securities, including commercial paper, medium-term notes, senior or subordinated notes, debt securities convertible into equity or shares of preferred stock. We also expect to grant equity awards to employees, directors, and consultants under the Combined Company's stock incentive plans. Future acquisitions could require substantial additional capital in excess of cash from operations. The Combined Company would expect to obtain the capital required for acquisitions through a combination of additional issuances of equity, corporate indebtedness and/or cash from operations.

Issuing additional shares of the Combined Company's Common Stock or other equity securities or securities convertible into equity may dilute the economic and voting rights of the Combined Company's existing stockholders or reduce the market price of the Combined Company's Common Stock or both. Upon liquidation, holders of such debt securities and preferred shares, if issued, and lenders with respect to other borrowings would receive a distribution of the Combined Company's available assets prior to the holders of the Combined Company's Common Stock. Debt securities convertible into equity could be subject to adjustments in the conversion ratio pursuant to which certain events may increase the number of equity securities issuable upon conversion. Preferred shares, if issued, could have a preference with respect to liquidating distributions or a preference with respect to dividend payments that could limit the Combined Company's ability to pay dividends to the holders of the Combined Company's Common Stock. The Combined Company's decision to issue securities in any future offering will depend on market conditions and other factors beyond the Combined Company's control, which may adversely affect the amount, timing and nature of the Combined Company's future offerings.

Certain provisions of the Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation and the Amended and Restated Bylaws (both as defined in "Description of Securities to be Registered") could hinder, delay or prevent a change in control of the Combined Company, which could adversely affect the price of the Combined Company's Common Stock.

Certain provisions of the Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation and the Amended and Restated Bylaws could make it more difficult for a third party to acquire the Combined Company without the consent of the Combined Company's board of directors. These provisions include:

- authorizing the issuance of undesignated preferred stock, the terms of which may be established and the shares of which may be issued without stockholder approval, and which may include super voting, special approval, dividend, or other rights or preferences superior to the rights of the holders of the Combined Company's Common Stock;
- prohibiting stockholder action by written consent, requiring all stockholder actions be taken at a meeting of our stockholders;
- · providing that the board of directors is expressly authorized to make, alter or repeal the Amended and Restated Bylaws;
- until the fifth anniversary of the effectiveness of the Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation, providing that directors may be removed only for cause and then only by the affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of the voting power of the outstanding shares then entitled to vote in an election of directors, voting together as a single class;
- providing that vacancies on the Combined Company's board of directors, including newly-created directorships, may be filled only by a majority vote of directors then in office;
- · prohibiting stockholders from calling special meetings of stockholders;
- until the fifth anniversary of the effectiveness of the Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation, requiring the affirmative vote of the holders of at least 66 2/3% in voting power of the outstanding shares then entitled to vote in an election of directors, voting together as a single class, to amend certain provisions of the Amended and Restated Bylaws and certain provisions of the Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation;
- establishing advance notice requirements for nominations for elections to our board of directors or for proposing matters that can be acted upon by stockholders at stockholder meetings; and
- establishing a classified board of directors until the fifth anniversary of the effectiveness of the Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation, as a result of which our
 board of directors will be divided into three classes, with each class serving for staggered three-year terms, which prevents stockholders from electing an entirely new
 board of directors at an annual meeting.

In addition, these provisions may make it difficult and expensive for a third party to pursue a tender offer, change in control or takeover attempt that is opposed by our management or our board of directors. Stockholders who might desire to participate in these types of transactions may not have an opportunity to do so, even if the transaction is favorable to them. These anti-takeover provisions could substantially impede your ability to benefit from a change in control or change our management and board of directors and, as a result, may adversely affect the market price of the Combined Company's Common Stock and your ability to realize any potential change of control premium. See "Description of Securities to be Registered — Anti-Takeover Effects of the Combined Company's Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation and Amended and Restated Bylaws and Certain Provisions of Delaware Law."

General Risk Factors

Each of ROCH and PCT have incurred and will incur substantial costs in connection with the Business Combination and related transactions, such as legal, accounting, consulting and financial advisory fees.

As part of the Business Combination, each of ROCH and PCT are utilizing professional service firms for legal, accounting and financial advisory services. Although the parties have been provided with estimates of the costs for each advisory firm, the total actual costs may exceed those estimates. In addition, the companies are retaining consulting services to assist in the integration of the businesses, including but not limited to organizational decisions, Combined Company business process design, cultural integration and go-to-market integration. These consulting services may extend beyond the current estimated time frame thus resulting in higher than expected costs.

The Combined Company may be unable to obtain additional financing to fund the operations and growth of the business following the consummation of the Business Combination.

The Combined Company may require additional financing to fund its operations or growth following the consummation of the Business Combination. The failure to secure additional financing could have a material adverse effect on the continued development or growth of the Combined Company. Such financings may result in dilution to stockholders, issuance of securities with priority as to liquidation and dividend and other rights more favorable than common stock, imposition of debt covenants and repayment obligations, or other restrictions that may adversely affect its business. In addition, the Combined Company may seek additional capital due to favorable market conditions or strategic considerations even if it believes that it has sufficient funds for current or future operating plans. There can be no assurance that financing will be available to the Combined Company on favorable terms, or at all. The inability to obtain financing when needed may make it more difficult for the Combined Company to operate its business or implement its growth plans.

The Combined Company will be an emerging growth company, and the Combined Company cannot be certain if the reduced reporting requirements applicable to emerging growth companies will make its shares less attractive to investors.

After the completion of the Business Combination, the Combined Company will be an emerging growth company, as defined in the JOBS Act. For as long as the Combined Company continues to be an emerging growth company, it may take advantage of exemptions from various reporting requirements that are applicable to other public companies that are not "emerging growth companies," including exemption from compliance with the auditor attestation requirements of Section 404, reduced disclosure obligations regarding executive compensation and exemptions from the requirements of holding a nonbinding advisory vote on executive compensation and stockholder approval of any golden parachute payments not previously approved. The Combined Company will remain an emerging growth company until the earlier of (1) the date (a) May 7, 2025, (b) in which the Combined Company has total annual gross revenue of at least \$1.07 billion or (c) in which the Combined Company is deemed to be a large accelerated filer, which means the market value of shares of the Combined Company's common stock that are held by non-affiliates exceeds \$700 million as of the prior June 30th, and (2) the date on which the Combined Company has issued more than \$1.0 billion in non-convertible debt during the prior three-year period.

In addition, under the JOBS Act, emerging growth companies can delay adopting new or revised accounting standards until such time as those standards apply to private companies. The Combined Company has irrevocably elected not to avail itself of this exemption from new or revised accounting standards and, therefore, the Combined Company will be subject to the same new or revised accounting standards as other public companies that are not emerging growth companies.

Even after the Combined Company no longer qualifies as an emerging growth company, it may still qualify as a "smaller reporting company," which would allow it to take advantage of many of the same exemptions from disclosure requirements including exemption from compliance with the auditor attestation requirements of Section 404 and reduced disclosure obligations regarding executive compensation in this proxy statement and the Combined Company's periodic reports and proxy statements.

The Combined Company cannot predict if investors will find its common stock less attractive because the Combined Company may rely on these exemptions. If some investors find the Combined Company's common stock less attractive as a result, there may be a less active trading market for the common stock and its market price may be more volatile.

PCT identified certain material weaknesses in its internal control over financial reporting. If PCT is unable to remediate these material weaknesses, or if PCT identifies additional material weaknesses in the future or otherwise fails to maintain an effective system of internal controls, PCT may not be able to accurately or timely report its financial condition or results of operations, which may adversely affect PCT's business and stock price.

In connection with the preparation and audit of PCT's consolidated financial statements for the nine months ended September 30, 2020 and the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018 and the balance sheet data as of September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019 and 2018, certain material weaknesses were identified in PCT's internal control over financial reporting. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over financial reporting such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of PCT's interim or annual consolidated financial statements will not be prevented or detected on a timely basis. The material weaknesses were as follows:

- PCT did not have sufficient, qualified personnel to determine the appropriate accounting treatment for its complex agreements or transactions that required technical accounting analysis;
- · PCT's lack of sufficient personnel also resulted in inadequate segregation of duties in the design and operation of the internal controls over financial reporting;
- PCT's lack of formal processes and controls resulted in an ineffective control environment, which led to an inadequate review of the financial statements and financial reporting;
- PCT did not design and maintain effective controls over certain information technology ("IT") controls for information systems that are relevant to the preparation of its
 financial statements, specifically with respect to user access, to ensure appropriate segregation of duties that adequately restrict user access to financial applications,
 programs, and data to appropriate company personnel; and
- PCT did not design and maintain effective controls surrounding the completeness and cutoff of expenses and payables, such that certain expenses paid by a related entity
 on behalf of PCT were not appropriately allocated to PCT, and certain transactions were recorded in the period when the invoice was received rather than accrued in the
 period when the activity took place.

These material weaknesses could result in a misstatement of substantially all of PCT's accounts or disclosures, which would result in a material misstatement to the interim or annual consolidated financial statements that would not be prevented or detected. PCT has begun implementation of a plan to remediate the material weaknesses described above. Those remediation measures are ongoing and include the following:

- In 2018 and 2019 there were two accounting employees; both were part time, and one of which was an accounts payable clerk. PCT management is increasing staffing and
 has brought in outside resources. PCT has since hired a CFO, a Vice President of Finance, and a Controller and is looking to hire an Executive VP Finance to support the
 CFO and provide leadership to the accounting team. PCT has also engaged a public accounting firm to assist with financial reporting and advise on technical accounting
 issues:
- PCT is making certain changes to its IT systems, including the development of formal access policies, the development of an audit of administrator activity and the
 reassignment of administrator privileges over PCT's accounting system outside PCT's accounting department; and
- PCT is establishing a process to maintain checklists tracking related entity payments as part of its monthly close processes and is instituting policies to strengthen its
 receipt and processing of purchase orders to monitor accrual determinations. Furthermore, payment for almost all PCT expenses has been moved to PCT, with only a
 limited number of expenses paid by a related entity for situations where there is a shared contract.

PCT plans to continue to assess its internal controls and procedures and intends to take further action as necessary or appropriate to address any other matters it identifies or are brought to its attention. PCT cannot assure you that the measures it has taken to date and may take in the future will be sufficient to remediate the control deficiencies that led to PCT's material weaknesses in internal control over financial reporting or that PCT will prevent or avoid potential future material weaknesses. The effectiveness of PCT's internal control over financial reporting is subject to various inherent limitations, including cost limitations, judgments used in decision making, assumptions about the likelihood of future events, the possibility of human error and the risk of fraud. If PCT is unable to remediate the material weaknesses, its ability to record, process and report financial information accurately, and to prepare financial statements within the time periods specified by the forms of the SEC, could be adversely affected which, in turn, may adversely affect PCT's reputation and business and the market price of the Combined Company's Common Stock.

In addition, any such failures could result in litigation or regulatory actions by the SEC or other regulatory authorities, loss of investor confidence, delisting of the Combined Company's securities and harm to the Combined Company's reputation and financial condition, or diversion of financial and management resources from the operation of PCT's business.

Following the consummation of the Business Combination, the Combined Company will incur significant increased expenses and administrative burdens as a public company, which could have an adverse effect on its business, financial condition and results of operations.

Following the consummation of the Business Combination, the Combined Company will face increased legal, accounting, administrative and other costs and expenses as a public company that PCT does not incur as a private company. The Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (the "Sarbanes-Oxley Act"), including the requirements of Section 404, as well as rules and regulations subsequently implemented by the SEC, the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act of 2010 and the rules and regulations promulgated and to be promulgated thereunder, the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) and the securities exchanges, impose additional reporting and other obligations on public companies. Compliance with public company requirements will increase costs and make certain activities more time-consuming. A number of those requirements will require the Combined Company to carry out activities PCT has not done previously. For example, the Combined Company will create new board committees and adopt new internal controls and disclosure controls and procedures. In addition, additional expenses associated with SEC reporting requirements will be incurred.

Furthermore, if any issues in complying with those requirements are identified (for example, if the auditors identify material weaknesses in addition to those disclosed herein or a significant deficiency in the internal control over financial reporting), the Combined Company could incur additional costs rectifying those issues, and the existence of those issues could adversely affect the Combined Company's reputation or investor perceptions of it. It may also be more expensive to obtain director and officer liability insurance in such a situation. Risks associated with the Combined Company's status as a public company may make it more difficult to attract and retain qualified persons to serve on the board of directors or as executive officers. The additional reporting and other obligations imposed by these rules and regulations will increase legal and financial

The Combined Company's failure to timely and effectively implement controls and procedures required by Section 404(a) of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act that will be applicable to it after the Business Combination is consummated could negatively impact its business.

PCT is currently not subject to Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act. However, following the consummation of the Business Combination, the Combined Company will be required to provide management's attestation on internal controls. The standards required for a public company under Section 404(a) of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act are significantly more stringent than those required of PCT as a privately held company. Management may not be able to effectively and timely implement controls and procedures that adequately respond to the increased regulatory compliance and reporting requirements that will be applicable after the Business Combination. If the Combined Company is not able to implement the additional requirements of Section 404(a) in a timely manner or with adequate compliance, it may not be able to assess whether its internal controls over financial reporting are effective, which may subject it to adverse regulatory consequences and could harm investor confidence and the market price of its securities.

USE OF PROCEEDS

We will not receive any proceeds from the sale of the ParentCo Common Stock by the Selling Stockholders.

UNAUDITED PRO FORMA CONDENSED COMBINED FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Defined terms included below shall have the same meaning as terms defined and included elsewhere in this prospectus.

Introduction

ParentCo is providing the following unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial information to aid you in your analysis of the financial aspects of the Business Combination

In May 2020, the SEC adopted Release No. 33-10786 "Amendments to Financial Disclosures about Acquired and Disposed Businesses." Release No. 33-10786 is effective on January 1, 2021; however, voluntary early adoption is permitted. ParentCo has elected to early adopt the provisions of Release No. 33-10786, and the Summary Pro Forma Information is presented in accordance therewith.

ROCH is a special purpose acquisition company whose purpose is to acquire, through a merger, share exchange, asset acquisition, stock purchase, reorganization or other similar business combination with one or more businesses. ROCH was incorporated in Delaware on February 13, 2019, as Roth CH Acquisition I Co. On May 4, 2020, ROCH consummated its IPO. The IPO, of 7,500,000 of its Units, each consisting of one share of Common Stock and three quarters of a Warrants, generated gross proceeds to ROCH of \$75.0 million. Simultaneously with the consummation of the IPO, ROCH completed the private sale of 262,500 Private Units (consisting of Private Shares and related Private Warrants) at a purchase price of \$10.00 per unit to its Initial Stockholders generating gross proceeds of \$2.6 million. Each Private Unit consists of one share of ParentCo Common Stock and three quarters of a warrant to purchase shares of ParentCo Common Stock at an exercise price of \$11.50. Following the closing of the IPO on May 7, 2020, an amount of \$75.0 million (\$10.00 per Unit) from the net proceeds of the sale of the Units in the IPO and the sale of the Private Units was placed in a Trust Account which will be invested only in U.S. government securities, within the meaning set forth in Section 2(a)(16) of the Investment Company Act of 1940, with a maturity of 180 days or less or in a money market fund meeting the conditions of Rule 2a-7 of the Investment Company Act. On May 26, 2020, in connection with the underwriters' election to partially exercise their over-allotment option, ROCH sold an additional 150,000 Units at a purchase price of \$10.00 per Unit, generating gross proceeds of \$1.5 million. In addition, in connection with the underwriters' partial exercise of their over-allotment option, ROCH also consummated the sale of an additional 3,000 Private Units at a purchase price of \$10.00 per Private Unit, generating gross proceeds of \$30,000. Following such closing, an additional \$1.5 million was deposited into the Trust Account, resulting

PCT and its wholly owned subsidiaries, Purecycle: Ohio LLC, PCT Managed Services LLC and PCO Holdco LLC, are businesses whose planned principal operations are to conduct business as a plastics recycler using a patented recycling process. Developed and licensed by P&G (as defined herein), the patented recycling process separates color, odor and other contaminants from plastic waste feedstock to transform it into virgin-like resin, referred to as ultra-pure recycled polypropylene ("UPRP"). PCT is currently constructing its Phase II Facility and conducting research and development activities to operationalize the Technology.

The unaudited pro forma condensed combined balance sheet as of September 30, 2020 combines the historical balance sheet of ROCH and the historical balance sheet of PCT on a pro forma basis as if the Business Combination and the related transactions contemplated by the Merger Agreement, summarized below, had been consummated on September 30, 2020. The unaudited pro forma combined statements of operations for the pear ended December 31, 2019 and condensed combined statement of operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2020, combine the historical statements of operations of ROCH and PCT for such periods on a pro forma basis as if the Business Combination and the transactions contemplated by the Merger Agreement, summarized below, had been consummated on January 1, 2019, the beginning of the earliest period presented. The transactions contemplated by the Merger Agreement that are given pro forma effect include:

• PCT Adjustments represent transactions that have occurred in anticipation of the Business Combination that are required to be presented to illustrate the effects of the Business Combination on a Pro Forma basis, including the following:

- The net proceeds from the issuance of the Convertible Notes and the issuance of Class A and Class B-1 equity; and
- · Payment of certain PCT debt with the Convertible Notes and equity issuance proceeds.
- · Transaction accounting adjustments represent adjustments that are expected to occur in connection with the Closing of the Business Combination, including the following:
- The reverse recapitalization between Merger Sub LLC and PCT;
- The net proceeds from the issuance of ParentCo Common Stock in the PIPE Investment; and
- The net proceeds from the issuance of Revenue Bonds that are made available to the Combined Company upon Closing of the Business Combination.

The pro forma condensed combined financial information may not be useful in predicting the future financial condition and results of operations of the Combined Company. The actual financial position and results of operations may differ significantly from the pro forma amounts reflected herein due to a variety of factors.

The historical financial information of ROCH was derived from the unaudited and audited financial statements of ROCH as of and for the nine months ended September 30, 2020, and for the year ended December 31, 2019, which are included elsewhere in this prospectus. The historical financial information of PCT was derived from the unaudited and audited consolidated financial statements of PCT as of and for the nine months ended September 30, 2020, and for the year ended December 31, 2019, which are included elsewhere in this prospectus. This information should be read together with ROCH's and PCT's unaudited and audited financial statements and related notes, the section titled "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and other financial information included elsewhere in this prospectus.

The Business Combination will be accounted for as a reverse recapitalization, in accordance with GAAP. Under this method of accounting, ROCH will be treated as the "acquired" company for financial reporting purposes. Accordingly, the Business Combination will be treated as the equivalent of PCT issuing stock for the net assets of ROCH, accompanied by a recapitalization. The net assets of ROCH will be stated at historical cost, with no goodwill or other intangible assets recorded. Operations prior to the Business Combination will be those of PCT.

PCT has been determined to be the accounting acquirer based on evaluation of the following facts and circumstances under both the minimum and maximum redemption scenarios:

- · PCT will have the largest single voting interest block in the Combined Company under the minimum redemption scenario and the maximum redemption scenario;
- · PCT will have the ability to nominate the majority of the members of the board of directors following the closing;
- · PCT will hold executive management roles for the Combined Company and be responsible for the day-to-day operations;
- · The Combined Company will assume PCT's name; and
- · The intended strategy of the Combined Company will continue PCT's current strategy of being a leader in plastics recycling.

The unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial information has been prepared using the assumptions below with respect to the potential redemption into cash of Common Stock:

- Assuming Minimum Redemptions: This presentation assumes that no public stockholders of ROCH exercise redemption rights with respect to their Public Shares for a
 pro rata share of the funds in the Trust Account.
- Assuming Maximum Redemptions: This presentation assumes that stockholders holding 6.9 million of the Public Shares will exercise their redemption rights for their pro rata share (approximately \$10.00 per share) of the funds in the Trust Account. This scenario gives effect to Public Share redemptions for aggregate redemption payments of \$69.3 million using a \$10.00 per share redemption price. The Merger Agreement includes as a condition to closing the Business Combination that, at the closing, ROCH will have a minimum of \$250.0 million in cash comprising (i) the cash held in the Trust Account after giving effect to ROCH share redemptions and (ii) proceeds from the PIPE Investment and a minimum of \$5.0 million of net tangible assets. Additionally, this presentation also contemplates that ROCH's Initial Stockholders have agreed to waive their redemption rights with respect to their Founder Shares, Private Shares and Public Shares in connection with the completion of a Business Combination.

Description of the Business Combination

The aggregate consideration for the Business Combination will be \$1,156.9 million, payable in the form of shares of the ParentCo Common Stock and assumed indebtedness.

The following summarizes the merger consideration in both the minimum redemption and maximum redemption scenarios:

Total shares transferred*		83,500,000
Value per share		10.00
Total Share Consideration	\$ 8	835,000,000
Assumed indebtedness		
Revenue Bonds	2	249,600,000
The Convertible Notes		60,000,000
Term Loan		313,500
Related Party Promissory Note		12,000,000
Total merger consideration	\$ 1,1	156,913,500

^{*} Amount excludes the issuance of 4.0 million earnout shares to certain unitholders of PCT as a result of the Combined Company satisfying the performance and operational targets subsequent to the closing of the Business Combination

The following summarizes the pro forma ParentCo Common Stock outstanding under the two redemption scenarios (in thousands):

	Assuming Minimum Redemptions (Shares)	%	Assuming Maximum Redemptions (Shares)	%
PCT Shareholders	83,500	70.6%	83,500	75.0%
Total PCT Inc Merger Shares	83,500	70.6%	83,500	75.0%
ROCH Public Shares	7,645	6.5%	717	0.6%
ROCH Founder and Private Shares	2,183	1.8%	2,183	2.0%
Total ROCH Shares	9,828	8.3%	2,900	2.6%
PIPE investors	25,000	21.1%	25,000	22.4%
Pro Forma ParentCo Common Stock at September 30, 2020	118,328	100.0%	111,400	100.0%

The two redemption scenarios exclude PCT's outstanding warrants, options, and unvested Class C Units. Pursuant to the Merger Agreement, 143,619 outstanding warrants will be canceled and such agreement terminated pursuant to the issuance of conditional replacement warrants by ParentCo. An agreement for the future issuance of 6,347 Class A Units, with the option to purchase an additional 7,990 Class A Units will be amended to allow for the future issuance and purchase of shares of ParentCo Common Stock. The 144,366 outstanding unvested Class C Units will be ParentCo's restricted shares, subject to the same vesting schedule and forfeiture restrictions as the unvested PCT Class C Units.

The following unaudited pro forma condensed combined balance sheet as of September 30, 2020 and the unaudited pro forma condensed combined statements of operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2020 and combined statement of operations for the year ended December 31, 2019 are based on the historical financial statements of ROCH and PCT. The unaudited pro forma adjustments are based on information currently available, and assumptions and estimates underlying the unaudited pro forma adjustments are described in the accompanying notes. Actual results may differ materially from the assumptions used to present the accompanying unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial information.

UNAUDITED PRO FORMA CONDENSED COMBINED BALANCE SHEET AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2020 (in thousands)

		As of Sep	tember 3	30, 2020		Transaction Accounting Adjustments		As of September 30, 2020 Pro Forma Combined	Transaction Accounting Adjustments		As of September 30, 2020 Pro Forma Combined
	PCT (Historical)	PCT Adjustments		PCT As Adjusted	ROCH (Historical)	(Assuming No Redemption)		(Assuming No Redemption)	(Assuming Maximum Redemption)		(Assuming Maximum Redemption)
ASSETS											
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 108	\$ — (5,063)	A B	\$ 52,645	\$ 409	\$ 76,523 250,000	F G	\$ 362,053	\$ (69,276)	N	\$ 292,777
		57,600	С			(2,677) (14,847)	H I				
Restricted Cash	_	30,000 59,775	D E	89,775	_	237,428	J	327,203	_		327,203
Prepaid royalties Prepaid expenses and other current assets	2,100	_		2,100	146	(2.732)	J	2,100	_		2,100
Total current assets	2,964 5,172	142,312		2,964 147,484	146 555	(2,732)	J	691,734	(69,276)		622,458
Non-current assets: Marketable securities held in	5,172	142,312		147,404		<u> </u>		071,754	(07,270)		022,430
Trust Account Property and equipment, net	32,782	_ _		32,782	76,523 —	(76,523)	F	32,782	_ _		32,782
Intangible assets											
Total non-current assets TOTAL ASSETS	32,782	142.212		32,782	76,523	(76,523)		32,782	((0.250)		32,782
LIABILITIES, TEMPORARY EQUITY AND STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT	37,954	142,312		180,266	77,078	467,172		724,516	(69,276)		655,240
Accounts payable	1,865	_		1,865	1	_		1,866	_		1,866
Accrued expenses Notes payable – current	2,772 4,277	(77) (4,086)	B B	2,695 191	124 —	(618) —	I	2,201 191	_ _		2,201 191
Due to related party Related party notes payable Accrued and other current liabilities	12,000	_ _		12,000	_ _	_ _		12,000	_ _		12,000
Total current liabilities Non-current liabilities:	20,914	(4,163)		16,751	125	(618)		16,258			16,258
Deferred research and development obligation	1,000	_		1,000	_	_		1,000	_		1,000
Notes Payable	1,022	(900)	В	122	_	234,696	J	234,818	_		234,818
Redeemable warrants	8,183	(8,183)	A	_	_	_		_	_		_
Convertible Promissory Notes Deferred underwriting fee payable		59,775	Е	59,775	2,677	(2,677)	Н	59,775			59,775
Total non-current liabilities	10,205	50,692		60,897	2,677	232,019		295,593			295,593
Total liabilities Commitment and Contingencies	31,119	46,529		77,648	2,802	231,401		311,851	_		311,851
Temporary equity: Common stock subject to possible											
redemption Stockholders' equity (deficit):	_	_		_	69,276	(69,276)	K	_	_		_
Class A Common stock	_	_		_	_	7 25 81	K G L	113	(7)	N	106
Class A Common Units	387	29,418 57,600	D C	87,405	_	(87,405)	L	_	_		_
Class B Preferred Units	1,898	8,183	A	10,081	_	(10,081)	L	_	_		_
Class B-1 Preferred Units	41,162		C	41,162	_	(41,162)	L	_	_		_
Class C Profits Units	6,590	717 582	C D	7,889	_	(7,889)	L		-		_
Additional paid-in capital	107			107	5,225	69,269 249,975 (11,250)	K G I	459,557	(69,269)	N	390,288
						(225) 146,456	M L				
Retained earnings (deficit)	(43,309)	(717)	C	(44,026)	(225)	225	M	(47,005)	_		(47,005)
Total stockholders' equity (deficit)	6,835	95,783		102,618	5,000	(2,979)	I	412,665	(69,276)		343,389
TOTAL LIABILITIES, TEMPORARY EQUITY AND STOCKHOLDERS'											
DEFICIT	37,954	142,312		180,266	77,078	467,172		724,516	(69,276)		655,240

UNAUDITED PRO FORMA CONDENSED COMBINED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020 (in thousands, except share and per share data)

	PCT	or the Nine Month	s Ended S	PCT As	ROCH	Transaction Accounting Adjustments (Assuming No		For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2020 Pro Forma Combined (Assuming No	Transaction Accounting Adjustments (Assuming Maximum	For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2020 Pro Forma Combined (Assuming Maximum
Revenue:	(Historical)	Adjustments		Adjusted	(Historical)	Redemption)		Redemption)	Redemption)	Redemption)
Revenue:	s —	\$ —		s —	s —	\$ —		\$ —	s —	\$ —
Operating costs and expenses:	s —	\$ —		s —	5 —	\$ —		s —	5 —	\$ —
Operating costs and expenses.	7,040	_		7,040	247	_		7,287	_	7,287
Selling, general and administrative	6,293	(1,775)	AA	4,518		(821)	CC	3,697	_	3,697
Research and development	528	(1,775)	AA	528		(021)	cc	528		528
Total operating costs and expenses	13,861	(1,775)		12,086	247	(821)		11,512	_	11,512
Gain on sale of assets	- 15,001	(1,775)		12,000	217	(021)	'	- 11,512	_	11,512
Loss from operations	(13,861)	1,775		(12,086)	(247)	821		(11,512)	_	(11,512)
Other income (expense):	(10,001)	2,7,72		(-=,)	(=)			(,)		(,)
Other income (expense)	100	_		100	_	_		100	_	100
Interest income (expense)	(1,827)	739	BB	(1,088)	24	(24)	DD	(1,088)	_	(1,088)
Unrealized loss on marketable securities held in Trust Account	_	_			(1)	1	DD	_	_	_
Total other income (expense)	(1,727)	739		(988)	23	(23)		(988)	_	(988)
Net income (loss) before income tax	(), . ,			()		(-)		()		(* * * *)
provision	(15,588)	2,514		(13,074)	(224)	798		(12,500)	_	(12,500)
Income tax provision										
Net income (loss)	(15,588)	2,514		(13,074)	(224)	798		(12,500)		(12,500)
	(), , , , ,	<i>y</i> -						Assuming Minimum Redemptions (Note 4)		Assuming Maximum Redemptions (Note 4)
Weighted Common shares outstanding	2,581,282				2,409,765			118,328,000		111,400,394
Basic and diluted net income (loss) per										
share	\$ (7.91)				\$ (0.09)			\$ (0.11)		\$ (0.11)
				4.	1					

UNAUDITED PRO FORMA COMBINED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS FOR YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019 (in thousands, except share and per share data)

								For the Year ended December 31, 2019		For the Year ended December 31, 2019
		For the Year	ended Dece	mber 31, 2019 PCT		Transaction Accounting Adjustments (Assuming		Pro Forma Combined (Assuming	Transaction Accounting Adjustments (Assuming	Pro Forma Combined (Assuming
	PCT	PCT		As	ROCH	No		No	Maximum	Maximum
	(Historical)	Adjustments		Adjusted	(Historical)	Redemptions)		Redemptions)	Redemption)	Redemption)
Revenue:					<u> </u>					
Revenue	\$ —	s —		\$ —	\$ —	\$ —		\$ —	\$ —	s —
Operating costs and expenses:										
Operating costs	5,966	_		5,966	2	_		5,968	_	5,968
Selling, general and administrative	11,478	(6,408)	AA	5,070	_	3,801	CC	8,871	_	8,871
Research and development	526	_		526	_	_		526	_	526
Total operating costs and expenses	17,970	(6,408)		11,562	2	3,801		15,365	_	15,365
Loss from operations	(17,970)	6,408		(11,562)	(2)	(3,801)		(15,365)		(15,365)
Other income (expense):										
Other income (expense)	(330)	_		(330)	_	_		(330)	_	(330)
Interest expense	(1,012)	57	BB	(955)	_	_		(955)	_	(955)
Other income - Interest income on										
Trust Account	_	_		_	_	_		_	_	_
Total other income (expense)	(1,342)	57		(1,285)				(1,285)		(1,285)
Net income (loss) before income tax										
provision	(19,312)	6,465		(12,847)	(2)	(3,801)		(16,650)	_	(16,650)
Income tax provision										
Net income (loss)	(19,312)	6,465		(12,847)	(2)	(3,801)		(16,650)		(16,650)
								Assuming Minimum Redemptions (Note 4)		Assuming Maximum Redemptions (Note 4)
Weighted Common shares outstanding	2,581,282				1,875,000			118,328,000		111,400,394
Basic and diluted net income (loss) per share	\$ (8.42)				\$ —			\$ (0.14)		\$ (0.15)
				4	5					

NOTES TO UNAUDITED PRO FORMA COMBINED FINANCIAL INFORMATION

1. Basis of Presentation

The Business Combination will be accounted for as a reverse recapitalization in accordance with GAAP. Under this method of accounting, ROCH will be treated as the "acquired" company for financial reporting purposes. Accordingly, the Business Combination will be treated as the equivalent of PCT issuing stock for the net assets of ROCH, accompanied by a recapitalization. The net assets of ROCH will be stated at historical cost, with no goodwill or other intangible assets recorded. Operations prior to the Business Combination will be those of PCT.

The unaudited pro forma condensed combined balance sheet as of September 30, 2020 assumes that the Business Combination occurred on September 30, 2020. The unaudited pro forma condensed combined statements of operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2020 and unaudited pro forma combined statements of operations for the year ended December 31, 2019 give pro forma effect to the Business Combination as if it had been completed on January 1, 2019. These periods are presented on the basis of PCT as the accounting acquirer.

The unaudited pro forma condensed combined balance sheet as of September 30, 2020 has been prepared using, and should be read in conjunction with, the following:

- ROCH's unaudited condensed balance sheet as of September 30, 2020 and the related notes for the period ended September 30, 2020, included elsewhere in this
 prospectus;
- PCT's unaudited condensed balance sheet as of September 30, 2020 and the related notes for the period ended September 30, 2020, included elsewhere in this
 prospectus.

The unaudited pro forma condensed combined statement of operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2020 has been prepared using, and should be read in conjunction with, the following:

- · ROCH's unaudited condensed statement of operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2020 and the related notes, included elsewhere in this prospectus; and
- · PCT's unaudited condensed statement of operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2020 and the related notes, included elsewhere in this prospectus.

The unaudited pro forma condensed combined statement of operations for the year ended December 31, 2019 has been prepared using, and should be read in conjunction with, the following:

- · ROCH's audited statement of operations for the twelve months ended December 31, 2019 and the related notes, included elsewhere in this prospectus; and
- PCT's audited statement of operations for the twelve months ended December 31, 2019 and the related notes, included elsewhere in this prospectus.

Management has made significant estimates and assumptions in its determination of the pro forma adjustments. As the unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial information has been prepared based on these preliminary estimates, the final amounts recorded may differ materially from the information presented.

The unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial information does not give effect to any anticipated synergies, operating efficiencies, tax savings, or cost savings that may be associated with the Business Combination.

The pro forma adjustments reflecting the consummation of the Business Combination are based on certain currently available information and certain assumptions and methodologies that ROCH believes are reasonable under the circumstances. The unaudited condensed combined pro forma adjustments, which are described in the accompanying notes, may be revised as additional information becomes available and is evaluated. Therefore, it is likely that the actual adjustments will differ from the pro forma adjustments and it is possible the difference may be material. ROCH believes that its assumptions and methodologies provide a reasonable basis for presenting all of the significant effects of the Business Combination based on information available to management at this time and that the pro forma adjustments give appropriate effect to those assumptions and are properly applied in the unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial information.

The unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial information is not necessarily indicative of what the actual results of operations and financial position would have been had the Business Combination taken place on the dates indicated, nor are they indicative of the future consolidated results of operations or financial position of the Combined Company. The unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial information should be read in conjunction with the historical financial statements and notes thereto of ROCH and PCT.

2. Accounting Policies

Upon consummation of the Business Combination, the Combined Company will perform a comprehensive review of the two entities' accounting policies. As a result of the review, management may identify differences between the accounting policies of the two entities which, when conformed, could have a material impact on the financial statements of the Combined Company. ROCH's historical Accounts payable and accrued expenses of \$0.1 million was reclassified as Accrued expense to conform to PCT's balance sheet presentation.

3. Adjustments to Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Combined Financial Information

The unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial information has been prepared to illustrate the effect of the Business Combination and has been prepared for informational purposes only.

The following unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial information has been prepared in accordance with Article 11 of Regulation S-X as amended by the final rule, Release No. 33-10786 "Amendments to Financial Disclosures about Acquired and Disposed Businesses." Release No. 33-10786 replaces the existing pro forma adjustment criteria with simplified requirements to depict the accounting for the transaction ("Transaction Accounting Adjustments") and present the reasonably estimable synergies and other transaction effects that have occurred or are reasonably expected to occur ("Management's Adjustments"). ParentCo has elected not to present Management's Adjustments and will only be presenting Transaction Accounting Adjustments in the following unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial information.

The pro forma condensed combined financial information does not include an income tax adjustment. Upon closing of the Business Combination, it is likely that the Combined Company will record a valuation allowance against the full value of U.S. and state deferred tax assets as the recoverability of the tax assets is uncertain. The pro forma combined provision for income taxes does not necessarily reflect the amounts that would have resulted had the Combined Company filed consolidated income tax returns during the periods presented.

The pro forma basic and diluted loss per share amounts presented in the unaudited pro forma condensed combined statements of operations are based upon the number of the Combined Company's shares outstanding, assuming the Business Combination occurred on January 1, 2019.

Adjustments to Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Combined Balance Sheet

The adjustments included in the unaudited pro forma condensed combined balance sheet as of September 30, 2020 are as follows:

- (A) Represents the exercise of 210,526 P&G warrants into Class B Preferred Units in contemplation of the Business Combination at an exercise price of \$1 per warrant. These Class B Preferred Units are a component of the PCT Units converted into shares of ParentCo Common Stock pursuant to the Merger Agreement.
- (B) Represents the repayment of promissory notes including accrued interest to arrive at the Assumed Indebtedness amount per the Merger Agreement.
- (C) Represents additional Class A Unit equity investments issued and vested Class C Units subsequent to September 30, 2020, offsetting by equity issuance costs paid to third parties. These additional units are a component of the PCT Units converted into shares of ParentCo Common Stock pursuant to the Merger Agreement. The cash raised is used for operating purposes and this is provided to present the capital structure at the close of the Business Combination.

- (D) Represents the \$30.0 million received in exchange for 346,284 Class A and 50,000 Class C Units issued as a closing condition for the Revenue Bonds. These Class A Units and Class C Units (which vest upon issuance) are a component of PCT Units expected to be converted into shares of ParentCo Common Stock pursuant to the Merger Agreement. The cash raised is expected to be used for operating purposes and this is provided to present the capital structure at the close of the Business Combination.
- (E) Represents the net issuance of \$59.8 million of Convertible Notes, which include gross proceeds received of \$60.0 million and \$0.2 million of debt issuance costs recorded against notes payable. The holders of the Convertible Notes have the option to convert the Convertible Notes into Class A Units prior to Closing. Following the consummation of the Business Combination, the holders of the Convertible Notes are entitled to convert the Convertible Notes into approximately 7.5 million shares of the Combined Company, subject to adjustment.
- (F) Reflects the reclassification of \$76.5 million of marketable securities held in the Trust Account at the balance sheet date that becomes available to fund the Business Combination.
- (G) Represents the net proceeds from the private placement of 25 million shares of common stock at \$10.00 per share pursuant to the PIPE Investment.
- (H) Reflects the settlement of \$2.7 million of deferred underwriters' fees. The fees are expected to be paid at the close of the Business Combination.
- (I) Represents preliminary estimated transaction costs of \$15.0 million, in addition to the \$2.7 million of deferred underwriting fees noted above, inclusive of advisory, banking, printing, legal and accounting fees that are expensed as a part of the Business Combination and equity issuance costs that are capitalized into additional paid-in capital. The unaudited pro forma condensed combined balance sheet reflects these costs as a reduction of cash of \$14.8 million as \$0.2 million has been paid as of September 30, 2020. \$0.6 million was accrued as of September 30, 2020. Equity issuance costs of \$11.2 million are offset to additional paid-in capital and the remaining balance is expensed through accumulated deficit. The costs expensed through accumulated deficit are included in the unaudited pro forma condensed combined statement of operations for the year ended December 31, 2019 as discussed below.
- (J) Represents the net issuance of \$237.4 million of Revenue Bonds, which include gross proceeds to PCT of \$244.1 million and the payment \$6.7 million of underwriter's fee and other bond issuance costs. Upon the closing of the Revenue Bonds, the \$2.7 million capitalized bond issuance costs from PCT's historical balance sheet are reclassed from prepaid expense and other current assets to notes payable. The Revenue Bonds proceeds are kept in the Trust Account and are expected to be released to PCT after certain conditions are met on January 31, 2021. The cash raised will be used for construction of the Phase II Facility.
- (K) Reflects the reclassification of approximately \$69.3 million of common stock subject to possible redemption to permanent equity.
- (L) Represents recapitalization of PCT's Units and the issuance of 83.5 million shares of ParentCo Common Stock to PCT Unitholders as consideration for the reverse recapitalization, less shares reserved for 143,619 PCT outstanding warrants that will be canceled pursuant to the issuance of conditional replacement warrants by ParentCo, an outstanding option for issuance and purchase of 14,337 Class A Units that will be amended to allow for future issuance and purchase of shares of ParentCo Common Stock and 144,366 PCT outstanding unvested Class C Units that will become ParentCo's restricted shares, subject to the same vesting schedule and forfeiture restrictions as the unvested PCT Class C Units.
- (M) Reflects the reclassification of ROCH's historical accumulated deficit.
- (N) Reflects the maximum redemption of 6.9 million ROCH Public Shares for aggregate redemption payments of \$69.3 million allocated to Common Stock and additional paid-in capital using par value \$0.001 per share and a redemption price of \$10.00 per share. This adjustment is recorded after consideration of the \$250.0 million minimum cash requirement and \$5.0 million minimum net tangible assets requirement for ROCH.

Adjustments to Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Combined Statements of Operations

The pro forma adjustments included in the unaudited pro forma condensed combined statements of operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2020 and year ended December 31, 2019 are as follows:

- (AA) Reflects elimination of historical P&G warrants expense that have been exercised and converted into Class B Preferred Units and will no longer be treated as liability-based instruments after the Business Combination.
- (BB) Reflects elimination of historical interest expense on the promissory notes repaid subsequent to the end of the period to arrive at Assumed Indebtedness for the Business Combination.
- (CC) Reflects the total estimated transaction costs in the unaudited pro forma condensed combined statement of operations for the year ended December 31, 2019.

 Transaction costs that were expensed in the historical PCT statement of operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2020 were excluded from the unaudited pro forma condensed combined statement of operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2020. Transaction costs are reflected as if incurred on January 1, 2019, the date the Business Combination occurred for the purposes of the unaudited pro forma condensed combined statement of operations. This is a non-recurring item
- (DD) Reflects elimination of investment income and unrealized loss on the Trust Account.

The pro forma adjustments don't include interest expense on the issuance of the Revenue Bonds and the issuance of Convertible Notes as both are intended for the construction of the Phase II Facility and are expected to be capitalized as property, plant and equipment which is not presented in the unaudited pro forma condensed combined statements of operations. The estimated interest expense on the Revenue Bonds is \$13.6 million and \$18.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2020 and year ended December 31, 2019. The estimated interest expense on the issuance of Convertible Notes is \$2.6 million and \$3.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2020 and year ended December 31, 2019.

4. Loss per Share

Represents the net loss per share calculated using the historical weighted average shares outstanding, and the issuance of additional shares in connection with the Business Combination, assuming the shares were outstanding since January 1, 2019. As the Business Combination and related equity transactions are being reflected as if they had occurred at the beginning of the periods presented, the calculation of weighted average shares outstanding for basic and diluted net income (loss) per share assumes that the shares issuable relating to the Business Combination have been outstanding for the entirety of all periods presented. If the maximum number of shares are redeemed, this calculation is retroactively adjusted to eliminate such shares for the entire period.

The unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial information has been prepared assuming two alternative levels of redemption into cash of Common Stock for the nine months ended September 30, 2020 and for the year ended December 31, 2019:

	For	the Nine Months En	ded S	September 30, 2020	Fo	r the Year ended	December 31, 2019			
	Assuming No			Assumig Maximum		Assumig No		Assuming Maximum		
(in thousands, except per share data)	Redemption			Redemption	Redemption			Redemption		
Pro forma net loss	\$	(12,500)	\$	(12,500)	\$	(16,650)	\$	(16,650)		
Weighted average shares outstanding of common stock		118,328,000		111,400,394		118,328,000		111,400,394		
Net loss per share (Basic and Diluted) attributable to common										
stockholders ⁽¹⁾	\$	(0.11)	\$	(0.11)	\$	(0.14)	\$	(0.15)		

⁽¹⁾ As PCT had a net loss on a pro forma combined basis, the outstanding warrants and unvested Class C Units had no impact to diluted net loss per share as they are considered anti-dilutive.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion and analysis provides information which PCT's management believes is relevant to an assessment and understanding of PCT's consolidated results of operations and financial condition. The discussion should be read together with "Selected Historical Financial Information of PCT" and the audited annual and unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements, together with related notes thereto, included elsewhere in this prospectus. The discussion and analysis should also be read together with our unaudited pro forma consolidated financial information as of December 31, 2019 and for the year ended December 31, 2019, and as of September 30, 2020 and for the nine months ended September 30, 2020 (in the section of this prospectus entitled "Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Combined Financial Information"). This discussion may contain forward-looking statements based upon current expectations that involve risks, uncertainties, and assumptions. Our actual results may differ materially from those anticipated in these forward-looking statements as a result of various factors, including those set forth under "Risk Factors" or in other parts of this prospectus. Unless the context otherwise requires, references in this "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" to "we", "us", "our", and "the Company" are intended to mean the business and operations of PCT and its consolidated subsidiaries.

Overview

PCT is commercializing a patented purification recycling technology (the "Technology"), originally developed by The Procter & Gamble Company ("P&G"), for restoring waste polypropylene into resin with near-virgin characteristics. We call this resin ultra-pure recycled polypropylene ("UPRP"), which has nearly identical properties and applicability for reuse as virgin polypropylene. PCT has a global license for the technology from P&G. We intend to build our first commercial-scale plant in Ironton, Ohio, which is expected to have nameplate capacity of approximately 107 million pounds/year when fully operational. Production is expected to commence in late 2022 and the plant is expected to be fully operational in 2023. We have secured and contracted all of the feedstock and offtake for this initial plant. Our goal is to create an important new segment of the global polypropylene market that will assist multinational entities in meeting their sustainability goals, provide consumers with polypropylene-based products that are sustainable, and reduce overall polypropylene waste in the world's landfills and oceans.

PCT intends to build new recycling production facilities globally, with the goal of having 30 commercial lines operational by 2030 and 50 by 2035. In addition to our first plant in Ironton, OH, we expect the next plant to be located in Europe and to commence production in 2023 with a nameplate capacity of approximately 107 million pounds when fully operational. Additional expansion in the United States is expected to include a scaled up commercial line capable of producing over 165 million pounds of UPRP. Preengineering for the design and installation of five commercial lines in a single "cluster" site is currently underway and is expected to result in a combined capacity of over 825 million pounds annually. From these first seven plants PCT expects to bring over 1 billion pounds of annual recycled polypropylene production to the market in the next five years, which is less than 1% of the total annual projected demand for virgin and virgin parity resin.

PCT is regarded as a leader in innovation in polymers, sustainability, and recycling by numerous non-government organizations ("NGOs"), trade associations, and a major media publication. Recognition of PCT's achievements include the American Chemistry Council's Innovation in Plastics Recycling award (2017), Time Magazine's "Best Innovations of 2019", and the 2020 Re|focus Solar Institute Award for Leadership in Innovation awarded by the Plastics Association.

The Business Combination

On November 16, 2020, ROCH, ParentCo, Merger Sub LLC, Merger Sub Corp and PCT entered into the Merger Agreement pursuant to which the Business Combination will be consummated. The consideration payable to PCT Unitholders in connection with the Business Combination consists of a combination of shares of ParentCo and the assumption of all PCT indebtedness. The Business Combination estimates a \$835.0 million pre-money valuation, and includes \$250.0 million of proceeds from the PIPE Investment. PCT will be deemed the accounting predecessor and the combined entity will be the successor registrant with the SEC, meaning that PCT's consolidated financial statements for previous periods will be disclosed in ParentCo's future periodic reports filed with the SEC.

While the legal acquirer in the Business Combination Agreement is ParentCo, for financial accounting and reporting purposes under GAAP, PCT will be the accounting acquirer and the Business Combination will be accounted for as a "reverse recapitalization." A reverse recapitalization does not result in a new basis of accounting, and the consolidated financial statements of the combined entity represent the continuation of the consolidated financial statements of PCT in many respects. Under this method of accounting, ROCH will be treated as the "acquired" company for financial reporting purposes. For accounting purposes, PCT will be deemed to be the accounting acquirer in the transaction and, consequently, the transaction will be treated as a recapitalization of PCT. Accordingly, the consolidated assets, liabilities and results of operations of PCT will become the historical consolidated financial statements of the ParentCo, and ROCH's assets, liabilities and results of operations will be consolidated with PCT beginning on the acquisition date. Operations prior to the Business Combination will be presented as those of the ParentCo in future reports. The net assets of ROCH will be recognized at historical cost (which is expected to be consistent with carrying value), with no goodwill or other intangible assets recorded upon execution of the Business Combination.

Upon consummation of the Business Combination and the closing of the PIPE, the most significant change in PCT's future reported financial position and results of operations is expected to be an estimated increase in cash and cash equivalents (as compared to PCT's condensed consolidated balance sheet at September 30, 2020) to approximately \$292.8 million, assuming maximum stockholder redemptions, or \$362.1 million, assuming no redemptions, and, in each case, including \$250.0 million in gross proceeds from the PIPE Investment, \$60.0 million pre-PIPE capital from an investor, net proceeds from the Revenue Bonds of \$237.4 million and net proceeds from the Convertible Notes of \$59.8 million. Total direct and incremental transaction costs of ROCH and PCT are estimated at approximately \$15.0 million, which will be treated as a reduction of the cash proceeds with \$11.2 million deducted from Surviving Company additional paid-in capital for equity issuance costs and the remaining balance is expensed through accumulated deficits. See the section entitled "Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Combined Financial Information."

As a result of the Business Combination, we will become the successor to an SEC-registered and NASDAQ-listed company, which will require us to hire additional personnel and implement procedures and processes to address public company regulatory requirements and customary practices. We expect to incur additional annual expenses as a public company for, among other things, directors' and officers' liability insurance, director fees and additional internal and external accounting and legal and administrative resources, including increased personnel costs, audit and legal fees.

Factors Affecting Our Financial Condition and Results of Operations

We are a pre-commercial company and our future financial condition and operating performance will depend on our ability to successfully begin, sustain and expand the manufacturing and sale of UPRP, as discussed below, which in turn is subject to significant risks and challenges, including those described in the section of this prospectus titled "Risk Factors."

Cutting-Edge Licensed Polypropylene Recycling Technology

We apply a unique resin purification process to produce near-virgin quality polypropylene resin using waste polypropylene feedstock. The physical purification process separates colors, contaminants and odors from waste polypropylene to achieve a "food grade" product while also expanding the range of feedstock quality in comparison to traditional polypropylene recycling. We believe that the Technology is the only proven and economically viable method of recycling polypropylene to virgin quality and that no other technologies can effectively address polypropylene recycling at scale. Upon commencement of production at the Phase II Facility, we expect to become the first global producer of UPRP.

If demand for UPRP continues to increase, as we expect, other companies, some of which may be better capitalized and have access to stronger research and development capabilities, may seek to develop new or improved polypropylene recycling technologies. New technologies may lead to the production of cheaper or higher quality UPRP, which in turn could adversely affect our prospects.

Relationship with P&G

P&G, which designed and owns the patents to the Technology for manufacturing UPRP, granted us an exclusive, worldwide license to their patents and other intellectual property for the manufacture of recycled polypropylene (the "License Agreement"). The License Agreement was granted for the duration of the relevant patents and we, in turn, granted back a limited sublicense to P&G for the same period, including to any intellectual property Improvements (as defined in the License Agreement) made by us, allowing P&G to produce or sublicense the production of up to a certain amount of UPRP worldwide per year for a set period of time and up to a certain higher threshold of UPRP per region (the License Agreement defines six separate geographic regions) per year thereafter. The exclusivity period has a life span of 20 years from the date a patent is granted. Under the License Agreement, nine patents were granted in 2017, with four additional patents pending which will reset the exclusivity timeline.

P&G has the right to purchase UPRP, at "most favored nation" pricing, from the Phase II Facility in its first year of operations at a guaranteed minimum amount and a guaranteed minimum amount each year thereafter. Following the opening of our second plant, P&G will have the right to annually purchase a certain amount or maximum percentage of our total manufacturing capacity each year, whichever is greater. The License Agreement provides for royalties to P&G on production sold to third parties, with the royalty rate upon commencement of production driven by the number of plants, product pricing and time. Pursuant to the License Agreement, we prepaid a portion of this royalty amount in April 2019. The License Agreement may be subject to stepped up royalty rates, become non-exclusive or become subject to termination by P&G in certain circumstances, including if we fail to meet mutually agreeable resin technical specifications within six months of the start of operations at the Phase II Facility, are unable or unwilling to provide P&G with the aforementioned UPRP offtake quantity on terms specified in the License Agreement, if we fail to pay required royalties or upon a change of control (excluding the Business Combination). See the section entitled "Description of PCT Business — Intellectual Property."

If P&G exercises its right to produce or sublicense the production of UPRP using its technology, we may come into competition with P&G or its sublicensees, which will have access to the same technology and may not be subject to royalties or may enjoy preferential royalty terms. Competition may drive down pricing and, to the extent such future competitors are able to produce UPRP more efficiently than we are, our margins and profits could be adversely affected. In addition, any breach by us of certain terms of the License Agreement may entitle P&G to terminate the License Agreement or make it non-exclusive, which would have a material and adverse impact on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Completion of the Phase II Facility and Expansion of Our Manufacturing Footprint

Construction of our first manufacturing plant began in October 2020. The plant, which we refer to as the "Phase II Facility" or "Plant 1," is on the 26-acre site of a former Dow Chemical plant near the Ohio River and close to rail, highway and barge transportation. We expect the Phase II Facility to be commercially operational by the end of 2022, with an annual production capacity of 107 million pounds.

Our initial testing production line — the Feedstock Evaluation Unit ("FEU" or "Phase I Facility") — was developed to test and optimize the efficiency and throughput of our recycling process, was completed in July 2019 and will remain a critical component for testing feedstock for polypropylene content. The next phase is to construct, renovate, equip and install an approximately 150,000 square foot facility housing commercial-scale equipment including the repurposing of three existing buildings for feedstock preprocessing and storage. We estimate the total remaining cost to complete the Phase II Facility at approximately \$345 million.

The timely completion of our construction of the Phase II Facility depends on several factors, some of which are outside of our control. We have contracted the construction to several third parties. One contractor will repurpose existing buildings, another will construct the core purification process equipment, and several others will supply certain preprocessing equipment. In addition, PCT is required to obtain or modify certain additional construction permits for the timely completion of the Phase II Facility.

While our contractors are subject to performance guarantees that equipment will be free from defects for 12 months and PCT's key contractors are subject to delay damage liability in the event that the Phase II Facility is not delivered by the fourth quarter of 2022, there is no assurance that the Phase II Facility will be completed at our anticipated cost, that it will become operational on our anticipated timeline, or that any indemnity for delay will be sufficient to compensate us for the consequences of the defect or delay, such as the termination of or loss of exclusivity under the License Agreement. In the event that the Phase II Facility is completed above anticipated cost then PCT is responsible for construction cost overruns.

Strong Demand for High Quality Recycled Polypropylene

According to the 2017 United States National Postconsumer Plastic Bottle Recycling Report published by The Association of Plastic Recyclers and the American Chemistry Council, global demand for virgin or near virgin polypropylene is expected to exceed 200 billion pounds by 2024, of which approximately 27% is expected to come from the United States. However, less than 1% of U.S. polypropylene was recycled as of 2019 according to the American Chemistry Council.

Waste polypropylene ends up in landfills and the environment, creating a long-term problem. Regulators and consumers have increasingly focused on the need for polypropylene recycling solutions. Multiple large corporations have specifically committed to reducing their plastics footprint, resulting in premium pricing for recycled polypropylene relative to its virgin counterpart. PCT has entered into legally binding offtake agreements with three blue-chip customers for the purchase of UPRP from the production expected at the Phase II Facility at premium prices relative to virgin polypropylene. These commitments account for a minimum of 47.5 million pounds of the Phase II Facility's annual production capacity. Combined with the three additional secured offtake agreements, a minimum of 63 million pounds of total capacity is committed at PCT's sole option, up to a quantity of 138 million pounds per year at PCT's sole option. The terms of these offtake agreements range from 3 to 7 years and we have entered into several offtake letters of intent with other potential customers. We have also secured the feedstock required to run the Phase II Facility at its 107 million pounds nameplate capacity for at least the first 3 years.

Basis of Presentation

Our consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP"). Currently, we conduct business through one operating segment. The consolidated financial statements have been prepared assuming that we will continue as a going concern. See Note 1 in the accompanying consolidated financial statements for further details.

Components of Results of Operations

Revenue

To date, we have not generated any operating revenue. We expect to begin to generate revenue by the end of 2022, which is when we expect the Phase II Facility to become commercially operational.

Operating Costs

Operating expenses to date have consisted mainly of personnel costs (including wages, salaries and benefits) and other costs directly related to operations at the Phase I Facility, including rent, depreciation, repairs and maintenance, utilities and supplies. Costs attributable to the design and development of the Phase II Facility are capitalized and will be depreciated over the useful life of the Phase II Facility, which we expect to be approximately 40 years. We expect our operating costs to increase substantially as we continue to scale operations and increase headcount.

Research and Development Expense

Research and development expenses consist primarily of costs related to the development of our facilities and licensed product. These include mainly personnel costs and third-party consulting costs. In 2019 and 2020, our research and development expenses were related primarily to the development of the Phase I Facility and design and development of our UPRP Process. We expect our research and development expenses to increase for the foreseeable future as we increase investment in feedstock evaluation, including investment in new frontend feedstock mechanical separators to improve feedstock purity and increase the range of feedstocks PCT can process economically. In addition, we are increasing our in house feedstock analytical capabilities, which will include additional supporting equipment and personnel.

Selling, General and Administrative Expense

Selling, general and administrative expenses consist primarily of personnel-related expenses for our corporate, executive, finance and other administrative functions and professional services, including legal, audit and accounting services. We expect our selling, general, and administrative expenses to increase for the foreseeable future as we scale headcount with the growth of our business, and as a result of operating as a public company, including compliance with the rules and regulations of the SEC, legal, audit, additional insurance expenses, investor relations activities, and other administrative and professional services.

Results of Operations

Comparison of nine-month periods ended September 30, 2020 and 2019

The following table summarizes our operating results for the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2020 and 2019:

]	Nine months end	ed Se	eptember 30,	
						\$	%
(in thousands, except %)		2020	2019		Change		Change
Costs and expenses							
Operating costs	\$	7,040	\$	4,901	\$	2,139	44%
Research and development		528		509		19	4%
Selling, general and administrative		6,293		10,082		(3,789)	(38)%
Total operating costs and expenses		13,861		15,492		(1,631)	(11)%
Interest expense		1,827		400		1,427	357%
Other (income) expense		(100)		330		(430)	(130)%
Net loss	\$	15,588	\$	16,222	\$	(634)	(4)%

Operating Costs

Operating costs for the nine months ended September 30, 2020 amounted to \$7.0 million, compared to \$4.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2019, an increase of \$2.1 million, or 44%. The increase was primarily attributable to higher depreciation expense of \$1.0 million following the Phase I Facility's placement into service in July 2019, an increase in repairs and maintenance costs of \$0.8 million and higher personnel costs of \$1.2 million related to wages and salaries and operating outside services, reflecting the hiring of operational staff at the Phase I Facility and filling of key positions in general sales, operations, and human resources. The increase in wages and salaries was offset by the decrease in equity-based compensation expense of \$0.7 million.

Research and Development Expenses

Research and development expenses for nine months ended September 30, 2020 amounted to \$0.5 million compared to \$0.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2019, representing an increase of \$0.019 million or 4%. The research and development expenses remained consistent for each period.

Selling, General and Administrative Expenses

Selling, general and administrative expenses for nine months ended September 30, 2020 amounted to \$6.3 million compared to \$10.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2019, representing a decrease of \$3.8 million or 38%. The decrease was primarily attributable to the decrease in P&G warrants expense of \$4.6 million, partially offset by higher professional services expense of \$0.9 million, higher legal fees of \$0.2 million in addition to higher personnel costs as a result of filling key positions in general sales, operations, and human resources.

Interest Expense

Interest expense for the nine months ended September 30, 2020 amounted to \$1.8 million compared to \$0.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2019, representing an increase of \$1.4 million. This represents interest expense on current and non-current notes payable. The increase was primarily attributable to the completion of the Phase I Facility, as the interest on the loans related to the Phase I Facility assets was no longer capitalized after June 2019, and the issuance of additional promissory notes in December 2019.

Other Income/Expense

Other income for the nine months ended September 30, 2020 amounted to \$0.1 million compared to other expense of \$0.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2019.

Comparison of years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018

The following table summarizes our operating results for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018:

			Year ended l	Decen	nber 31,	
					\$	%
(in thousands, except %)	2019		2018		Change	Change
Costs and expenses						
Operating costs	\$	5,966	\$ 1,222	\$	4,744	388%
Research and development		526	786		(260)	(33)%
Selling, general and administrative	1	1,478	2,097		9,381	447%
Total operating costs and expenses	1	7,970	4,105		13,865	338%
Interest expense		1,012	_		1,012	100%
Other expense		330	_		330	100%
Net loss	\$ 1	9,312	\$ 4,105	\$	15,207	370%

Operating Costs

Cost of operations for the year ended December 31, 2019 amounted to \$6.0 million compared to \$1.2 million for the year ended on December 31, 2018, representing an increase of \$4.8 million or 388%. The increase was primarily attributable to the increase in employee headcount. As a result of the increase in workforce and increase in Phase II Facility footprint, the associated costs with operations increased. We expect operating costs will continue to increase as PCT continues to expand.

Research and Development Expenses

Research and development expenses for year ended December 31, 2019 amounted to \$0.5 million compared to \$0.8 million for the year ended December 31, 2018, representing a decrease of \$0.3 million or 33%. The decrease was primarily attributable to fewer research and development expenses related to the Phase I Facility. We expect research and development expenses to increase in future periods as stated above.

Selling, General and Administrative Expenses

Selling, general and administrative expenses for year ended December 31, 2019 amounted to \$11.5 million compared to \$2.1 million for the year ended December 31, 2018, representing an increase of \$9.4 million or 447%. The increase was primarily attributable to an increase in P&G warrant expense of \$6.4 million, an increase in selling, general and administrative equity-based compensation of \$1.9 million, and an increase in professional services expense of \$0.5 million which contributed to the increase in selling, general and administrative expenses.

Interest Expense

Interest expense for the year ended December 31, 2019 amounted to \$1.0 million compared to \$0 for the year ended December 31, 2018, representing an increase of \$1.0 million or 100%. This represents interest expense on current and non-current notes payable. The increase was primarily attributable to the Phase I Facility, which was determined to be ready for its intended use on June 30, 2019. This resulted in higher interest expense as the interest was no longer capitalized on the loans related to the Phase I Facility assets after June 30, 2019.

Other Expense

Other expense for the year ended December 31, 2019 amounted to \$0.3 million compared to \$0 for the year ended December 31, 2018, representing an increase of \$0.3 million or 100%. The increase was attributable to a disposal of certain equipment.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

We have not yet begun commercial operations and we do not have any sources of revenue. Our ongoing operations have, to date, been funded by a combination of equity and debt financing. As of September 30, 2020, we had cash and cash equivalents on hand of \$0.1 million. On a pro forma basis, assuming the consummation of the Business Combination as of September 30, 2020, assuming receipt of \$250.0 million in gross proceeds from the PIPE Investment, proceeds of \$60.0 million related to pre-PIPE capital from an investor, gross proceeds from the Revenue Bonds of \$249.6 million, gross proceeds from the Class A shares raised as a closing condition for the Revenue Bonds of \$30.0 million, and Class C Units which vested subsequent to September 30, 2020 which are included as a component of the Company LLC Interests converted into PCT Merger Consideration of \$4.7 million, and gross proceeds from the Convertible Notes offering of \$60.0 million, less total direct and incremental transaction costs of ROCH and PCT estimated at approximately \$12.6 million, we would have cash and cash equivalents of between approximately \$362.1 million and \$292.8 million, depending on the level of redemptions by ROCH shareholders. We also had \$17.3 million in debt as of September 30, 2020. On a pro forma basis, assuming the consummation of the conditions subsequent to the Revenue Bonds financing and Convertible Notes offering described below, we would have had approximately \$321.9 million in debt.

Our consolidated financial statements have been prepared assuming that we will continue as a going concern; however, certain conditions raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to do so. See Note 1 in the accompanying consolidated financial statements for further details. We believe that our existing cash and cash equivalents, the proceeds of the recently consummated Revenue Bonds financing and Convertible Notes offering and the proceeds of the Business Combination and related PIPE Investment, taken together, will be sufficient to meet our projected cash requirements for at least the next 12 months from the date of this prospectus and through the completion of our Phase II Facility and commencement of commercial production. Our future capital requirements will depend on many factors, including actual construction costs for our Phase II Facility, the construction of additional plants, funding needs to support our business growth and to respond to business opportunities, challenges or unforeseen circumstances. If our forecasts prove inaccurate, we may be required to seek additional equity or debt financing from outside sources, which we may not be able to raise on terms acceptable to us, or at all. If we are unable to raise additional capital when desired, our business, financial condition and results of operations would be adversely affected.

Indebtedness

Revenue Bonds

In October 2020, we entered into a project financing arrangement, whereby the Southern Ohio Port Authority (the "Authority"), an Ohio port authority and political subdivision in Scioto County, Ohio, issued Exempt Facility Revenue Bonds, including tax-exempt senior secured bonds in the aggregate principal amount of \$219.55 million ("the Series 2020A Bonds"), tax-exempt subordinate secured bonds in the aggregate principal amount of \$20.0 million ("the Series 2020B Bonds") or "the Tax-Exempt Subordinate Bonds") and taxable subordinate secured bonds in the aggregate principal amount of \$10.0 million ("the Series 2020C Bonds" or "the Taxable Subordinate Bonds" and together with the Series 2020A and Series 2020B Bonds, the "Revenue Bonds"). The Series 2020A Bonds comprised three terms and were issued with a total original discount of \$5.5 million, resulting in net proceeds of \$214.1 million, while the Series 2020B, issued in two terms, and 2020C bonds, issued in a single term, were issued at par. Issuance costs related to the Revenue Bonds, which will be recognized on a deferred basis over the life of the debt, amounted to \$1.36 million.

Pursuant to a loan agreement with the Authority dated as of October 1, 2020 (the "Loan Agreement"), the Authority agreed to loan our indirect, wholly-owned subsidiary Purecycle: Ohio LLC ("Purecycle Ohio"), as borrower, the proceeds of the Revenue Bonds. The Revenue Bonds are special obligations of the Authority issued under an Indenture of Trust dated as of October 1, 2020 (the "Indenture") between the Authority and UMB Bank, N.A., as trustee (the "Revenue Bonds Trustee") payable solely from the Trust Estate consisting of the Authority's right, title and interest in and to Purecycle Ohio's Gross Revenues (as defined therein) and moneys in certain funds and accounts established by the Indenture or the Loan Agreement and held by the Trustee. The Revenue Bonds are further secured by a mortgage, an equity pledge, a security agreement, a collateral assignment to the Trustee of Purecycle Ohio's sublicense to the Technology and the Guaranty of Completion described herein. We have entered into a Guaranty of Completion dated as of October 7, 2020 and further described herein, in favor of the Trustee whereby we guarantee the lien free completion of the Phase II Facility and, together with Purecycle Ohio, an Environmental Indemnity Agreement dated October 7, 2020, in favor of the Trustee providing certain indemnities for losses related to environmental matters on the site of Plant 1.

Interest on the Revenue Bonds is payable semi-annually on June 1 and December 1 of each year, until maturity. The Loan Agreement requires Purecycle Ohio to make periodic principal prepayments, reflecting the Authority's obligation to mandatorily redeem a portion of the Revenue Bonds from time to time ("the sinking fund redemption amounts"), beginning in 2024, according to a sinking fund schedule.

The following table sets forth the original stated principal amounts, interest rates, final maturity dates and mandatory principal repayments according to the sinking fund schedule applicable to Purecycle Ohio's obligations under the Loan Agreement, in relation to each relevant term of the Revenue Bonds:

(\$ in millions) Series 2020A	Pri	Original Principal Interest Amount Rate		Final Maturity Date	Mandatory Principal Repayment
Term 1	\$	12.37	6.25%	December 1, 2025	Semi-annual payment of \$2.9 million beginning on June 1, 2024 and incrementally higher semi-annual payments thereafter
Term 2		38.76	6.50%	December 1, 2030	Semi-annual payment of \$3.3 million beginning on June 1, 2031 and incrementally higher semi-annual payments thereafter
Term 3		168.48	7.00%	December 1, 2042	Semi-annual payment of \$4.6 million beginning on June 1, 2031 and incrementally higher semi-annual payments thereafter
Series 2020B					
Term 1		10.0	10.0%	December 1, 2025	Semi-annual payment of \$0.2 million beginning on June 1, 2024 and incrementally higher semi-annual payments thereafter ⁽¹⁾
Term 2					Semi-annual payment of \$0.2 million beginning on June 1, 2024 and incrementally higher semi-annual payments thereafter(2)
		10.0	10.0%	December 1, 2027	
Series 2020C					Semi-annual payment of \$0.1 million beginning on June 1, 2024 and
		10.0	13.0%	December 1, 2027	incrementally higher semi-annual payments thereafter ⁽³⁾
Total	\$	249.6			

⁽¹⁾ Principal due at December 1, 2025 maturity of \$9.5 million.

⁽²⁾ Principal due at December 1, 2027 maturity of \$8.6 million.

⁽³⁾ Principal due at December 1, 2027 maturity of \$8.8 million.

The Loan Agreement requires Purecycle Ohio to use the proceeds of the Revenue Bonds exclusively to construct and equip the Phase II Facility, fund a debt service reserve fund for the Series 2020A Bonds, finance capitalized interest, and pay the costs of issuing the Revenue Bonds. Construction of the Phase II Facility has commenced and is expected to be substantially completed by October 2022, and is expected to have an estimated useful life beyond the final maturity of the Revenue Bonds. Pursuant to the Indenture, the proceeds of the Revenue Bonds will be placed in various trust funds and non-interest-bearing accounts established and administered by the Revenue Bonds Trustee. In addition, 100% of Purecycle Ohio's revenue attributable to the production of the Phase II Facility must be deposited into a revenue escrow fund. Funds in the trust accounts and revenue escrow account will be disbursed by the Revenue Bonds Trustee when certain conditions are met, and will be used to pay costs and expenditures related to the development of the Phase II Facility, make required interest and principal payments (including sinking fund redemption amounts) and, in certain circumstances required under the Indenture, to redeem the Revenue Bonds.

The Revenue Bonds are secured by Purecycle Ohio pursuant to an Open-End Mortgage, Assignment of Leases and Rents, Security Agreement and Fixture Filing and a Security Agreement pursuant to which, among other things, Purecycle Ohio has granted a security interest in all of Purecycle Ohio's assets and gross revenues. The Revenue Bonds are further secured by Purecycle Ohio's sublicense rights to certain intellectual property, all right, title and interest to moneys in certain funds and accounts established pursuant to the Indenture and the Loan Agreement, and all equity interests in Purecycle Ohio, held by Purecycle Ohio's sole member, PCTO Holdco.

We made a \$60.0 million equity contribution to Purecycle Ohio in October of 2020 in connection with the Revenue Bond closing. We are also required to make an additional \$40.0 million equity contribution to Purecycle Ohio by January 31, 2021. The proceeds of these equity contributions must be used for the construction of the Phase II Facility.

In addition, as of the Revenue Bond closing, we entered into a Guaranty of Completion (the "Guaranty") with respect to the Phase II Facility, whereby we guaranteed the lien free completion of the Phase II Facility and established a liquidity reserve (the "Guarantor Liquidity Account") held by U.S. Bank, as Escrow Agent, under an Escrow Agreement dated October 7, 2020. The Guarantor Liquidity Account is to be fully funded by us in the amount of \$50.0 million (the "Guarantor Liquidity Reserve Amount"), no later than January 31, 2021; provided, that the Guaranty provides for an alternate funding schedule for the Guarantor Liquidity Account in the event we do not raise \$250.0 million of equity by January 31, 2021. Pursuant to the Escrow Agreement, only the Revenue Bonds Trustee, as secured party, can give direction to the Escrow Agent concerning the release or investment of the Guarantor Liquidity Account and sale and liquidation of its investments. We have no right to exercise any control over the Guarantor Liquidity Account and we are required under the Guaranty to replenish the Guarantor Liquidity Account to the Guarantor Liquidity Reserve Amount throughout the term of the Guaranty if funds are withdrawn by the Revenue Bonds Trustee. The Guaranty requires that funds be transferred from the Guarantor Liquidity Account to the Equity Account of the Project Fund (one of the funds created upon the issuance of the Revenue Bond proceeds under the Indenture that is held and maintained by the Revenue Bonds Trustee, which contains certain subaccounts, including the Equity Account, from which funds can be disbursed by the Revenue Bonds Trustee to pay project expenses if certain conditions are met, as further described in the Loan Agreement) held by the Revenue Bonds Trustee under the Indenture if the contingency funds on deposit in the Equity Account are reduced to an amount below \$21.2 million in order to maintain the contingency fund at that level. The Guaranty, and the distribution test set forth in the Loan Agreement i

In addition, the Guaranty requires us to raise at least \$250.0 million in equity no later than January 31, 2021. To the extent we fail to do so, we must deposit into the Guarantor Liquidity Account an amount equal to the difference between \$250.0 million and the amount of equity actually raised less the Guarantor Liquidity Reserve Amount, in twelve equal monthly installments, commencing on February 28, 2021, until a total of \$200.0 million has been deposited. We must give written evidence of such deposits to the Trustee by the last day of each month, commencing February 28, 2021. The Guaranty provides that (i) we may not use any of the initial \$250 million of equity raised for any future project of ours or any of our affiliates at a level greater than 30% of the total project cost prior to the date the Guaranty terminates, and (ii) unless we have provided written evidence to the Trustee that we have \$100 million (including the Guarantor Liquidity Reserve Amount) of equity to support our obligations under the Guaranty, we cannot contribute equity to any additional project in an amount greater than 30% of total project costs for such additional project.

We must also have at least \$75.0 million and \$100.0 million of cash (including the Guarantor Liquidity Account) on our balance sheet by July 31, 2021 and January 31, 2022, respectively, or provide for the issuance of an irrevocable direct-pay letter of credit for the benefit of the Trustee for these amounts.

The Loan Agreement contains certain customary financial and other covenants of Purecycle Ohio, including a prohibition on distributions to its members prior to January 1, 2024, and thereafter only if certain conditions are met, and two financial maintenance covenants. These include a debt service coverage ratio covenant and days cash on hand covenant, which are measured at the end of each fiscal year, commencing with the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023. The following table summarizes the requirements of the debt service coverage ratio and days cash on hand covenants.

Debt service ratio	Definition per Indenture	Must retain independent consultant ⁽¹⁾	Event of default
Senior Parity Coverage Requirement	The ratio of adjusted income ("net income available for debt service" as defined in the Indenture) to the maximum annual debt service (principal, including mandatory sinking fund redemption amounts, interest and fees) of the Series 2020A Bonds and any parity indebtedness	150%	125%
Overall Coverage Requirement	The ratio of adjusted income ("net income available for debt service" as defined in the Indenture) to the maximum annual debt service (principal, including mandatory sinking fund redemption amounts, interest and fees) of all of the Revenue Bonds and any parity indebtedness	110%	110%
Days cash on hand	The sum of cash and cash equivalents (as defined in the Indenture, with certain exceptions) divided by one day of operating expenses (calculated based on GAAP, including all scheduled debt service obligations payable during the period, and less depreciation and amortization)	75 days	60 days

⁽¹⁾ In accordance with the Loan Agreement, in the circumstances displayed in the table, we are required to retain an independent consultant, which must be approved by the majority of bondholders, to make recommendations to increase net income available to debt service or days cash on hand. We are required to transmit a copy of the independent consultant's report to the Revenue Bonds Trustee and take such actions as will be in substantial conformity with such recommendations.

The Loan Agreement also restricts Purecycle Ohio, subject to certain baskets and exceptions, from incurring additional debt or liens, entering into derivatives, making asset sales, acquiring certain assets and making certain investments, licensing or sublicensing certain intellectual property and financing, developing, or constructing plastic recycling plants within a 250-mile radius of the Phase II Facility. We are also required to maintain certain offtake and feedstock supply contracts and are allowed only certain transfers of property, plant and equipment and creation of liens. In addition, Purecycle Ohio is prohibited from making distributions on any membership interests (including to us), license fees or management fees relating to the Phase II Facility, prior to January 1, 2024, and beginning on January 1, 2024, Purecycle Ohio cannot make distributions unless the distribution test is satisfied, under the Loan Agreement. (4)

Certain Revenue Bonds are subject to redemption at Purecycle Ohio's option at a progressively declining premium to par, beginning on the following dates:

(\$ in millions) Series 2020A	_	Principal Amount	Date subject to optional redemption	Redemption price
Term 3	\$	168.5	December 1, 2027	103% beginning on December 1, 2027; price decreases 1% per year until price is at par
Series 2020B				
Term 1		10.0	December 1, 2024	105%
Term 2		10.0	December 1, 2026	105%
Series 2020C		10.0	December 1, 2025	105% if redeemed before December 1, 2026; otherwise 104%
Total	\$	198.5		

In addition, provided that no Subordinate Bonds shall be redeemed so long as any Senior Bonds remain outstanding, Purecycle Ohio may voluntarily redeem the Revenue Bonds at 103% of principal amount outstanding in the event that the Phase II Facility is damaged or destroyed and becomes inoperable or inaccessible to us resulting from damage to the facility or title taken by condemnation, as further described in the Indenture. The Revenue Bonds are also subject to mandatory redemption upon certain events, including the termination or expiration of the agreements under which we obtain the rights to commercialize UPRP using our licensed technology or Purecycle Ohio's failure to make the additional \$40.0 million equity contribution, or our failure to deposit to the Guarantor Liquidity Account \$50.0 million, in each case by January 31, 2021. In addition, the tax-exempt Revenue Bonds are subject to mandatory redemption prior to maturity in whole in the event of the occurrence of a determination of taxability.

Convertible Notes Offering

On October 6, 2020, we entered into a Note Purchase Agreement (the "Note Purchase Agreement") with certain funds managed by Magnetar Capital LLC or its affiliates ("Magnetar Investors"), providing for the purchase of up to \$60.0 million in aggregate principal amount of our Convertible Senior Secured Notes due 2022 (the "Convertible Notes") issuable under an indenture dated as of October 7, 2020 (the "Magnetar Indenture") between us and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee and collateral agent.

(4) In order to satisfy the distribution test, all of the following must be met: (A) the Senior Parity Coverage Ratio is at least 150%, the Overall Coverage Requirement is at least 110%, the Days cash on hand is at least 75 days with respect to the fiscal year prior to the date on which distributions are to be made, (B) no event of default has occurred and no condition exists which with the passage of time would constitute or become an Event of Default under the Bond Documents or prior Documents (as defined in the Indenture), (C) Purceycle Ohio has made all required deposits in various funds, and (D) there will remain following any distribution, no less than 75 days cash on hand ("the distribution test"). Contributions from any member of Purceycle Ohio or Affiliate of a member of Purceycle Ohio shall be excluded from any calculations.

On October 7, 2020, we issued \$48.0 million in aggregate principal amount of Convertible Notes (the "First Tranche Notes") and expect to issue an additional \$12.0 million of aggregate principal amount of Convertible Notes (the "Second Tranche Notes") to the Magnetar Investors within 45 days after the entry into the Merger Agreement, subject to the satisfaction of customary closing conditions. In the event that the Business Combination is not consummated within 180 days of the entry into the Merger Agreement, the Second Tranche Notes are subject to a special mandatory redemption at a redemption price equal to 100% of their aggregate principal amount, plus accrued and unpaid interest.

In connection with the Business Combination, the Combined Company and each subsidiary of the Combined Company that is a direct or indirect parent of us (the "Magnetar Guarantors"), is required to unconditionally guarantee, on a senior basis, all of our obligations in respect of the Convertible Notes. The Convertible Notes are our senior obligations and upon the consummation of the Business Combination, will be fully and unconditionally guaranteed by the Combined Company and any of our other direct or indirect parent entities.

Under the Magnetar Indenture for the Convertible Notes, we and the Magnetar Guarantors will, subject to certain exceptions, be restricted from incurring indebtedness that ranks senior in right of payment to the Convertible Notes and if we or the Magnetar Guarantors incur pari passu indebtedness that is secured by a lien, we and such Magnetar Guarantors are required to also provide an equal and ratable lien in favor of the holders of the Convertible Notes. The Convertible Notes are subject to certain customary events of default.

Unless earlier converted, redeemed or repurchased in accordance with the terms of the Magnetar Indenture, the Convertible Notes will mature on October 15, 2022, subject to an extension that may be exercised at our sole discretion to April 15, 2023 with respect to 50% of the then outstanding Convertible Notes. The Convertible Notes will bear interest from their date of issue at a rate of 5.875% per year, payable semi-annually in arrears on April 15 and October 15 of each year, beginning on April 15, 2021. Interest on the Convertible Notes is payable, at our option, entirely in cash or entirely in kind in the form of additional Convertible Notes.

The Convertible Notes are convertible at the option of the holders at any time, until the close of business on the business day immediately preceding the maturity date. Prior to the consummation of the Business Combination, the initial conversion rate for the Convertible Notes is (i) prior to the issuance of the Second Tranche Notes, 12.8403 shares of our Class A Units per \$1,000 principal amount of Convertible Notes and (ii) upon issuance of the Second Tranche Notes, 13.1423 shares of such Class A Units per \$1,000 principal amount of Convertible Notes. Following the consummation of the Business Combination, the conversion rate per \$1,000 principal amount of Convertible Notes will generally be based on 80% of the lesser of (a) \$10.00 and (b), if applicable, the weighted average cash price per share of ParentCo Common Stock at which ROCH sells shares of its Common Stock in the PIPE Investment, subject to certain limitations. The conversion rate will increase in the event the equity value of the Business Combination exceeds certain thresholds.

In connection with certain transactions resulting in a change of control (not including the Business Combination), the Convertible Notes will be convertible at the option of the holders until the 35th business day following the change of control becoming effective at an initial conversion rate equal to the quotient of \$1,000 and 80% of the per share consideration received by holders of common stock in such change of control transaction. In each case, the conversion rate is subject to adjustment under certain circumstances, including certain dilutive events, in accordance with the terms of the Magnetar Indenture.

If certain fundamental change or change of control transactions occur with respect to us or, following the consummation of the Business Combination, the Combined Company, holders of the Convertible Notes may require the repurchase for cash of all or any portion of their Convertible Notes at a fundamental change repurchase price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the Convertible Notes to be repurchased, plus accrued and unpaid interest to, but excluding, the repurchase date.

We may not redeem the Convertible Notes at our option at any time, and no sinking fund is provided for by the Magnetar Indenture.

Cash Flows

A summary of our cash flows for the periods indicated is as follows:

	Years Ended December 31,					Period Ended S	ember 30,	
(in thousands, except %)		2019		2018		2020		2019
Net cash used in operating activities	\$	(6,315)	\$	(5,427)	\$	(10,784)	\$	(8,421)
Net cash used in investing activities		(5,882)		(11,121)		(2,423)		(2,269)
Net cash provided by financing activities		12,246		16,649		13,165		10,785
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		101		_		150		101
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	150	\$	101	\$	108	\$	196

Cash Flows from Operating Activities. Net cash used in operating activities was \$10.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2020 compared to \$8.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2019, representing an increase of \$2.4 million or 28%. The increase was primarily attributable to the increase in interest expense of \$1.4 million, an increase in depreciation of \$1.0 million, increase in wages and salaries of \$0.7 million, increase in repairs and maintenance of \$0.8 million, and an increase in consulting fees of \$0.2 million, offset by a decrease in equity-based compensation of \$1.1 million.

Net cash used in operating activities was \$6.3 million for the year ended December 31, 2019 compared to \$5.4 million for the year ended December 31, 2018, representing an increase of \$0.9 million or 16%. The increase was primarily attributable to our \$19.3 million net loss offset by higher equity based compensation of \$4.0 million, the issuance of warrants of \$6.5 million, an increase in deferred research and development obligation of \$1.0 million and an increase in accounts payable and accrued expenses of \$2.2 million, which was partially offset by an increase in prepaid royalties of \$1.1 million.

Cash Flows from Investing Activities. Net cash used in investing activities was \$2.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2020 compared to \$2.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2019. Our capital asset investment in 2019 was solely attributable to the construction of the Phase I Facility and the capital asset investment in 2020 was attributable to the Phase II Facility.

Net cash used in investing activities was \$5.9 million for the year ended December 31, 2019 compared to \$11.1 million for the year ended December 31, 2018, representing a decrease of \$5.2 million or 47%. The decrease was primarily attributable to fewer construction costs being incurred due to the completion of the Phase I Facility in June 2019.

Cash Flows from Financing Activities. Net cash provided by financing activities was \$13.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2020 compared to \$10.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2020, we raised \$17.5 million from the issuance of preferred equity, and paid down \$4.2 million in related parties' advances and debt. In the nine months ended September 30, 2019, we raised \$9.4 million from issuance of preferred equity and obtained a \$1.0 million loan from the Enhanced Capital Ohio Rural Fund ("ECORF").

Net cash provided by financing activities was \$12.3 million for the year ended December 31, 2019 compared to \$16.7 million for the year ended December 31, 2018. During the year ended December 31, 2019, we raised \$10.9 million from the issuance of preferred equity, obtained the aforementioned loan from ECORF and a bridge loan from a related party in the amount of \$0.6 million. In the year ended December 31, 2018, we raised \$12.3 million from the issuance of preferred equity and borrowed \$3.2 million from a related party.

Contractual Obligations and Commitments

The following table summarizes our contractual obligations and other commitments as of December 31, 2019, except that the table also reflects the aforementioned debt related to the Revenue Bonds and Convertible Notes issued in October 2020, and the years in which these obligations are due:

	Payments Due by Period								
		Total	Less	than 1 Year		1 – 3 Years	3 – 5 Years	Mo	re than 5 Years
Contractual obligations:					((in thousands)			
Long-Term debt obligations ⁽¹⁾	\$	329,738	\$	6,922	\$	72,646	\$ 650	\$	249,520
Interest payments		2,241		1,658		554	29		_
Operating lease obligations ⁽²⁾		7,924		336		672	672		6,244
	\$	339,903	\$	8,916	\$	73,872	\$ 1,351	\$	255,764

(1) Includes principal obligations related to the Revenue Bonds and Convertible Notes we entered into in October 2020 described in the Eiquidity and Capital Resources" section.

(2) Represents future minimum lease payments under our operating lease for office space in Lawrence County, Ohio. The 25 year operating lease was entered with a related party.

The following table summarizes our contractual obligations and other commitments as of September 30, 2020, except that the table also reflects the aforementioned debt related to the Revenue Bonds and Convertible Notes issued in October 2020, and the years in which these obligations are due:

	Payments Due by Period								
		Total	Les	ss than 1 Year		1 – 3 Years	3 – 5 Years	Mo	re than 5 Years
Contractual obligations:						(in thousands)			
Long-Term debt obligations ⁽¹⁾	\$	326,819	\$	16,277	\$	60,522	\$ 500	\$	249,520
Interest payments		2,082		2,031		45	6		_
Operating lease obligations ⁽²⁾		7,672		336		672	672		5,992
	\$	336,573	\$	18,644	\$	61,239	\$ 1,178	\$	255,512

(1) Includes principal obligations related to the Revenue Bonds and Convertible Notes we entered into in October 2020 described in the £iquidity and Capital Resources" section.

(2) Represents future minimum lease payments under our operating lease for office space in Lawrence County, Ohio. The 25 year operating lease was entered with a related party.

We have not included our Feedstock agreements in the table above since the payment obligations under these agreements are contingent upon future events, such as the completion of Phase II Facility construction, funding requirements, quantity of feedstocks and IHS Index. The total minimum feedstock volume for all agreements, which are set to commence in 2022, amount to 60 million pounds of feedstock per year. The price per pound on the feedstock is variable, taking into account factors such as the quality of product, initial feedstock price, movements of price based on the fluctuations in the IHS Index, and product delivery point considerations. The Feedstock agreements are legally binding and contain a clause which allows for the termination of the agreement in the event we are unable to obtain sufficient financing by October 31, 2020, which is subject to negotiation and execution of a revised agreement.

We have not included our License Agreement in the table above since the obligations under this agreement are contingent upon future events, such as the completion of the Phase II Facility construction, funding requirements and quantity of P&G orders. P&G will receive royalties during the term of the license as a percentage of net sales to parties other than P&G at certain royalty rates based on the net price of the licensed product. The term of the License Agreement will terminate at the later of (a) the expiry date of the warrants or (b) upon expiration of the licensed patent held by P&G, unless terminated earlier. In addition, P&G has the option to purchase or assign offtake from the Phase II Facility at "most favored nation" pricing up to a certain amount in year one, and up to a certain higher amount per year or a percentage of nameplate capacity, whichever is greater, in each subsequent year of production. In 2019, we made a one-time, non- refundable, royalty-prepayment, which will be used to offset the future royalties payable to P&G under the License Agreement.

In addition, we enter into agreements in the normal course of business with vendors for research and development services and outsourced services, which are generally cancelable upon written notice. These payments are not included in this table of contractual obligations.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We have no off-balance sheet arrangements that have or are reasonably likely to have a current or future effect on our financial condition, changes in financial condition, revenues or expenses, results of operations, liquidity, capital expenditures or capital resources that is material to investors. We do not have any off-balance sheet arrangements or interests in variable interest entities that would require consolidation. Note that while certain legally binding offtake arrangements have been entered into with customers, these arrangements are not unconditional and definitive agreements subject only to customary closing conditions, and do not qualify as off-balance sheet arrangements required for disclosure.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

A company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed by, or under the supervision of, that company's principal executive and principal financial officers, or persons performing similar functions, and influenced by that company's board of directors, management and other personnel, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with policies or procedures may deteriorate.

In connection with the preparation and audit of PCT's consolidated financial statements for the nine months ended September 30, 2020 and the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018 and the balance sheet data as of September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019 and 2018, certain material weaknesses were identified in PCT's internal control over financial reporting. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over financial reporting such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of PCT's interim or annual consolidated financial statements will not be prevented or detected on a timely basis. The material weaknesses were as follows:

- PCT did not have sufficient, qualified personnel to determine the appropriate accounting treatment for its complex agreements or transactions that required technical accounting analysis;
- PCT's lack of sufficient personnel also resulted in inadequate segregation of duties in the design and operation of the internal controls over financial reporting;
- PCT's lack of formal processes and controls resulted in an ineffective control environment, which led to an inadequate review of the financial statements and financial reporting;
- PCT did not design and maintain effective controls over certain information technology ("IT") controls for information systems that are relevant to the preparation of its
 financial statements, specifically with respect to user access, to ensure appropriate segregation of duties that adequately restrict user access to financial applications,
 programs, and data to appropriate company personnel; and
- PCT did not design and maintain effective controls surrounding the completeness and cutoff of expenses and payables, such that certain expenses paid by a related entity on behalf of PCT were not appropriately allocated to PCT, and certain transactions were recorded in the period when the invoice was received rather than accrued in the period when the activity took place.

These material weaknesses could result in a misstatement of substantially all of PCT's accounts or disclosures, which would result in a material misstatement to the interim or annual consolidated financial statements that would not be prevented or detected. PCT has begun implementation of a plan to remediate the material weaknesses described above. Those remediation measures are ongoing and include the following:

In 2018 and 2019 there were two accounting employees; both were part time, and one of which was an accounts payable clerk. PCT management is increasing staffing
and has brought in outside resources. PCT has since hired a CFO, a Vice President of Finance, and a Controller and is looking to hire an Executive VP Finance to
support the CFO and provide leadership to the accounting team. PCT has also engaged a public accounting firm to assist with financial reporting and advise on technical
accounting issues;

- PCT is making certain changes to its IT systems, including the development of formal access policies, the development of an audit of administrator activity and the reassignment of administrator privileges over PCT's accounting system outside PCT's accounting department; and
- PCT is establishing a process to maintain checklists tracking related entity payments as part of its monthly close processes and is instituting policies to strengthen its receipt and processing of purchase orders to monitor accrual determinations. Furthermore, payment for almost all PCT expenses has been moved to PCT, with only a limited number of expenses paid by a related entity for situations where there is a shared contract.

PCT plans to continue to assess its internal controls and procedures and intends to take further action as necessary or appropriate to address any other matters it identifies or are brought to its attention. PCT cannot assure you that the measures it has taken to date and may take in the future will be sufficient to remediate the control deficiencies that led to PCT's material weaknesses in internal control over financial reporting or that PCT will prevent or avoid potential future material weaknesses. The effectiveness of PCT's internal control over financial reporting is subject to various inherent limitations, including cost limitations, judgments used in decision making, assumptions about the likelihood of future events, the possibility of human error and the risk of fraud. If PCT is unable to remediate the material weaknesses, its ability to record, process and report financial information accurately, and to prepare financial statements within the time periods specified by the forms of the SEC, could be adversely affected which, in turn, may adversely affect PCT's reputation and business and the market price of the Combined Company's Common Stock.

In addition, any such failures could result in litigation or regulatory actions by the SEC or other regulatory authorities, loss of investor confidence, delisting of the Combined Company's securities and harm to the Combined Company's reputation and financial condition, or diversion of financial and management resources from the operation of PCT's business.

See the section title "Risk Factors — PCT identified certain material weaknesses in its internal control over financial reporting. If PCT is unable to remediate these material weaknesses, or if PCT identifies additional material weaknesses in the future or otherwise fails to maintain an effective system of internal controls, PCT may not be able to accurately or timely report its financial condition or results of operations, which may adversely affect PCT's business and stock price."

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("GAAP") requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes. Although these estimates are based on the Company's knowledge of current events and actions the Company may undertake in the future, actual results could differ from those estimates and assumptions.

Equity-Based Compensation

The Company issues grants of incentive units to select employees and service providers. The equity- based compensation cost for the incentive units is measured at the grant date based on the fair value of the award over the requisite service period, which is the vesting period on the straight-line basis. In the event of modification, the Company recognizes the remaining compensation cost based on the grant date fair value over the new requisite service period. The Company applies a zero-forfeiture rate for its equity-based awards, as such awards have been granted to a limited number of employees and service providers. The Company revises the forfeiture rate prospectively as a change in an estimate, when a significant forfeiture or an indication that significant forfeiture occurs.

The fair value of the incentive units is estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option- pricing model using the following assumptions:

	2020	2019
Expected annual dividend yield	0.0%	0.0%
Expected volatility	42.1 - 67.7%	51.1 - 95%
Risk-free rate of return	0.1 - 1.8%	1.75 - 2.73%
Expected option term (years)	0.35 - 4.9	1.5 - 5.0

The expected term of the units granted is determined based on the period of time the units are expected to be outstanding. The risk-free rate is based on the U.S. Treasury yield curve in effect at the time of grant. The expected volatility was based on the Company's capital structure and volatility of similar entities referred to as guideline companies. In determining similar entities, the Company considered industry, stage of life cycle, size and financial leverage. The dividend yield on the Company's units is assumed to be zero since the Company has not historically paid dividends. The fair value of the underlying Company units was determined using the backsolve method.

Warrants

The Company measures the warrants issued to nonemployees at the fair value of the equity instruments issued as of the warrant issuance date and recognizes that amount as SG&A expense in accordance with the vesting terms of the warrant agreement. In the event that the terms of the warrants qualify as a liability, the Company accounts for the instrument as a liability recorded at fair value each reporting period through earnings.

The Company has determined the warrants issued to P&G in connection with the patent licensing agreement are liability classified. Accordingly, the warrant units are remeasured at fair value each reporting period. The Company has determined its warrant to be a Level 3 fair value measurement and has used the Black-Scholes option pricing model to calculate its fair value using the following assumptions:

Expected annual dividend yield	0.0%
Expected volatility	63.8 - 68.34%
Risk-free rate of return	0.2-0.23%
Expected option term (years)	0.5 - 3.9

The Company determined the warrants issued in connection with Class B-1 Preferred Unit Purchase Agreement are equity classified. Accordingly, the warrant units are held at their initial fair value with no subsequent remeasurement. The Company has determined its warrant to be a Level 3 fair value measurement and has used the Black-Scholes option pricing model to calculate its fair value using the following assumptions:

Expected annual dividend yield	0.0%
Expected volatility	54.2 - 63.6%
Risk-free rate of return	1.5 - 1.7%
Expected option term (years)	4.4 - 4.7

The Company has determined the warrants issued to RTI in connection with terms of a professional services agreement are equity classified. Accordingly, the warrant units are held at their initial fair value with no subsequent remeasurement. The Company has determined its warrant to be a Level 3 fair value measurement and has used the Black-Scholes option pricing model to calculate its fair value using the following assumptions:

Expected annual dividend yield	0.0%
Expected volatility	50.0%
Risk-free rate of return	2.82%
Expected option term (years)	5.0

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

See Note 2 to the audited consolidated financial statements and unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this prospectus for more information about recent accounting pronouncements, the timing of their adoption, and our assessment, to the extent we have made one, of their potential impact on our financial condition and our results of operations.

Emerging Growth Company Election

ROCH is an "emerging growth company" as defined in Section 2(a) of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and has elected to take advantage of the benefits of the extended transition period for new or revised financial accounting standards. Following the consummation of the Business Combination, the Combined Company expects to remain an emerging growth company at least through the end of the 2020 fiscal year and the Combined Company expects to continue to take advantage of the benefits of the extended transition period, although it may decide to early adopt such new or revised accounting standards to the extent permitted by such standards. The Combined Company expects to use this extended transition period for complying with new or revised accounting standards that have different effective dates for public and non-public companies until the earlier of the date the Combined Company (i) is no longer an emerging growth company or (ii) affirmatively and irrevocably opts out of the extended transition period provided in the JOBS Act. This may make it difficult or impossible to compare the Combined Company's financial results with the financial results of another public company that is either not an emerging growth company or is an emerging growth company that has chosen not to take advantage of the extended transition period exemptions because of the potential differences in accounting standards used.

In addition, the Combined Company intends to rely on the other exemptions and reduced reporting requirements provided by the JOBS Act. Subject to certain conditions set forth in the JOBS Act, if, as an emerging growth company, the Combined Company intends to rely on such exemptions, the Combined Company is not required to, among other things: (a) provide an auditor's attestation report on PCT's system of internal control over financial reporting pursuant to Section 404(b) of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002; (b) provide all of the compensation disclosure that may be required of non-emerging growth public companies under the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act of 2010; (c) comply with any requirement that may be adopted by the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board regarding mandatory audit firm rotation or a supplement to the auditor's report providing additional information about the audit and the financial statements (auditor discussion and analysis); and (d) disclose certain executive compensation-related items such as the correlation between executive compensation and performance and comparisons of the Chief Executive Officer's compensation to median employee compensation.

The Combined Company will remain an emerging growth company under the JOBS Act until the earliest of (a) December 31, 2026, (b) the last date of the Combined Company's fiscal year in which it had total annual gross revenue of at least \$1.07 billion, (c) the date on which the Combined Company is deemed to be a "large accelerated filer" under the rules of the SEC or (d) the date on which the Combined Company has issued more than \$1.0 billion in non-convertible debt securities during the previous three years.

DESCRIPTION OF PCT BUSINESS

Unless the context otherwise requires, all references in this section to "PCT," the "Company," "we," "us," or "our" refer to PureCycle Technologies LLC and its subsidiaries prior to the consummation of the Business Combination. Following the Business Combination, the Combined Company's business will be that of PCT described below.

Overview

PureCycle Technologies LLC ("PCT") is commercializing a patented purification recycling technology (the "Technology"), originally developed by The Procter & Gamble Company ("P&G"), for restoring waste polypropylene into resin with near-virgin characteristics. We call this resin ultra-pure recycled polypropylene ("UPRP"), which has nearly identical properties and applicability for reuse as virgin polypropylene. PCT has a global license for the technology from P&G. We intend to build our first commercial-scale plant in Ironton, Ohio (referred to herein as "Plant 1" or the "Phase II Facility"), which is expected to have nameplate capacity of approximately 107 million pounds/year when fully operational. Production is expected to commence in late 2022 and the plant is expected to be fully operational in 2023. We have secured and contracted all of the feedstock and product offtake for this initial plant. Our goal is to create an important new segment of the global polypropylene market that will assist multinational entities in meeting their sustainability goals, provide consumers with polypropylene-based products that are sustainable, and reduce overall polypropylene waste in the world's landfills and oceans.

PCT intends to build new recycling production facilities globally, with the goal of having 30 commercial lines operational by 2030 and 50 by 2035. In addition to our first plant in Ironton, Ohio, we expect the next plant to be located in Europe and to commence production in 2023 with a nameplate capacity of approximately 107 million pounds when fully operational. Additional expansion in the United States is expected to include a scaled up commercial line capable of producing over 165 million pounds. Pre- engineering for the design and installation of five commercial lines in a single "cluster" site is currently underway and will result in a combined capacity of over 825 million pounds annually. From these first seven plants PCT expects to bring over 1 billion pounds of annual recycled polypropylene production to the market in the next five years, which represents less than 1% of the total annual projected demand for virgin and virgin parity resin.

PCT is regarded as a leader in innovation in polymers, sustainability, and recycling by numerous non-government organizations ("NGOs"), trade associations, and major media publications. Recognition of PCT's achievements include the American Chemistry Council's Innovation in Plastics Recycling award (2017), Time Magazine's "Best Innovations of 2019", and the 2020 Re|focus Solar Institute Award for Leadership in Innovation awarded by the Plastics Association.

Industry Background

Currently, polypropylene is one of the largest contributors to the global plastics waste crisis. Each year more than 150 billion pounds of polypropylene are manufactured and incorporated into a wide array of consumer facing and industrial products. Less than 1% of polypropylene is collected and recycled annually, compared to 20% of polyethylene terephthalate ("PET"), and less than 12% of the overall plastics market is collected and recycled. Many of the advantages attributed to polypropylene (strength, toughness, elasticity) also contribute to its problematic waste stream after initial use. Due to its chemical makeup, polypropylene does not react with diluted bases and acids. As such, it does not break down and can remain a pollutant in our oceans, landfills, and food chain for centuries. Despite these environmental consequences, polypropylene utilization continues to increase, growing at a 5.3% average annual growth rate ("AAGR") since 2010 with a projected AAGR of 4.3% over the next 5 years.

In response to these issues, multinational companies have partnered with NGOs and trade associations to encourage recycling of plastics. Significant capital has been raised to combat the global plastics crisis, including multinational collaboration, ocean clean-up initiatives, new plastic economies, and global infrastructure investments. For example, over 450 multinationals have signed the Ellen MacArthur Foundation's New Plastics Economy Global Commitment. This commitment is focused on: (i) eliminating unnecessary packaging waste, (ii) reusing plastic where possible, (iii) making all packaging 100% reusable, recyclable, or compostable, and (iv) the reuse, recycling, or composting of all plastic packaging.

Multinationals have taken this pledge even further by committing to reduce the use of virgin plastic packaging by 50% by 2025. These commitments are being driven by consumer demand for sustainable products, which is expected to continue to drive many multinational corporations to source sustainable materials to achieve publicly announced sustainability objectives.

While there are a range of ways that plastics can be recycled today, there are very limited options available for polypropylene. The current options are chemical and mechanical recycling, both of which have significant drawbacks that have resulted in extremely low recycling rates.

Chemical Recycling

Chemical recycling is a type of plastics reclamation that typically creates a chemical reaction to break the molecular bonds of the plastic, resulting in the separated molecules from which plastics are made. This process uses a combination of high energy, heat, pressure, and typically other chemicals to break down the plastic into its most basic monomer form while burning off and removing any contaminants.

In the two most common forms of chemical recycling, the output requires further processing to become a viable product for fuel or plastic. Because additional steps in the supply chain are required to return the output back to plastic, as well the substantially high energy expenditure and carbon dioxide ("CO2") emissions from the process itself, we do not believe current chemical recycling methods are a true circular solution to the plastics waste crisis. In addition, the cost of the end plastic, once finally returned to its original state, can be inflated due to energy and processing costs.

Mechanical Recycling

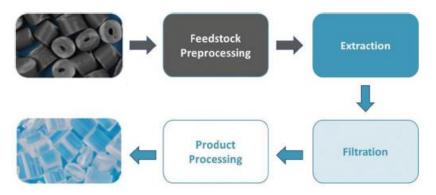
Mechanical recycling is the most common recycling method currently performed by solid waste collectors and material reclamation facilities. Mechanical recycling involves several steps, including various levels of optical sortation, manual sortation, washing, density separation or electrostatic separation, shredding, compounding, and pelletizing. The process is currently the most energy efficient recycling solution for polypropylene; however, due to the nature of mechanical reclamation, many of the original additives from within the waste material as well as outside contaminants remain in the end product. Accordingly, the process can lead to wide variations in end product quality and low-value end uses. Currently, mechanically recycled polypropylene can only be downcycled into products with lower specifications that are unable to meet the requirements for food and consumer grade packaging.

We believe the combination of demand for more sustainable products, the growing use of polypropylene, and the inadequacy of existing recycling processes creates a significant opportunity for a company like PCT that has demonstrated that it can turn polypropylene waste into virgin-like polypropylene.

PureCycle's Solution: Ultra-Pure Recycled Polypropylene

PCT's recycling technology is a purification recycling process that uses a combination of solvent, temperature and pressure. Waste stream polypropylene is returned to near near-virgin condition through a novel configuration of commercially available equipment and unit operations. The process puts the plastic through a physical extraction process using super critical fluids that both extract and filter out contaminants and purify the color, opacity, and odor of the plastic without altering the physical characteristics of the polymer. By not altering the chemical makeup of the polymer, the Company is able to use significantly less energy and reduce production costs as compared to virgin resin.

The unique 'super-critical fluid' extraction process does not require chemical reactions and involves the key components shown in the diagram below:



Key benefits of the Technology include:

- · all equipment is standard processing equipment, commercially available and widely used;
- · use of a physical separation/purification process without chemical reactions;
- operating at conditions comparable to current polyolefin (polypropylene and polyethylene) production conditions;
- expected to utilize ~1/4 the amount of energy required to produce virgin polypropylene resin; and
- · ability to recycle a wide range of polypropylene waste.

Our UPRP technology results in near virgin equivalent quality, color and level of odor. Resin UPRP provides our customers with 100% recycled content without compromising appearance, purity or performance in finished products. UPRP is interchangeable with virgin polypropylene and based on efforts underway, is expected to be approved for use in food-grade applications. UPRP's characteristics are nearly identical to virgin polypropylene for key plastic resin metrics, including yellowness index value, opacity and melt flow index.

PCT Strengths

Large and Underserved Market

Polypropylene is one of the most-widely produced polymers globally with annual production in excess of 150 billion pounds and expected to exceed 200 billion pounds by 2024. Recycling rates for waste polypropylene are below 1%, compared to almost 20% for PET, resulting in continuous landfilling of nearly all polypropylene waste. The limited polypropylene recycling conducted today is primarily mechanical recycling, which results in a dark, odorous, non-food grade recycled product with limited applications and is not a viable substitute for virgin polypropylene. Consistent with increasing environmental awareness and activism more broadly, there is growing demand for a solution to reduce waste polypropylene by many stakeholders including consumers, corporations, governments and regulators, etc. We believe PCT's UPRP is a viable substitute and alternative for virgin polypropylene providing a near-term solution to the massive and growing polypropylene waste problem. PCT believes the size of the addressable market for its UPRP is so large that it will only ever be able to serve a small portion. As an example, PCT expects to develop plants with annual UPRP production capacity of approximately 1 billion pounds in the next five years, representing less than 0.5% of the expected global polypropylene market.

Proprietary and Proven Technology Developed by Procter & Gamble

PCT utilizes a proprietary purification process that converts waste polypropylene feedstock into UPRP pellets with similar characteristics to virgin polypropylene. The Technology was developed by P&G, and PCT has a global license from P&G. PCT's process utilizes a broad range of feedstocks including waste carpet, stadium cups and supersacks and produces virgin-quality UPRP pellets that are clear, odorless and contaminant-free, making it suitable for use in almost all polypropylene applications including high-value, food grade consumer products. This patented process was developed by P&G over the course of eight years and has been refined by PCT over the past five years with more than 350 laboratory tests and with over 1,000 pounds of UPRP produced at the Feedstock Evaluation Unit (also called the "FEU" or "Phase I Facility") since its commissioning in July 2019. In addition, PCT's purification process and UPRP quality have been validated by independent technical consultants and many of PCT's strategic partners and initial customers.

High Barriers to Entry

PCT has a global license to P&G's recycling technology. PCT has spent the last five years developing the actual production process. It has tested over 350 feedstocks and sent samples to large end customers including P&G, Aptar and Total. We have developed a pilot line which we call our Feedstock Evaluation Unit which we use to screen potential feedstock sources and demonstrate that we can process a wide range of polypropylene feedstock. In October 2020, we closed a \$250 million Revenue Bonds financing that is expected to substantially fund our first commercial plant, which we expect to start commercial production in late 2022.

Third-Party Validation of Our Product and Process

PCT and independent third parties have validated both PCT's UPRP production process and finished product. The FEU, commissioned in July 2019, utilizes a smaller scale of the same equipment and processes as PCT's planned full-scale production plants and serves as a valuable pilot plant with regards to both plant construction and plant operation. The plant design is modular, utilizing well-known and widely utilized industrial processing equipment, but in a novel and proprietary way. All future plants, regardless of size and location, are expected to utilize the same equipment and configuration. The Company has also validated the customer demand for UPRP and signed offtake agreements for up to 20-years for its first plant. Based on signed offtake agreements and Letters of Intent ("LOI"), demand for the first plant is approximately four times greater than the plant's nameplate capacity. Similarly, PCT secured all required feedstock for its first plant with long-term agreements. With the support of long-term customer offtake and supplier feedstock contracts, highly reputable engineering and construction firms leading the construction, demonstrated success of the FEU and other factors, PCT closed the \$250.0 million Revenue Bonds offering in October 2020 to finance a substantial portion of the first plant, with the remaining required capital provided by PCT LLC equity contributions. PCT expects to use a similar approach with future plants to pursue similar project financing arrangements and de-risk the financial profile of each plant and PCT overall.

Blue Chip Customers, Partners and Strategic Investors

PCT has developed mutually beneficial relationships and partnerships with many established, blue-chip industry leaders. PCT's partnership with P&G began in October 2015 with the signing of the License Agreement for the Technology P&G invented. P&G is also a PCT offtake customer, along with a range of other well-known global and regional firms. In addition to P&G, PCT has key partnerships and relationships supporting plant site identification, plant development and construction, research and development, product sales and customer contracts, feedstock sourcing and contracts, operating expertise and other elements of its business. These partners include:

P&G	P&G's initial research yielded the 13 U.S. process patents that form the basis of the Technology. P&G is a longstanding and critical partner for PCT as the patent owner and offtake partner. Additionally, P&G provides continued research and development support, in collaboration with the Company.
Aptar group ∠	PCT has entered into a strategic partnership with Aptar as the company's preferred converter. Aptar will continue to play a crucial role in providing product performance studies and recommendations on how the UPRP performs through the transformation process.
Nestle	Nestlé has provided R&D collaboration to develop new packaging materials that help avoid plastic waste, in line with the company's commitment to make 100% of its packaging recyclable or reusable by 2025.
TOTAL	Total is a strategic partner of PCT and offtake partner.
Milliken	Under the company's strategic partnership, Milliken will be the sole provider of additives to PCT.
L'ORÉAL PARIS	L'Oréal is a strategic partner of PCT and an offtake partner.
Ravago	Ravago has an extensive network across the supply chain for both offtake and feedstock and has helped the Company build relationships across the industry. Ravago is both a feedstock supplier to and an offtake purchaser from PCT.

Experienced Leadership Team

The PCT management team has broad experience across plastics manufacturing, plant development, technology, R&D, sales, marketing, accounting and finance. PCT Chief Executive Officer Mike Otworth has over 23 years' experience leading and scaling early stage companies, holding multiple senior management positions with a proven track record of founding and capitalizing startups. Chief Financial Officer Michael Dee was a senior executive at Morgan Stanley and has over 30 years of public markets, corporate finance, and M&A experience. Chief Science Officer John Scott holds a dual Ph.D. in Physics and Astrophysics, authored over 60 academic papers, and was the CEO of the XL TechGroup, the precursor company of Innventure LLC, an affiliate of PCT. Chief Commercial Officer David Brenner brings over 15 years' experience leading transformational projects in a range of industries and was a Senior Manager at Deloitte prior to joining PCT. Director of Technology Jason Vititoe holds two product patents in polystyrene and decades of engineering leadership experience working for Americas Styrenics and Dow Chemical Company. Senior Director of Operations Chris Talarek has over 20 years of operations leadership at BP Oil, P&G, and Timbertech. Combined, the PCT executive team has over 100 years' experience leading operations and over 70 years operating equipment.

Attractive Plant Economics

PCT is offering a unique UPRP product to a large and growing global polypropylene market and expects market demand to far exceed supply into the foreseeable future. This demand / supply dynamic supports PCT's planned buildout strategy and supports premium pricing for UPRP that PCT is realizing today and expects to continue to realize in the future. As a result, PCT expects to sell much of the production volume for each new plant prior to construction. Primary components of PCT's operating costs include feedstock, labor, utilities, and other variable process inputs. These costs are relatively fixed on a per unit basis, providing significant upside to increasing prices. Through its cluster plant strategy, PCT expects to realize capital investment and operational efficiencies for future plants, reducing the investment per pound of capacity produced and allowing capacity to be added more quickly. PCT expects that rapid volume scale-up, long-term fixed price contracts and stable unit cost economics will result in strong EBITDA margins, which combined with limited maintenance capital expenditure requirements should provide significant and growing cash flow as plant construction is completed.

PCT Strategy

Fully Unlock and Develop Polypropylene Circular Economy

PCT's mission is to fully unlock the circular economy for polypropylene at sustainable economics across the supply chain. Comprising approximately 28% of annual global plastic production, polypropylene represents one of the largest challenges in plastics recycling and the plastics waste crisis. PCT's patented and licensed Technology provides a truly unique waste-plastic-to-virgin-plastic solution to increase polypropylene recycling rates and allow stakeholders to achieve sustainability goals. As global demand for recycled polypropylene continues to grow, PCT expects demand for its UPRP to grow exponentially and support continued premium pricing compared to virgin polypropylene.

Complete Development and Commissioning of Plant 1 in Ironton, Ohio

PCT intends to address the world's growing appetite for recycled polypropylene with the construction of its first commercial production facility located in Ironton, Ohio. After securing funding through a \$250 million solid waste Revenue Bonds offering, construction commenced on the Plant 1 in October 2020. This includes site construction and issuance of long-lead time purchase orders from key equipment and system vendors. Plant 1 leverages the existing infrastructure of PCT's pilot facility known as the Feedstock Evaluation Unit (FEU), which became operational in 2019. PCT's plants use standardized equipment that is used in large plants globally, further facilitating scale-up of production. Additionally, PCT is supported by global construction and engineering partners that have commenced development on Plant 1 and are expected to be leveraged in the development of future plants. Plant 1 is expected to be operational in late 2022 and will have a nameplate capacity of 107 million pounds per year of UPRP.

Global Plant Development Buildout

To meet the growing global supply-demand gap for virgin-like recycled polypropylene, PCT aims to expand its annual production capacity to over one billion pounds by late 2024. PCT will leverage its extensive network of strategic partners and customers to support its global plant buildout strategy. We believe this expansion plan is achievable due PCT's underlying technology, which is comprised of commercially available equipment as well as top tier construction partners that operate globally. PCT's second plant is expected to be located in Europe where site studies, feedstock, and offtake partner development have already begun. Operations for Plant 2 are expected to start in 2023 with production capacity of 107 million pounds per year. PCT has also begun assessing potential "cluster" sites, which will include five commercial production lines, each with an annual capacity of 165 million pounds of UPRP. This scaled up cluster strategy offers process and construction efficiencies such as leveraging single construction teams to install all five lines, reduced CAPEX from pre-existing infrastructure, reduced operational costs, and a single permitting process for all five lines. The first cluster site is expected to be located in the United States, beginning construction in 2021, and with its first unit beginning operations in 2023. Further site expansion plans include 30 commercial lines operational by 2030 and 50 by 2035 in key global markets and targeting over 8 billion pounds of UPRP production.

Continue Identifying New Customers / Product Applications and Additional Feedstocks / Sources

To support its global expansion, PCT plans to invest in its sales and offtake partner development to identify new potential partners and unique product applications whose value to end consumers can be enhanced by the inclusion of UPRP. Already, PCT has seen significant interest from potential offtake partners willing to pay premium pricing for its UPRP production, including over 200 non-solicited offtake inquiries, including many top global producers. As global sustainability trends continue, the pursuit of optimal feedstocks will be critical to the company's success. To date, PCT has evaluated over 145 various feedstocks through its FEU. PCT intends to further expand its universe of acceptable feedstocks through strategic partnerships with waste collectors for post-consumer waste (PCR), manufacturers for post industrial waste (PIR), and inclusion of the latest pre-processing and sortation technologies.

Maintain Capital Structure Flexibility to Finance Plant Buildout

PCT plans to develop global production plants with over one billion pounds of capacity by 2025. The Company recently issued \$250 million non-recourse Revenue Bonds to partially fund Plant 1 along with PCT LLC equity. PCT expects to finance future plants primarily with a combination of debt and equity financing. The Company, supported by its ESG profile, believes there is significant interest and demand from debt and equity sources, including traditional debt and equity, strategic partners, government grants and loans, etc. As the initial plants become operational, PCT expects to generate cash flow that could also support funding for future plant development.

The Product: UPRP

Polypropylene has multiple applications including packaging and labeling for consumer products, piping, ropes, cabling and plastic parts for many industries and, in particular, the automotive industry. It is one of the most commonly used plastics in the world due to its flexibility as a "living hinge" on consumer product lids (shampoo, ketchup) since it typically will not break when bent even after multiple movements and ranges of motion.

PCT's unique purification separates colors, odors, and contaminants through a physical separation process. This process and end product quality have been tested and validated by P&G, prospective offtake partners, and independent third party labs. When compared to virgin resin, PCT's UPRP expresses near identical mechanical properties across Melt Flow Index (a measure of viscosity), Tensile Modulus (measure of stiffness), and Impact Strength (a measure of sudden resistance to force).

PCT has leveraged strategic partners with expertise in operations, the use of additives to improve the physical properties of polymers, and Consumer Packaged Goods companies to conduct early testing to confirm that the product meets the expectations of the end users and offtake partners.

Offtake and Customers

Based on current offtake subscription agreements and LOIs, PCT intends to market and sell the UPRP to a wide range of industries, including but not limited to: resin distributors, resin converters, consumer goods manufacturers, food and beverage producers, toy manufacturers and personal care goods producers. Polypropylene is used in a variety of end markets, including consumer packaged goods, electronics, automotive, building & construction, household goods and agriculture. Due to a growing awareness around sustainability and many multinational companies shifting their strategic focus to sustainability as a key differentiator, PCT intends to provide UPRP to a diversified customer base across end markets over time.

Certain offtake pricing agreements are established based on a monthly index published by the IHS Global Plastics and Polymers Report. Since PCT began accepting LOIs from other potential offtake customers, PCT has received significant interest for its UPRP at a premium price to commodity polypropylene pricing. The premium pricing demonstrated in the LOIs supports a de-linking of UPRP pricing from the price of virgin polypropylene. Assuming the continuation of current trends in global sustainability and lack of competing alternatives, PCT expects the price of its UPRP to continue to command a premium over the price of virgin resin and not be subject to fluctuations in the price of virgin PP. For each of the offtake agreements, PCT guarantees the UPRP product to meet specific criteria for both color, opacity and other key technical targets such as MFI (Melt Flow Index) and tensile strength (aka tensile modulus).

The Company has entered into minimum offtake subscriptions agreements for UPRP from its first plant in the amount of 63 million pounds per year, and at PCT's sole option, up to a quantity of 138 million pounds per year. In addition to the fully executed contracts for these volumes, an additional volume of 35 million pounds annually is secured pursuant to agreements with three strategic partners at their option. Additionally, PCT has entered into LOIs with over twenty-five companies, including large global consumer product companies, distributors and manufacturers that use polypropylene. These LOIs would secure a minimum of 94 million additional pounds of volume and up to 250 million pounds at the Company's option. The Company continues to maintain active dialogue with potential offtake customers to secure additional volume for future plants.

Feedstock Supply

Over 150 billion pounds of polypropylene waste feedstocks are generated every year across multiple industries. Most of these feedstocks are untapped by the market today and are disposed of in landfills and oceans. These feedstocks include flexible & rigid packaging, plastic waste from textiles, and large business segments including consumer products, medical, automotive, industrial, and agricultural.

PCT has tested over 145 feedstocks from over 35 suppliers and reached definitive feedstock agreements with five suppliers representing 60 million minimum and up to 210 million pounds at PCT's option, with pricing linked in part to the IHS Markit Index that tracks the prices of General Purpose Homopolymer prices and is reported out on a monthly basis (the "IHS Index"). Each supplier agreement includes multiple waste streams across post-industrial and post-consumer polypropylene resin. Each year, the Company will request a quantity of feedstock between the minimum and maximum quantities specified in each feedstock supply agreement. The feedstock price will be linked in part to changes in the index for virgin polypropylene in a price schedule that contains a fixed, collared price around an index price range that is also known as the "baseline" price. These contract prices are linked to the IHS Index which provides a tracking mechanism and collar for feedstock prices. Additionally, the contract prices are tied to tranches based on the percentage of polypropylene in the feedstock supplied to ensure and incentivize suppliers to provide the highest percent of polypropylene. The price schedule also contains a minimum price floor.

PCT has chosen to process most polypropylene feedstock sources across film, fiber, and rigids. Each feedstock type has immediate advantages as well as long-term benefits for PCT:

- Rigids, commonly referred to as post-consumer recycled plastic, are the most commonly reclaimed plastics in the industry today. Existing recycling infrastructure in the
 United States today provides a range of opportunities to acquire rigid feedstocks through mixed bales with price transparency. Though traditional mixed bales are not
 currently desirable as an alternative option for obtaining additional feedstock supply. The implementation of China's National Sword, a regulatory policy enacted in 2018
 that stopped China's importation of mixed plastics/trash has created a market need to find alternative buyers for recycled polypropylene. Increased social awareness has
 resulted in a specific focus on recycling polypropylene and efforts like The Recycling Partnership have created a \$35 million fund to help grow polypropylene collection
 domestically.
- Film is typically not processed by traditional reclaimers, resulting in a favorable acquisition price for PCT. Today, only 15% of film is reclaimed, which represents a
 strong opportunity for PCT to expand in the future. The Technology allows PCT to unlock the value of this feedstock at a favorable cost.
- Fiber is the least recycled of the 3 waste streams, due to the limited infrastructure, innovation, and market for this material. Each year, approximately four billion pounds of carpet head to the landfill, which represents approximately 500 million pounds of polypropylene.

The Processing Facilities

The Feedstock Evaluation Unit

The FEU (also called the "Phase I Facility") is an 11,000 square foot facility located in Ironton in Lawrence County, Ohio with over 1 mile of stainless-steel piping. The facility was completed in July 2019 and has been producing UPRP product since that time. The FEU is considered a pilot scale replica of the larger commercial line being developed at Plant 1. It serves the strategic purpose of determining if new feedstock streams are of sufficient quality before introducing them into the commercial line at Plant 1 initially, and later facilities as built. The FEU is designed to protect the throughput and uptime of the commercial line. It can also serve as a limited, supplemental production source, adding capacity to Plant 1 as needed. Quantities of offtake from the FEU have been provided to offtake partners for evaluation. To date, the product produced is within ranges acceptable under contractual offtake agreements. When the commercial line is operational, the FEU will remain a critical component for testing feedstock.

Plant 1

Located on the same site as the FEU, PCT commenced construction in October 2020 on its first commercial scale recycling facility ("Plant 1" or the "Phase II Facility"). The property is formerly owned by The Dow Chemical Company, where a plant is no longer in operation, but significant infrastructure remains. PCT intends to construct, renovate, equip and install an approximately 150,000 square foot facility housing commercial-scale equipment designed to process 182 tons per day of waste polypropylene, including the repurposing of three existing buildings for feedstock pre-processing and storage. Once operational, Plant 1 should be capable of annual production of 107 million pounds of UPRP when operating at 90% capacity and with expected process losses. We expect Plant 1 to begin production in late 2022 and are using the same team that brought the Phase I Facility online, specifically:

- The core process, known as the Inside Battery Limit ("ISBL"), is comprised of process equipment, extruders, pelletizers, and related equipment and is to be provided under an equipment supply contract with Koch Modular Process Systems, LLC ("KMPS"), a leading global engineering, procurement and construction group.
- Denham-Blythe Company, Inc., ("Denham-Blythe"), a provider of architectural, engineering, construction management, general contracting, and start-up services, has been selected to serve as the Outside Battery Limit ("OSBL") and will perform all civil and structural construction aspects of Plant 1, in addition to plant components related to materials handling and transfer.
- M. A. Mortenson Company, a construction company, will be the Company's agent responsible for, among other things, coordinating PCT, Denham-Blythe and its subcontractor, EN Engineering, Inc., and KMPS.

Most importantly, each of KMPS and Denham-Blythe, among other suppliers and third party vendors are providing process guarantees, warrantees of performance, and/or have entered into agreements with liquidated damage provisions if certain progress milestones are not reached.

Government Regulation

PCT is subject to laws and regulations administered by various federal, state and local government agencies in the United States, such as the U.S. Food and Drug Administration ("FDA"), the Federal Trade Commission, the Environmental Protection Agency, and the Occupational Safety and Health Administration.

Under various federal statutes and implementing regulations, these agencies, among other things, prescribe the requirements and establish the standards for quality and safety and regulate PCT's products and the manufacturing, labeling, marketing, promotion, and advertising thereof.

PCT is also subject to labor and employment laws, laws governing advertising, privacy laws, safety regulations, marketing claims and other laws, including but not limited to consumer protection regulations that regulate retailers or govern the promotion and sale of merchandise. PCT's operations, and those of its suppliers, are subject to various laws and regulations relating to environmental protection and worker health and safety matters.

FDA Letter of No Objection

PCT has followed the U.S. Food and Drug Administration's (FDA) *Guidance for Industry: Use of Recycled Plastics in Food Packaging (Chemistry Considerations).* It is expected that the FDA will provide, but PCT cannot guarantee receipt of, a Letter of No Objection ("NOL") in 2021, which would permit the Company's UPRP to be used in food grade applications. The process for obtaining an NOL will include FDA evaluation of both the PCT purification process as well as the recycled feedstock resin. As such, PCT will seek multiple NOLs for type of use and for each categorically different source of feedstock. This process will provide necessary data to the FDA with the end goal of understanding the substances of interest in certain feedstocks and the level of removal from the purification process. And, in addition, as needed, individual migration studies will be conducted to simulate articles in contact with food.

Intellectual Property

Pursuant to the License Agreement, P&G has granted PCT a license to utilize P&G's intellectual property and PCT, subject to the Grant Back, licenses back to P&G a right to sublicense, subject to volume and geographic restrictions, the P&G technology. PCT has a limited right to sublicense the technology to PCT affiliates and select third parties with the consent of P&G. The intellectual property is tied to the proprietary purification process by which waste polypropylene may be converted to ultra-pure recycled polypropylene. The License Agreement also governs the ownership of process improvements (as defined in the License Agreement) invented by PCT are owned by PCT and are licensed back to P&G for the purpose of selling licensed product, while Improvements (as defined in the License Agreement) invented by P&G or jointly by P&G and PCT are owned by P&G and licensed to PCT. The license may become non-exclusive if PCT fails to make payments or undergoes a change of control without the prior written consent of P&G. If PCT defaults under the License Agreement and the License Agreement is terminated, P&G fails to perform its obligations under these agreements, or PCT's relationship with P&G is otherwise damaged or severed, this could have a material adverse effect on PCT's business, results of operations or financial performance. In addition, P&G's failure to consent to future sublicenses by PCT to PCT affiliates and select third parties would limit PCT's ability to expand as contemplated by its current business plan.

The License Agreement will terminate upon the later of (a) the expiration of the last Licensed Patent (as defined in the License Agreement) to expire and (b) the expiry date of the warrant between PCT and P&G (which was executed on October 16, 2020). Under the License Agreement, nine Utility Patents were filed and granted by the United States Patent and Trademark Office ("USPTO"). Each Utility Patent will expire on the 20-year anniversary of the original application filing date. There are four additional Utility Patents pending which will reset the duration of the License Agreement. Together, these thirteen Utility Patents make up the Licensed Patents.

Facilities

From May 2018 to September 2020, PCT leased the Lawrence County, Ohio property from Innventure LLC, an affiliate of PCT. On October 8, 2020, a PCT subsidiary purchased the land from Innventure LLC. See the section entitled "Certain Relationships and Related Party Transactions."

PCT leases its office space, which consists of 2,870 square feet located at 5950 Hazeltine National Drive, Suite 650, Orlando, Florida 32822 expiring September 2022 and 2,714 square feet located at 925 County Road 1A, Bldg 560, Ironton, OH 45638 expiring January 2021.

PCT believes that its current facilities are suitable and adequate to meet its current needs.

Human Capital Resources

Employees & Demographics. As of September 30, 2020, PCT employs 31 employees. None of PCT's employees are represented by a labor union. With respect to demographics, approximately 30% of our employees are female and 70% are male. There will be additions to our staff in the coming months as our operations expand to support the initial operation of the Project and the contemplated future expansion.

Talent & Turnover. With a focus on talent acquisition, the leadership team seeks out the most qualified candidates for open roles and endeavors to keep them at PCT. We have a robust program for seeking out those candidates, which ranges from sourcing through talent applications, reviewing direct applicants and using internal referrals to fill roles. Additionally, we strive to promote internally, if applicable. Our program has resulted in a low turnover rate of 6% to date.

Compensation Practice & Pay Equality. As PCT evolves and expands operations, Human Resources in partnership with the leadership team will continue to evaluate the existing workforce to ensure that best practices are maintained across the entire team without risk of inequality. Pay structures will be reviewed annually to ensure best practices in a competitive market and, as part of that review, compensation will be realigned where appropriate for existing employees and new hires.

Legal Proceedings

As of the date of this prospectus, PCT was not party to any material legal proceedings. In the future, PCT may become party to legal matters and claims arising in the ordinary course of business, the resolution of which PCT does not anticipate would have a material adverse impact on its financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

COMBINED COMPANY MANAGEMENT

References in this section to "we", "our", "us" and the "Company" generally refer to PCT and its consolidated subsidiaries prior to the Business Combination and ParentCo and its consolidated subsidiaries after giving effect to the Business Combination, also referred to as the Combined Company.

Executive Officers and Directors After the Business Combination

The following persons are expected to serve as the Combined Company's executive officers and directors following the Business Combination.

Name	Age	Position
Executive Officers		
Michael Otworth	58	Chairman, Chief Executive Officer and Director
Michael Dee	64	Chief Financial Officer, Secretary and Treasurer
David Brenner	35	Chief Commercial Officer
Non-Employee Directors		
Tanya Burnell	43	Director
Richard Brenner	66	Director
Dr. John Scott	69	Director
Jeffrey Fieler	51	Director
Timothy Glockner	44	Director

Michael Otworth will serve as the Combined Company's Chairman and Chief Executive Officer and as a member of the Combined Company's board of directors. Mr. Otworth has served as Chief Executive Officer of Innventure LLC, an affiliate of PCT, and PCT and as a member of PCT's board of directors since October 2015. Previously, Mr. Otworth served as President and Founding Partner of Green Ocean Innovation from 2008 to 2015, which provided technology sourcing and innovation strategy and development services to Lilly/Elanco Animal Health primarily focusing on therapeutics, diagnostics and various medical devices. Prior to Green Ocean Innovation, he served as Vice-President and Founding CEO of multiple start-ups at XL TechGroup ("XLTG"), a venture capital firm, from 1996 to 2000. Additionally, Mr. Otworth was a key senior management leader of XLTG, which founded, capitalized and advanced companies successfully to late stage funding from 2000 to 2008. He began his career on Capitol Hill working as a legislative aide and committee staff member in the U.S. House of Representatives after Graduating from Otterbein University with a B.A. in Political Science & Biology. We believe Mr. Otworth is qualified to serve as Chief Executive Officer of the Combined Company and as a member of the Combined Company's board due to his more than 24 years of experience leading start-ups in the technology industry.

Michael Dee will serve as the Combined Company's Chief Financial Officer. Mr. Dee joined as the Company's Chief Financial Officer in October 2020. Previously, Mr. Dee served as the Managing Member of Bird Creek Capital LLC, a consulting services company, providing advice and services to the Company. Before joining the Company, Mr. Dee served as the President and Chief Financial Officer and a member of the board of directors of Graf Industrial Corp., a special purpose acquisition company from October 2018 to September 2020, which acquired a lidar technology company in September 2020. Previously, Mr. Dee was involved in a number of personal investment and philanthropic activities. In 2015 and 2016, Mr. Dee was a Senior Advisor to the President for Finance of the Asian Infrastructure Investment Bank, a \$100 billion multilateral development bank, and served as a member of its Management and Investment Committee. From 2010 to 2015, Mr. Dee managed various private investments, including providing advice to SeaOne Maritime Corp., a startup focused on the monetization of natural gas and gas liquids. Mr. Dee was Senior Managing Director - International of Temasek Holdings Private Limited, Singapore's sovereign investment company, from 2008 to 2010 and also served as a senior member of its Management Committee and Investment Committee. Prior to joining Temasek, Mr. Dee worked at Morgan Stanley from 1981 to 2007 in a variety of senior positions in its capital markets, mergers and acquisitions and firm management divisions, including acting as Head of Fixed Income Capital Markets, Sovereign and Financial Institutions Coverage for Asia, Regional Chief Executive Officer for Southeast Asia and as Head of Morgan Stanley's regional office in Houston. He was also appointed Singapore's Honorary Consul General in Houston. Mr. Dee received a Bachelor of Science degree in Economics from the Wharton School of the University of Pennsylvania in 1981. Mr. Dee's qualifications include his extensive global experience in public markets, co

David Brenner will serve as the Combined Company's Chief Commercial Officer. Mr. Brenner has served as the Company's Chief Commercial Officer since August 2020. He also served as PCT's Chief Integration Officer from January 2017 to August 2020. Prior to joining PCT, Mr. Brenner was a Senior Solution Manager, from September 2016 to November 2016, and a Manager, from September 2012 to September 2016, at Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu Limited, a division of a multinational professional services network. Mr. Brenner's prior experience also includes leading the implementation of Electronic Medical Records for orthopedic surgeons, modernizing flagship applications for the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, and supporting the implementation of the Affordable Care Act at Health Care Service Corporation. He earned his MBA from Texas A&M and holds a B.A. in Business Administration, Operations Management from The University of Texas.

Non-Employee Directors

Tanya Burnell will serve as a member of the Combined Company's board of directors. Ms. Burnell has been a member of the board of directors of PCT since August 2020. Since June 2013, Ms. Burnell has served as a Director of CC Industries, Inc., an affiliate of Henry Crown and Company, a privately owned investment company that invests in public and private securities, real estate, and operating companies. In her role, Ms. Burnell focuses primarily on sourcing and executing new investment opportunities, and providing strategic, financial and operational oversight to operating companies. We believe Ms. Burnell is well-qualified to serve as a member of the Combined Company's board due to her expertise and experience in finance, operational oversight, and strategy.

Richard Brenner will serve as a member of the Combined Company's board of directors. Mr. Brenner has served as the Chief Operating Officer of Innventure LLC, an affiliate of PCT, and as a member of the board of directors of PCT since October 16, 2015. Previously, he was the CEO and Co-founder of SPRIM Strategy & Intelligent Innovation, a strategy consulting firm, from 2012 to March 2017, where he oversaw the company's business operations and ensured the company had effective operational and financial procedures in place. Earlier in his career, Mr. Brenner served as Marketing Director at P&G for Noxzema skin care, followed by Secret and Sure antiperspirants in Cincinnati. He earned his MBA from Northwestern University and his B.S. in Business Administration from the University of Maryland. We believe Mr. Brenner is well-qualified to serve as a member of the Combined Company's board due to his experience in strategy marketing, finance and operations.

Dr. John Scott will serve as a member of the Combined Company's board of directors Dr. Scott is the Founder and Principal of the Company and has served as PCT's Chief Science Officer and as a member of the Company's board of directors since October 2015. Additionally, he has served as a senior scientific advisor to PCT's management team since 2015. Additionally, Dr. Scott is a founder of XLTG and served as its CEO from 1993 to 2013. For the early part of his career, Dr. Scott was an academic scientist for various universities and government labs including the Universities of Maryland, North Carolina and Arizona and the NASA Goddard Space Flight Center. Additionally, he served as a scientific consultant to six national governments and has advised NATO and the Institute for Defense Analysis. Based on these experiences, Dr. Scott devised a systematic methodology for founding, funding and scaling start-up disruptive technology companies. He is a dual program Ph.D. in Physics/Astrophysics with over 60 papers published. We believe Dr. Scott is qualified to serve as a member of the Combined Company's board due to his vast scientific expertise and his over 45 years of experience in scientific development, consulting and leadership.

Jeffrey Fieler will serve as a member of the Combined Company's board of directors. From June 2010 to March 2018, Mr. Fieler served as the Founder and Portfolio Manager of Sylebra Capital Management, a global investment manager, where he managed an active portfolio in the global technology, media and telecommunications sectors with assets under management in excess of \$1.5 billion. From May 2003 until June 2010, Mr. Fieler served as a Senior Partner (from January 2007 until June 2010) and Partner (from May 2003 until January 2007) at Coatue Management, a global investment manager, where he managed investment research and portfolio positions related to the internet, media and telecom industries. From March 2000 until May 2003, Mr. Fieler was a Managing Director and Senior Internet Analyst at Bear Stearns, an investment bank. Mr. Fieler has an MBA from the New York University Stern School of Business and a B.A. from Brown University. We believe Mr. Fieler is well-qualified to serve as a member of the Combined Company's board due to his broad experience in finance and investing.

Timothy Glockner will serve as a member of the Combined Company's board of directors. Since 2019, Mr. Glockner has served as the president of Glockner Enterprises, a transportation finance, insurance and investment company. Mr. Glockner served as Vice President of Glockner Enterprises from 2002 until 2019. We believe Mr. Glockner is well-qualified to serve as a member of the Combined Company's board due to his over 18 years of experience in operations, leadership and company development.

Company Related Party Transactions

Other than described below, there are no related party transactions between the Company and the anticipated executive officers and directors of the Combined Company.

Mr. Fieler agreed to purchase 1,000,000 shares of ROCH Common Stock in the PIPE for an aggregate purchase price of \$10.0 million, which amount was reduced to 700,000 shares for an aggregate purchase price of \$7.0 million in connection with the finalization of the PIPE Placement allocations.

For more details regarding the related party transactions between the Company and its other anticipated executive officers and directors, see the section entitled "Certain Relationships and Related Party Transactions."

Corporate Governance

We will structure our corporate governance in a manner the Combined Company believes will closely align our interest with those of our stockholders following the Business Combination. Notable features of this corporate governance include:

- we will have independent director representation on our audit, compensation and nominating and corporate governance committees immediately at the time of the Business Combination, and our independent directors will meet regularly in executive sessions without the presence of our corporate officers or non-independent directors; and
- · at least one of our directors will qualify as an "audit committee financial expert" as defined by the SEC.

Election of Officers

Each executive officer serves at the discretion of our board of directors and holds office until his or her successor is duly appointed or until his or her earlier resignation or removal. Other than Richard Brenner and David Brenner, who are father and son, respectively, there are no family relationships among any of our directors and executive officers.

Board Composition

Our board of directors will consist of directors upon closing of the Business Combination. Each of the Combined Company's directors will continue to serve as a director until the election and qualification of his or her successor or until his or her earlier death, resignation or removal. The authorized number of directors may be changed by resolution of our board of directors. Vacancies on our board of directors can be filled by resolution of our board of directors.

Our board of directors is divided into three classes, each serving staggered, three-year terms until the date (the "Sunset Date") of the first annual meeting of the stockholders that is held after the fifth anniversary of the effectiveness of the Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation:

- our Class I directors will be and their terms will expire at the first annual meeting of stockholders following the date of this prospectus;
- our Class II directors will be , and their terms will expire at the second annual meeting of stockholders following the date of this prospectus; and
- our Class III directors will be and their terms will expire at the third annual meeting of stockholders following the date of this prospectus.

Each of and Mr. Fieler is a director designated by certain of the ROCH Investors (as defined therein) and the Pre-PIPE Investors (as defined therein), respectively, pursuant to the Investor Rights Agreement. Pursuant to the Investor Rights Agreement, one of the two directors will be designated by certain of the ROCH Investors for two years following the date of the Investor Rights Agreement and, in that two year period, the other director will be designated by certain of the Pre-PIPE Investors until the Pre-PIPE Investors no longer hold 10% or more of the Combined Company's outstanding Common Stock (the "Threshold"). Following the end of the above-mentioned two year period and until the Pre-PIPE Investors no longer hold the Threshold, certain of the Pre-PIPE Investors shall continue to have the right to designate one director to the Combined Company's board of directors. Ms. Burnell is a director designated by Pure Crown LLC pursuant to the Pure Crown Letter Agreement. For more details, see the section entitled "Certain Relationships and Related Party Transactions — Class A Unit Purchase Agreement with Pure Crown LLC."

Prior to the Sunset Date and as a result of the staggered board, only one class of directors will be elected at each annual meeting of stockholders, with the other classes continuing for the remainder of their respective terms. At any meeting of stockholders at which directors are to be elected prior to the Sunset Date, the number of directors elected may not exceed the greatest number of directors then in office in any class of directors. The directors first appointed to Class I will hold office for a term expiring at the annual meeting of stockholders to be held in 2021; the directors first appointed to Class III will hold office for a term expiring at the annual meeting of stockholders to be held in 2022; and the directors first appointed to Class III will hold office for a term expiring at the annual meeting of stockholders to be held in 2023, with the members of each class to hold office until their successors are elected and qualified. At each succeeding annual meeting of the stockholders of the Combined Company held prior to the Sunset Date, the successors to the class of directors whose term expires at that meeting will be elected by plurality vote of all votes cast at such meeting to hold office for a term expiring at the annual meeting of stockholders held in the third year following the year of their election and until their successors are elected and qualified. All directors elected at annual meeting of stockholders held on or after the Sunset Date will be elected for terms expiring at the next annual meeting of stockholders and will not be subject to the classification provisions set forth above. Subject to the rights, if any, of the holders of any series of preferred stock to elect additional directors under circumstances specified in a preferred stock designation, directors may be elected by the stockholders only at an annual meeting of stockholders.

Our board of directors will be chaired by Mr. Otworth, the current Chief Executive Officer of PCT. Our board of directors believes that combining the positions of Chief Executive Officer and Chairman helps to ensure that our board of directors and management act with a common purpose. In addition, our board of directors believes that a combined Chief Executive Officer and Chairman is better positioned to act as a bridge between management and our board of directors, facilitating the regular flow of information. Our board of directors also believes that it is advantageous to have a chairperson with significant history with and extensive knowledge of PCT, as is the case with Mr. Otworth.

Independence of our Board of Directors

Our board of directors has undertaken a review of the independence of each director. Based on information provided by each director concerning his or her background, employment, and affiliations, our board of directors has determined that the Combined Company's board of directors will meet independence standards under the applicable rules and regulations of the SEC and the listing standards of NASDAQ. In making these determinations, our board of directors considered the current and prior relationships that each non- employee director has with our company and all other facts and circumstances our board of directors deemed relevant in determining their independence, including the beneficial ownership of our capital stock by each non-employee director, and the transactions involving them described in the section titled "Certain Relationships and Related Party Transactions." In making these determinations, our board of directors considered, among other things, the Glockner Line of Credit in light of Mr. Timothy Glockner's position as President of Glockner Enterprises, an affiliate of Glockner Finance and Auto Now Acceptance Co., LLC. The interest expense paid by the Company in connection with the Glockner Line of Credit was less than the greater of \$200,000 or 5% of the annual consolidated gross revenues of Glockner Enterprises in the current year and in each of the past three fiscal years. Our board of directors ultimately concluded that this relationship did not impair Mr. Timothy Glockner's independence.

Board Committees

Our board of directors has three standing committees: an audit committee; a compensation committee and a nominating and corporate governance committee. Each of the committees will report to the board of directors as it deems appropriate and as the board of directors may request. The expected composition, duties and responsibilities of these committees are set forth below. In the future, our board of directors may establish other committees, as it deems appropriate, to assist it with its responsibilities.

Audit Committee

The audit committee provides assistance to our board of directors in fulfilling its legal and fiduciary obligations in matters involving our accounting, auditing, financial reporting and legal compliance functions by approving the services performed by our independent registered public accounting firm and reviewing their reports regarding our accounting practices and systems of internal accounting controls. The audit committee also oversees the audit efforts of our independent registered public accounting firm and takes those actions as it deems necessary to satisfy itself that the independent registered public accounting firm is independent of management. Subject to phase-in rules and a limited exception, the rules of NASDAQ and Rule 10A-3 of the Exchange Act require that the audit committee of a listed company be comprised solely of independent directors. Our audit committee will meet the requirements for independence of audit committee members under applicable SEC and NASDAQ rules. All of the members of our audit committee meet the requirements for financial literacy under the applicable rules and regulations of the SEC and NASDAQ. In addition, qualifies as our "audit committee financial expert," as such term is defined in Item 407 of Regulation S-K.

Our board of directors will adopt a new written charter for the audit committee, which will be available on our website after adoption. The information on our website is not intended to form a part of or be incorporated by reference into this prospectus.

Compensation Committee

The compensation committee will determine our general compensation policies and the compensation provided to our officers. The compensation committee will also make recommendations to our board of directors regarding director compensation. In addition, the compensation committee will review and determine security-based compensation for our directors, officers, employees and consultants and will administer our equity incentive plans. Our compensation committee will also oversee our corporate compensation programs. Each member of our compensation committee will be independent, as defined under the NASDAQ listing rules, and will also satisfy NASDAQ's additional independence standards for compensation committee members. Each member of our compensation committee will be a non-employee director (within the meaning of Rule 16b-3 under the Exchange Act).

Our board of directors will adopt a new written charter for the compensation committee, which will be available on our website after adoption. The information on our website is not intended to form a part of or be incorporated by reference into this prospectus.

Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee

The nominating and corporate governance committee is responsible for making recommendations to our board of directors regarding candidates for directorships and the size and composition of the board. In addition, the nominating and corporate governance committee will be responsible for overseeing our corporate governance and reporting and making recommendations to the board of directors concerning corporate governance matters. Each member of our nominating and corporate governance committee will be independent as defined under the NASDAQ listing rules.

Our board of directors will adopt a new written charter for the nominating and corporate governance committee, which will be available on our website after adoption. The information on our website is not intended to form a part of or be incorporated by reference into this prospectus.

Role of Our Board of Directors in Risk Oversight

One of the key functions of our board of directors is informed oversight of our risk management process. Our board of directors administers this oversight function directly through our board of directors as a whole, as well as through various standing committees of our board of directors that address risks inherent in their respective areas of oversight. In particular, our board of directors is responsible for monitoring and assessing strategic risk exposure, and our audit committee will have the responsibility to consider and discuss our major financial risk exposures and the steps our management has taken to monitor and control these exposures, including guidelines and policies to govern the process by which risk assessment and management is undertaken. The audit committee will also have the responsibility to review with management the process by which risk assessment and management is undertaken, monitor compliance with legal and regulatory requirements, and review the adequacy and effectiveness of our internal controls over financial reporting. Our nominating and corporate governance committee will be responsible for periodically evaluating our company's corporate governance policies and systems in light of the governance risks that our company faces and the adequacy of our company's policies and procedures designed to address such risks. Our compensation committee will assess and monitor whether any of our compensation plans, policies and programs comply with applicable legal and regulatory requirements.

Compensation Committee Interlocks and Insider Participation

Other than our Chief Executive Officer's, Mr. Otworth's, service on the board of managers of Innventure LLC, where ParentCo director Mr. Rick Brenner is an executive officer, no interlocking relationship exists between our board of directors or compensation committee and the board of directors or compensation committee of any other entity, nor has any interlocking relationship existed in the past. None of the members of our compensation committee has at any time during the prior three years been one of our officers or employees.

Code of Business Conduct and Ethics for Employees, Executive Officers, and Directors

Following the Closing of the Business Combination, our board of directors will adopt a Code of Business Conduct and Ethics, or the Code of Conduct, applicable to all of our employees, executive officers and directors, including our Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer and other executive and senior financial officers. The Code of Conduct will be available on our website after adoption. Any amendments to the Code of Conduct, or any waivers of its requirements, are expected to be disclosed on its website to the extent required by applicable rules and exchange requirements. The information on our website is not intended to form a part of or be incorporated by reference into this prospectus.

Compensation of Directors and Officers

Employment Agreements

PCT has entered into employment agreements with certain of its executive officers that are expected to govern certain terms and conditions of such executive officers' employment following the Business Combination. The employment agreements with Mike Otworth and David Brenner, which were entered into on November 14, 2020, are described below under "PCT Executive Compensation — Employment Agreements/Arrangements with our NEOs — New Employment Agreements" and "PCT Executive Compensation — Severance and Change in Control Compensation."

Since July 2020 Bird Creek Capital LLC ("Bird Creek"), for which Mr. Dee has served as the Managing Director, has provided advisory services to PCT regarding the negotiation of PCT's potential financings. In September 2020, PCT entered into a Consulting Services Agreement (the "Bird Creek Agreement") with Bird Creek to memorialize the terms of his consulting arrangement, including with respect to services provided before the date of the agreement. The fee under the Bird Creek Agreement was to be negotiated between the parties in good faith following the date of the Bird Creek Agreement. Certain payments made pursuant to the Dee Employment Agreement (as defined below) are deemed to satisfy, in full, PCT's obligations under the Bird Creek Agreement.

On November 15, 2020, in connection with Mr. Dee's commencement of service as PCT's Chief Financial Officer, PCT entered into an employment agreement with Mr. Dee (the "Dee Employment Agreement"). The Dee Employment Agreement sets forth the basic terms of Mr. Dee's employment, including a base salary of \$450,000 and eligibility to participate in PCT's (or its successor's) annual bonus program, equity award program, and certain employee benefit and fringe benefit plans and programs.

Pursuant to the Dee Employment Agreement, upon the completion of a business combination of PCT with a company formed to raise capital through an initial public offering for the purpose of acquiring an existing company (such as the Business Combination) (a "SPAC Transaction"), Mr. Dee will become entitled to total cash payments of \$3,000,000 (the "Negotiated Payment"), payable in two installments during 2021. The Negotiated Payment represents a negotiated fee under the Bird Creek Agreement and reflects the significant contributions made by Mr. Dee with respect to the negotiation of financing transactions to fund working capital and continue construction on the Phase II Facility, as well his contribution to negotiating and structuring the Merger, the pre-PIPE Investment and the PIPE Investment during the term of the Bird Creek Agreement.

In further recognition of Mr. Dee's significant contributions to PCT during the Bird Creek consulting relationship, his considerable public company experience in finance and accounting and his experience in M&A and the capital markets generally and as an inducement to join the PCT management team, the Dee Employment Agreement also provides for the following initial equity awards to Mr. Dee, contingent upon the successful completion of a SPAC Transaction (assumed for purposes of this disclosure to be the Business Combination) and certain other securities law and stock exchange-based conditions:

- A stock option with a grant date Black-Scholes value of \$7,000,000 and an exercise price equal to the fair market value of the Combined Company's common stock on the date of grant, which stock option will generally vest in substantially equal installments on each of the first three anniversaries of the grant date and have a term of seven years;
- 1,000,000 restricted shares that will generally vest in substantially equal installments on (1) the date that is six months after the Closing Date, (2) the date that is 12 months after the Closing Date, and (3) the date on which PCT's Ironton, Ohio plant becomes operational (as certified in accordance with the terms of the Dee Employment Agreement); and
- 200,000 performance-based restricted stock units ("PRSUs") that will generally vest if, after six months after the Closing and prior to or as of the third anniversary of the Closing, the closing price of the Combined Company's common stock is greater than or equal to \$18.00 over any 20 trading days within any 30-trading day period. Each PRSU will represent the right to receive one share of common stock of the Combined Company.

Pursuant to the Dee Employment Agreement, if Mr. Dee's employment is terminated by PCT without "cause" or by Mr. Dee for "good reason" (as such terms are defined in Mr. Dee's employment agreement), Mr. Dee will be entitled to receive: (1) continued base salary payments for six months and (2) reimbursement of COBRA continuation coverage premiums for up to six months to the extent they exceed the premiums paid by similarly situated active executives of PCT. Payment of these amounts is generally subject to Mr. Dee's compliance with certain restrictive covenants and execution of a customary release of claims in favor of PCT. In addition, the Dee Employment Agreement provides that if his employment is terminated by PCT without "cause" or by him for "good reason," his initial equity awards (as described above) will vest in full (and, in the case of the initial option award, remain exercisable until the earlier of two years after the date of such termination and the original expiration date of such option). If Mr. Dee's employment is terminated due to his death or "disability" (as defined in his employment agreement), Mr. Dee will be entitled to receive a lump sum cash payment equal to the annual bonus that he would have earned for the calendar year of termination based on actual performance achievement for the full performance year, pro-rated based on his period of service during such year.

The Dee Employment Agreement has an initial two-year term, after which the agreement will be automatically extended for successive one-year terms unless either party provides 30 days' prior notice of its intention not to extend the term. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Dee Employment Agreement will terminate if the Business Combination (or another similar SPAC transaction) is not completed on or before December 31, 2021.

Overview of Anticipated Executive Compensation Program

Following the closing of the Business Combination, decisions with respect to the compensation of our executive officers, including our named executive officers, will be made by the compensation committee of our board of directors. The following discussion is based on the present expectations as to the compensation of our named executive officers and directors following the Business Combination. The actual compensation of our named executive officers will depend on the judgment of the members of the compensation committee and may differ from that set forth in the following discussion. Such compensation will also generally be governed by our executive officers' employment agreements, as in effect from time to time, including as described above.

We anticipate that compensation for our executive officers will have the following components: base salary, cash bonus opportunities, equity compensation, employee benefits, executive perquisites and severance benefits will be designed to attract and retain senior management talent. We will also use annual cash bonuses and equity awards to promote performance-based pay that aligns the interests of our named executive officers with the long-term interests of our equity-owners and to enhance executive retention.

Annual Bonuses

We expect that we will use annual cash incentive bonuses for the named executive officers to motivate their achievement of short-term performance goals and tie a portion of their cash compensation to performance. We expect that, near the beginning of each year, the compensation committee will select the performance targets, target amounts, target award opportunities and other terms and conditions of annual cash bonuses for the named executive officers, subject to the terms of their employment agreements. Following the end of each year, the compensation committee will determine the extent to which the performance targets were achieved and the amount of the award that is payable to the named executive officers.

Stock-Based Awards

We expect to use stock-based awards in future years to promote our interest by providing these executives with the opportunity to acquire equity interests as an incentive for their remaining in our service and aligning the executives' interests with those of our equity holders.

Other Compensation

We expect to continue to offer various employee benefit plans currently offered by PCT (or similar plans). We may also provide our named executive officers with perquisites and personal benefits that are not generally available to all employees.

Director Compensation

Following the Business Combination, our non-employee directors will receive varying levels of compensation for their services as directors and members of committees of our board of directors. We anticipate determining director compensation in accordance with industry practice and standards.

Limitation on Liability and Indemnification of Directors and Officers

The Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation, which will be effective upon consummation of the Business Combination, will limit a directors' liability to the fullest extent permitted under the Delaware General Corporation Law ("DGCL"). The DGCL provides that directors of a corporation will not be personally liable for monetary damages for breach of their fiduciary duties as directors, except for liability:

- for any transaction from which the director derives an improper personal benefit;
- · for any act or omission not in good faith or that involves intentional misconduct or a knowing violation of law;
- for any unlawful payment of dividends or redemption of shares; or
- · for any breach of a director's duty of loyalty to the corporation or its stockholders.

If the DGCL is amended to authorize corporate action further eliminating or limiting the personal liability of directors, then the liability of the directors will be eliminated or limited to the fullest extent permitted by the DGCL, as so amended.

Delaware law and the Amended and Restated Bylaws provide that ParentCo will, in certain situations, indemnify its directors and officers and may indemnify other employees and other agents, to the fullest extent permitted by law. Any indemnified person is also entitled, subject to certain limitations, to advancement, direct payment, or reimbursement of reasonable expenses (including attorneys' fees and disbursements) in advance of the final disposition of the proceeding.

In addition, ParentCo will enter into separate indemnification agreements with its directors and officers. These agreements, among other things, require ParentCo to indemnify its directors and officers for certain expenses, including attorneys' fees, judgments, fines, and settlement amounts incurred by a director or officer in any action or proceeding arising out of their services as one of its directors or officers or any other company or enterprise to which the person provides services at its request.

ParentCo plans to maintain a directors' and officers' insurance policy pursuant to which its directors and officers are insured against liability for actions taken in their capacities as directors and officers. We believe these provisions in the Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation Amended and Restated Bylaws and these indemnification agreements are necessary to attract and retain qualified persons as directors and officers.

Insofar as indemnification for liabilities arising under the Securities Act may be permitted to directors, officers, or control persons, in the opinion of the SEC, such indemnification is against public policy as expressed in the Securities Act and is therefore unenforceable.

PCT EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION

This section discusses the material components of the fiscal year 2019 executive compensation programs for the executive officers of PCT who were "named executive officers" for 2019. This discussion may contain forward-looking statements that are based on PCT's current plans, considerations, expectations and determinations regarding future compensation programs. Actual compensation programs that PCT adopts following the completion of the Business Combination may differ materially from the existing and currently planned programs summarized or referred to in this discussion.

As an emerging growth company, PCT has opted to comply with the executive compensation disclosure rules applicable to "smaller reporting companies" as such term is defined in the rules promulgated under the Securities Act, which, in general, require compensation disclosure for PCT's principal executive officer and its two other most highly compensated executive officers, referred to herein as our named executive officers (the "NEOs").

Mike Otworth was PCT's principal executive officer for the entirety of fiscal 2019. The two most highly compensated executive officers of PCT that were serving in such capacity at the end of fiscal 2019 (other than Mr. Otworth) were David Brenner and Dr. John Scott.

Therefore, for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2019, PCT's NEOs were:

- Mike Otworth, Chief Executive Officer;
- · David Brenner, Chief Commercial Officer; and
- Dr. John Scott, Chief Science Officer, Founder and Principal.

Mr. Otworth and David Brenner are expected to continue to serve as executive officers of the Combined Company following the consummation of the Business Combination

The following table provides information regarding the compensation of PCT's NEOs for the 2019 fiscal year.

2019 Summary Compensation Table

Name and Principal Position	Fiscal Year	Salary (\$) ⁽¹⁾	Bonus (\$)	Stock Awards (\$) ⁽²⁾	Option Awards (\$)	Non-Equity Incentive Plan Compensation (\$)	All Other Compensation (\$)	Total (\$)
Mike Otworth Chief Executive Officer	2019	255,000		936,600				1,191,600
Dr. John Scott Chief Science Officer, Founder and Principal (3)	2019	57,500	_	669,000	_	_	_	726,500
David Brenner Chief Commercial Officer ⁽⁴⁾	2019	187,751	_	-	-	-	-	187,751

- (1) For Mr. Otworth and David Brenner, amounts represent base salary earned during 2019. For Dr. Scott, the amount represents payments to Corporate Development Group (a corporation solely owned by Dr. Scott) with respect to Dr. Scott's consulting services to PCT during 2019. In April 2019, David Brenner's base salary was increased from \$158,000 to \$200,000.
- (2) Amounts in this column reflect the aggregate grant date fair value of Incentive Unit (as defined below) awards, in each case calculated in accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board Accounting Standards Codification Topic 718 ("ASC 718"). For information regarding assumptions underlying the valuation of equity awards, see the discussion under "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates Equity-Based Compensation" included elsewhere in this prospectus.
- (3) Dr. Scott, Chief Science Officer of Innventure LLC, has provided services to PCT in a consulting capacity.
- (4) During 2019 and until April 2019, David Brenner served as VP, Operations of PCT. From April 2019 until August 2020, David Brenner served as Chief Integration Officer of PCT. In August 2020, he was appointed Chief Commercial Officer of PCT.

Employment Agreements/Arrangements with our NEOs

Agreements in Effect During 2019

Prior to the execution of David Brenner's New Employment Agreement (as defined below), Innventure Management Services LLC was party to an employment agreement, dated April 25, 2018, with Mr. Brenner (the "Prior Brenner Agreement"). The Prior Brenner Agreement provided for, among other things, an initial base salary rate of \$150,000 per year. Pursuant to the Prior Brenner Agreement, either Innventure Management Services LLC or Mr. Brenner could terminate Mr. Brenner's employment at any time, upon which Mr. Brenner would have received any accrued but unpaid base salary and any unpaid business expense reimbursements, but would not have received any severance compensation or benefits. The Prior Brenner Agreement included customary employee and customer non-solicitation provisions that extended for one year following Mr. Brenner's termination of employment, as well as customary confidentiality, intellectual property and non-disparagement provisions in favor of Innventure Management Services LLC.

Mr. Otworth did not have an employment or consulting agreement during 2019. Mr. Scott did not have a formal agreement regarding his consulting services to PCT during 2019, except with respect to the project fee described below under "— Other Cash Compensation Arrangements."

New Employment Agreements

On November 14, 2020, PCT entered into employment agreements with Mr. Otworth and David Brenner (the "New Employment Agreements"). Notwithstanding the terms described below, the New Employment Agreements will terminate if a business combination of PCT with a company formed to raise capital through an initial public offering for the purpose of acquiring an existing company (such as the Business Combination) (a "SPAC Transaction") is not completed on or before December 31, 2021.

Mr. Otworth's New Employment Agreement provides that Mr. Otworth serves as the Chief Executive Officer of PCT and will be nominated to serve on PCT's Board of Directors as Chairman during his term as Chief Executive Officer. Mr. Otworth's base salary under his New Employment Agreement is \$750,000, subject to increase as determined by the Board of Directors of PCT. Mr. Otworth is also entitled to a cash bonus equal to \$5,000,000 in the event that a SPAC Transaction is successfully completed and Mr. Otworth remains continuously employed with PCT through the completion of the SPAC Transaction. The initial term of Mr. Otworth's New Employment Agreement ends on November 14, 2022, but the term will be automatically extended for additional one-year periods thereafter unless either party provides written notice of non-renewal at least 90 days prior to the end of the applicable term.

David Brenner's New Employment Agreement, which supersedes and replaces the Prior Brenner Agreement, provides that Mr. Brenner serves as the Chief Commercial Officer of PCT. Mr. Brenner's base salary under his New Employment Agreement is \$340,000, subject to annual review by the Board of Directors of PCT. The initial term of Mr. Brenner's New Employment Agreement ends on November 14, 2022, but the term will be automatically extended for additional one-year periods thereafter unless either party provides written notice of non-renewal at least 30 days prior to the end of the applicable term.

Under the New Employment Agreements, Mr. Otworth and David Brenner are each eligible to receive, for each calendar year during the term of the executive's employment beginning with the calendar year in which a SPAC Transaction is consummated, an annual bonus upon terms determined in the discretion of PCT's Board of Directors. For 2021, Mr. Brenner's annual bonus will consist of cash payments of \$33,333.33 that will be earned upon successful completion of each of the following objectives, subject to the closing of a SPAC Transaction and Mr. Brenner's continued employment through the date of completion of the applicable objective: (1) a SPAC Transaction closes in 2021; (2) all feedstock is contracted for PCT's second commercial plant in 2021; and (3) all product offtake is contracted for PCT's second commercial plant in 2021.

Also during their term of employment beginning with the calendar year in which a SPAC Transaction is consummated, Mr. Otworth and Mr. Brenner will be eligible to participate in PCT's equity compensation plans as determined by PCT's Board of Directors or the compensation committee thereof. Throughout the term of the New Employment Agreement, each of Mr. Otworth and Mr. Brenner will be entitled to fringe benefits and other perquisites consistent with those provided to similarly situated executives of PCT and to employee benefit participation on a basis that is no less favorable than other similarly situated executives of PCT. Under the New Employment Agreements, each of Mr. Otworth and Mr. Brenner agree to enter into a restrictive covenants agreement with PCT, which agreement includes customary non-competition, non-solicitation, and confidentiality provisions.

The New Employment Agreements provide for certain severance benefits for Mr. Otworth or Mr. Brenner in the event of certain terminations of employment, as further described below under "— Severance and Change in Control Compensation"

In addition to the New Employment Agreements, PCT also entered into an employment agreement with Michael Dee (who is not an NEO for purposes of this disclosure but who now serves as Chief Financial Officer of PCT) on November 15, 2020. For additional details on the terms of Mr. Dee's employment agreement and awards related to the Business Combination, see "Combined Company Management — Compensation of Directors and Officers — Employment Agreements" above.

2019 Bonus Compensation

None of the NEOs received or were eligible for bonus or cash incentive compensation with respect to fiscal 2019.

Other Cash Compensation Arrangements

Pursuant to a 2019 agreement with Innventure LLC and PCT, Dr. Scott and a certain consultant of Innventure LLC are entitled to share equally in a project fee calculated based on a percentage of certain financing secured with respect to PCT's business. Pursuant to such agreement, the fee is equal to 1.5% of the total financing, reduced by the amount of retainer fees paid to such consultant. The financing closed in October 2020, and, as a result, Dr. Scott became entitled to a total project fee equal to approximately \$1,519,125.

2019 Equity-Based Compensation

PCT has granted Class C Units of PCT ("Incentive Units") to certain service providers, including the NEOs, pursuant to the PCT Technologies LLC Amended and Restated Equity Incentive Plan (the "LLC Equity Plan"). The Incentive Units are intended to be "profits interests" for U.S. federal income tax purposes, and holders of Incentive Units do not have any voting rights with respect to such Incentive Units. The Incentive Units entitle the holders thereof to participate in distributions of PCT after certain members of PCT have received the return of an amount specified with respect to the Incentive Unit award (the "Distribution Threshold").

On August 7, 2019, Mr. Otworth was granted 52,500 Incentive Units and Dr. Scott was granted 37,500 Incentive Units. These Incentive Units have a Distribution Threshold of \$12 and were 100% vested on the date of grant.

On July 17, 2018, David Brenner was granted 75,327.54 Incentive Units with a Distribution Threshold of \$12, of which 40% were automatically vested on the grant date, and 20% were scheduled to vest on each of February 1, 2019, February 1, 2020 and February 1, 2021. In August 2019, David Brenner's Incentive Units were amended to provide for a modified vesting schedule. As modified, 25% of the Incentive Units were deemed vested as of February 1, 2017, and 1/36 of the remaining Incentive Units were generally scheduled to vest (or deemed to have vested) on the first day of each month thereafter.

Purpose of the Equity Plan

We have adopted the Equity Plan to allow the Combined Company to provide cash awards and equity-based compensation in the form of stock options, stock appreciation rights ("SARs"), restricted stock, restricted stock units ("RSUs"), performance shares, performance units, dividend equivalents, and certain other awards, including those denominated or payable in, or otherwise based on, shares of the Combined Company's common stock, for the purpose of providing incentives and rewards for service and/or performance to the Combined Company's non-employee directors, as well as officers, employees and certain consultants of the Combined Company and its subsidiaries. The Equity Plan will afford the Compensation Committee (as defined below) the ability to design compensatory awards that are responsive to the Combined Company's needs and authorizes a variety of award types designed to advance the interests and long-term success of the Combined Company by encouraging stock ownership among its participants. In addition, the Board believes that the ability to grant cash and equity-based awards will help the Combined Company to attract, retain, and motivate employees, consultants, and directors and encourage them to devote their best efforts to the Combined Company's business and financial success.

Promotion of Good Corporate Governance Practices

The Board believes the use of stock-based incentive awards promotes best practices in corporate governance by incentivizing the creation of stockholder value. By providing participants in the Equity Plan with a stake in the Combined Company's success, the interests of the participants are further aligned with those of stockholders. Specific features of the Equity Plan that are consistent with commonly viewed good corporate governance practices include, but are not limited to:

- the Equity Plan prohibits the grant of dividend equivalents with respect to options and SARs and subjects all dividends and dividend equivalents paid with respect to
 other awards to the same vesting conditions as the underlying shares subject to the awards;
- the Equity Plan does not contain a liberal change in control definition;
- except in connection with a corporate transaction, options and SARs under the Equity Plan may not be granted with exercise or base prices lower than the fair market value of the underlying shares on the grant date;
- outside of certain corporate transactions or adjustment events described in the Equity Plan or in connection with a "change in control," the exercise or base price of stock options and SARs cannot be reduced, and "underwater" stock options or SARs cannot be cancelled in exchange for cash or replaced with other awards with a lower exercise or base price, without stockholder approval under the Equity Plan; and
- non-employee directors may not be awarded compensation for their service as a director having an aggregate maximum value on the grant date that exceeds \$750,000 during any calendar year, and such limit may not be amended without first seeking stockholder approval.

Summary of the Equity Plan

The following summary of the material terms of the Equity Plan is qualified in its entirety by reference to a copy of the Equity Plan, a copy of which has been filed as an exhibit to the registration statement of which this prospectus forms a part.

Administration

The Equity Plan will generally be administered by the compensation committee (or its successor) of the Combined Company's board of directors (for purposes of this section, the "Compensation Committee"), or any other committee of the Combined Company's board of directors (the "Combined Company Board") designated by the Combined Company Board, including with respect to the administration of any responsibilities and duties held by the Compensation Committee under the Equity Plan. References to the "Committee" in this section generally refer to the Compensation Committee or such other committee designated by the Combined Company Board, or the Combined Company Board, as applicable. Among other responsibilities, the Committee will select participants and determine the type of awards to be granted to participants, the number of shares of Common Stock to be covered by awards and the terms and conditions of awards, interpret the Equity Plan and awards granted under it, and make any other determination and take any other action that it deems necessary or desirable to administer the Equity Plan The Committee may from time to time delegate all or any part of its authority under the Equity Plan as permitted by the Equity Plan and applicable law. In addition, the Committee may by resolution, subject to certain restrictions set forth in the Equity Plan, authorize one or more officers of the Combined Company to (1) designate employees to be recipients of awards under the Equity Plan, and (2) determine the size of such awards. The Committee may not, however, delegate such responsibilities to officers for awards granted to non-employee directors or certain officers who are subject to the reporting requirements of Section 16 of the Exchange Act.

Eligibility

Any person who is selected by the Committee to receive benefits under the Equity Plan and who is at that time an officer or other employee of the Combined Company or any of its subsidiaries (including a person who has agreed to commence serving in such capacity within 90 days of the date of grant) is eligible to participate in the Equity Plan. In addition, non-employee directors of the Combined Company and certain persons (including consultants) who provide services to the Combined Company or any of its subsidiaries that are equivalent to those typically provided by an employee (provided such persons satisfy the Form S-8 definition of "employee"), may also be selected by the Committee to participate in the Equity Plan.

Shares available for awards under the Equity Plan

Subject to adjustment as described in the Equity Plan and the Equity Plan's share counting rules, the number of shares of Common Stock available under the Equity Plan for awards of:

- · stock options or SARs;
- restricted stock;
- RSUs;
- · performance shares or performance units;
- · other stock-based awards under the Equity Plan; or
- · dividend equivalents paid with respect to awards under the Equity Plan

will not exceed, in the aggregate, shares of Common Stock (the "Share Limit") <u>plus</u> Common Stock that becomes available under the Equity Plan as a result of forfeiture, cancellation, expiration, cash settlement or less-than-maximum earning of Equity Plan awards after the effective date of the Equity Plan. The Share Limit will be automatically increased on the first day of each fiscal year, beginning in 2022 and ending in 2031, by an amount equal to the lesser of (i) 3% of the shares of Common Stock outstanding on the last day of the immediately preceding fiscal year and (ii) such smaller number of shares as determined by the Board.

If any award granted under the Equity Plan expires unexercised, is canceled, forfeited, settled in cash or unearned (in whole or in part), shares of Common Stock subject to such award will again be made available for future grants under the Equity Plan. Use of shares of our common stock to pay the required exercise price or tax obligations, or shares not issued in connection with settlement of an option or stock-settled SAR, or reacquired by the Combined Company on the open market or otherwise using cash proceeds from the exercise of an option will not be available again for other awards under the Equity Plan; provided, however, that shares of our common stock used to satisfy tax obligations for awards other than stock options and SARs will be available for issuance again under the Equity Plan (for up to 10 years from the date of stockholder approval of the Equity Plan if such recycling involves shares that have already been issued). If a participant elects to give up the right to receive compensation in exchange for shares of common stock based on fair market value, such shares of common stock will not count against the aggregate limit of shares authorized under the Equity Plan to the extent permitted by applicable laws and regulations.

Subject to adjustment as provided in the Equity Plan, the aggregate number of shares of Common Stock actually issued or transferred upon the exercise of stock options that are intended to qualify as "incentive stock options" under Section 422 of the Code will not exceed shares of Common Stock (the "ISO Limit"), provided that the ISO Limit will increase by shares of Common Stock on the first day of each fiscal year beginning in 2022 and ending in 2031 (subject in all events to the Share Limit).

Types of awards under the Equity Plan

Pursuant to the Equity Plan, the Combined Company may grant cash awards and stock options, SARs, restricted stock, RSUs, performance shares, performance units, and certain other awards based on or related to the Common Stock.

Generally, each grant of an award under the Equity Plan will be evidenced by an award agreement, certificate, resolution or other type or form of writing or other evidence approved by the Committee (an "Evidence of Award"), which will contain such terms and provisions as the Committee may determine, consistent with the Equity Plan. A brief description of the types of awards which may be granted under the Equity Plan is set forth below.

Stock options

A stock option is a right to purchase Common Stock upon exercise of the stock option. Stock options granted to an employee under the Equity Plan may consist of either a stock option intended to be an "incentive stock option" as defined in Section 422 of the Code or a non-qualified stock option, or a combination of both. Incentive stock options may only be granted to employees of the Combined Company or certain of its related corporations. Except with respect to awards issued in substitution for, in conversion of, or in connection with an assumption of stock options held by awardees of an entity engaging in a corporate transaction (including an acquisition or merger) with the Combined Company or any of its subsidiaries, stock options must have an exercise price per share of Common Stock that is not less than the fair market value of a share of Common Stock on the date of grant. The term of a stock option may not extend more than 10 years from the date of grant. The Committee may provide in an Evidence of Award for the automatic exercise of a stock option.

Each grant of a stock option will specify the applicable terms of the stock option, including the number of shares of Common Stock subject to the stock option and the required period or periods of the participant's continuous service, if any, before any stock option or portion of a stock option will become exercisable. Stock options may provide for continued vesting or the earlier exercise of the stock options, including in the event of retirement, death, disability or termination of employment or service of the participant or in the event of a change in control.

Any grant of stock options may specify management objectives regarding the vesting of the stock options. Each grant will specify whether the consideration to be paid in satisfaction of the exercise price will be payable: (1) in cash, by check acceptable to the Combined Company, or by wire transfer of immediately available funds; (2) by the actual or constructive transfer to the Combined Company of Common Stock owned by the participant with a value at the time of exercise that is equal to the total exercise price; (3) subject to any conditions or limitations established by the Committee, by a net exercise arrangement pursuant to which the Combined Company will withhold Common Stock otherwise issuable upon exercise of a stock option; (4) by a combination of the foregoing methods; or (5) by such other methods as may be approved by the Committee. To the extent permitted by law, any grant may provide for deferred payment of the exercise price from the proceeds of a sale through a bank or broker of some or all of the shares to which the exercise relates. Stock options granted under the Equity Plan may not provide for dividends or dividend equivalents.

SARs

The Committee may, from time to time and upon such terms and conditions as it may determine, authorize the granting of SARs. A SAR is a right to receive from the Combined Company an amount equal to 100%, or such lesser percentage as the Committee may determine, of the spread between the base price and the fair market value of a share of Common Stock on the date of exercise.

Each grant of SARs will specify the period or periods of continuous service, if any, by the participant with the Combined Company or any subsidiary that is necessary before the SARs or installments of such SARs will become exercisable. SARs may provide for continued vesting or earlier exercise, including in the case of retirement, death, disability or termination of employment or service of the participant or in the event of a change in control. Any grant of SARs may specify management objectives regarding the vesting of such SARs. A SAR may be paid in cash, Common Stock or any combination of the two.

Except with respect to awards issued in substitution for, in conversion of, or in connection with an assumption of SARs held by awardees of an entity engaging in a corporate transaction (including an acquisition or merger) with the Combined Company or any of its subsidiaries, the base price of a SAR may not be less than the fair market value of a share of Common Stock on the date of grant. The term of a SAR may not extend more than 10 years from the date of grant. SARs granted under the Equity Plan may not provide for dividends or dividend equivalents.

Restricted Stock

Restricted stock constitutes an immediate transfer of the ownership of shares of Common Stock to the participant in consideration of the performance of services, entitling such participant to voting, dividend and other ownership rights, but subject to the substantial risk of forfeiture and restrictions on transfer determined by the Committee for a period of time determined by the Committee or until certain management objectives specified by the Committee are achieved. Each such grant or sale of restricted stock may be made without additional consideration or in consideration of a payment by the participant that is less than the fair market value per share of Common Stock on the date of grant.

Any grant of restricted stock may specify management objectives regarding the vesting of the restricted stock. Any grant of restricted stock may require that any and all dividends or other distributions paid on restricted stock that remains subject to a substantial risk of forfeiture be automatically deferred and/or reinvested in additional restricted stock, which will be subject to the same restrictions as the underlying restricted stock, but any such dividends or other distributions on restricted stock must be deferred until, and paid contingent upon, the vesting of such restricted stock. Restricted stock may provide for continued vesting or the earlier vesting of such restricted stock, including in the event of retirement, death, disability or termination of employment or service of the participant or in the event of a change in control.

RSUs

RSUs awarded under the Equity Plan constitute an agreement by the Combined Company to deliver Common Stock, cash, or a combination of the two, to the participant in the future in consideration of the performance of services, but subject to the fulfillment of such conditions (which may include achievement regarding management objectives) during the restriction period as the Committee may specify. Each grant or sale of RSUs may be made without additional consideration or in consideration of a payment by the participant that is less than the fair market value per share of Common Stock on the date of grant.

RSUs may provide for continued vesting or the earlier lapse or other modification of the restriction period, including in the event of retirement, death, disability or termination of employment or service of the participant or in the event of a change in control. During the restriction period applicable to RSUs, the participant will have no right to transfer any rights under the award and will have no rights of ownership in the Common Stock deliverable upon payment of the RSUs and no right to vote them. Rights to dividend equivalents may be extended to and made part of any RSU award at the discretion of the Committee, on a deferred and contingent basis, either in cash or in additional shares of Common Stock, based upon the vesting of such RSUs. Each grant or sale of RSUs will specify the time and manner of payment of the RSUs that have been earned. An RSU may be paid in cash, Common Stock or any combination of the two.

Performance shares, performance units and cash incentive awards

Performance shares, performance units and cash incentive awards may also be granted to participants under the Equity Plan. A performance share is a bookkeeping entry that records the equivalent of one share of Common Stock, and a performance unit is a bookkeeping entry that records a unit equivalent to \$1.00 or such other value as determined by the Committee. Performance shares and performance units each may be payable in cash, Common Stock, or a combination of the two. Each grant will specify the number or amount of performance shares or performance units, or the cash amount payable with respect to a cash incentive award being awarded, which number or amount may be subject to adjustment to reflect changes in compensation or other factors.

Each grant of a cash incentive award, performance shares or performance units will specify management objectives regarding the earning of the award. Each grant will specify the time and manner of payment of a cash incentive award, performance shares or performance units that have been earned.

At the discretion of the Committee, any grant of performance shares or performance units may provide for the payment of dividend equivalents in cash or in additional shares of Common Stock, which dividend equivalents will be subject to deferral and payment on a contingent basis based on the participant's earning and vesting of the performance shares or performance units, as applicable, with respect to which such dividend equivalents are paid.

The performance period with respect to each grant of performance shares or performance units or cash incentive award will be a period of time determined by the Committee and within which the management objectives relating to such award are to be achieved. The performance period may be subject to continued vesting or earlier lapse or modification, including in the event of retirement, death, disability or termination of employment or service of the participant or in the event of a change in control.

Other awards

Subject to applicable law and applicable share limits under the Equity Plan, the Committee may grant to any participant Common Stock or such other awards ("Other Awards") that may be denominated or payable in, valued in whole or in part by reference to, or otherwise based on, or related to, shares of Common Stock or factors that may influence the value of such Common Stock, including, without limitation, convertible or exchangeable debt securities; other rights convertible or exchangeable into shares of Common Stock; purchase rights for shares of Common Stock; awards with value and payment contingent upon performance of the Combined Company or its specified subsidiaries, affiliates or other business units or any other factors designated by the Committee; and awards valued by reference to the book value of the shares of Common Stock or the value of securities of, or the performance of, the subsidiaries, affiliates or other business units of the Combined Company. The terms and conditions of any such awards will be determined by the Committee. Common Stock delivered under such an award in the nature of a purchase right granted under the Equity Plan will be purchased for such consideration, paid for at such time, by such methods, and in such forms, including, without limitation, Common Stock, other awards, cash, notes or other property, as the Committee determines.

In addition, the Committee may grant cash awards, as an element of or supplement to any other awards granted under the Equity Plan. The Committee may also authorize the grant of shares of Common Stock as a bonus or may authorize the grant of Other Awards in lieu of obligations of the Combined Company or a subsidiary to pay cash or deliver other property under the Equity Plan or under other plans or compensatory arrangements, subject to terms determined by the Committee in a manner that complies with Section 409A of the Code.

Other Awards may provide for the earning or vesting of, or earlier elimination of restrictions applicable to, such award, including in the event of the retirement, death, disability or termination of employment or service of the participant or in the event of a change in control. The Committee may provide for the payment of dividends or dividend equivalents on Other Awards on a deferred and contingent basis, in cash or in additional shares of Common Stock; provided, however, that dividend equivalents or other distributions of Common Stock underlying Other Awards will be deferred until and paid contingent upon the earning and vesting of such awards.

Change in control

The Equity Plan includes a definition of "change in control." In general, except as may be otherwise prescribed by the Committee in an Evidence of Award or as otherwise provided in another plan or agreement applicable to a participant, a change in control shall be deemed to have occurred upon the occurrence of any of the following events occurring after the Business Combination (subject to certain exceptions and limitations and as further described in the Equity Plan): (1) any individual, entity or group is or becomes the beneficial owner of voting securities of the Combined Company where such acquisition causes such person to own more than 50% of the combined voting power of the then outstanding voting shares of the Combined Company (subject to certain exceptions); (2) a majority of the Combined Company Board ceases to be comprised of incumbent directors; (3) stockholder approval of a reorganization, merger or consolidation, or sale or other disposition of all or substantially all of the assets of the Combined Company or the acquisition of assets of another corporation or other transaction, as described in the Equity Plan (subject to certain exceptions); or (4) consummation of a complete liquidation or dissolution of the Combined Company (subject to certain qualifying exceptions).

Management objectives

The Equity Plan generally provides that any of the awards set forth above may be granted subject to the achievement of specified management objectives. Management objectives are defined as performance objective or objectives established pursuant to the Equity Plan for participants who have received grants of performance shares, performance units or cash incentive awards or, when so determined by the Committee, stock options, SARs, restricted stock, RSUs, dividend equivalents or Other Awards. The definition of "Management Objectives" set forth in the Equity Plan includes a list of examples of measures (which is not exhaustive) that may be used as management objectives in awards granted under the Equity Plan.

Additionally, if the Committee determines that a change in the business, operations, corporate structure or capital structure of the Combined Company, or the manner in which it conducts its business, or other events or circumstances render the management objectives unsuitable, the Committee may in its discretion modify such management objectives or the goals or actual levels of achievement, in whole or in part, as the Committee deems appropriate and equitable.

Transferability of awards

Except as otherwise provided by the Committee, and subject to the terms of the Equity Plan with respect to Section 409A of the Code, no stock option, SAR, restricted stock, RSU, performance share, performance unit, cash incentive award, Other Award or dividend equivalents paid with respect to awards made under the Equity Plan will be transferrable by a participant except by will or the laws of descent and distribution. In no event will any such award granted under the Equity Plan be transferred for value. Except as otherwise determined by the Committee, stock options and SARs will be exercisable during the participant's lifetime only by him or her or, in the event of the participant's legal incapacity to do so, by his or her guardian or legal representative acting on behalf of the participant in a fiduciary capacity under state law or court supervision.

Under certain circumstances, the Committee may specify on the grant date that part or all of the shares of Common Stock that are subject to certain awards under the Equity Plan will be subject to further restrictions on transfer.

Adjustments

The Committee will make or provide for such adjustments in: (1) the number and kind of shares of Common Stock covered by outstanding stock options, SARs, restricted stock, RSUs, performance shares and performance units granted under the Equity Plan; (2) if applicable, the number and kind of shares of Common Stock covered by Other Awards; (3) the exercise price or base price provided in outstanding stock options and SARs, respectively; (4) cash incentive awards; and (5) other award terms, as the Committee in its sole discretion, determines, in good faith, is equitably required in order to prevent dilution or enlargement of the rights of participants that otherwise would result from (a) any extraordinary cash dividend, stock dividend, stock split, combination of shares, recapitalization or other change in the capital structure of the Combined Company; (b) any merger, consolidation, spin-off, spin-out, split-off, split-up, reorganization, partial or complete liquidation or other distribution of assets, issuance of rights or warrants to purchase securities; or (c) any other corporate transaction or event having an effect similar to any of the foregoing.

In the event of any such transaction or event, or in the event of a change in control of the Combined Company, the Committee may provide in substitution for any or all outstanding awards under the Equity Plan such alternative consideration (including cash), if any, as it may in good faith determine to be equitable under the circumstances and will require in connection therewith the surrender of all awards so replaced in a manner that complies with Section 409A of the Code. In addition, for each stock option or SAR with an exercise price or base price, respectively, greater than the consideration offered in connection with any such transaction or event or change in control of the Combined Company, the Committee may in its discretion elect to cancel such stock option or SAR without any payment to the person holding such stock option or SAR. The Committee will make or provide for such adjustments to the numbers of shares of Common Stock available under the Equity Plan and the share limits of the Equity Plan as the Committee in its sole discretion, determines, in good faith, is appropriate to reflect such transaction or event. Any adjustment to the limit on the number of shares of Common Stock that may be issued upon exercise of incentive stock options, however, will be made only if and to the extent such adjustment would not cause any stock option intended to qualify as an incentive stock option to fail to so qualify.

Prohibition on repricing

Except in connection with certain corporate transactions or changes in the capital structure of the Combined Company or in connection with a change in control, the terms of outstanding awards may not be amended to (1) reduce the exercise price or base price of outstanding stock options or SARs, respectively, or (2) cancel outstanding "underwater" stock options or SARs in exchange for cash, other awards or stock options or SARs with an exercise price or base price, as applicable, that is less than the exercise price or base price of the original stock options or SARs, as applicable, without stockholder approval. These restrictions are intended to prohibit the repricing of "underwater" stock options and SARs and they may not be amended without approval by the Combined Company's stockholders.

Detrimental activity and recapture

Any Evidence of Award may reference a clawback policy of the Combined Company or provide for the cancellation or forfeiture of an award or forfeiture and repayment to the Combined Company of any gain related to an award, or other provisions intended to have a similar effect, upon such terms and conditions as may be determined by the Committee from time to time, if any participant, either during employment or other service with the Combined Company or its subsidiary or within a specified period after such employment or service, engages in any detrimental activity, as described in the applicable Evidence of Award or such clawback policy. In addition, any Evidence of Award or such clawback policy may provide for cancellation or forfeiture of an award or the forfeiture and repayment of any Common Stock issued under and/or any other benefit related to an award, or other provisions intended to have a similar effect, including upon such terms and conditions as may be required by the Committee or under Section 10D of the Exchange Act and any applicable rules and regulations promulgated by the SEC or any national securities exchange or national securities association on which the Common Stock may be traded.

Non-U.S. participants

In order to facilitate the making of any grant or combination of grants under the Equity Plan, the Committee may provide for such special terms for awards to participants who are foreign nationals or who are employed by the Combined Company or its subsidiary outside of the United States of America or who provide services to the Combined Company or its subsidiary under an agreement with a foreign nation or agency, as the Committee may consider necessary or appropriate to accommodate differences in local law, tax policy or custom. The Committee may approve such supplements to, or amendments, restatements or alternative versions of, the Equity Plan (including sub-plans) as it may consider necessary or appropriate for such purposes, provided that no such special terms, supplements, amendments or restatements will include any provisions that are inconsistent with the terms of the Equity Plan as then in effect unless the Equity Plan could have been amended to eliminate such inconsistency without further approval by the Combined Company's stockholders.

Withholding

To the extent the Combined Company is required to withhold federal, state, local or foreign taxes or other amounts in connection with any payment made or benefit realized by a participant or other person under the Equity Plan, and the amounts available to the Combined Company for such withholding are insufficient, it will be a condition to the receipt of such payment or the realization of such benefit that the participant or such other person make arrangements satisfactory to the Combined Company for payment of the balance of such taxes or other amounts required to be withheld, which arrangements, in the discretion of the Committee, may include relinquishment of a portion of such benefit. When a participant is required to pay the Combined Company an amount required to be withheld under applicable income, employment, tax or other laws, the Committee may require the participant to satisfy the obligation, in whole or in part, by having withheld, from the shares of Common Stock delivered or required to be delivered to the participant, shares of Common Stock having a value equal to the amount required to be withheld or by delivering to the Combined Company other shares of Common Stock held by such participant. The Common Stock used for tax or other withholding will be valued at an amount equal to the fair market value of such Common Stock nothed the benefit is to be included in the participant's income. In no event will the fair market value of the Common Stock to be withheld and delivered pursuant to the Equity Plan exceed the minimum amount required to be withheld, unless (1) an additional amount can be withheld and not result in adverse accounting consequences, and (2) such additional withholding tax or other obligation that may arise in connection with the disposition of Common Stock acquired upon the exercise of stock options.

Amendment and termination of the Equity Plan

The Combined Company Board generally may amend the Equity Plan from time to time in whole or in part. If any amendment, however, for purposes of applicable stock exchange rules (and except as permitted under the adjustment provisions of the Equity Plan) (1) would materially increase the benefits accruing to participants under the Equity Plan, (2) would materially increase the number of securities which may be issued under the Equity Plan, (3) would materially modify the requirements for participation in the Equity Plan or (4) must otherwise be approved by the Combined Company's stockholders in order to comply with applicable law or the rules of the NASDAQ, or, if the Common Stock is not traded on NASDAQ, the principal national securities exchange upon which the Common Stock is traded or quoted, all as determined by the Combined Company Board, then such amendment will be subject to stockholder approval and will not be effective unless and until such approval has been obtained.

Further, subject to the Equity Plan's prohibition on repricing, the Committee generally may amend the terms of any award prospectively or retroactively. Except in the case of certain adjustments permitted under the Equity Plan, no such amendment may be made that would materially impair the rights of any participant without his or her consent. If permitted by Section 409A of the Code, but subject to the subject to the preceding sentence, including in the case of termination of employment or service, or in the case of unforeseeable emergency or other circumstances or in the event of a change in control, the Committee may provide for continued vesting or accelerate the timing of vesting or exercisability or the time at which the substantial risk of forfeiture or prohibition or restriction on transfer will lapse or the time when the period of restriction will end, or the time at which cash incentive awards, performance shares or performance units will be deemed to have been earned or the time when such transfer restriction will terminate, in each case as applicable to certain awards granted under the Equity Plan, or waive any other limitation or requirement under any such award.

The Combined Company Board may, in its discretion, terminate the Equity Plan at any time. Termination of the Equity Plan will not affect the rights of participants or their successors under any awards outstanding and not exercised in full on the date of termination. No grant will be made under the Equity Plan on or after the tenth anniversary of the effective date of the Equity Plan, but all grants made prior to such date will continue in effect thereafter subject to their terms and the terms of the Equity Plan.

Allowances for conversion awards and assumed plans

Common Stock (1) subject to awards granted under the Equity Plan in substitution for or conversion of, or in connection with an assumption of, stock options, SARs, restricted stock, RSUs, or other stock or stock-based awards held by awardees of an entity engaging in a corporate transaction (including an acquisition or merger) with the Combined Company or any of its subsidiaries or (2) available for issuance under a previously-approved plan sponsored by a company that is acquired by, or merges with, the Combined Company or any of its subsidiaries, and which then become available for issuance of awards under the Equity Plan, will not count against (or be added to) the aggregate share limit or other Equity Plan limits described above, except as otherwise provided in the Equity Plan.

Outstanding Equity Awards at 2019 Fiscal Year-End

The following table and related footnotes set forth information about the outstanding equity awards held by the NEOs as of December 31, 2019, which was the last day of fiscal 2019.

Outstanding Equity Awards at 2019 Fiscal Year-End

		Option A	Stock Awards			
Name	Number of Securities Underlying Unexercised Options (#) Exercisable	Number of Securities Underlying Unexercised Options (#) Unexercisable	Option Exercise Price (\$)	Option Expiration Date	Number of Shares or Units of Stock That Have Not Vested (#) ⁽²⁾	Market Value of Shares or Units of Stock That Have Not Vested (\$) ⁽³⁾
Mike Otworth	—				— — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	— — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —
Dr. John Scott						
DI. Juni Scott	_	_	_	_	_	_
David Brenner	_	_	_	_	3,139 ⁽¹⁾	\$57,130

- (1) Unvested Incentive Units held by David Brenner vested in substantially equal installments on each of January 1, 2020 and February 1, 2020.
- (2) For a discussion of the treatment of the NEOs' vested Incentive Units in the Business Combination, see 'Severance and Change in Control of Compensation Treatment of Incentive Units in Business Combination" below.
- (3) The amounts in this column represent the estimated market value of the unvested Incentive Units held by each of the NEOs as of December 31, 2019, as more fully described above under the heading "— 2019 Equity-Based Compensation." Such value takes into account the Distribution Threshold of \$12 and the existing capital structure and distribution provisions related to PCT.

Retirement Plan

PCT did not offer a defined contribution plan, defined benefit pension plan, nonqualified deferred compensation plan or other retirement plan for its NEOs during 2019.

Severance and Change in Control Compensation

Severance Under Employment Agreements

Pursuant to his New Employment Agreement, if Mr. Otworth's employment is terminated by PCT without "cause" or by Mr. Otworth for "good reason" (as such terms are defined in his New Employment Agreement) after completion of a SPAC Transaction, Mr. Otworth will be entitled to receive: (1) a lump sum payment equal to his base salary for the unexpired portion of the initial two-year term of his New Employment Agreement; and (2) reimbursement of COBRA continuation coverage premiums for up to 12 months to the extent they exceed the premiums paid by similarly situated active executives of PCT.

Pursuant to David Brenner's New Employment Agreement, if his employment is terminated by PCT without "cause" or by Mr. Brenner for "good reason" (as such terms are defined in his New Employment Agreement) after completion of a SPAC Transaction, he will be entitled to receive: (1) continued base salary payments for six months; and (2) reimbursement of COBRA continuation coverage premiums for up to six months to the extent they exceed the premiums paid by similarly situated executives of PCT.

Payment of the severance amounts for Messrs. Otworth and Brenner is generally subject to the executive's compliance with certain restrictive covenants and execution of a customary release of claims in favor of PCT.

If Mr. Otworth's or Mr. Brenner's employment is terminated due to the executive's death or disability (as defined in the New Employment Agreements), the executive will be entitled to receive a lump sum cash payment equal to the annual bonus that the executive would have earned for the calendar year of termination based on actual performance achievement for the full performance year, pro-rated based on the executive's period of service during such year.

Equity Compensation

If an NEO's employment is terminated, then PCT may (in the discretion of the PCT Board of Directors), redeem such NEO's vested Incentive Units for fair market value (as defined in the LLC Equity Plan), except that if the termination is by PCT for cause (as defined in the LLC Equity Plan) or PCT would have had the right to terminate the NEO's employment for cause, such vested Incentive Units may be redeemed for 80% of their fair market value.

In the event that an NEO's employment is terminated without cause (as defined in the LLC Equity Plan) within 12 months after a change in control (as defined in the LLC Equity Plan), all unvested Incentive Units held by such NEO will become fully vested. The Business Combination will constitute a change in control for purposes of the Incentive Units.

Transaction Bonus

As described above under "— Employment Agreements/Arrangements with Our NEOs," Mr. Otworth is entitled to a cash bonus equal to \$5,000,000 in the event that a SPAC Transaction is successfully completed and Mr. Otworth remains continuously employed with PCT through the completion of the SPAC Transaction.

Other than as described above, the NEOs are not covered by any contracts, agreements or arrangements that provide for severance payments or benefits in connection with a termination of employment or a change in control.

Treatment of Incentive Units in Business Combination

At the time of the Business Combination, unvested Incentive Units held by the NEOs will be exchanged for restricted shares of common stock of the Combined Company that will be subject to the same vesting schedule and forfeiture restrictions as the unvested Incentive Units to which they relate. As of November 16, 2020, the NEOs did not hold any unvested Incentive Units.

As of November 16, 2020, the NEOs held the following vested Incentive Units: Mr. Otworth, 52,500 with a Distribution Threshold of \$12, and 60,000 with a Distribution Threshold of \$37.20; David Brenner, 75,328 with a Distribution Threshold of \$12, and 40,000 with a Distribution Threshold of \$37.20; and Dr. Scott, 37,500 with a Distribution Threshold of \$12. At the time of the Business Combination, these vested Incentive Units are expected to be exchanged for shares of common stock of the Combined Company. In accordance with the applicable allocation schedule pursuant to the Merger Agreement, the NEOs are expected to receive approximately the following numbers of shares of Combined Company common stock with respect to their vested Incentive Units: Mr. Otworth, 931,393; David Brenner, 996,098; and Dr. Scott, 348,864.

Employment Agreement with Michael Dee

As further described above under "Combined Company Management — Compensation of Directors and Officers — Employment Agreements," Michael Dee is entitled to certain rights in connection with or following the Business Combination, including severance protection, a transaction bonus, and initial equity compensation awards.

PCT Director Compensation

The following table presents the total compensation for services to PCT for each person who served as a member of PCT's Board of Directors during the year ended December 31, 2019 (other than Mr. Otworth and Dr. Scott). PCT did not have standard compensation arrangements for its directors during 2019, and none of the members of PCT's Board of Directors received cash, equity or other non-equity compensation specifically for service in their capacity as directors. The amounts reflected in the table below represent compensation for consulting or other services provided to PCT. Mike Otworth and John Scott also served on PCT's Board of Directors during 2019, but their compensation for services to PCT during 2019 is fully reflected in the 2019 Summary Compensation Table above.

2019 Director Compensation

Name	Fees Earned or Paid in Cash (\$)	Stock Awards (\$) ⁽¹⁾	Option Awards (\$)	Non-Equity Incentive Plan Compensation (\$)	All Other Compensation (\$)(2)	Total (\$)
Rick Brenner		669,000				669,000
Andy Glockner	_	8,048	_	_	_	8,048
Jim Donnally	_	8,028	_	_	_	8,028

⁽¹⁾ Amounts in this column reflect the aggregate grant date fair value of Incentive Units granted in 2019, calculated in accordance with ASC 718. Each of these grants was 100% vested on the grant date. For Mr. Glockner, the amount represents a portion of the grant date fair value of an award granted in 2019 to Assured Solutions Company, Ltd. (\$100,350), an entity in which Mr. Glockner holds an 8.02% interest. For Mr. Donnally, the amount represents a portion of the aggregate grant date fair value of awards granted in 2019 to Assured Solutions Company, Ltd. (\$100,350), Dam Insurance Management, Ltd. (\$100,350), Gleim Insurance Management, Ltd. (\$100,350), and Patriot Insurance Management, Ltd. (\$100,350); Mr. Glockner holds a 2% interest in each of these entities. For information regarding assumptions underlying the valuation of equity awards, see the discussion under "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations — Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates — Equity-Based Compensation" included elsewhere in this prospectus. None of the directors listed in this table held unvested Incentive Units as of December 31, 2019, but they held the following amounts of vested Incentive Units as of such date: Mr. Brenner, 37,500 Incentive Units; Mr. Glockner, 1,503.75 Incentive Units; and Mr. Donnally, 1,500 Incentive Units.

CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The following is a description of each transaction since January 1, 2017 and each currently proposed transaction in which PCT or ParentCo has been or is to be a participant and:

- the amount involved exceeded or exceeds \$120,000; and
- any of PCT's directors, executive officers, or holders of more than 5% of its capital stock, or any immediate family member of, or person sharing the household with, any of these individuals, had or will have a direct or indirect material interest.

Agreements with Capital Stockholders

Investor Rights Agreement

At the Closing of the transactions contemplated by the Merger Agreement, ParentCo, certain PCT Unitholders representing at least 70% of PCT's outstanding membership interests and certain stockholders of ROCH (including certain ROCH officers, directors and sponsors) will also enter into an Investor Rights Agreement, which is a closing condition of the parties to consummate the Business Combination. Pursuant to the Investor Rights Agreement, such PCT Unitholders have agreed to vote in favor of two board designees nominated by a majority of such stockholders of ROCH for a period of two years following the Closing Date (the "IRA Designees"), provided that in the event a majority of the holders of the Pre-PIPE Shares (as defined in the Investor Rights Agreement) choose to select one of the IRA Designees, the majority of such stockholders of ROCH will select one of the IRA Designees and such holders of the Pre- PIPE Shares will select the other. The holders of the Pre-PIPE Shares may continue to select an IRA Designee until they no longer hold 10% or more of the outstanding Combined Company's Common Stock. Such PCT Unitholders have also agreed, subject to certain limited exceptions, not to transfer ParentCo Common Stock received in the Business Combination except in certain circumstances as described therein. The Investor Rights Agreement also contains registration rights in favor of the PCT Unitholders and ROCH stockholders.

Company Support Agreement

In connection with the execution of the Merger Agreement, PCT Unitholders representing at least 70% of the issued and outstanding Company LLC Interests entered into the Company Support Agreement with ROCH, ParentCo, and PCT, pursuant to which such PCT Unitholders agreed to vote all LLC Interests beneficially owned by them in favor of each of the Proposals, to use their reasonable best efforts to take all actions reasonably necessary to consummate the Business Combination and to not take any action that would reasonably be expected to materially delay or prevent the satisfaction of the conditions to the Business Combination set forth in the Merger Agreement. In addition, such PCT Unitholders also agreed that they would not sell, assign or otherwise transfer any of the Company LLC Interests held by them, with certain limited exceptions, unless the buyer, assignee or transferee executes a joinder agreement to the Company Support Agreement.

Business Combination Private Placement

In connection with the execution of the Merger Agreement, ROCH entered into Subscription Agreements with the Subscribers (as defined in the Subscription Agreements), pursuant to which the Subscribers agreed to purchase, and ROCH agreed to sell the Subscribers, an aggregate of 25,000,000 shares of ROCH Common Stock, for a purchase price of \$10.00 per share and an aggregate purchase price of \$250.0 million, in the PIPE.

Sylebra Capital (as defined below) agreed to purchase 10,000,000 shares of ROCH Common Stock in the PIPE for an aggregate purchase price of \$100.0 million.

The Magnetar Investors, in conjunction with certain other investors, agreed to purchase approximately 3,100,000 shares of ROCH Common Stock in the PIPE for an aggregate purchase price of approximately \$31.0 million.

Class A Unit Purchase Agreement with Sylebra Capital

On November 12, 2020, pursuant to four Class A Unit Purchase Agreements dated as of the same date, by and between PCT and each of BEMAP Master Fund Ltd., Blackwell Partners LLC — Series A, Sylebra Capital Parc Master Fund and Sylebra Capital Partners Master Fund, Ltd. (each an entity subject to an investment management agreement or sub-management agreement with Sylebra Capital Limited, together, "Sylebra Capital" and the agreements entered into, collectively, the "Sylebra Capital Class A Unit Purchase Agreements"), PCT issued and sold an aggregate of 684,190 Class A Common Units to Sylebra Capital for an aggregate purchase price of approximately \$60,000,000 or approximately \$87.69 per unit, subject to certain adjustments.

In connection with the Sylebra Capital Class A Unit Purchase Agreements, and as documented in the Investor Rights Agreement, Sylebra Capital will be entitled to select one member of ParentCo's Board of Directors.

Note Purchase Agreement with Magnetar Capital LLC

On October 6, 2020, pursuant to the Note Purchase Agreement, the Magnetar Investors agreed to purchase from PCT, and PCT agreed to issue to the Magnetar Investors (in one or more transactions), up to \$60,000,000 principal amount of Convertible Notes. The Convertible Notes are convertible into PCT Common Stock (as defined in the Magnetar Indenture) on the terms and subject to the limitations set forth in the Magnetar Indenture.

Since the date of the Note Purchase Agreement, the largest aggregate amount of principal outstanding under the Convertible Notes was \$48,000,000. Since October 6, 2020, the total principal paid under the Convertible Notes was \$0 and total interest paid was \$0.

In connection with the Note Purchase Agreement, PCT and the Magnetar Investors entered into the Magnetar Registration Rights Agreement granting the Magnetar Investors certain registration rights for the PCT Common Stock issuable upon conversion of the Convertible Notes.

Right of First Refusal Agreement

On October 7, 2020, and in connection with the Note Purchase Agreement, PCT entered into a right of first refusal agreement (the "ROFR Agreement") with the Magnetar Investors pursuant to which PCT granted to the Magnetar Investors a right of first refusal with respect to any such Indebtedness (as defined in the Magnetar Indenture) or any other debt, indebtedness or preferred equity of any nature that may be incurred by PCT or any of its respective Subsidiaries (as defined in the Magnetar Indenture) from time to time (collectively, the "Company Group") on or after October 7, 2020. After October 15, 2022, subject to extension to April 15, 2023 at the election of PCT, PCT may terminate the ROFR Agreement at any time and for any reason.

Class A Unit Purchase Agreement with Pure Crown LLC

On October 4, 2020, pursuant to the Class A Unit Purchase Agreement dated as of the same date, by and between PCT and Pure Crown LLC (the "Pure Crown Class A Unit Purchase Agreement"), PCT issued and sold an aggregate of 115,428 Class A Common Units to Pure Crown LLC for an aggregate purchase price of \$10,000,000 or \$86.634 per unit, subject to certain adjustments.

In connection with the Class A Unit Purchase Agreement, PCT entered into a letter agreement, dated October 5, 2020, with Pure Crown LLC (the "Pure Crown Letter Agreement") whereby, provided certain conditions are met, (1) Pure Crown LLC will be entitled to select one member of ParentCo's Board of Directors and (2) Pure Crown LLC agreed to purchase an additional 173,142 Class A Common Units from PCT.

In October 2020, PCT issued an aggregate of 50,000 Class C Units to Pure Crown LLC, with an approximate aggregate value of \$1,560,000, as an inducement to enter into the Pure Crown Class A Unit Purchase Agreement.

Agreements with Innventus Fund I, L.P., Innventure1, LLC, Innventure LLC and Innventure Management Services LLC

Innventus Fund I, L.P. ("Innventure") is a holder of PCT's capital stock and is affiliated with Innventure1, LLC ("Innventure1"). Innventure1 is the majority member of Innventure LLC, which is the largest holder of PCT's capital stock. Wasson Enterprise, LLC, through a subsidiary which is a greater than 5% unit holder in PCT, owns a minority interest in Innventure LLC.

Director and Chief Executive Officer Michael Otworth is the Chief Executive Officer of Innventure LLC and Innventure1, Director and officer John Scott is a co-founder and member of Innventure1. Due to these affiliations with material capital stockholders of PCT, Messrs. Otworth and Scott may be deemed to have a direct or indirect material interest in transactions with Innventus, Innventure1 and Innventure LLC.

Management Services

For the years ended December 31, 2019, 2018 and 2017 the Company paid \$579,620 and \$537,606 and \$0 respectively, for management services provided by certain personnel of Innventure Management Services LLC ("Management Services"), an affiliate of Innventure LLC, and as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, the company owed to Management Services \$17,521 and \$62,212, respectively. For the nine months ended September 30, 2020, the Company paid \$271,386.19 to Management Services, and as of September 30, 2020, the Company owed \$10,582.33 to Management Services.

Warrant Agreements

On July 22, 2019, PCT and Innventus entered into a Bridge Note and Warrant Purchase Agreement pursuant to which PCT issued a Unit Purchase Warrant (the "Original July 2019 Warrant") for 4,787 warrant units at an exercise price of \$27.61, allowing Innventus to purchase a variable number of Class B-1 Preferred Units during the exercise period of July 22, 2019 through July 22, 2024. In connection with the Business Combination, the Original July 2019 Warrant will be canceled and PCT will owe no further obligation to Innventus in connection with the Original July 2019 Warrant.

On June 5, 2019, PCT and Innventus entered into a Warrant to Purchase Securities, pursuant to which PCT issued a Unit Purchase Warrant (the "Original June 2019 Warrant") for 7,978 warrant units at an exercise price of \$37.61, allowing Innventus to purchase a variable number of Class B-1 Preferred Units during the exercise period of June 5, 2019 through June 4, 2024. In connection with the Business Combination, the Original June 2019 Warrant will be canceled and PCT will owe no further obligation to Innventus in connection with the Original June 2019 Warrant.

Lease

From May 2018 to September 2020, PCT leased the land for the Project (excluding leased office space described below) from Innventure LLC and paid \$28,000 per month over that period for a total of \$812,000. Innventure LLC had purchased the land from the Lawrence County Economic Development Corporation ("LCED") with a term loan from Closed Loop Fund, LP. On October 8, 2020, a PCT subsidiary purchased the land from Innventure LLC by paying in full the remaining Closed Loop Fund, LP term loan of \$2,658,010.31, consisting of principal, accrued and unpaid interest and legal fees.

Project Fee

Pursuant to an Amended and Restated Agreement for Services dated February 25, 2019 (the "Agreement for Services") by and among Innventure LLC, PCT, and a certain consultant of Innventure LLC (the "consultant"), PCT agreed to pay the consultant 1.5% of the proceeds (the "Project Fee") of the Series 2020A Bonds offered pursuant to the Loan Agreement. The total Project Fee is \$3,293,250. Director John Scott is listed as a beneficiary of this agreement and will receive 50% of the Project Fee minus a retainer fee kept by the consultant. Pursuant to the Agreement for Services, Director John Scott is due approximately \$1,519,125.

Indebtedness

On July 19, 2019, in connection with the Note and Warrant Purchase Agreement between PCT and Innventus, PCT borrowed \$600,000 from Innventus pursuant to a Negotiable Promissory Note (the "Innventus Note") at an annual interest rate of 1-month LIBOR plus 8.00%. Since the date of the Innventus Note, the largest aggregate amount of principal outstanding under the Innventus Note was \$600,000. On February 15, 2020, the Innventus Note was paid in full. Until paid in full, the total interest paid on the Innventus Note was \$26,266.17.

Since January 1, 2017, PCT has received funding and support services from Innventure LLC. Since January 1, 2017, the largest aggregate amount of principal advanced from Innventure LLC to PCT was \$1,950,000. These advances were unsecured, non-interest bearing with no formal terms of repayment. On January 28, 2020 and March 24, 2020, PCT repaid the advances from Innventure LLC of \$1,950,000 in full. Since January 1, 2017, the total amount paid to Innventure LLC was \$2,086,883 and total interest paid was \$0.

Since January 1, 2017, PCT has received funding and support services from Wasson Enterprise, LLC, an affiliate and greater than 5% shareholder of Innventure LLC. Since January 1, 2017, the largest aggregate amount of principal advanced from Wasson Enterprise, LLC to PCT was \$746,083, which was the outstanding balance due to Wasson Enterprise as of December 31, 2019. These advances were unsecured, non- interest bearing with no formal terms of repayment. On March 26, 2020, PCT repaid \$375,000 of the advances from Wasson Enterprise, LLC. On March 31, 2020 under an Assignment of Indebtedness agreement, Wasson Enterprise, LLC assigned the remaining amount of \$371,083 to Innventure, LLC. PCT paid off the balance in full on August 31, 2020.

Agreements with Directors and Executive Officers

Private Placements of PCT's Securities

Class A Units

In October 2020, PCT issued and sold an aggregate of 173,142 Class A Units at a purchase price of \$86.634 per unit, for an aggregate purchase price of \$15,000,000.

The table below sets forth the number of Class A Units purchased by PCT's related parties in the above referenced transaction:

Stockholder	Class A Units	Pur	chase Price
Pure Crown LLC*	115,428	\$	10,000,000

^{*} Pure Crown LLC is a greater than 5% unit holder in PCT pursuant to the Pure Crown Class A Unit Purchase Agreement, as disclosed above.

Class B-1 Preferred Units

Between September 2018 and January 2020, PCT issued and sold an aggregate of 644,885 Class B-1 Preferred Units, at a purchase price of \$37.605 per unit, for an aggregate purchase price of \$24,250,891 to the PCT related parties set forth in the table below:

Stockholder	Class B-1 Preferred Units	Pu	rchase Price
Innventus Fund I, L.P.*	378,963	\$	14,250,891
Pure Crown LLC**	265,922	\$	10,000,000

^{*} Innventus Fund I, L.P. is a greater than 5% unit holder in PCT.

^{**} Pure Crown LLC is a greater than 5% unit holder in PCT pursuant to the Pure Crown Class A Unit Purchase Agreement, as disclosed above.

Class B Preferred Units

In January 2017, PCT issued and sold an aggregate of 173,619 Class B Preferred Units, at a purchase price of \$1.44 per unit, for an aggregate purchase price of \$250,000 to the PCT related parties set forth in the table below:

Class C Units

In August 2020, PCT issued an aggregate of 37,500 Class C Units to Pure Crown LLC, with an approximate aggregate value of \$1,170,000, as compensation for director Tanya Burnell's board service.

Glockner Finance, a division of Auto Now Acceptance Co., LLC

On May 5, 2017, PCT entered into a revolving line of credit facility (the "Glockner Line of Credit") with Glockner Finance, a division of Auto Now Acceptance Co., LLC, which is an entity affiliated with and controlled by director Andy Glockner. Director and former Chief Financial Officer James O. Donnally is the Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of Glockner Finance. Anticipated ParentCo Director Timothy Glockner is the president of Glockner Enterprises, an entity affiliated with Glockner Finance. Since the initiation of the Glockner Line of Credit, the largest aggregate amount of principal outstanding was \$14,000,000 and as of September 30, 2020, there was \$12,000,000 outstanding. Since the initiation of the Glockner Line of Credit, the total principal paid under the Line of Credit was \$2,000,000 and total interest paid was \$2,496,510. As of September 30, 2020, the interest payable on the Glockner Line of Credit is 16% per year.

Bird Creek Capital Consulting Services Agreement

On September 29, 2020, PCT entered into a Consulting Services Agreement (the "Bird Creek Agreement") with Bird Creek Capital, LLC ("Bird Creek"). Chief Financial Officer Michael Dee served as the Managing Member of Bird Creek during this time. Pursuant to the Bird Creek Agreement, Bird Creek provided certain consulting services to PCT, including in connection with the negotiation of PCT's potential financings and capital structure. The fee payable to Bird Creek pursuant to the Bird Creek Agreement was to be negotiated between the parties in good faith following the date of the Bird Creek Agreement. Certain payments made pursuant to the Dee Employment Agreement (as defined below) are deemed to satisfy, in full, PCT's obligations under the Bird Creek Agreement. For more details, see the section entitled "Combined Company Management — Employment Agreements."

Executive Officer and Director Compensation

Incentive Stock Units

PCT has granted management incentive units to its executive officers and certain of its directors. See the sections titled 'PCT Executive Compensation — 2019 Equity-Based Compensation — Outstanding Equity Awards at 2019 Fiscal Year End" and "PCT Executive Compensation — Director Compensation" for a description of these incentive units.

Employment Arrangements

Since January 1, 2017, PCT has entered into employment arrangements with Innventure LLC and Wasson Enterprises, LLC, pursuant to which certain employees received allocated compensation from Innventure LLC or Wasson Enterprises, LLC for services rendered to PCT. For the years ended December 31, 2019, 2018 and 2017, Tayt Rule received compensation from Wasson Enterprises, LLC in the amount of \$171,792, \$180,574 and \$103,097, respectively, for services provided as Chief Operating Officer of PCT.

WE-INN LLC is a greater than 5% unit holder in PCT.

Between January 1, 2020 and April 30, 2020, Mr. Rule received compensation from Wasson Enterprises, LLC in the amount of \$80,976 for services provided as Chief Operating Officer of PCT. For the years ended December 31, 2019, 2018 and 2017, David Brenner received compensation from Innventure LLC in the amounts of \$187,751, \$173,549 and \$162,626, respectively, for services provided as VP, Operations and Chief Integration Officer of PCT. Between January 1, 2020 and October 27, 2020, Mr. Brenner received compensation from Innventure LLC in the amount of \$192,675 for services provided as Chief Integration Officer and, as of August 2020, Chief Commercial Officer.

For further information regarding management services provided by certain personnel of Management Services, the Innventure LLC affiliate, please see "— Agreements with Innventus Fund I, L.P., Innventure I, LLC, Innventure LLC and Innventure Management Services LLC — Management Services" above.

Other Compensation

Director John Scott's wholly-owned entity, Corporate Development Group, receives cash compensation for Director John Scott's services as an officer and director of PCT at the annual rate of \$57,500, payable monthly, beginning on January 1, 2020. Since January 1, 2017, PCT has paid a total of \$625,000 to Corporate Development Group.

Limitation of Liability and Indemnification of Directors and Executive Officers

In connection with the merger, PCT plans to enter into indemnification agreements with each of PCT's directors and executive officers, the form of which is attached as an exhibit to the registration statement of which this prospectus is a part. The indemnification agreements will require PCT to indemnify its directors and executive officers to the fullest extent permitted by Delaware law.

Policies and Procedures for Related Person Transactions

Although PCT has not had a written policy for the review and approval of transactions with related persons, its board of directors has historically reviewed and approved any transaction where a director or officer had a financial interest, including the transactions described above. Prior to approving such a transaction, the material facts as to a director or officer's relationship or interest in the agreement or transaction were disclosed to the board of directors.

Following the Business Combination, the Combined Company's audit committee will have the primary responsibility for reviewing and approving or disapproving "related party transactions," which are transactions between the Combined Company and related persons in which the aggregate amount involved exceeds or may be expected to exceed \$120,000 and in which a related person has or will have a direct or indirect material interest. The written charter of the Combined Company's audit committee will provide that the Combined Company's audit committee shall review and approve in advance any related party transaction.

Review and Approval of Review and Approval of Related Person Transactions

In connection with the Business Combination, the Combined Company plans to adopt a formal written policy for the review and approval of transactions with related persons. Such policy will require, among other things, that:

- The audit committee shall review the material facts of all related person transactions.
- In reviewing any related person transaction, the committee will take into account, among other factors that it deems appropriate, whether the related person transaction is
 on terms no less favorable to the Combined Company than terms generally available in a transaction with an unaffiliated third-party under the same or similar
 circumstances and the extent of the related person's interest in the transaction.
- In connection with its review of any related person transaction, the Combined Company shall provide the committee with all material information regarding such related
 person transaction, the interest of the related person and any potential disclosure obligations of the Combined Company in connection with such related person
 transaction.
- If a related person transaction will be ongoing, the committee may establish guidelines for the Combined Company's management to follow in its ongoing dealings with the related person.

DESCRIPTION OF SECURITIES TO BE REGISTERED

As a result of the Business Combination, ROCH stockholders and PCT Unitholders who receive shares of ParentCo Common Stock in the Business Combination will become stockholders of the Combined Company. Your rights as stockholders of the Combined Company will be governed by Delaware law and the Combined Company's Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation') and Amended and Restated Bylaws ("Amended and Restated Bylaws"), each of which will be effective upon closing of the Business Combination, as described further below. The following description of the material terms of the Combined Company's capital stock, including the Combined Company's Common Stock to be issued in the Business Combination, reflects the anticipated state of affairs upon completion of the Business Combination. We urge you to read the applicable provisions of Delaware law and the Combined Company's forms of Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation and Amended and Restated Bylaws carefully and in their entirety because they describe your rights as a holder of shares of the Combined Company's Common Stock.

The following is a description of the material terms of, and is qualified in its entirety by, the Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation and Amended and Restated Bylaws, each of which will be effective upon closing of the Business Combination, the forms of which are filed as Exhibits 3.3 and 3.4, respectively, to the registration statement of which this prospectus forms a part.

The Combined Company's purpose is to engage in any lawful act or activity for which corporations may now or hereafter be organized under the DGCL. Upon the consummation of the Business Combination, the Combined Company's authorized capital stock will consist of shares of the Combined Company's Common Stock, par value \$0.001 per share, and shares of preferred stock, par value \$0.001 per share. No shares of preferred stock will be issued or outstanding immediately after the Business Combination.

Common Stock

Holders of the Combined Company's Common Stock will be entitled to one vote for each share held of record on all matters submitted to a vote of stockholders. The holders of the Combined Company's Common Stock do not have cumulative voting rights in the election of directors. Upon the Combined Company's liquidation, dissolution or winding up and after payment in full of all amounts required to be paid to creditors and to the holders of preferred stock having liquidation preferences, if any, the holders of the Combined Company's Common Stock will be entitled to receive pro rata the Combined Company's remaining assets available for distribution. Holders of the Combined Company's Common Stock do not have preemptive, subscription, redemption or conversion rights. The Combined Company's Common Stock will not be subject to further calls or assessment by the Combined Company. There will be no redemption or sinking fund provisions applicable to the Combined Company's Common Stock. All shares of the Combined Company's Common Stock that will be outstanding at the time of the completion of the Business Combination will be fully paid and non-assessable. The rights, powers, preferences and privileges of holders of the Combined Company's Common Stock will be subject to those of the holders of any shares of the Combined Company's preferred stock the Combined Company may authorize and issue in the future.

When a quorum is present at any meeting, any matter other than the election of directors to be voted upon by the stockholders at such meeting will be decided by a majority vote of the holders of shares of capital stock present or represented at the meeting and voting affirmatively or negatively on such matter. At all meetings of stockholders for the election of directors at which a quorum is present, a plurality of the votes cast will be sufficient to elect such directors.

As of , 2021, ParentCo had shares of ParentCo Common Stock issued and outstanding and holders of record. After the Business Combination and assuming consummation of the sale of shares pursuant to the Subscription Agreements, there will be approximately 118,324,000 shares of the Combined Company's Common Stock outstanding, including approximately 60.7 million shares held by certain stockholders of ROCH and PCT that will be subject to certain lock-up or transfer restrictions resulting from the IPO or pursuant to the Investor Rights Agreement.

Preferred Stock

The Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation will authorize the Combined Company's board of directors to establish one or more series of preferred stock. Unless required by law or by NASDAQ, the authorized shares of preferred stock will be available for issuance without further action by you. The Combined Company's board of directors is authorized to fix from time to time before issuance the number of preferred shares to be included in any such series and the designation, powers, preferences and relative participating, optional or other rights, if any, and the qualifications, limitations or restrictions thereof. The authority of the Combined Company's board of directors with respect to each such series will include, without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the determination of any or all of the following:

- · the number of shares of any series and the designation to distinguish the shares of such series from the shares of all other series;
- · the voting powers, if any, and whether such voting powers are full or limited in such series;
- · the redemption provisions, if any, applicable to such series, including the redemption price or prices to be paid;
- · whether dividends, if any, will be cumulative or noncumulative, the dividend rate of such series, and the dates and preferences of dividends on such series;
- · the rights of such series upon the voluntary or involuntary dissolution of, or upon any distribution of the assets of, the Combined Company;
- the provisions, if any, pursuant to which the shares of such series are convertible into, or exchangeable for, shares of any other class or classes or of any other series of the same or any other class or classes of stock, or any other security, of the Combined Company or any other corporation or other entity, and the rates or other determinants of conversion or exchange applicable thereto;
- the right, if any, to subscribe for or to purchase any securities of the Combined Company or any other corporation or other entity;
- · the provisions, if any, of a sinking fund applicable to such series; and
- · any other relative, participating, optional, or other special powers, preferences or rights and qualifications, limitations, or restrictions thereof;

all as may be determined from time to time by the Combined Company's board of directors and stated or expressed in the resolution or resolutions providing for the issuance of such preferred stock (collectively, a "Preferred Stock Designation").

The Combined Company could issue a series of preferred stock that could, depending on the terms of the series, impede or discourage an acquisition attempt or other transaction that some, or a majority, of the holders of the Combined Company's Common Stock might believe to be in their best interests or in which the holders of the Combined Company's Common Stock over its market price. Additionally, the issuance of preferred stock may adversely affect the rights of holders of the Combined Company's Common Stock by restricting dividends on the Combined Company's Common Stock, diluting the voting power of the Combined Company's Common Stock or subordinating the liquidation rights of the Combined Company's Common Stock. As a result of these or other factors, the issuance of preferred stock could have an adverse impact on the market price of the Combined Company's Common Stock. The Combined Company has no current plans to issue any series of preferred stock.

Warrants

The warrants issued in connection with ROCH's IPO (including in several contemporaneous private placements to insiders, collectively, and for purposes of this section, the "Warrants") entitle the holder of each whole Warrant to purchase one share of ROCH Common Stock at a price of \$11.50 per share, subject to adjustment. There currently are 5,936,625 Warrants issued and outstanding, consisting of 5,737,500 Public Warrants to purchase ROCH Common Stock originally sold as part of ROCH Units in ROCH's IPO and 199,125 Private Warrants to purchase ROCH Common Stock that were sold as part of the Private Units. Pursuant to the Warrant Agreement (as defined below), a warrantholder may exercise its Warrants only for a whole number of shares of ROCH Common Stock. This means that only a whole Warrant may be exercised at any given time by a warrantholder. No fractional Warrants were issued upon separation of the Units (as defined below) and only whole Warrants trade on NASDAQ. Each Warrant will become exercisable on the later of May 7, 2021 or the consummation of ROCH's initial business combination (including the Business Combination), and will expire five years after the completion of such initial business combination, or earlier upon redemption.

No public Warrants will be exercisable for cash unless there is an effective and current registration statement covering the shares of Common Stock issuable upon exercise of the Warrants and a current prospectus relating to such shares of Common Stock. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if a registration statement covering the shares of Common Stock issuable upon exercise of the public Warrants is not effective within 120 days from the closing of ROCH's initial business combination (including the Business Combination), Warrant holders may, until such time as there is an effective registration statement and during any period when the ROCH (or the Combined Company, as successor under the Warrant Agreement (as defined below)) shall have failed to maintain an effective registration statement, exercise Warrants on a cashless basis pursuant to an available exemption from registration under the Securities Act. Under the terms of the Warrant Agreement, a current prospectus relating to the shares of Common Stock issuable upon exercise of the Warrants. However, there can be no assurance that this will be case and, if a current prospectus relating to the shares of Common Stock issuable upon exercise of the Warrants is not maintained, holders will be unable to exercise their Warrants for cash and any such warrant exercise is not required to be settled. If the prospectus relating to the shares of Common Stock is not qualified or exempt from qualification in the jurisdictions in which the holders of the Warrants reside, there is no requirement to net cash settle or cash settle the Warrant exercise, the Warrants may have no value, the market for the Warrants may be limited and the Warrants may expire worthless.

If (x) ROCH issues additional shares of common stock or equity-linked securities for capital raising purposes in connection with the closing of its initial business combination at an issue price or effective issue price or effective issue price to be determined in good faith by ROCH's board of directors), (y) the aggregate gross proceeds from such issuances represent more than 60% of the total equity proceeds, and interest thereon, available for the funding of ROCH's initial business combination, and (z) the volume weighted average trading price of the ROCH Common Stock during the 20 trading day period starting on the trading day prior to the day on which ROCH consummates its initial business combination (such price, the "Market Price") is below \$9.20 per share, the exercise price of the Warrants will be adjusted (to the nearest cent) to be equal to 115% of the Market Price, and the \$18.00 per share redemption trigger price described above will be adjusted (to the nearest cent) to be equal to 180% of the Market Price.

The outstanding Warrants (excluding the Warrants issued to the insiders in the private placements contemporaneous with the IPO) may be called for redemption, in whole and not in part, at a price of \$.01 per Warrant:

- · at any time after the Warrants become exercisable,
- upon not less than 30 days' prior written notice of redemption to each Warrant holder,
- if, and only if, the reported last sale price of the shares of Common Stock equals or exceeds \$18.00 per share, for any 20 trading days within a 30-day trading period commencing after the Warrants become exercisable and ending on the third business day prior to the notice of redemption to Warrant holders, and
- if, and only if, there is a current registration statement in effect with respect to the shares of Common Stock underlying such Warrants at the time of redemption and for the entire 30-day trading period referred to above and continuing each day thereafter until the date of redemption.

The right to exercise will be forfeited unless the Warrants are exercised prior to the date specified in the notice of redemption. On and after the redemption date, a record holder of a Warrant will have no further rights except to receive the redemption price for such holder's Warrant upon surrender of such Warrant.

The redemption criteria for the Warrants have been established at a price which is intended to provide Warrant holders a reasonable premium to the initial exercise price and provide a sufficient differential between the then-prevailing share price and the Warrant exercise price so that if the share price declines as a result of a redemption call, the redemption will not cause the share price to drop below the exercise price of the Warrants.

If the Warrants are called for redemption as described above, management will have the option to require all holders that wish to exercise Warrants to do so on a "cashless basis." In such event, each holder would pay the exercise price by surrendering the Warrants for that number of shares of Common Stock equal to the quotient obtained by dividing (x) the product of the number of shares of Common Stock underlying the Warrants, multiplied by the difference between the exercise price of the Warrants and the "fair market value" (defined below) by (y) the fair market value. The "fair market value" for this purpose shall mean the average reported last sale price of the Common Stock for the 10 trading days ending on the third trading day prior to the date on which the notice of redemption is sent to the holders of Warrants. Whether we will exercise our option to require all holders to exercise their Warrants on a "cashless basis" will depend on a variety of factors including the price of the Common Stock at the time the Warrants are called for redemption, ongoing cash needs at such time and concerns regarding dilutive share issuances.

The Warrants have been issued in registered form under a warrant agreement (the "Warrant Agreement") between Continental Stock Transfer & Trust Company, as warrant agent, and ROCH. The Warrant Agreement provides that the terms of the Warrants may be amended without the consent of any holder to cure any ambiguity or correct any defective provision, but requires the approval, by written consent or vote, of the holders of a majority of the then outstanding Warrants in order to make any change that adversely affects the interests of the registered holders.

The exercise price and number of shares of common stock issuable on exercise of the Warrants may be adjusted in certain circumstances including in the event of a share dividend, extraordinary dividend or recapitalization, reorganization, merger or consolidation. However, the Warrants will not be adjusted for issuances of shares of Common Stock at a price below the applicable exercise price.

The Warrants may be exercised upon surrender of the Warrant certificate on or prior to the expiration date at the offices of the warrant agent, with the exercise form on the reverse side of the Warrant certificate completed and executed as indicated, accompanied by full payment of the exercise price, by certified or official bank check, for the number of Warrants being exercised. The Warrant holders do not have the rights or privileges of holders of shares of Common Stock and any voting rights until they exercise their warrants and receive shares of common stock. After the issuance of shares of Common Stock upon exercise of the Warrants, each holder will be entitled to one vote for each share held of record on all matters to be voted on by stockholders.

Warrant holders may elect to be subject to a restriction on the exercise of their Warrants such that an electing Warrant holder would not be able to exercise their Warrants to the extent that, after giving effect to such exercise, such holder would beneficially own in excess of 9.9% of the shares of Common Stock outstanding.

No fractional shares will be issued upon exercise of the Warrants. If, upon exercise of the Warrants, a holder would be entitled to receive a fractional interest in a share, upon exercise, the number of shares of Common Stock to be issued to the Warrant holder will be rounded down to the nearest whole number.

In connection with the RH Merger, the Combined Company will become the successor to ROCH under the warrant agreement and the Warrants will become exercisable for Combined Company Common Stock on the same terms, and subject to the same conditions, as described above. The Warrants and the shares of Combined Company Common Stock issuable upon exercise of the Warrants have been registered pursuant to the registration statement of which this prospectus forms a part.

Units

The shares of ROCH Common Stock and Warrants issued in connection with the IPO (including in several contemporaneous private placements to insiders) were sold in the form of units ("Units"), each Unit consisting of one share of ROCH Common Stock and three-quarters of one redeemable Warrant. In connection with the RH Merger, the Combined Company will become the successor to ROCH with respect to the ROCH Common Stock and under the Warrant Agreement and accordingly, any Units outstanding from and after the Business Combination reflect a unit consisting of one share of Combined Company Common Stock and three-quarters of one redeemable Warrant to purchase Combined Company Common Stock.

Dividends

The DGCL permits a corporation to declare and pay dividends out of "surplus" or, if there is no "surplus", out of its net profits for the fiscal year in which the dividend is declared and/or the preceding fiscal year. "Surplus" is defined as the excess of the net assets of the corporation over the amount determined to be the capital of the corporation by the board of directors. The capital of the corporation is typically calculated to be (and cannot be less than) the aggregate par value of all issued shares of capital stock. Net assets equals the fair value of the total assets minus total liabilities. The DGCL also provides that dividends may not be paid out of net profits if, after the payment of the dividend, capital is less than the capital represented by the outstanding stock of all classes having a preference upon the distribution of assets.

Declaration and payment of any dividend will be subject to the discretion of the Combined Company's board of directors. The time and amount of dividends will be dependent upon the Combined Company's financial condition, operations, cash requirements and availability, debt repayment obligations, capital expenditure needs and restrictions in the Combined Company's debt instruments, industry trends, the provisions of Delaware law affecting the payment of distributions to stockholders and any other factors the Combined Company's board of directors may consider relevant.

Subject to the rights of the holders of any series of preferred stock, holders of the Combined Company's Common Stock will be entitled to receive such dividends and distributions and other distributions in cash, stock or property of the Combined Company when, as and if declared thereon by the Combined Company's board of directors from time to time out of assets or funds of the Combined Company legally available therefor.

ParentCo has no current plans to pay dividends on the ParentCo Common Stock and the Combined Company likewise has no plans to pay dividends on the Combined Company's Common Stock. Any decision to declare and pay dividends in the future will be made at the sole discretion of the Combined Company's board of directors and will depend on, among other things, the Combined Company's results of operations, cash requirements, financial condition, contractual restrictions and other factors that the Combined Company's board of directors may deem relevant. Because the Combined Company will be a holding company with no direct operations, the Combined Company will only be able to pay dividends from funds it receive from its subsidiaries.

Annual Stockholder Meetings

The Amended and Restated Bylaws will provide that annual stockholder meetings will be held wholly or partially by means of remote communication or at such place, within or without the State of Delaware, on such date and at such time as may be determined by the Combined Company's board of directors, the Chief Executive Officer of the Combined Company (the "Chief Executive Officer") or the chairman of the board of directors of the Combined Company (the "Chairman") and as will be designated in the notice of the annual meeting.

Anti-Takeover Effects of the Combined Company's Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation and Amended and Restated Bylaws and Certain Provisions of Delaware Law

The Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation and Amended and Restated Bylaws will contain and the DGCL contains provisions, which are summarized in the following paragraphs, that are intended to enhance the likelihood of continuity and stability in the composition of the Combined Company's board of directors. These provisions are intended to avoid costly takeover battles, reduce the Combined Company's vulnerability to a hostile change of control and enhance the ability of the Combined Company's board of directors to maximize stockholder value in connection with any unsolicited offer to acquire the Combined Company. However, these provisions may have an anti-takeover effect and may delay, deter or prevent a merger or acquisition of the Combined Company by means of a tender offer, a proxy contest or other takeover attempt that a stockholder might consider in its best interest, including those attempts that might result in a premium over the prevailing market price for the shares of the Combined Company's Common Stock held by stockholders.

Authorized but Unissued Capital Stock

Delaware law does not require stockholder approval for any issuance of authorized shares. However, the listing requirements of NASDAQ, which would apply if and so long as the Combined Company's Common Stock remains listed on NASDAQ, require stockholder approval of certain issuances equal to or exceeding 20% of the then outstanding voting power or then outstanding number of shares of common stock. Additional shares that may be used in the future may be issued for a variety of corporate purposes, including future public offerings, to raise additional capital or to facilitate acquisitions.

The Combined Company's board of directors may generally issue preferred shares on terms calculated to discourage, delay or prevent a change of control of the Combined Company or the removal of the Combined Company's management. Moreover, the Combined Company's authorized but unissued shares of preferred stock will be available for future issuances without stockholder approval and could be utilized for a variety of corporate purposes, including future offerings to raise additional capital, to facilitate acquisitions and employee benefit plans.

One of the effects of the existence of unissued and unreserved common stock or preferred stock may be to enable the Combined Company's board of directors to issue shares to persons friendly to current management, which issuance could render more difficult or discourage an attempt to obtain control of the Combined Company by means of a merger, tender offer, proxy contest or otherwise, and thereby protect the continuity of the Combined Company's management and possibly deprive the Combined Company's stockholders of opportunities to sell their shares of the Combined Company's Common Stock at prices higher than prevailing market prices.

Classified Board of Directors

The Combined Company's directors, other than those who may be elected by the holders of any future series of preferred stock, will be classified with respect to the time for which they severally hold office into three classes, as nearly equal in number as possible, designated Class I, Class II, and Class III, until the date (the "Sunset Date") of the first annual meeting of the stockholders that is held after the fifth anniversary of the effectiveness of the Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation. At any meeting of stockholders at which directors are to be elected prior to the Sunset Date, the number of directors elected may not exceed the greatest number of directors then in office in any class of directors. The directors first appointed to Class I will hold office for a term expiring at the annual meeting of stockholders to be held in 2021; the directors first appointed to Class III will hold office for a term expiring at the annual meeting of stockholders to be held in 2022; and the directors first appointed to Class III will hold office for a term expiring at the annual meeting of stockholders to be held in 2023, with the members of each class to hold office until their successors are elected and qualified. At each succeeding annual meeting of the stockholders of the Combined Company held prior to the Sunset Date, the successors to the class of directors whose term expires at that meeting will be elected by plurality vote of all votes cast at such meeting to hold office for a term expiring at the annual meeting of stockholders held in the third year following the year of their election and until their successors are elected and qualified. All directors elected at annual meetings of stockholders held on or after the Sunset Date will be elected for terms expiring at the next annual meeting of stockholders and will not be subject to the classification provisions set forth above. Subject to the rights, if any, of the holders of any future series of preferred stock to elect additional directors under

Removal of Directors; Vacancies

Subject to the rights, if any, of the holders of any series of preferred stock to elect additional directors under circumstances specified in a Preferred Stock Designation and other than a ROCH Designated Director (as defined in the Investor Rights Agreement), who may be removed for any reason following the expiration of the Director Designation Period (as defined in the Investor Rights Agreement) with the approval of a majority of the directors of the Combined Company (other than the ROCH Designated Directors), the Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation will provide that, until the Sunset Date, directors may be removed by the stockholders only for cause and following the Sunset Date, directors may be removed by the stockholders with or without cause, in each case, by the affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of the voting power of the outstanding voting stock, voting together as a single class, at any annual meeting or special meeting of the stockholders where the notice of which states that the removal of a director or directors is among the purposes of the meeting and identifies the director or directors proposed to be removed.

Subject to (a) the rights, if any, of the holders of any future series of preferred stock to elect additional directors under circumstances specified in a Preferred Stock Designation and (b) the Investor Rights Agreement, newly created directorships resulting from any increase in the number of directors and any vacancies on the board of directors resulting from death, resignation, disqualification, removal, or other cause will be filled solely by the affirmative vote of a majority of the remaining directors then in office, even though less than a quorum of the board of directors, or by a sole remaining director. Any director elected in accordance with the preceding sentence will hold office for the remainder of the full term of the class of directors in which the new directorship was created or the vacancy occurred (or, if such directorship was created or vacancy occurred after the Sunset Date, until the next annual meeting of stockholders) and until such director's successor has been elected and qualified. No decrease in the number of directors constituting the board of directors may shorten the term of any incumbent director.

Special Stockholder Meetings

Subject to the rights of the holders of any future series of preferred stock, special meetings of stockholders may be called only (i) by the Chairman, (ii) by the Chief Executive Officer, or (iii) by the Secretary of the Combined Company (the "Secretary") acting at the request of the Chairman, the Chief Executive Officer or a majority of the total number of directors that the Combined Company would have if there were no vacancies on its board of directors. At any annual meeting or special meeting of stockholders, only such business will be conducted or considered as has been brought before such meeting in the manner provided in the Amended and Restated Bylaws.

Requirements for Advance Notification of Director Nominations and Stockholder Proposals

The Amended and Restated Bylaws, which are attached as Exhibit 3.4 to the registration statement of which this prospectus forms a part, will establish advance notice procedures with respect to stockholder proposals and the nomination of candidates for election as directors, other than nominations made by or at the direction of the board of directors or a committee of the board of directors. In order for any matter to be properly brought before a meeting, a stockholder will have to comply with advance notice requirements and provide the Combined Company with certain information. Generally, to be timely, a stockholder's notice relating to any nomination or other business to be brought before an annual meeting must be delivered to the Secretary at the Combined Company's principal executive offices not less than 90 days nor more than 120 days prior to the first anniversary date of the immediately preceding annual meeting of stockholders. Notwithstanding the foregoing, in the event that the number of directors to be elected to the board of directors at the annual meeting is increased effective after the time period for which nominations would otherwise be due and there is no public announcement by the Combined Company naming the nominees for the additional directorships at least 100 days prior to the first anniversary of the preceding year's annual meeting, a stockholder's notice will also be considered timely, but only with respect to nominees for the additional directorships, if it will be delivered to the Secretary at the principal executive offices of the Combined Company not later than the close of business on the 10th day following the day on which such public announcement is first made by the Combined Company.

To be timely, a stockholder's notice relating to the nomination of a director to the Combined Company's board of directors to be brought before a special meeting will be delivered to the Secretary at the principal executive offices of the Combined Company not earlier than the close of business on the 120th day prior to such special meeting and not later than the close of business on the later of the 90th day prior to such special meeting or the 10th day following the day on which public announcement is first made of the date of the special meeting and of the nominees proposed by the board of directors to be elected at such meeting. The Amended and Restated Bylaws also specify requirements as to the form and content of a stockholder's notice. Notwithstanding the foregoing notice requirements, the notice requirements will not apply to director nominations pursuant the Pure Crown Side Letter (as defined in the Amended and Restated Bylaws).

These notice provisions may defer, delay or discourage a potential acquirer from conducting a solicitation of proxies to elect the acquirer's own slate of directors or otherwise attempting to influence or obtain control of the Combined Company.

Consent of Stockholders in Lieu of Meeting

Subject to the rights of the holders of any series of preferred stock, any action required or permitted to be taken by the stockholders may be taken only at a duly called annual or special meeting of stockholders and may not be taken without a meeting by means of any consent in writing of such stockholder.

Dissenters' Rights of Appraisal and Payment

Under the DGCL, with certain exceptions, the Combined Company's stockholders will have appraisal rights in connection with a merger or consolidation of the Combined Company. Pursuant to the DGCL, stockholders who properly request and perfect appraisal rights in connection with such merger or consolidation will have the right to receive payment of the fair value of their shares as determined by the Delaware Court of Chancery.

Stockholders' Derivative Actions

Under the DGCL, any of the Combined Company's stockholders may bring an action in the Combined Company's name to procure a judgment in the Combined Company's favor, also known as a derivative action, provided that the stockholder bringing the action is a holder of the Combined Company's shares at the time of the transaction to which the action relates or such stockholder's stock thereafter devolved by operation of law.

Amendment of the Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation

The Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation will provide that the Combined Company reserves the right at any time from time to time to amend, alter, change or repeal any provision contained in the Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation. Notwithstanding any inconsistent provision of the Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation or any provision of law that might otherwise permit a lesser vote or no vote, but in addition to any affirmative vote of the holders of any series of preferred stock required by law, (a) until the Sunset Date, the affirmative vote of the holders of at least 66 23% of the voting power, and (b) following the Sunset Date, the affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of the voting power, in the case of each of (a) and (b), of the outstanding capital stock entitled to vote, voting together as a single class, will be required to amend, alter, change or repeal, or adopt any provision inconsistent with, certain provisions, as noted in the Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation, or the definition of any capitalized terms used therein or any successor provision.

Amendment of the Amended and Restated Bylaws

The Amended and Restated Bylaws may be amended in any respect or repealed at any time, either (a) at any meeting of stockholders, provided that any amendment or supplement proposed to be acted upon at any such meeting has been properly described or referred to in the notice of such meeting, or (b) by the Combined Company's board of directors, provided that no amendment adopted by the board of directors may vary or conflict with any amendment adopted by the stockholders in accordance with the Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation and the Amended and Restated Bylaws. Notwithstanding the foregoing and anything contained in the Amended and Restated Bylaws, certain provisions of the Amended and Restated Bylaws may not be amended or repealed by the stockholders, and no provision inconsistent therewith may be adopted by the stockholders, without (a) until the Sunset Date, the affirmative vote of the holders of at least 66 23% of the Combined Company's outstanding capital stock entitled to vote, voting together as a single class and (b) following the Sunset Date, the affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of the Combined Company's outstanding capital stock entitled to vote, voting together as a single class.

Exclusive Forum Selection

The Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation will provide that, unless the Combined Company consents in writing to the selection of an alternative forum, (a) the Court of Chancery (the "Chancery Court") of the State of Delaware (or, in the event that the Chancery Court does not have jurisdiction, the federal district court for the District of Delaware) will, to the fullest extent permitted by law, be the sole and exclusive forum for (i) any derivative action, suit or proceeding brought on behalf of the Combined Company, (ii) any action, suit or proceeding asserting a claim of breach of a fiduciary duty owed by any director, officer, employee or stockholder of the Combined Company to the Combined Company or to the Combined Company's stockholders, (iii) any action, suit or proceeding arising pursuant to any provision of the DGCL or the Amended and Restated Bylaws or the Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation (as either may be amended and/or restated from time to time) or as to which the DGCL confers jurisdiction on the Chancery Court, or (iv) any action, suit or proceeding asserting a claim against the Combined Company governed by the internal affairs doctrine; and (b) subject to the preceding provisions, the federal district courts of the United States will be the exclusive forum for the resolution of any complaint asserting a cause of action arising under the Securities Act. If any action the subject matter of which is within the scope of clause (a) of the immediately preceding sentence is filed in a court other than the courts in the State of Delaware (a "Foreign Action") in the name of any stockholder, such stockholder will be deemed to have consented to (1) the personal jurisdiction of the state and federal courts in the State of Delaware in connection with any action brought in any such court to enforce the provisions of clause (a) of the immediately preceding sentence and (2) having service of process made upon such stockholder in any such action by service upon such stockholder's couns

Limitations on Liability and Indemnification of Officers and Directors

The DGCL authorizes corporations to limit or eliminate the personal liability of directors to corporations and their stockholders for monetary damages for breaches of directors' fiduciary duties, subject to certain exceptions. The Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation will include a provision that eliminates the personal liability of directors for monetary damages for any breach of fiduciary duty as a director, except to the extent such exemption from liability or limitation thereof is not permitted under the DGCL. The effect of these provisions is to eliminate the rights of the Combined Company and its stockholders, through stockholders' derivative suits on the Combined Company's behalf, to recover monetary damages from a director for breach of fiduciary duty as a director, including breaches resulting from grossly negligent behavior. However, exculpation does not apply to any director for any breach of the director's duty of loyalty to the Combined Company or its stockholders, or if the director has acted in bad faith, knowingly or intentionally violated the law, authorized illegal dividends or redemptions or derived an improper benefit from his or her actions as a director.

The Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation will provide that the Combined Company must indemnify and advance expenses to the Combined Company's directors and officers to the fullest extent authorized by the DGCL. The Combined Company also is expressly authorized maintain insurance, at its expense, to protect itself and any director, officer, employee or agent of the Combined Company or another corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust or other enterprise against any expense, liability or loss, whether or not the Combined Company would have the power to indemnify such person against such expense, liability or loss under the DGCL. The Combined Company believes that these indemnification and advancement provisions and insurance are useful to attract and retain qualified directors and executive officers.

The limitation of liability, advancement and indemnification provisions in the Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation may discourage stockholders from bringing a lawsuit against directors for breach of their fiduciary duty. These provisions also may have the effect of reducing the likelihood of derivative litigation against directors and officers, even though such an action, if successful, might otherwise benefit the Combined Company and its stockholders. In addition, your investment may be adversely affected to the extent the Combined Company pays the costs of settlement and damage awards against directors and officers pursuant to these indemnification provisions.

There is currently no pending material litigation or proceeding involving any of ROCH's and PCT's directors, officers or employees for which indemnification is sought.

SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND MANAGEMENT

The following table sets forth pro forma information regarding the beneficial ownership of ParentCo Common Stock immediately after the consummation of the Business Combination by each person who owns or is expected to beneficially own more than 5% of ParentCo's Common Stock and each officer, each director and all officers and directors as a group of ParentCo. Immediately after the consummation of the Business Combination, ParentCo will have shares of Common Stock issued and outstanding.

Shares which an individual or group has a right to acquire within 60 days pursuant to the exercise or conversion of options, warrants or other similar convertible or derivative securities are deemed to be outstanding for the purpose of computing the percentage ownership of such individual or group, but are not deemed to be outstanding for the purpose of computing the percentage ownership of any other person shown in the table.

Unless otherwise indicated, ParentCo believes that all persons named in the table below have sole voting and investment power with respect to all shares of capital stock beneficially owned by them. To ParentCo's knowledge, no shares of ParentCo Common Stock beneficially owned by any executive officer, director or director nominee have been pledged as security.

		Assuming	Maximum					
	Assuming No	Redemptions	Redemptions					
	Appro	oximate	Appro	ximate				
	Amount Percentage of		Amount	Percentage of				
	Beneficial	Outstanding	Beneficial	Outstanding				
Name and Address of Beneficial Owner ⁽¹⁾	Ownership	ParentCo Shares	Ownership	ParentCo Shares				
Directors and Executive Officers of ParentCo After Consummation of the								
Business Combination:								
Michael Otworth								
Michael Dee								
David Brenner								
Tanya Burnell								
Richard Brenner								
Dr. John Scott								
Jeffrey Fieler	700,000	*	700,000	*				
Timothy Glockner								
All directors and executive officers of ParentCo as a group (8 individuals)								
Five Percent or More Holders of ParentCo After Consummation of the Business								
Combination:								
* less than 1%								
	110							

SELLING STOCKHOLDERS

The shares of ParentCo Common Stock being offered by the Selling Stockholders are those previously issued to the Selling Stockholders in connection with the Business Combination. We are registering the shares of ParentCo Common Stock in order to permit the Selling Stockholders to offer the shares for resale from time to time. Except for the ownership of the shares of ParentCo Common Stock, the Selling Stockholders have not had any material relationship with us within the past three years.

The table below lists the Selling Stockholders and other information regarding the beneficial ownership of the shares of ParentCo Common Stock by each of the Selling Stockholders. The second column lists the number of shares of ParentCo Common Stock expected to be beneficially owned by each Selling Stockholder upon consummation of the Business Combination, based on its ownership of the shares of Common Stock, as of , 2021.

The third column lists the shares of ParentCo Common Stock being offered by this prospectus by the Selling Stockholders.

In accordance with the terms of a registration rights agreement with the Selling Stockholders, this prospectus generally covers the resale of the sum of (i) the number of shares of ParentCo Common Stock issued to the Selling Stockholders in the Business Combination. The fourth column assumes the sale of all of the shares offered by the Selling Stockholders pursuant to this prospectus.

	Number of shares of Common Stock Owned Prior to	Maximum Number of shares of Common Stock to be Sold Pursuant to this	Number of shares of Common Stock Owned After
Name of Selling Shareholder	Offering	Prospectus	Offering
Peter G. Manganello	7,500	7,500	
Aaron Mason	7,500	7,500	
Zachary M. Manganello	2,500	2,500	
Peter G. Milliken	30,000	30,000	
Gerrish H. Milliken, III	200,000	200,000	
Wilmington Trust Co, Stephen G. Milliken & Gerrish H Milliken III SUCC Co-TTEES for the GHM JR 1956 TR 14 FBO PGM Dated 8/20/1956	35,000	35,000	
Wilmington Trust Co, Stephen G. Milliken & Gerrish H Milliken III SUCC Co-TTEES for the GHM JR 1956 TR 7 FBO JWM Dated 8/20/1956	75,000	75,000	
Wilmington Trust Co, John W Milliken & Gerrish H Milliken III SUCC Co-TTEES for the GHM JR 1956 TR 14 FBO SGM Dated 8/20/1956	50,000	50,000	
Wilmington Trust Co, John W Milliken & Gerrish H Milliken III SUCC Co-TTEES for the GHM JR 1956 TR 7 FBO SGM Dated 8/20/1956	50,000	50,000	
Wilmington Trust Co, John W Milliken & Gerrish H Milliken III SUCC Co-TTEES for the GHM JR 1956 TR 7 FBO JWM Dated 8/20/1956	75,000	75,000	
Wilmington Trust Co, John W Milliken & Gerrish H Milliken III SUCC Co-TTEES for the GHM JR	,	<u> </u>	
1956 TR 7 FBO PGM Dated 8/20/1956	35,000	35,000	
BNP Paribas Asset Management UK Limited as agent on behalf of BNP Paribas Funds Energy Transition	1,500,000	1,500,000	
Samlyn Net Neutral Master Fund, Ltd.	877,408	877,408	
Samlyn Long Alpha Master Fund, Ltd.	22,492	22,492	
Samlyn Offshore Master Fund, Ltd.	1,107,074	1,107,074	
Samlyn Onshore Fund, LP	393,026	393,026	
Manatuck Hill Navigator Master Fund, LP	14,600	14,600	
Manatuck Hill Scout Fund, LP	77,800	77,800	
Manatuck Hill Mariner Master Fund, LP	32,600	32,600	
Jefferies Strategic Investments, LLC	553,729	553,729	
Solanas ESG Sustainability Master Fund LP	146,271	146,271	
Whitebox Multi-Strategy Partners, LP	34,833	34,833	
Whitebox Relative Value Partners, LP	20,167	20,167	
Greenlight Capital, Inc. (1)	100,000	100,000	
Empery Tax Efficient III, LP ⁽²⁾	67,355	67,355	
Empery Tax Efficient, LP ⁽³⁾	24,445	24,445	
Empery Asset Master, Ltd ⁽⁴⁾			
	33,200	33,200	
Joan S. & James G. Blaine 2012 Family Trust UAD 12/27/12 FBO J. Blaine Jr.	2,500	2,500	
Longhorn Special Opportunities Fund LP	2,500,000	2,500,000	
Magnetar Capital Master Fund, Ltd.	7,800 59,800	7,800 59,800	
Magnetar Constellation Fund II, Ltd. Magnetar Constellation Master Fund, Ltd.	209,700	209,700	
Magnetar Lake Credit Fund LLC	43,200	43,200	
Magnetar Longhorn Fund LP	32,600	32,600	
Magnetar SC Fund Ltd.	55,700	55,700	
Magnetar Structured Credit Fund, LP	77,000	77,000	
Magnetar Xing He Master Fund Ltd.	73,400	73,400	
Purpose Alternative Credit Fund - F LLC	27,200	27,200	
Purpose Alternative Credit Fund - T LLC	13,600	13,600	
	12,000	12,000	

MARTIN HALL & JENNIFER S. EWING CO-TTEES U/ART 4TH OF THE WILL OF AMF OVER			
TRUST DTD 12/9/37 FBO C. STEFANO FRANCHETTI	50,000	50,000	
MARTIN HALL & JENNIFER S. EWING CO-TTEES U/ART 4TH OF THE WILL OF AMF OVER			
TRUST DTD 12/9/37 FBO BENJAMIN FRANCHETTI	10,000	10,000	
MARTIN HALL & JENNIFER S. EWING CO-TTEES U/ART 4TH OF THE WILL OF AMF OVER			
TRUST DTD 12/9/37 FBO GIORDANO FRANCHETTI	25,000	25,000	
MARTIN HALL & JENNIFER S. EWING CO-TTEES U/ART 7TH OF THE WILL OF AMF OVER			
TUW DTD 4/29/47 GHM, SR. FBO GIORDANO FRANCHETTI	10,000	10,000	
MARTIN HALL & JENNIFER S. EWING TTEES BY POA U/ART 4TH OF THE WILL OF AMF OVER			
TRUST DTD 12/9/37 FBO BALDASSARRA FRANCHETTI	10,000	10,000	
MARTIN HALL & JENNIFER S. EWING TTEES BY POA U/ART 4TH OF THE WILL OF AMF OVER			
TRUST DTD 12/9/37 FBO GREGORIO FRANCHETTI	10,000	10,000	
MARTIN HALL & JENNIFER S. EWING TTEES BY POA U/ART 4TH OF THE WILL OF AMF OVER			
TRUST DTD 12/9/37 FBO PRISCA FRANCHETTI	10,000	10,000	
BEMAP Master Fund Ltd. ⁽⁵⁾	495,766	495,766	
BLACKWELL PARTNERS LLC - SERIES A ⁽⁵⁾	740,215	740,215	
	2,000,000	2,000,000	
President and Fellows of Harvard College			
Mousserena, L.P. ⁽⁶⁾	1,500,000	1,500,000	
SYLEBRA CAPITAL PARC MASTER FUND ⁽⁵⁾	1,265,906	1,265,906	
SYLEBRA CAPITAL PARTNERS MASTER FUND, LTD. ⁽⁵⁾	7,498,113	7,498,113	
Jeffrey R. Fieler ⁽⁷⁾	700,000	700,000	
Howard Hughes Medical Institute	2,000,000	2,000,000	

(1) Greenlight Capital, Inc. ("Greenlight Inc.") is the investment advisor for Greenlight Capital Qualified, L.P., Greenlight Capital, L.P. and Greenlight Capital Offshore Partners, and as such has voting and dispositive power over 62,020 shares of common stock held by those entities. DME Capital Management, LP ("DME Management") is the investment manager for Greenlight Capital Investors, LP, and Greenlight Capital Offshore Master, Ltd., and as such has voting and dispositive power over 37,980 shares of common stock held by those entities. DME Advisors GP, LLC ("DME GP") is the general partner of DME Management, and as such has voting and dispositive power over 37,980 shares of common stock. David Einhorn is the principal of Greenlight Inc., DME Management and DME GP, and as such has voting and dispositive power over 100,000 shares of common stock held by these affiliates of Greenlight, Inc. Each of Mr. Einhorn, Greenlight Inc., DME Management and DME GP disclaims beneficial ownership of these shares of common stock, except to the extent of any pecuniary interest therein.

(2) Empery Asset Management LP, the authorized agent of Empery Tax Efficient III, LP ("ETE III"), has discretionary authority to vote and dispose of the shares held by ETE III and may be deemed to be the beneficial owner of these shares. Martin Hoe and Ryan Lane, in their capacity as investment managers of Empery Asset Management LP, may also be deemed to have investment discretion and voting power over the shares held by ETE III. ETE III, Mr. Hoe and Mr. Lane each disclaim any beneficial ownership of these shares.

(3) Empery Asset Management LP, the authorized agent of Empery Tax Efficient, LP ("ETE"), has discretionary authority to vote and dispose of the shares held by ETE and may be deemed to be the beneficial owner of these shares. Martin Hoe and Ryan Lane, in their capacity as investment managers of Empery Asset Management LP, may also be deemed to have investment discretion and voting power over the shares held by ETE. ETE, Mr. Hoe and Mr. Lane each disclaim any beneficial ownership of these shares. (4) Empery Asset Management LP, the authorized agent of Empery Asset Master Ltd ("EAM"), has discretionary authority to vote and dispose of the shares held by EAM and may be deemed to be the beneficial owner of these shares. Martin Hoe and Ryan Lane, in their capacity as investment managers of Empery Asset Management LP, may also be deemed to have investment discretion and voting power over the shares held by EAM. EAM, Mr. Hoe and Mr. Lane each disclaim any beneficial ownership of these shares. (5) On November 12, 2020, pursuant to four Class A Unit Purchase Agreements dated as of the same date, by and between PCT and each of BEMAP Master Fund Ltd., Blackwell Partners LLC — Series A, Sylebra Capital Parc Master Fund and Sylebra Capital Partners Master Fund, Ltd. (each an entity subject to an investment management agreement or sub-management agreement with Sylebra Capital Limited, together, "Sylebra Capital" and the agreements entered into, collectively, the "Sylebra Capital Class A Unit Purchase Agreements"), PCT issued and sold an aggregate of 684,190 Class A Common Units to Sylebra Capital Class A Unit Purchase Agreements, and as documented in the Investor Rights Agreement, Sylebra Capital will be entitled to select one member of ParentCo's Board of Directors.

(6) Includes 1,500,000 shares of common stock beneficially owned by Mousserena, L.P. Mousserena, L.P. and Charles Heilbronn have shared voting and dispositive power over these shares. The address for Mousserena, L.P. is Ugland House, 135 South Church Street, George Town, Grand Cayman KY1-1104 Cayman Islands. The address for Mr. Heilbronn is c/o Mousse Partners Limited, 9 West 57th Street, New York, NY 10019.

(7) Mr. Fieler has agreed to serve as a member of the Board of Directors of ParentCo following the consummation of the Business Combination.

SHARES ELIGIBLE FOR FUTURE SALE

Upon the consummation of the Business Combination, ParentCo will have shares of ParentCo Common Stock authorized and up to shares of ParentCo Common Stock issued and outstanding, assuming no shares of ROCH Common Stock are redeemed in connection with the Business Combination. All of the shares of ParentCo Common Stock issued in connection with the Business Combination will be freely transferable by persons other than by ParentCo's "affiliates" or ROCH's "affiliates" without restriction or further registration under the Securities Act. Sales of substantial amounts of the ParentCo Common Stock in the public market could adversely affect prevailing market prices of the ParentCo Common Stock. Prior to the Business Combination, there has been no public market for shares of ParentCo Common Stock. ParentCo has applied for listing of the ParentCo Common Stock, warrants and units on NASDAQ, but ParentCo cannot assure you that a regular trading market will develop in the ParentCo Common Stock.

Lock-up Agreements

Pursuant to the Investor Rights Agreement, almost all of the PCT Unitholders agreed, with certain limited exceptions, to lock up the shares of ParentCo Common Stock they will receive in the Business Combination, to be released in accordance with the following schedule:

- From and after the six-month anniversary of the Closing Date, each Founder (as defined in the Investor Rights Agreement) may sell up to 20% of such Founder's ParentCo Common Shares and each PCT Unitholder that is not a Founder may sell up to 33.34% of such PCT Unitholder's ParentCo Common Shares.
- From and after the one-year anniversary of the Closing Date, each Founder may sell up to 30% of such Founder's ParentCo Common Shares and each PCT Unitholder that is not a Founder may sell up to 33.33% of such PCT Unitholder's ParentCo Common Shares.
- From and after the Phase II Facility becoming operational, as certified by an independent engineering firm, each Founder may sell up to 50% of such Founder's ParentCo Common Shares and each PCT Unitholder that is not a Founder may sell up to 33.33% of such PCT Unitholder's shares of ParentCo Common Shares; provided that, in the case of Procter & Gamble, such lock-up will terminate in any event no later than April 15, 2023.

In addition, ROCH and certain officers, directors and sponsors of ROCH (collectively, the "IPO Insiders") previously entered into a letter agreement (the "Letter Agreement") in connection with ROCH's IPO, pursuant to which the IPO Insiders agreed to certain selling restrictions and hedging restrictions applicable to the Common Stock they hold, which will be converted to ParentCo Common Stock in the Business Combination. Among other things, the IPO Insiders agreed in the Letter Agreement to lock up the shares of ParentCo Common Stock they will receive in the Business Combination for six months following the Business Combination (the "Lock Up Period"), unless the closing price of ParentCo Common stock equals or exceeds \$12.50 per share for any 20 trading days within any 30-trading day period after the Business Combination, in which case the IPO Insiders may sell up to 50% of their holdings of ParentCo Common Stock. The Letter Agreement also provides that the IPO Insiders will be released from the selling restrictions under the Letter Agreement before the Lock Up Period expires if ParentCo undergoes certain transactions where ParentCo shareholders have the right to exchange their shares of ParentCo Common Stock for cash, securities or other property.

Rule 144

All of ParentCo's Common Stock that will be outstanding upon the completion of the Business Combination, other than those shares of ParentCo Common Stock registered pursuant to the Registration Statement on Form S-4 of which the Proxy Statement/Prospectus forms a part and those shares of ParentCo Common Stock registered pursuant to the registration statement of which this prospectus forms a part, will be "restricted securities" as that term is defined in Rule 144 under the Securities Act and may be sold publicly in the United States only if they are subject to an effective registration statement under the Securities Act or pursuant to an exemption from the registration requirement such as those provided by Rule 144 and Rule 701 promulgated under the Securities Act. However, Rule 144 is not available for the resale of securities initially issued by shell companies (other than business combination related shell companies) or issuers that have been at any time previously a shell company. Rule 144 does include an important exception to this prohibition if the following conditions are met:

- the issuer of the securities that was formerly a shell company has ceased to be a shell company;
- the issuer of the securities is subject to the reporting requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act;
- the issuer of the securities has filed all Exchange Act reports and material required to be filed, as applicable, during the preceding 12 months (or such shorter period that the issuer was required to file such reports and materials), other than Form 8-K reports; and
- at least one year has elapsed from the time that the issuer filed current Form 10 type information with the SEC reflecting its status as an entity that is not a shell company.

As a result, the initial ROCH holders, purchasers in the PIPE Placement, any of their respective affiliates and other third parties will be able to sell their Founder Shares, Private Shares, Public Shares or PIPE Placement shares, as applicable, pursuant to and in accordance with Rule 144 without registration one year after the completion of the Business Combination. However, if they remain one of our affiliates, they will only be permitted to sell a number of securities that does not exceed the greater of:

- 1% of the total number of shares of ParentCo Common Stock then outstanding, including shares held by PCT Unitholders that will be subject to certain lock-up arrangements pursuant to the Investor Rights Agreement, which was shares on , 2021; or
- the average weekly reported trading volume of the Common Stock during the four calendar weeks preceding the filing of a notice on Form 144 with respect to the sale.

Sales by our affiliates under Rule 144 would also limited be limited by manner of sale provisions and notice requirements and to the availability of current public information about us.

Rule 701

In general, under Rule 701 of the Securities Act as currently in effect, each of PCT's employees, consultants or advisors who purchases equity shares from ParentCo in connection with a compensatory stock plan or other written agreement executed prior to the completion of the Business Combination is eligible to resell those equity shares in reliance on Rule 144, but without compliance with some of the restrictions, including the holding period, contained in Rule 144. However, the Rule 701 shares would remain subject to lock-up arrangements and would only become eligible for sale when the lock-up period expires.

Registration Rights

In connection with, and as a condition to the consummation of, the Business Combination, the Merger Agreement provides that certain persons and entities holding PCT Units and certain Initial Stockholders will enter into the Investor Rights Agreement. Pursuant to the terms of the Investor Rights Agreement, ParentCo will be obligated to file, after it becomes eligible to use Form S-3 or its successor form, a shelf registration statement to register the resale by the parties of the shares of ParentCo Common Stock issuable in connection with the Business Combination. Approximately shares of ParentCo Common Stock are expected to be covered by the Investor Rights Agreement. The Investor Rights Agreement will also provide the parties with demand, "piggy-back" and Form S-3 registration rights, subject to certain minimum requirements and customary conditions. ParentCo has also granted certain registration rights pursuant to the PIPE Registration Rights Agreement and the Magnetar Registration Rights Agreement, as described elsewhere in this prospectus.

PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION

Each Selling Stockholder of the securities and any of their pledgees, assignees and successors-in-interest may, from time to time, sell any or all of their securities covered hereby on the principal trading market for such securities or any other stock exchange, market or trading facility on which the securities are traded or in private transactions. These sales may be at fixed or negotiated prices. A Selling Stockholder may use any one or more of the following methods when selling securities:

- · ordinary brokerage transactions and transactions in which the broker-dealer solicits Subscribers;
- block trades in which the broker-dealer will attempt to sell the securities as agent but may position and resell a portion of the block as principal to facilitate the transaction:
- · purchases by a broker-dealer as principal and resale by the broker-dealer for its account;
- an exchange distribution in accordance with the rules of the applicable exchange;
- privately negotiated transactions;
- settlement of short sales;
- in transactions through broker-dealers that agree with the Selling Stockholders to sell a specified number of such securities at a stipulated price per security;
- through the writing or settlement of options or other hedging transactions, whether through an options exchange or otherwise;
- · a combination of any such methods of sale; or
- · any other method permitted pursuant to applicable law.

The Selling Stockholders may also sell securities under Rule 144 or any other exemption from registration under the Securities Act, if available, rather than under this prospectus.

Broker-dealers engaged by the Selling Stockholders may arrange for other brokers-dealers to participate in sales. Broker-dealers may receive commissions or discounts from the Selling Stockholders (or, if any broker-dealer acts as agent for the Subscriber of securities, from the Subscriber) in amounts to be negotiated, but, except as set forth in a supplement to this Prospectus, in the case of an agency transaction not in excess of a customary brokerage commission in compliance with FINRA Rule 2440; and in the case of a principal transaction a markup or markdown in compliance with FINRA IM-2440.

In connection with the sale of the securities or interests therein, the Selling Stockholders may enter into hedging transactions with broker-dealers or other financial institutions, which may in turn engage in short sales of the securities in the course of hedging the positions they assume. The Selling Stockholders may also sell securities short and deliver these securities to close out their short positions, or loan or pledge the securities to broker-dealers that in turn may sell these securities. The Selling Stockholders may also enter into option or other transactions with broker-dealers or other financial institutions or create one or more derivative securities which require the delivery to such broker-dealer or other financial institution of securities offered by this prospectus, which securities such broker-dealer or other financial institution may resell pursuant to this prospectus (as supplemented or amended to reflect such transaction).

The Selling Stockholders and any broker-dealers or agents that are involved in selling the securities may be deemed to be "underwriters" within the meaning of the Securities Act in connection with such sales. In such event, any commissions received by such broker-dealers or agents and any profit on the resale of the securities purchased by them may be deemed to be underwriting commissions or discounts under the Securities Act. Each Selling Stockholder has informed ParentCo that it does not have any written or oral agreement or understanding, directly or indirectly, with any person to distribute the securities.

The Company is required to pay certain fees and expenses incurred by ParentCo incident to the registration of the securities. The Company has agreed to indemnify the Selling Stockholders against certain losses, claims, damages and liabilities, including liabilities under the Securities Act.

We agreed to keep this prospectus effective until the earlier of (i) all of the securities have been sold pursuant to this prospectus or Rule 144 under the Securities Act or any other rule of similar effect, (ii) they may be sold pursuant to Rule 144 without volume or manner-of-sale restrictions, as determined by ParentCo; or (iii) it has been two years from the Closing Date. The resale securities will be sold only through registered or licensed brokers or dealers if required under applicable state securities laws. In addition, in certain states, the resale securities covered hereby may not be sold unless they have been registered or qualified for sale in the applicable state or an exemption from the registration or qualification requirement is available and is complied with.

Under applicable rules and regulations under the Exchange Act, any person engaged in the distribution of the resale securities may not simultaneously engage in market making activities with respect to the common stock for the applicable restricted period, as defined in Regulation M, prior to the commencement of the distribution. In addition, the Selling Stockholders will be subject to applicable provisions of the Exchange Act and the rules and regulations thereunder, including Regulation M, which may limit the timing of purchases and sales of the common stock by the Selling Stockholders or any other person. We will make copies of this prospectus available to the Selling Stockholders and have informed them of the need to deliver a copy of this prospectus to each Subscriber at or prior to the time of the sale (including by compliance with Rule 172 under the Securities Act).

EXPERTS

The audited financial statements of PureCycle Technologies LLC included in this prospectus and elsewhere in the registration statement have been so included in reliance upon the report of Grant Thornton LLP, independent registered public accountants, upon the authority of said firm as experts in accounting and auditing.

The financial statements of Roth CH Acquisition I Co. as of December 31, 2019 and for the period from February 13, 2019 (inception) through December 31, 2019 appearing in this prospectus have been audited by Marcum LLP, independent registered public accounting firm, as set forth in their report, thereon (which contains an explanatory paragraph relating to substantial doubt about the ability of Roth CH Acquisition I Co. to continue as a going concern as described in Note 1 to the financial statements), appearing elsewhere in this prospectus, and are included in reliance on such report given on the authority of such firm as an experts in auditing and accounting.

LEGAL MATTERS

Loeb & Loeb LLP, New York, New York, will pass upon the validity of the securities offered hereby.

WHERE YOU CAN FIND MORE INFORMATION

We have filed with the SEC a registration statement on Form S-1 under the Securities Act with respect to the shares of our common stock offered by this prospectus. This prospectus, which constitutes a part of the registration statement, does not contain all of the information set forth in the registration statement, some of which is contained in exhibits to the registration statement as permitted by the rules and regulations of the SEC. For further information with respect to us and our common stock, we refer you to the registration statement, including the exhibits filed as a part of the registration statement. Statements contained in this prospectus concerning the contents of any contract or any other document is not necessarily complete. If a contract or document has been filed as an exhibit to the registration statement, please see the copy of the contract or document that has been filed. Each statement is this prospectus relating to a contract or document filed as an exhibit is qualified in all respects by the filed exhibit. The SEC maintains an Internet website that contains reports, proxy statements and other information about issuers, like us, that file electronically with the SEC. The address of that website is www.sec.gov.

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ROTH CH ACQUISITION I CO. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:

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CONDENSED BALANCE SHEETS

	September 30, 2020		Do	ecember 31, 2019
	J)	J naudited)		(Audited)
ASSETS				
Current asset				
Cash	\$	408,543	\$	194,970
Prepaid expenses		146,896		
Total Current Assets		555,439		194,970
Deferred offering costs		_		85,938
Deferred tax asset		196		_
Marketable securities held in Trust Account		76,522,615		
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	77,078,250	\$	280,908
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY				<u> </u>
Current liabilities				
Accounts payable and Accrued expenses	\$	124,689	\$	1,564
Accrued offering costs		_		55,938
Promissory note — Related party				200,000
Total Current Liabilities		124,689		257,502
Deferred underwriting fee payable		2,677,500		_
Total Liabilities		2,802,189		257,502
Commitments				
Common stock subject to possible redemption, 6,927,606 shares at redemption value at September 30, 2020		69,276,060		_
Stockholders' Equity				
Common stock, \$0.0001 par value; 50,000,000 shares authorized; 2,900,394 and 2,156,250 shares issued and outstanding				
(excluding 6,927,606 and no shares subject to possible redemption) as of September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019 ⁽¹⁾		290		216
Additional paid-in capital		5,225,337		24,784
Accumulated deficit		(225,626)		(1,594)
Total Stockholders' Equity		5,000,001		23,406
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$	77,078,250	\$	280,908

(1) Included an aggregate of up to 281,250 shares subject to forfeiture if the over-allotment option was not exercised in full or in part by the underwriters (see Note 5).

CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (Unaudited)

]	e Months Ended ember 30, 2020	Feb (In Ti Sept	the Period from ruary 13, 2019 ception) hrough ember 30, 2019
Formation and operating costs	\$	246,843	\$	1,000
Loss from operations		(246,843)		(1,000)
Other income:				
Interest income		23,547		
Unrealized loss on marketable securities held in Trust Account		(932)		_
Other income, net	·	22,615		
Loss before provision for income taxes		(224,228)		_
Benefit from income taxes		196		_
Net Loss	\$	(224,032)	\$	(1,000)
Weighted average shares outstanding, basic and diluted ⁽¹⁾		2,409,765		1,875,000
Basic and diluted net loss per common share ⁽²⁾	\$	(0.09)	\$	(0.00)

⁽¹⁾ Excludes an aggregate of up to 6,927,606 shares subject to possible redemption at September 30, 2020 and an aggregate of 281,250 shares subject to forfeiture at September 30, 2019 (see Note 5).

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the unaudited condensed financial statements.

⁽²⁾ Net loss per common share — basic and diluted excludes income of \$12,331 and \$0 attributable to common stock subject to possible redemption for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2020, respectively.

CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (Unaudited)

NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

				Additional		Total
	Common S	tock(1)		Paid-in	Accumulated	Stockholders'
	Shares	Amo	unt	Capital	Deficit	Equity
Balance – January 1, 2020	2,156,250	\$	216	\$ 24,784	\$ (1,594)	\$ 23,406
Net loss	_		_	_	(470)	(470)
Balance – March 31, 2020	2,156,250		216	24,784	(2,064)	22,936
Sale of 7,650,000 Units, net of underwriting discounts	7,650,000		765	71,820,922	_	71,821,687
Sale of 265,500 Private Units	265,500		26	2,654,974	_	2,655,000
Forfeiture of Founder Shares	(243,750)		(24)	24	_	_
Common stock subject to possible redemption	(6,939,626)		(694)	(69,395,566)	_	(69,396,260)
Net loss	_		_	_	(103,353)	(103,353)
Balance – June 30, 2020	2,888,374		289	5,105,138	(105,417)	5,000,010
Common stock subject to possible redemption	12,020		1	120,199	_	120,200
Net loss					(120,209)	(120,209)
Balance – September 30, 2020	2,900,394	\$	290	\$ 5,225,337	<u>\$ (225,626)</u>	\$ 5,000,001

FOR THE PERIOD FROM FEBRUARY 13, 2019 (INCEPTION) THROUGH SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Additional					Total																																				
	Common S	Stock ⁽¹)	Paid-in		Paid-in		Paid-in		Paid-in		Paid-in		Paid-in		Paid-in		Paid-in		Paid-in		Paid-in		Paid-in		Paid-in		Paid-in		Paid-in		Paid-in		Paid-in		Paid-in		Paid-in		Paid-in Acci		Stockholders'
	Shares	Am	ount	Capital		Capital		unt Capital		I	Deficit	Equity																														
Balance – February 13, 2019 (inception)		\$		\$		\$		<u> </u>																																		
Issuance of common stock to Initial Stockholders(1)	2,156,250		216		24,784		_	25,000																																		
Net loss	_		_		_		(1,000)	(1,000)																																		
Balance - March 31, 2019	2,156,250		216		24,784		(1,000)	24,000																																		
Net loss	_		_		_		_	_																																		
Balance – June 30, 2019	2,156,250		216		24,784		(1,000)	24,000																																		
Net loss	_		_		_			_																																		
Balance – September 30, 2019	2,156,250	\$	216	\$	24,784	\$	(1,000)	\$ 24,000																																		

⁽¹⁾ Included an aggregate of up to 281,250 shares subject to forfeiture if the over-allotment option was not exercised in full or in part by the underwriters (see Note 5).

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the unaudited condensed financial statements.

CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited)

]	e Months Ended tember 30, 2020	Febr (Inc Th Septe	he Period from ruary 13, 2019 ception) nrough ember 30, 2019
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:				
Net loss	\$	(224,032)	\$	(1,000)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:				
Interest earned on marketable securities held in Trust Account		(23,547)		_
Unrealized loss on marketable securities held in Trust Account		932		_
Deferred income tax benefit		(196)		_
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:				
Prepaid expenses		(146,896)		_
Accounts payable and Accrued expenses		123,125		1,000
Net cash used in operating activities		(270,614)		
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:				
Investment of cash in Trust Account		(76,500,000)		
Net cash used in investing activities		(76,500,000)		<u> </u>
Cash Flows from Financing Activities:				
Proceeds from issuance of common stock to Initial Stockholders		_		25,000
Proceeds from sale of Units, net of underwriting discounts paid		74,970,000		
Proceeds from sale of Private Units		2,655,000		_
Repayment of promissory note – related party		(200,000)		
Payments of offering costs		(440,813)		_
Net cash provided by financing activities		76,984,187		25,000
Net Change in Cash		213,573		25,000
Cash – Beginning		194,970		_
Cash – Ending	\$	408,543	\$	25,000
Non-cash investing and financing activities:				
Initial classification of common stock subject to possible redemption	\$	68,052,060	\$	_
Change in value of common stock subject to possible redemption	\$	1,224,000	\$	
Deferred underwriting fee payable	\$	2,677,500	\$	_

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the unaudited condensed financial statements.

ROTH CH ACQUISITION I CO. NOTES TO CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020 (Unaudited)

NOTE 1. DESCRIPTION OF ORGANIZATION AND BUSINESS OPERATIONS

Roth CH Acquisition I Co. (the "Company") was incorporated in Delaware on February 13, 2019. The Company is a blank check company formed for the purpose of entering into a merger, share exchange, asset acquisition, stock purchase, recapitalization, reorganization or other similar business combination with one or more businesses or entities (the "Business Combination").

The Company is an early stage and emerging growth company and, as such, the Company is subject to all of the risks associated with early stage and emerging growth companies.

As of September 30, 2020, the Company had not commenced any operations. All activity for the period from February 13, 2019 (inception) through September 30, 2020 relates to the Company's formation, the initial public offering ("Initial Public Offering"), which is described below, and activities in connection with the potential acquisition of PureCycle Technologies LLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("PCT") (see Note 8). The Company will not generate any operating revenues until after the completion of a Business Combination, at the earliest. The Company will generate non-operating income in the form of interest income from the proceeds derived from the Initial Public Offering.

The registration statement for the Company's Initial Public Offering was declared effective on May 4, 2020. On May 7, 2020, the Company consummated the Initial Public Offering of 7,500,000 units (the "Units" and, with respect to the shares of common stock included in the Units sold, the "Public Shares"), at \$10.00 per Unit, generating gross proceeds of \$75,000,000, which is described in Note 3.

Simultaneously with the closing of the Initial Public Offering, the Company consummated the sale of 262,500 units (the "Private Units") at a price of \$10.00 per Private Unit in a private placement to our initial stockholders, generating gross proceeds of \$2,625,000, which is described in Note 4.

Following the closing of the Initial Public Offering on May 7, 2020, an amount of \$75,000,000 (\$10.00 per Unit) from the net proceeds of the sale of the Units in the Initial Public Offering and the sale of the Private Units was placed in a trust account ("Trust Account") which will be invested only in U.S. government securities, within the meaning set forth in Section 2(a)(16) of the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "Investment Company Act"), with a maturity of 180 days or less or in any open-ended investment company that holds itself out as a money market fund selected by the Company meeting the conditions of Rule 2a-7 of the Investment Company Act, as determined by the Company, until the earlier of: (i) the completion of a Business Combination and (ii) the distribution of the Trust Account, as described below.

On May 26, 2020, in connection with the underwriters' election to partially exercise their over- allotment option, the Company sold an additional 150,000 Units at a purchase price of \$10.00 per Unit, generating gross proceeds of \$1,500,000. In addition, in connection with the underwriters' partial exercise of their over-allotment option, the Company also consummated the sale of an additional 3,000 Private Units at a purchase price of \$10.00 per Private Unit, generating gross proceeds of \$30,000. Following such closing, an additional \$1,500,000 was deposited into the Trust Account, resulting in \$76,500,000 being held in the Trust Account.

Transaction costs amounted to \$4,678,313, consisting of \$1,530,000 of underwriting fees, \$2,677,500 of deferred underwriting fees and \$470,813 of other offering costs. In addition, as of September 30, 2020, cash of \$408,543 was held outside of the Trust Account (as defined below) and is available for working capital purposes.

The Company's management has broad discretion with respect to the specific application of the net proceeds of the Initial Public Offering and the sale of the Private Units, although substantially all of the net proceeds are intended to be applied generally toward consummating a Business Combination. There is no assurance that the Company will be able to complete a Business Combination successfully. The Company must complete a Business Combination having an aggregate fair market value of at least 80% of the assets held in the Trust Account (excluding the deferred underwriting commissions and taxes payable on income earned on the Trust Account) at the time of the agreement to enter into an initial Business Combination. The Company will only complete a Business Combination if the post-transaction company owns or acquires 50% or more of the outstanding voting securities of the target or otherwise acquires a controlling interest in the target sufficient for it not to be required to register as an investment company under the Investment Company Act.

The Company will provide its holders of the outstanding Public Shares (the "public stockholders") with the opportunity to redeem all or a portion of their Public Shares upon the completion of a Business Combination either (i) in connection with a stockholder meeting called to approve the Business Combination or (ii) by means of a tender offer. The decision as to whether the Company will seek stockholder approval of a Business Combination or conduct a tender offer will be made by the Company, solely in its discretion. The public stockholders will be entitled to redeem their Public Shares for a pro rata portion of the amount then in the Trust Account (\$10.00 per Public Share, plus any pro rata interest earned on the funds held in the Trust Account and not previously released to the Company to pay its tax obligations). There will be no redemption rights upon the completion of a Business Combination with respect to the Company's warrants.

The Company will proceed with a Business Combination if the Company has net tangible assets of at least \$5,000,001 immediately prior to or upon such consummation of a Business Combination and, if the Company seeks stockholder approval, a majority of the shares voted are voted in favor of the Business Combination. If a stockholder vote is not required by law and the Company does not decide to hold a stockholder vote for business or other legal reasons, the Company will, pursuant to its Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation (the "Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation"), conduct the redemptions pursuant to the tender offer rules of the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") and file tender offer documents with the SEC containing substantially the same information as would be included in a proxy statement prior to completing a Business Combination. If, however, stockholder approval of the transaction is required by law, or the Company decides to obtain stockholder approval for business or legal reasons, the Company will offer to redeem shares in conjunction with a proxy solicitation pursuant to the proxy rules and not pursuant to the tender offer rules. If the Company seeks stockholder approval in connection with a Business Combination, the holders of the Company's shares prior to the Initial Public Offering (the "Initial Public Offering (a) in favor of approving a Business Combination and (b) not to redeem any shares in connection with a stockholder wore to approve a Business Combination or sell any shares to the Company in a tender offer in connection with a Business Combination. Additionally, each public stockholder may elect to redeem their Public Shares irrespective of whether they vote for or against the Initial transaction or don't vote at all.

The Initial Stockholders have agreed (a) to waive their redemption rights with respect to their Founder Shares, Private Shares and Public Shares held by them in connection with the completion of a Business Combination and (b) not to propose an amendment to the Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation that would affect a public stockholders' ability to convert or sell their shares to the Company in connection with a Business Combination or affect the substance or timing of the Company's obligation to redeem 100% of its Public Shares if the Company does not complete a Business Combination, unless the Company provides the public stockholders with the opportunity to redeem their Public Shares in conjunction with any such amendment.

The Company will have until November 7, 2021 to complete a Business Combination (the "Combination Period"). If the Company is unable to complete a Business Combination within the Combination Period, the Company will (i) cease all operations except for the purpose of winding up, (ii) as promptly as reasonably possible but not more than five business days thereafter, redeem the Public Shares, at a per-share price, payable in cash, equal to the aggregate amount then on deposit in the Trust Account including interest earned on the funds held in the Trust Account and not previously released to the Company to pay taxes, divided by the number of then outstanding Public Shares, which redemption will completely extinguish public stockholders' rights as stockholders (including the right to receive further liquidating distributions, if any), subject to applicable law, and (iii) as promptly as reasonably possible following such redemption, subject to the approval of the Company's remaining stockholders and the Company's obligations under Delaware law to provide for claims of creditors and the requirements of other applicable law.

The Initial Stockholders have agreed to waive their liquidation rights with respect to the Founder Shares and Private Shares if the Company fails to complete a Business Combination within the Combination Period. However, if the Initial Stockholders acquire Public Shares in or after the Initial Public Offering, such Public Shares will be entitled to liquidating distributions from the Trust Account if the Company fails to complete a Business Combination within the Combination Period. The underwriters have agreed to waive their rights to their deferred underwriting commission (see Note 6) held in the Trust Account in the event the Company does not complete a Business Combination within the Combination Period and, in such event, such amounts will be included with the other funds held in the Trust Account that will be available to fund the redemption of the Public Shares. In the event of such distribution, it is possible that the per share value of the assets remaining available for distribution will be less than the Initial Public Offering price per Unit (\$10.00).

In order to protect the amounts held in the Trust Account, the Initial Stockholders have agreed to be liable to the Company if and to the extent any claims by a vendor for services rendered or products sold to the Company, or a prospective target business with which the Company has discussed entering into a transaction agreement, reduce the amount of funds in the Trust Account to below \$10.00 per Public Share, except as to any claims by a third party who executed a valid and enforceable agreement with the Company waiving any right, title, interest or claim of any kind they may have in or to any monies held in the Trust Account and except as to any claims under the Company's indemnity of the underwriters of Initial Public Offering against certain liabilities, including liabilities under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"). Moreover, in the event that an executed waiver is deemed to be unenforceable against a third party, the Initial Stockholders will not be responsible to the extent of any liability for such third-party claims. The Company will seek to reduce the possibility that Initial Stockholders will have to indemnify the Trust Account due to claims of creditors by endeavoring to have all vendors, service providers, prospective target businesses or other entities with which the Company does business, execute agreements with the Company waiving any right, title, interest or claim of any kind in or to monies held in the Trust Account.

Liquidity

As of September 30, 2020, the Company had \$408,543 in its operating bank accounts, \$76,522,615 in marketable securities held in the Trust Account to be used for a Business Combination or to repurchase or redeem stock in connection therewith and working capital of \$496,250, which excludes franchise taxes payable of \$65,500, of which such amount will be paid from interest earned on the Trust Account. As of September 30, 2020, approximately \$23,000 of the amount on deposit in the Trust Account represented interest income, which is available to pay the Company's tax obligations.

On November 2, 2020, the Sponsor committed to provide the Company an aggregate of \$100,000 in loans in order to finance transaction costs in connection with a Business Combination.

The Company may raise additional capital through loans or additional investments from the Sponsor or its stockholders, officers, directors, or third parties. The Company's officers and directors and the Sponsor may, but are not obligated to (except as described above), loan the Company funds, from time to time, in whatever amount they deem reasonable in their sole discretion, to meet the Company's working capital needs. Based on the foregoing, the Company believes it will have sufficient cash to meet its needs through the earlier of consummation of a Business Combination or November 7, 2021, the deadline to complete a Business Combination pursuant to the Company's Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation (unless otherwise amended by stockholders).

Risks and Uncertainties

In March 2020, the World Health Organization declared the outbreak of a novel coronavirus (COVID-19) as a pandemic which continues to spread throughout the United States and the World. As of the date the financial statements were available to be issued, there was considerable uncertainty around the expected duration of this pandemic. We have concluded that while it is reasonably possible that COVID-19 could have a negative effect on identifying a target company for a Business Combination, the specific impact is not readily determinable as of the date of these financial statements. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited condensed financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") for interim financial information and in accordance with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 8 of Regulation S-X of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"). Certain information or footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with GAAP have been condensed or omitted, pursuant to the rules and regulations of the SEC for interim financial reporting. Accordingly, they do not include all the information and footnotes necessary for a complete presentation of financial position, results of operations, or cash flows. In the opinion of management, the accompanying unaudited condensed financial statements include all adjustments, consisting of a normal recurring nature, which are necessary for a fair presentation of the financial position, operating results and cash flows for the periods presented.

The accompanying unaudited condensed financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's prospectus for its Initial Public Offering as filed with the SEC on May 6, 2020, as well as the Company's Current Reports on Form 8-K, as filed with the SEC on May 7, 2020 and May 13, 2020. The interim results for the nine months ended September 30, 2020 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the year ending December 31, 2020 or for any future periods.

Emerging Growth Company

The Company is an "emerging growth company," as defined in Section 2(a) of the Securities Act, as modified by the Jumpstart Our Business Startups Act of 2012 (the "JOBS Act"), and it may take advantage of certain exemptions from various reporting requirements that are applicable to other public companies that are not emerging growth companies including, but not limited to, not being required to comply with the independent registered public accounting firm attestation requirements of Section 404 of the Sarbanes- Oxley Act, reduced disclosure obligations regarding executive compensation in its periodic reports and proxy statements, and exemptions from the requirements of holding a nonbinding advisory vote on executive compensation and stockholder approval of any golden parachute payments not previously approved.

Further, Section 102(b)(1) of the JOBS Act exempts emerging growth companies from being required to comply with new or revised financial accounting standards until private companies (that is, those that have not had a Securities Act registration statement declared effective or do not have a class of securities registered under the Exchange Act) are required to comply with the new or revised financial accounting standards. The JOBS Act provides that a company can elect to opt out of the extended transition period and comply with the requirements that apply to non-emerging growth companies but any such election to opt out is irrevocable. The Company has elected not to opt out of such extended transition period which means that when a standard is issued or revised and it has different application dates for public or private companies, the Company, as an emerging growth company, can adopt the new or revised standard the time private companies adopt the new or revised standard. This may make comparison of the Company's financial statement with another public company which is neither an emerging growth company nor an emerging growth company which has opted out of using the extended transition period difficult or impossible because of the potential differences in accounting standards used.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of condensed financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires the Company's management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting periods. Making estimates requires management to exercise significant judgment. It is at least reasonably possible that the estimate of the effect of a condition, situation or set of circumstances that existed at the date of the financial statements, which management considered in formulating its estimate, could change in the near term due to one or more future confirming events. Accordingly, the actual results could differ significantly from those estimates.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company considers all short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents. The Company did not have any cash equivalents as of September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019.

Marketable Securities Held in Trust Account

At September 30, 2020, substantially all of the assets held in the Trust Account were held in money market funds, which primarily invest in U.S. Treasury Bills. During the nine months ended September 30, 2020, the Company did not withdraw any of the interest earned on the Trust Account.

Common Stock Subject to Possible Redemption

The Company accounts for its common stock subject to possible redemption in accordance with the guidance in Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") Topic 480 "Distinguishing Liabilities from Equity." Common stock subject to mandatory redemption is classified as a liability instrument and is measured at fair value. Conditionally redeemable common stock (including common stock that features redemption rights that is either within the control of the holder or subject to redemption upon the occurrence of uncertain events not solely within the Company's control) is classified as temporary equity. At all other times, common stock is classified as stockholders' equity. The Company's common stock features certain redemption rights that are considered to be outside of the Company's control and subject to occurrence of uncertain future events. Accordingly, common stock subject to possible redemption is presented at redemption value as temporary equity, outside of the stockholders' equity section of the Company's condensed balance sheets.

Income Taxes

The Company follows the asset and liability method of accounting for income taxes under ASC 740, "Income Taxes." Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the estimated future tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial statements carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. The effect on deferred tax assets and liabilities of a change in tax rates is recognized in income in the period that included the enactment date. Valuation allowances are established, when necessary, to reduce deferred tax assets to the amount expected to be realized.

ASC 740 prescribes a recognition threshold and a measurement attribute for the financial statement recognition and measurement of tax positions taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. For those benefits to be recognized, a tax position must be more likely than not to be sustained upon examination by taxing authorities. The Company recognizes accrued interest and penalties related to unrecognized tax benefits as income tax expense. There were no unrecognized tax benefits and no amounts accrued for interest and penalties as of September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019. The Company is currently not aware of any issues under review that could result in significant payments, accruals or material deviation from its position. The Company is subject to income tax examinations by major taxing authorities since inception. The effective tax rate of 0% differs from the statutory tax rate of 21% for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2020 due to the valuation allowance recorded against the Company's net operating losses.

On March 27, 2020, President Trump signed the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security "CARES" Act into law. The CARES Act includes several significant business tax provisions that, among other things, would eliminate the taxable income limit for certain net operating losses ("NOL) and allow businesses to carry back NOLs arising in 2018, 2019 and 2020 to the five prior years, suspend the excess business loss rules, accelerate refunds of previously generated corporate alternative minimum tax credits, generally loosen the business interest limitation under IRC section 163(j) from 30 percent to 50 percent among other technical corrections included in the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act tax provisions.

Net Loss Per Common Share

Net loss per share is computed by dividing net loss by the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the period, excluding shares of common stock subject to forfeiture. At September 30, 2019, weighted average shares were reduced for the effect of an aggregate of 281,250 shares of common stock that were subject to forfeiture if the over-allotment option was not exercised by the underwriters (see Note 7). The Company applies the two-class method in calculating earnings per share. Shares of common stock subject to possible redemption at September 30, 2020, which are not currently redeemable and are not redeemable at fair value, have been excluded from the calculation of basic loss per share since such shares, if redeemed, only participate in their pro rata share of the Trust Account earnings. The Company has not considered the effect of warrants to purchase 5,936,265 shares of common stock that were sold in the Initial Public Offering and the private placement in the calculation of diluted loss per share, since the exercise of the warrants is contingent upon the occurrence of future events. As a result, diluted loss per share is the same as basic loss per share for the period presented.

Reconciliation of Net Loss Per Common Share

The Company's net loss is adjusted for the portion of income that is attributable to common stock subject to possible redemption, as these shares only participate in the earnings of the Trust Account and not the income and losses of the Company. There were no such adjustments for the three months ended September 30, 2019 and for the period from February 13, 2019 (inception) through September 30, 2019. Accordingly, basic and diluted loss per common share is calculated as follows:

	Ni	ne Months Ended
	Sep	ptember 30, 2020
Net loss	\$	(224,032)
Less: Income attributable to shares subject to possible redemption		_
Adjusted net loss	\$	(224,032)
Weighted average shares outstanding, basic and diluted		2,409,765
Basic and diluted net loss per share	\$	(0.09)

Concentration of Credit Risk

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to concentrations of credit risk consist of a cash account in a financial institution, which, at times, may exceed the Federal Depository Insurance Coverage of \$250,000. The Company has not experienced losses on this account and management believes the Company is not exposed to significant risks on such account.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The fair value of the Company's assets and liabilities, which qualify as financial instruments under ASC 820, "Fair Value Measurement," approximates the carrying amounts represented in the accompanying condensed balance sheets, primarily due to their short-term nature.

Recent Accounting Standards

Management does not believe that any recently issued, but not yet effective, accounting standards, if currently adopted, would have a material effect on the Company's condensed financial statements.

NOTE 3. PUBLIC OFFERING

Pursuant to the Initial Public Offering, the Company sold 7,650,000 Units, at a price of \$10.00 per Unit, inclusive of 150,000 Units sold to the underwriters on May 26, 2020 upon the underwriters' election to partially exercise their over-allotment option. Each Unit consists of one share of common stock and three- quarters of one redeemable warrant ("Public Warrant").

NOTE 4. PRIVATE PLACEMENT

Simultaneously with the closing of the Initial Public Offering, the Initial Stockholders purchased an aggregate of 262,500 Private Units, at a price of \$10.00 per Private Unit, for an aggregate purchase price of \$2,625,000. On May 26, 2020, in connection with the underwriters' election to partially exercise their over- allotment option, the Company sold an additional 3,000 Private Units to the Initial Stockholders, generating gross proceeds of \$30,000. Each Private Unit consists of one share of common stock ("Private Share") and three-quarters of one redeemable warrant ("Private Warrant"). Each whole Private Warrant entitles the holder to purchase one share of common stock at a price of \$11.50 per full share (every four units entitles the holder thereof to receive three whole warrants), subject to adjustment (see Note 7). The proceeds from the Private Units were added to the proceeds from the Initial Public Offering held in the Trust Account. If the Company does not complete a Business Combination within the Combination Period, the proceeds from the sale of the Private Units will be used to fund the redemption of the Public Shares (subject to the requirements of applicable law).

NOTE 5. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Founder Shares

In April 2019, the Initial Stockholders purchased an aggregate of 100 shares of the Company's common stock for an aggregate price of \$25,000. On November 12, 2019, the Company effected a 1 for 21,562.50 dividend in the nature of a stock split that resulted in there being an aggregate of 2,156,250 shares of common stock outstanding and being held by the Initial Stockholders (the "Founder Shares"). All share and per-share amounts have been retroactively restated to reflect the stock dividend. The 2,156,250 Founder Shares included an aggregate of up to 281,250 shares subject to forfeiture by the Initial Stockholders to the extent that the underwriters' over-allotment was not exercised in full or in part, so that the Initial Stockholders would collectively own 20% of the Company's issued and outstanding shares after the Initial Public Offering (assuming the Initial Stockholders did not purchase any Public Shares in the Initial Public Offering and excluding the Private Shares). As a result of the underwriters' election to partially exercise their over-allotment option and forfeit the balance of their option, 243,750 Founder Shares were forfeited and 37,500 Founder Shares are no longer subject to forfeiture. As a result, as of May 26, 2020, there are 1,912,500 Founder Shares issued and outstanding.

The Initial Stockholders have agreed, subject to certain limited exceptions, not to transfer, assign or sell any of the Founder Shares until (1) with respect to 50% of the Founder Shares, the earlier of six months after the completion of a Business Combination and the date on which the closing price of the common stock equals or exceeds \$12.50 per share (as adjusted for stock splits, stock dividends, reorganizations, recapitalizations and the like) for any 20 trading days within any 30-trading day period commencing after a Business Combination and (2) with respect to the remaining 50% of the Founder Shares, six months after the completion of a Business Combination, or earlier, in either case, if, subsequent to a Business Combination, the Company completes a liquidation, merger, stock exchange or other similar transaction which results in all of the Company's stockholders having the right to exchange their shares of common stock for cash, securities or other property.

Promissory Note - Related Party

On October 4, 2019, the Company issued an unsecured promissory note to the sponsor (the "Promissory Note"), pursuant to which the Company could borrow up to an aggregate principal amount of \$200,000. As of December 31, 2019, there was \$200,000 outstanding under the Promissory Note. The Promissory Note was non-interest bearing and payable on the earlier of (i) the consummation of the Initial Public Offering or (ii) the date on which the Company determines not to proceed with the Initial Public Offering. Borrowings outstanding under the Promissory Note of \$200,000 were repaid upon the consummation of the Initial Public Offering on May 7, 2020.

Related Party Loans

In addition, in order to finance transaction costs in connection with a Business Combination, the Initial Stockholders, or certain of the Company's officers and directors or their affiliates may, but are not obligated to, loan the Company funds as may be required ("Working Capital Loans"). If the Company completes a Business Combination, the Company would repay the Working Capital Loans out of the proceeds of the Trust Account released to the Company. Otherwise, the Working Capital Loans would be repaid only out of funds held outside the Trust Account. In the event that a Business Combination does not close, the Company may use a portion of proceeds held outside the Trust Account to repay the Working Capital Loans, but no proceeds held in the Trust Account would be used to repay the Working Capital Loans. Except for the foregoing, the terms of such Working Capital Loans, if any, have not been determined and no written agreements exist with respect to such loans. The Working Capital Loans would be repaid upon consummation of a Business Combination, without interest.

NOTE 6. COMMITMENTS

Registration Rights

Pursuant to a registration rights agreement entered into on May 4, 2020, the holders of the Founder Shares, as well as the holders of the Private Units (and underlying securities) and any securities issued to the Initial Stockholders, officers, directors or their affiliates in payment of Working Capital Loans made to Company are entitled to registration rights. The holders of a majority of these securities are entitled to make up to two demands that the Company register such securities. The holders of the majority of the Founder Shares can elect to exercise these registration rights at any time commencing three months prior to the date on which these shares of common stock are to be released from escrow. The holders of a majority of the Private Units (and underlying securities) and securities issued in payment of Working Capital Loans (or underlying securities) can elect to exercise these registration rights at any time after the Company consummates a business combination. In addition, the holders have certain "piggy-back" registration rights with respect to registration statements filed subsequent to the consummation of a Business Combination. The Company will bear the expenses incurred in connection with the filing of any such registration statements.

Underwriting Agreement

The Company granted the underwriters a 45-day option from the date of Initial Public Offering to purchase up to 1,125,000 additional Units to cover over-allotments, if any, at the Initial Public Offering price less the underwriting discounts and commissions. On May 26, 2020, the underwriters elected to partially exercise their over-allotment option to purchase an additional 150,000 Units at a purchase price of \$10.00 Units

The underwriters were paid a cash underwriting discount of 2.00% of the gross proceeds of the Initial Public Offering, or \$1,530,000. In addition, the underwriters are entitled to a deferred fee of 3.50% of the gross proceeds of the Initial Offering, or \$2,677,500. The deferred fee will be paid in cash upon the closing of a Business Combination from the amounts held in the Trust Account, subject to the terms of the underwriting agreement.

Investor Relations Agreement

On February 27, 2020, the Company entered into an investor relations agreement, pursuant to which, in exchange for investor relations services, the Company will pay the service provider a one-time fee of \$10,000. Upon the closing of a Business Combination, the Company will pay the service provider a fee of \$50,000 and following the Business Combination, the Company will pay a fee of \$10,000 per month for a period of nine months. As of September 30, 2020, the Company has paid \$10,000 of such fees.

NOTE 7. STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

Common Stock — The Company is authorized to issue 50,000,000 shares of common stock with a par value of \$0.0001 per share. At September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, there were 2,900,394 and 2,156,250 shares of common stock issued and outstanding, excluding 6,927,606 and no shares of common stock subject to possible redemption, respectively.

Warrants — The Company will not issue fractional warrants. The Public Warrants will become exercisable on the later of (a) the completion of a Business Combination or (b) 12 months from the closing of the Initial Public Offering. No warrants will be exercisable for cash unless the Company has an effective and current registration statement covering the shares of common stock issuable upon exercise of the warrants and a current prospectus relating to such shares of common stock. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if a registration statement covering the shares of common stock issuable upon exercise of the Public Warrants is not effective within 120 days following the consummation of a Business Combination, warrant holders may, until such time as there is an effective registration statement and during any period when the Company shall have failed to maintain an effective registration statement, exercise warrants on a cashless basis pursuant to the exemption provided by Section 3(a)(9) of the Securities Act, provided that such exemption is available. If that exemption, or another exemption, is not available, holders will not be able to exercise their warrants on a cashless basis. The Public Warrants will expire five years after the completion of a Business Combination or earlier upon redemption or liquidation.

Once the warrants become exercisable, the Company may redeem the Public Warrants:

- in whole and not in part;
- at a price of \$0.01 per warrant;
- upon not less than 30 days' prior written notice of redemption;
- if, and only if, the reported last sale price of the shares of common stock equals or exceeds \$18.00 per share (as adjusted for stock splits, stock dividends, reorganizations and recapitalizations), for any 20 trading days within a 30 trading day period ending on the third business day prior to the notice of redemption to warrant holders; and
- if, and only if, there is a current registration statement in effect with respect to the shares of common stock underlying the warrants at the time of redemption and for the entire 30-day trading period referred to above and continuing each day thereafter until the date of redemption.

If the Company calls the Public Warrants for redemption, management will have the option to require all holders that wish to exercise the Public Warrants to do so on a "cashless basis." as described in the warrant agreement.

In addition, if (x) the Company issues additional shares of common stock or equity-linked securities for capital raising purposes in connection with the closing of a Business Combination at an issue price or effective issue price of less than \$9.20 per share of common stock (with such issue price or effective issue price to be determined in good faith by the Company's board of directors, and in the case of any such issuance to the Initial Stockholders or their affiliates, without taking into account any Founder Shares held by them prior to such issuance), (y) the aggregate gross proceeds from such issuances represent more than 60% of the total equity proceeds, and interest thereon, available for the funding of a Business Combination on the date of the consummation of a Business Combination (net of redemptions), and (z) the volume weighted average trading price of the Company's common stock during the 20 trading day period starting on the trading day prior to the day on which the Company consummates Business Combination (such price, the "Market Value") is below \$9.20 per share, the exercise price of the warrants will be adjusted (to the nearest cent) to be equal to 115% of the Market Value and the \$18.00 per share redemption trigger price described above will be adjusted (to the nearest cent) to be equal to 180% of the Market Price.

The exercise price and number of shares of common stock issuable on exercise of the warrants may be adjusted in certain circumstances including in the event of a stock dividend, extraordinary dividend or our recapitalization, reorganization, merger or consolidation. However, except as described previously, the warrants will not be adjusted for issuances of shares of common stock at a price below their respective exercise prices. Additionally, in no event will the Company be required to net cash settle the warrants. If the Company is unable to complete a Business Combination within the Combination Period and the Company liquidates the funds held in the Trust Account, holders of warrants will not receive any of such funds with respect to their warrants, nor will they receive any distribution from the Company's assets held outside of the Trust Account with the respect to such warrants. Accordingly, the warrants may expire worthless.

The Private Warrants are identical to the Public Warrants underlying the Units sold in the Proposed Public Offering, except that the Private Warrants and the shares of common stock issuable upon the exercise of the Private Warrants will not be transferable, assignable or saleable until after the completion of a Business Combination, subject to certain limited exceptions. Additionally, the Private Warrants will be exercisable for cash or on a cashless basis, at the holder's option, and be non-redeemable so long as they are held by the initial purchasers or their permitted transferees. If the Private Warrants are held by someone other than the initial purchasers or their permitted transferees, the Private Warrants will be redeemable by the Company and exercisable by such holders on the same basis as the Public Warrants.

NOTE 8. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Company evaluated subsequent events and transactions that occurred after the balance sheet date up to the date that the financial statements were issued. Based upon this review, other than as described below, the Company did not identify any subsequent events that would have required adjustment or disclosure in the condensed financial statements.

On November 16, 2020, the Company, Roth CH Acquisition I Co. Parent Corp., a Delaware corporation ("ParentCo"), Roth CH Merger Sub LLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("Merger Sub LLC"), Roth CH Merger Sub Corp., a Delaware corporation ("Merger Sub Corp") and PCT, entered into an agreement and plan of merger (the "Merger Agreement") pursuant to which ParentCo will acquire PCT for consideration of a combination of shares in ParentCo and assumption of indebtedness. Consummation of the transactions contemplated by the Merger Agreement are subject to customary conditions of the respective parties, including the approval of the Merger Agreement, the Business Combination (as defined in the Merger Agreement) and certain other actions related thereto by the Company's stockholders, certain regulatory approvals, and the availability of a minimum amount of cash in the Trust Account (and/or from other specified sources, if necessary), after giving effect to redemptions by the Company's public stockholders, if any.

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Stockholders and the Board of Directors of Roth CH Acquisition I Co.

Opinion on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying balance sheet of Roth CH Acquisition I Co. (the "Company") as of December 31, 2019 and the related statements of operations, changes in stockholders' equity and cash flows for the period from February 13, 2019 (inception) through December 31, 2019 and the related notes (collectively referred to as the "financial statements"). In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2019 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the period from February 13, 2019 (inception) through December 31, 2019, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Explanatory Paragraph — Going Concern

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared assuming that the Company will continue as a going concern. As more fully described in Note 1 to the financial statements, the Company's business plan is dependent on the completion of a financing and the Company's cash and working capital as of December 31, 2019 are not sufficient to complete its planned activities. These conditions raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Management's plans in regard to these matters are also described in Notes 1 and 3. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

Basis for Opinion

These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's financial statements based on our audit. We are a public accounting firm registered with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) ("PCAOB") and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud. The Company is not required to have, nor were we engaged to perform, an audit of its internal control over financial reporting. As part of our audit we are required to obtain an understanding of internal control over financial reporting but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion.

Our audit included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures that respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. Our audit also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

/s/ Marcum LLP

Marcum LLP We have served as the Company's auditor since 2019. New York, NY February 14, 2020

BALANCE SHEET DECEMBER 31, 2019

ASSETS	
Current asset – Cash	\$ 194,970
Deferred offering costs	85,938
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 280,908
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	
Current liabilities	
Accrued expenses	\$ 1,564
Accrued offering costs	55,938
Promissory note – Related party	200,000
Total Current Liabilities	 257,502
Commitments	
Stockholders' Equity	
Common stock, \$0.0001 par value; 50,000,000 shares authorized; 2,156,250 shares issued and outstanding ⁽¹⁾	216
Additional paid-in capital	24,784
Accumulated deficit	(1,594)
Total Stockholders' Equity	23,406
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$ 280,908

⁽¹⁾ Includes up to 281,250 shares subject to forfeiture if the over-allotment option is not exercised in full or in part by the underwriters (see Note 5).

STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS FOR THE PERIOD FROM FEBRUARY 13, 2019 (INCEPTION) TO DECEMBER 31, 2019

Formation and operating costs Net Loss	<u>\$</u>	1,594 (1,594)
Weighted average shares outstanding, basic and diluted ⁽¹⁾	1,8	75,000
Basic and diluted net loss per common share	<u>\$</u>	(0.00)

(1) Excludes an aggregate of up to 281,250 shares subject to forfeiture if the over-allotment option is not exercised in full or in part by the underwriters (see Note 5).

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY FOR THE PERIOD FROM FEBRUARY 13, 2019 (INCEPTION) TO DECEMBER 31, 2019

	Commo	n Ste	val.		Additional Paid in		Accumulated		Total Stockholders'
	Common Stock Shares Amount		Capital		Deficit		,	Equity	
Balance – February 13, 2019 (inception)		\$		\$		\$		\$	
Issuance of common stock to Initial Stockholders ⁽¹⁾	2,156,250		216		24,784		_		25,000
Net loss			_		_		(1,594)		(1,594)
Balance – December 31, 2019	2,156,250	\$	216	\$	24,784	\$	(1,594)	\$	23,406

⁽¹⁾ Includes 281,250 shares subject to forfeiture if the over-allotment option is not exercised in full or in part by the underwriters (see Note 5).

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE PERIOD FROM FEBRUARY 13, 2019 (INCEPTION) TO DECEMBER 31, 2019

Cash Flows from Operating Activities:	
Net loss	\$ (1,594)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:	
Accrued expenses	1,564
Net cash used in operating activities	(30)
	` '
Cash Flows from Financing Activities:	
Proceeds from issuance of common stock to Initial Stockholders	25,000
Proceeds from promissory note – related party	200,000
Payment of offering costs	(30,000)
Net cash provided by operating activities	195,000
Net Change in Cash	194,970
Cash – Beginning	_
Cash – Ending	\$ 194,970
	<u> </u>
Non-cash investing and financing activities:	
Deferred offering costs included in accrued offering costs	\$ 55,938

Note 1 — Description of Organization and Business Operations

Roth CH Acquisition I Co. (the "Company") was incorporated in Delaware on February 13, 2019. The Company is a blank check company formed for the purpose of entering into a merger, share exchange, asset acquisition, stock purchase, recapitalization, reorganization or other similar business combination with one or more businesses or entities (the "Business Combination").

The Company is an early stage and emerging growth company and, as such, the Company is subject to all of the risks associated with early stage and emerging growth companies.

As of December 31, 2019, the Company had not commenced any operations. All activity for the period from February 13, 2019 (inception) through December 31, 2019 relates to the Company's formation and the proposed initial public offering ("Proposed Public Offering"), which is described below. The Company will not generate any operating revenues until after the completion of a Business Combination, at the earliest. The Company will generate non-operating income in the form of interest income from the proceeds derived from the Proposed Public Offering. The Company has selected December 31 as its fiscal year end.

The Company's ability to commence operations is contingent upon obtaining adequate financial resources through a Proposed Public Offering of 7,500,000 units (the "Units" and, with respect to the shares of common stock included in the Units being offered, the "Public Shares") at \$10.00 per Unit (or 8,625,000 units if the underwriters' overallotment option is exercised in full), which is discussed in Note 3, and the sale of 262,500 units (or 285,000 units if the underwriters' overallotment option is exercised in full) (the "Private Units") at a price of \$10.00 per Private Unit in a private placement to our stockholders prior to the offering that will close simultaneously with the Proposed Public Offering.

The Company's management has broad discretion with respect to the specific application of the net proceeds of the Proposed Public Offering and the sale of the Private Units, although substantially all of the net proceeds are intended to be applied generally toward consummating a Business Combination. There is no assurance that the Company will be able to complete a Business Combination successfully. The Company must complete a Business Combination having an aggregate fair market value of at least 80% of the assets held in the Trust Account (as defined below) (excluding the deferred underwriting commissions and taxes payable on income earned on the Trust Account) at the time of the agreement to enter into an initial Business Combination. The Company will only complete a Business Combination if the post-transaction company owns or acquires 50% or more of the outstanding voting securities of the target or otherwise acquires a controlling interest in the target sufficient for it not to be required to register as an investment company under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "Investment Company Act").

Upon the closing of the Proposed Public Offering, management has agreed that an amount equal to at least \$10.00 per Unit sold in the Proposed Public Offering, including the proceeds from the sale of the Private Units, will be held in a trust account ("Trust Account"), located in the United States and invested only in U.S. government securities, within the meaning set forth in Section 2(a)(16) of the Investment Company Act, with a maturity of 180 days or less or in any open-ended investment company that holds itself out as a money market fund selected by the Company meeting the conditions of Rule 2a-7 of the Investment Company Act, as determined by the Company, until the earlier of: (i) the completion of a Business Combination, or (ii) the distribution of the Trust Account, as described below.

The Company will provide its holders of the outstanding Public Shares (the "public stockholders") with the opportunity to redeem all or a portion of their Public Shares upon the completion of a Business Combination either (i) in connection with a stockholder meeting called to approve the Business Combination or (ii) by means of a tender offer. The decision as to whether the Company will seek stockholder approval of a Business Combination or conduct a tender offer will be made by the Company, solely in its discretion. The public stockholders will be entitled to redeem their Public Shares for a pro rata portion of the amount then in the Trust Account (initially anticipated to be \$10.00 per Public Share, plus any pro rata interest earned on the funds held in the Trust Account and not previously released to the Company to pay its tax obligations). There will be no redemption rights upon the completion of a Business Combination with respect to the Company's warrants. The Public Shares subject to redemption will be recorded at redemption value and classified as temporary equity upon the completion of the Proposed Offering in accordance with the Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") Topic 480 "Distinguishing Liabilities from Equity."

The Company will proceed with a Business Combination if the Company has net tangible assets of at least \$5,000,001 immediately prior to or upon such consummation of a Business Combination and, if the Company seeks stockholder approval, a majority of the shares voted are voted in favor of the Business Combination. If a stockholder vote is not required by law and the Company does not decide to hold a stockholder vote for business or other legal reasons, the Company will, pursuant to its Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation"), conduct the redemptions pursuant to the tender offer rules of the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") and file tender offer documents with the SEC containing substantially the same information as would be included in a proxy statement prior to completing a Business Combination. If, however, stockholder approval of the transaction is required by law, or the Company decides to obtain stockholder approval for business or legal reasons, the Company will offer to redeem shares in conjunction with a proxy solicitation pursuant to the proxy rules and not pursuant to the tender offer rules. If the Company seeks stockholder approval in connection with a Business Combination, the holders of the Company's shares prior to the Proposed Public Offering (the "Initial Stockholders") have agreed to vote their Founder Shares (as defined in Note 5), Private Shares (as defined in Note 4) and any Public Shares purchased during or after the Proposed Public Offering (a) in favor of approving a Business Combination and (b) not to redeem any shares in connection with a stockholder may elect to redeem their Public Shares irrespective of whether they vote for or against the proposed transaction or don't vote at all.

The Initial Stockholders have agreed (a) to waive their redemption rights with respect to their Founder Shares, Private Shares and Public Shares held by them in connection with the completion of a Business Combination and (b) not to propose an amendment to the Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation that would affect a public stockholders' ability to convert or sell their shares to the Company in connection with a Business Combination or affect the substance or timing of the Company's obligation to redeem 100% of its Public Shares if the Company does not complete a Business Combination, unless the Company provides the public stockholders with the opportunity to redeem their Public Shares in conjunction with any such amendment.

The Company will have until 18 months from the closing of the Proposed Public Offering to complete a Business Combination (the "Combination Period").

If the Company is unable to complete a Business Combination within the Combination Period, the Company will (i) cease all operations except for the purpose of winding up, (ii) as promptly as reasonably possible but not more than five business days thereafter, redeem the Public Shares, at a per-share price, payable in cash, equal to the aggregate amount then on deposit in the Trust Account including interest earned on the funds held in the Trust Account and not previously released to the Company to pay taxes, divided by the number of then outstanding Public Shares, which redemption will completely extinguish public stockholders' rights as stockholders (including the right to receive further liquidating distributions, if any), subject to applicable law, and (iii) as promptly as reasonably possible following such redemption, subject to the approval of the Company's remaining stockholders and the Company's board of directors, dissolve and liquidate, subject in each case to the Company's obligations under Delaware law to provide for claims of creditors and the requirements of other applicable law.

The Initial Stockholders have agreed to waive their liquidation rights with respect to the Founder Shares and Private Shares if the Company fails to complete a Business Combination within the Combination Period. However, if the Initial Stockholders acquire Public Shares in or after the Proposed Public Offering, such Public Shares will be entitled to liquidating distributions from the Trust Account if the Company fails to complete a Business Combination within the Combination Period. The underwriters have agreed to waive their rights to their deferred underwriting commission (see Note 6) held in the Trust Account in the event the Company does not complete a Business Combination within the Combination Period and, in such event, such amounts will be included with the other funds held in the Trust Account that will be available to fund the redemption of the Public Shares. In the event of such distribution, it is possible that the per share value of the assets remaining available for distribution will be less than the Proposed Public Offering price per Unit (\$10.00).

In order to protect the amounts held in the Trust Account, the Initial Stockholders have agreed to be liable to the Company if and to the extent any claims by a vendor for services rendered or products sold to the Company, or a prospective target business with which the Company has discussed entering into a transaction agreement, reduce the amount of funds in the Trust Account to below \$10.00 per Public Share, except as to any claims by a third party who executed a valid and enforceable agreement with the Company waiving any right, title, interest or claim of any kind they may have in or to any monies held in the Trust Account and except as to any claims under the Company's indemnity of the underwriters of Proposed Public Offering against certain liabilities, including liabilities under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"). Moreover, in the event that an executed waiver is deemed to be unenforceable against a third party, the Initial Stockholders will not be responsible to the extent of any liability for such third-party claims. The Company will seek to reduce the possibility that Initial Stockholders will have to indemnify the Trust Account due to claims of creditors by endeavoring to have all vendors, service providers, prospective target businesses or other entities with which the Company does business, execute agreements with the Company waiving any right, title, interest or claim of any kind in or to monies held in the Trust Account.

Going Concern Consideration

At December 31, 2019, the Company had cash of \$194,970 and working capital deficit of \$62,532. The Company has incurred and expects to continue to incur significant costs in pursuit of its financing and acquisition plans. These conditions raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that the financial statements are issued. Management plans to address this uncertainty through a Proposed Public Offering as discussed in Note 3. There is no assurance that the Company's plans to raise capital or to consummate a Business Combination will be successful within the Combination Period. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

Note 2 — Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements are presented in in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") and pursuant to the rules and regulations of the SEC.

Emerging Growth Company

The Company is an "emerging growth company," as defined in Section 2(a) of the Securities Act, as modified by the Jumpstart Our Business Startups Act of 2012 (the "JOBS Act"), and it may take advantage of certain exemptions from various reporting requirements that are applicable to other public companies that are not emerging growth companies including, but not limited to, not being required to comply with the independent registered public accounting firm attestation requirements of Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act, reduced disclosure obligations regarding executive compensation in its periodic reports and proxy statements, and exemptions from the requirements of holding a nonbinding advisory vote on executive compensation and stockholder approval of any golden parachute payments not previously approved.

Further, Section 102(b)(1) of the JOBS Act exempts emerging growth companies from being required to comply with new or revised financial accounting standards until private companies (that is, those that have not had a Securities Act registration statement declared effective or do not have a class of securities registered under the Exchange Act) are required to comply with the new or revised financial accounting standards. The JOBS Act provides that a company can elect to opt out of the extended transition period and comply with the requirements that apply to non-emerging growth companies but any such election to opt out is irrevocable. The Company has elected not to opt out of such extended transition period which means that when a standard is issued or revised and it has different application dates for public or private companies, the Company, as an emerging growth company, can adopt the new or revised standard. This may make comparison of the Company's financial statements with another public company which is neither an emerging growth company nor an emerging growth company which has opted out of using the extended transition period difficult or impossible because of the potential differences in accounting standards used.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires the Company's management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period.

Making estimates requires management to exercise significant judgment. It is at least reasonably possible that the estimate of the effect of a condition, situation or set of circumstances that existed at the date of the financial statements, which management considered in formulating its estimate, could change in the near term due to one or more future confirming events. Accordingly, the actual results could differ significantly from those estimates.

Cash and cash equivalents

The Company considers all short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents. The Company did not have any cash equivalents as of December 31, 2019.

Deferred Offering Costs

Deferred offering costs consist of legal, accounting, underwriting fees and other costs incurred through the balance sheet date that are directly related to the Proposed Public Offering and that will be charged to stockholders' equity upon the completion of the Proposed Public Offering. Should the Proposed Public Offering prove to be unsuccessful, these deferred costs, as well as additional expenses to be incurred, will be charged to operations.

Income Taxes

The Company follows the asset and liability method of accounting for income taxes under ASC 740, "Income Taxes." Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the estimated future tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial statements carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. The effect on deferred tax assets and liabilities of a change in tax rates is recognized in income in the period that included the enactment date. Valuation allowances are established, when necessary, to reduce deferred tax assets to the amount expected to be realized.

ASC 740 prescribes a recognition threshold and a measurement attribute for the financial statement recognition and measurement of tax positions taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. For those benefits to be recognized, a tax position must be more likely than not to be sustained upon examination by taxing authorities. The Company recognizes accrued interest and penalties related to unrecognized tax benefits as income tax expense. There were no unrecognized tax benefits and no amounts accrued for interest and penalties as of December 31, 2019. The Company is currently not aware of any issues under review that could result in significant payments, accruals or material deviation from its position. The Company is subject to income tax examinations by major taxing authorities since inception.

The provision for income taxes was deemed to be immaterial for the period from February 13, 2019 (inception) to December 31, 2019.

Net Loss Per Common Share

Net loss per share is computed by dividing net loss by the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the period, excluding shares of common stock subject to forfeiture by the Initial Stockholders. Weighted average shares were reduced for the effect of an aggregate of 281,250 shares of common stock that are subject to forfeiture if the over-allotment option is not exercised by the underwriters (see Note 7). At December 31, 2019, the Company did not have any dilutive securities and other contracts that could, potentially, be exercised or converted into shares of common stock and then share in the earnings of the Company. As a result, diluted loss per share is the same as basic loss per share for the period presented.

Concentration of Credit Risk

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to concentrations of credit risk consist of a cash account in a financial institution, which, at times, may exceed the Federal Depository Insurance Coverage of \$250,000. At December 31, 2019, the Company has not experienced losses on this account and management believes the Company is not exposed to significant risks on such account.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The fair value of the Company's assets and liabilities, which qualify as financial instruments under ASC 820, "Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures," approximates the carrying amounts represented in the accompanying balance sheet, primarily due to their short-term nature.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

Management does not believe that any recently issued, but not yet effective, accounting pronouncements, if currently adopted, would have a material effect on the Company's financial statements.

Note 3 — Public Offering

Pursuant to the Proposed Public Offering, the Company intends to offer for sale 7,500,000 Units (or 8,625,000 Units if the over-allotment option is exercised in full) at a price of \$10.00 per Unit. Each Unit will consist of one share of common stock, and three-quarters of one redeemable warrant ("Public Warrant").

Note 4 — Private Placement

Our stockholders prior to this offering will enter into an agreement to purchase an aggregate of 262,500 Private Units (or 285,000 Private Units if the over-allotment option is exercised in full) at a price of \$10.00 per Private Unit, for an aggregate purchase price of \$2,625,000, or \$2,850,000 if the over-allotment option is exercised in full, in a private placement that will occur simultaneously with the closing of the Proposed Public Offering. Each Private Unit will consist of one share of common stock ("Private Share") and three-quarters of one redeemable warrant ("Private Warrant"). Each whole Private Warrant will entitle the holder to purchase one share of common stock at a price of \$11.50 per full share (every four units entitles the holder thereof to receive three whole warrants), subject to adjustment (see Note 7). The proceeds from the Private Units will be added to the proceeds from the Proposed Public Offering to be held in the Trust Account. If the Company does not complete a Business Combination within the Combination Period, the proceeds from the sale of the Private Units will be used to fund the redemption of the Public Shares (subject to the requirements of applicable law).

Note 5 - Related Party Transactions

Founder Shares

In April 2019, the Initial Stockholders purchased an aggregate of 100 shares of the Company's common stock for an aggregate price of \$25,000. On November 12, 2019, the Company effected a 1 for 21,562.50 dividend in the nature of a stock split that resulted in there being an aggregate of 2,156,250 shares of common stock outstanding and being held by the Initial Stockholders (the "Founder Shares"). All share and per-share amounts have been retroactively restated to reflect the stock dividend. The 2,156,250 Founder Shares include an aggregate of up to 281,250 shares subject to forfeiture by the Initial Stockholders to the extent that the underwriters' over-allotment is not exercised in full or in part, so that the Initial Stockholders will collectively own 20% of the Company's issued and outstanding shares after the Proposed Public Offering (assuming the Initial Stockholders do not purchase any Public Shares in the Proposed Public Offering and excluding the Private Shares).

The Initial Stockholders have agreed, subject to certain limited exceptions, not to transfer, assign or sell any of the Founder Shares until (1) with respect to 50% of the Founder Shares, the earlier of six months after the completion of a Business Combination and the date on which the closing price of the common stock equals or exceeds \$12.50 per share (as adjusted for stock splits, stock dividends, reorganizations, recapitalizations and the like) for any 20 trading days within any 30-trading day period commencing after a Business Combination and (2) with respect to the remaining 50% of the Founder Shares, six months after the completion of a Business Combination, or earlier, in either case, if, subsequent to a Business Combination, the Company completes a liquidation, merger, stock exchange or other similar transaction which results in all of the Company's stockholders having the right to exchange their shares of common stock for cash, securities or other property.

Promissory Note - Related Party

On October 4, 2019, the Company issued an unsecured promissory note to the sponsor (the "Promissory Note"), pursuant to which the Company may borrow up to an aggregate principal amount of \$200,000, of which \$200,000 was outstanding under the Promissory Note as of December 31, 2019. The Promissory Note is non-interest bearing and payable on the earlier of (i) the consummation of the Proposed Public Offering or (ii) the date on which the Company determines not to proceed with the Proposed Public Offering.

Related Party Loans

In addition, in order to finance transaction costs in connection with a Business Combination, the Initial Stockholders, or certain of the Company's officers and directors or their affiliates may, but are not obligated to, loan the Company funds as may be required ("Working Capital Loans"). If the Company completes a Business Combination, the Company would repay the Working Capital Loans out of the proceeds of the Trust Account released to the Company. Otherwise, the Working Capital Loans would be repaid only out of funds held outside the Trust Account. In the event that a Business Combination does not close, the Company may use a portion of proceeds held outside the Trust Account to repay the Working Capital Loans, but no proceeds held in the Trust Account would be used to repay the Working Capital Loans. Except for the foregoing, the terms of such Working Capital Loans, if any, have not been determined and no written agreements exist with respect to such loans. The Working Capital Loans would be repaid upon consummation of a Business Combination, without interest.

Note 6 — Commitments

Registration Rights

The holders of the Founder Shares, as well as the holders of the Private Units (and underlying securities) and any securities issued to the Initial Stockholders, officers, directors or their affiliates in payment of Working Capital Loans made to Company, will be entitled to registration rights pursuant to an agreement to be signed prior to or on the effective date of Proposed Public Offering. The holders of a majority of these securities are entitled to make up to two demands that the Company register such securities. The holders of the majority of the Founder Shares can elect to exercise these registration rights at any time commencing three months prior to the date on which these shares of common stock are to be released from escrow. The holders of a majority of the Private Units (and underlying securities) and securities issued in payment of Working Capital Loans (or underlying securities) can elect to exercise these registration rights at any time after the Company consummates a business combination. In addition, the holders have certain "piggy-back" registration rights with respect to registration statements filed subsequent to the consummation of a Business Combination. The Company will bear the expenses incurred in connection with the filing of any such registration statements.

Underwriting Agreement

The Company will grant the underwriters a 45-day option from the date of Proposed Public Offering to purchase up to 1,125,000 additional Units to cover over-allotments, if any, at the Proposed Public Offering price less the underwriting discounts and commissions.

The underwriters will be entitled to a cash underwriting discount of 2.00% of the gross proceeds of the Proposed Public Offering, or \$1,500,000 (or up to \$1,725,000 if the underwriters' over-allotment is exercised in full). In addition, the underwriters will be entitled to a deferred fee of 3.50% of the gross proceeds of the Proposed Offering, or \$2,625,000 (or up to \$3,018,750 if the underwriters' over-allotment is exercised in full). The deferred fee will be paid in cash upon the closing of a Business Combination from the amounts held in the Trust Account, subject to the terms of the underwriting agreement.

Note 7 — Stockholders' Equity

Common Stock — As of December 31, 2019, the Company was authorized to issue 50,000,000 shares of common stock with a par value of \$0.0001 per share. At December 31, 2019, there were 2,156,250 shares of common stock issued and outstanding, of which an aggregate of up to 281,250 shares are subject to forfeiture to the extent that the underwriters' over-allotment option is not exercised in full or in part, so that the Initial Stockholders will collectively own 20% of the Company's issued and outstanding common stock after the Proposed Public Offering (assuming the Initial Stockholders do not purchase any Public Shares in the Proposed Public Offering and excluding the Private Shares).

Warrants — The Company will not issue fractional warrants. The Public Warrants will become exercisable on the later of (a) the completion of a Business Combination or (b) 12 months from the closing of the Proposed Public Offering. No warrants will be exercisable for cash unless the Company has an effective and current registration statement covering the shares of common stock issuable upon exercise of the warrants and a current prospectus relating to such shares of common stock. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if a registration statement covering the shares of common stock issuable upon exercise of the Public Warrants is not effective within 120 days following the consummation of a Business Combination, warrant holders may, until such time as there is an effective registration statement and during any period when the Company shall have failed to maintain an effective registration statement, exercise warrants on a cashless basis pursuant to the exemption provided by Section 3(a)(9) of the Securities Act, provided that such exemption is available. If that exemption, or another exemption, is not available, holders will not be able to exercise their warrants on a cashless basis. The Public Warrants will expire five years after the completion of a Business Combination or earlier upon redemption or liquidation.

Once the warrants become exercisable, the Company may redeem the Public Warrants:

- in whole and not in part;
- at a price of \$0.01 per warrant;
- upon not less than 30 days' prior written notice of redemption;
- if, and only if, the reported last sale price of the shares of common stock equals or exceeds \$18.00 per share (as adjusted for stock splits, stock dividends, reorganizations and recapitalizations), for any 20 trading days within a 30 trading day period ending on the third business day prior to the notice of redemption to warrant holders; and
- if, and only if, there is a current registration statement in effect with respect to the shares of common stock underlying the warrants at the time of redemption and for the entire 30-day trading period referred to above and continuing each day thereafter until the date of redemption.

If the Company calls the Public Warrants for redemption, management will have the option to require all holders that wish to exercise the Public Warrants to do so on a "cashless basis," as described in the warrant agreement.

In addition, if (x) the Company issues additional shares of common stock or equity-linked securities for capital raising purposes in connection with the closing of a Business Combination at an issue price or effective issue price of less than \$9.20 per share of common stock (with such issue price or effective issue price to be determined in good faith by the Company's board of directors, and in the case of any such issuance to the Initial Stockholders or their affiliates, without taking into account any Founder Shares held by them prior to such issuance), (y) the aggregate gross proceeds from such issuances represent more than 60% of the total equity proceeds, and interest thereon, available for the funding of a Business Combination on the date of the consummation of a Business Combination (net of redemptions), and (z) the volume weighted average trading price of the Company's common stock during the 20 trading day period starting on the trading day prior to the day on which the Company consummates Business Combination (such price, the "Market Value") is below \$9.20 per share, the exercise price of the warrants will be adjusted (to the nearest cent) to be equal to 115% of the Market Value and the \$18.00 per share redemption trigger price described above will be adjusted (to the nearest cent) to be equal to 180% of the Market Price.

The exercise price and number of shares of common stock issuable on exercise of the warrants may be adjusted in certain circumstances including in the event of a stock dividend, extraordinary dividend or our recapitalization, reorganization, merger or consolidation. However, the warrants will not be adjusted for issuances of shares of common stock at a price below their respective exercise prices. Additionally, in no event will the Company be required to net cash settle the warrants. If the Company is unable to complete a Business Combination within the Combination Period and the Company liquidates the funds held in the Trust Account, holders of warrants will not receive any of such funds with respect to their warrants, nor will they receive any distribution from the Company's assets held outside of the Trust Account with the respect to such warrants. Accordingly, the warrants may expire worthless.

The Private Warrants will be identical to the Public Warrants underlying the Units being sold in the Proposed Public Offering, except that the Private Warrants and the shares of common stock issuable upon the exercise of the Private Warrants will not be transferable, assignable or saleable until after the completion of a Business Combination, subject to certain limited exceptions. Additionally, the Private Warrants will be exercisable for cash or on a cashless basis, at the holder's option, and be non-redeemable so long as they are held by the initial purchasers or their permitted transferees. If the Private Warrants are held by someone other than the initial purchasers or their permitted transferees, the Private Warrants will be redeemable by the Company and exercisable by such holders on the same basis as the Public Warrants.

Note 8 — Subsequent Events

The Company evaluated subsequent events and transactions that occurred after the balance sheet date up to February 14, 2020, the date that the financial statements were available to be issued. Based upon this review, the Company did not identify any subsequent events that would have required adjustment or disclosure in the financial statements.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (in United States dollars, except unit amounts)

		Unaudited) ember 30, 2020	Dece	mber 31, 2019
ASSETS				
CURRENT ASSETS				
Cash	\$	107,544	\$	150,050
Prepaid royalties		2,100,000		2,000,000
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		2,964,795		720,578
Total current assets		5,172,339		2,870,628
Property, plant and equipment, net		32,781,523		30,410,094
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	37,953,862	\$	33,280,722
LIABILITIES AND MEMBERS' EQUITY	-			
CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	\$	1,864,957	\$	2,364,542
Accrued expenses		2,772,275		1,222,692
Notes payable – current		4,276,999		3,601,246
Related party notes payable – current		12,000,000		3,303,694
Total current liabilities		20,914,231		10,492,174
Deferred research and development obligation .		1,000,000		1,000,000
Notes payable		1,021,915		1,000,000
Related party notes payable		_		12,000,000
Redeemable warrants		8,183,146		6,408,411
Commitment and contingencies				
Total liabilities		31,119,292		30,900,585
MEMBERS' EQUITY				
Class A Common units – \$0.15 par value; 3,981,282 units authorized; 2,581,282 units issued and outstanding as of September				
30, 2020 and December 31, 2019		387,192		387,192
Class B Preferred units – \$1 par value; 1,938,369 units authorized; 1,727,843 units issued and outstanding as of September 30,		1 000 160		1 000 460
2020 and December 31, 2019		1,898,469		1,898,469
Class B-1 Preferred Units – \$1 par value; 1,145,584 units authorized, 1,105,287 and 629,727 units issued and outstanding as of September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019		41 162 202		22 655 510
Class C Profits Units – no par value; 1,069,012 units authorized, 754,521 and 513,671 units issued and 656,290 and 435,679		41,162,202		23,655,518
units outstanding as of September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019		6,589,975		4,053,833
Additional paid-in capital		107,178		107,178
Accumulated deficit		(43,310,446)		(27,722,053)
Total members' equity		6,834,570		2,380,137
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND MEMBERS' EQUITY	¢.		¢.	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND MEMBERS EQUITI	\$	37,953,862	\$	33,280,722

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (Unaudited) (in United States dollars, except unit amounts)

	Nine months e	nded September 30,
	2020	2019
Costs and expenses		
Operating costs	\$ 7,039,53	0 \$ 4,901,335
Research and development	528,14	2 508,951
Selling, general and administrative	6,293,43	7 10,082,306
Total operating costs and expenses	13,861,10	9 15,492,592
Interest expense	1,827,28	400,226
Other (income) expense	(100,00	0) 329,944
Total other (income) expense	1,727,28	730,170
Net loss	(15,588,39	3) (16,222,762)
Accretion of cumulative earnings to preferred unitholders	4,833,13	7 1,927,889
Net loss attributable to common unitholders	\$ (20,421,53	0) \$ (18,150,651)
Loss per unit		
Basic and diluted	\$ (7.9	1) \$ (7.03)
Weighted average common units		
Basic and diluted	2,581,28	2 2,581,282

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF MEMBERS' EQUITY (Unaudited) (in United States dollars, except unit amounts)

For the Nine M	onths Ended S	September 3	0, 2020
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	Cl	ass A		Class I	3 Pre	eferred	Class B-	-1 Pı	referred		lass	s C	Total members'		Additional paid-in	Accumulated	Total members'
	Units		Amount	Units		Amount	Units		Amount	Units		Amount	investment		capital	deficit	equity
Balance, December 31, 2019	2,581,282	\$	387,192	1,727,843	\$	1,898,469	629,727	\$	23,655,518	435,679	\$	4,053,833	\$ 29,995,012	\$	107,178	\$ (27,722,053) \$	2,380,137
Issuance of units	_		_	_		_	475,560		17,506,684	_		_	17,506,684		_	_	17,506,684
Redeemable warrants	_		_	_		_	_		_	_		_	_		_	_	_
Issuance of units upon vesting of profits interests	_		_	_		_	_		_	221,465		2,552,541	2,552,541		_	_	2,552,541
Redemption of vested profit units	_		_	_		_	_		_	(854)	(16,399)	(16,399)	_	_	(16,399)
Net loss	_		_	_		_	_		_	_		_	_		_	(15,588,393)	(15,588,393)
Balance, September 30, 2020	2,581,282	\$	387,192	1,727,843	\$	1,898,469	1,105,287	\$	41,162,202	656,290	\$	6,589,975	\$ 50,037,838	\$	107,178	\$ (43,310,446) \$	6,834,570

For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2019

	Cls	ass A	Class B	Preferred	Class B.	1 Preferred	Cle	ıss C	Total members'	Additional paid-in	Accumulated	Total members'
	Units	Amount	Units	Amount	Units	Amount	Units	Amount	investment	capital	deficit	equity
Balance, December 31, 2018	2,581,282	\$ 387,192	1,727,843	\$ 1,898,469	326,026	\$ 12,260,210	75,830	\$ 24,488	\$ 14,570,359	\$ 32,884	\$ (8,409,335)	6,193,908
Issuance of units	_	_	_	_	251,048	9,440,708	_	_	9,440,708	_	_	9,440,708
Redeemable warrants	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	74,294	_	74,294
Issuance of units upon vesting of profits interests	_	_	_	_	_	_	320,111	3,611,503	3,611,503	_	_	3,611,503
Redemption of vested profit units	_	_	_	_	_	_	(753)	(19,288)	(19,288)	_	_	(19,288)
Net loss	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(16,222,762)	(16,222,762)
Balance, September 30, 2019	2,581,282	\$ 387,192	1,727,843	\$ 1,898,469	577,074	\$ 21,700,918	395,188	\$ 3,616,703	\$ 27,603,282	\$ 107,178	\$ (24,632,097)	3,078,363

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited) (in United States dollars, except unit amounts)

	1	Nine months ended September			
		2020		2019	
Cash flows from operating activities					
Net loss	\$	(15,588,393)	\$	(16,222,762)	
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities					
Employee equity-based compensation		2,552,541		3,611,503	
Non-cash issuance of units		333,333		_	
Issuance of warrants		_		6,486,916	
Fair value change of warrants		1,774,735		_	
Depreciation expense		1,409,404		442,703	
Loss on sale of equipment		_		255,650	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities					
Prepaid royalties		(100,000)		(2,000,000)	
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		(128,290)		147,306	
Accounts payable		(626,096)		(2,424,580)	
Accrued expenses		(411,350)		282,150	
Deferred research and development obligation		_		1,000,000	
Net cash used in operating activities	\$	(10,784,116)	\$	(8,421,114)	
Cash flows from investing activities					
Construction of plant		(2,423,402)		(2,379,442)	
Proceeds from sale of equipment		_		110,000	
Net cash used in investing activities	\$	(2,423,402)	\$	(2,269,442)	
Cash flows from financing activities	-	(, , , , ,	_	(, 11)	
Proceeds from term loan		313,500		1,000,000	
Proceeds from promissory notes with related party				600,000	
Payments on promissory notes		(863,151)			
Payments on promissory notes with related parties		(600,000)		_	
Proceeds from advances from related parties		_		57,902	
Payments on advances from related parties		(2,703,694)			
Bond issuance costs		(154,994)		(294,021)	
Proceeds from Issuance of units		17,173,351		9,440,708	
Payments on redemption of vested profit units				(19,288)	
Net cash provided by financing activities	<u>\$</u>	13,165,012	\$	10,785,301	
Net (decrease) increase in cash	Ψ	(42,506)	Ψ	94,745	
Cash, beginning of period		150,050		100,814	
Cash, end of period	¢		0		
	<u>\$</u>	107,544	\$	195,559	
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information					
Non-cash operating activities					
Interest paid during the period, net of capitalized interest	\$	1,581,267	\$	255,520	
Non-cash investing activities					
Additions to property, plant, and equipment in accounts payable	\$	(1,357,431)	\$	(3,144,405)	
Non-cash financing activities					
Conversion of accounts payable to promissory notes	\$	1,247,319	\$	_	
Bond issuance costs capitalization – additions to accrued expense	\$	1,960,932	\$	_	

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

NOTE 1 — ORGANIZATION

Formation and Organization

PureCycle Technologies LLC ("PureCycle", "PCT", or the "Company") was formed as a Delaware limited liability company ("LLC") on September 15, 2015 ("Date of Formation"), as Advanced Resin Technologies LLC. In November 2016, the Company changed its name to Purecycle Technologies LLC. PureCycle is a majority owned subsidiary of Innventure LLC (formerly WE-Innventure LLC, "Innventure" or the "Parent").

PureCycle and its wholly owned subsidiary, Purecycle: Ohio LLC, PCT Managed Services LLC and PCO Holdco LLC, are businesses whose planned principal operations are to conduct business as a plastics recycler using PureCycle's patented recycling process. Developed and licensed by Procter & Gamble ("P&G"), the patented recycling process separates color, odor and other contaminants from plastic waste feedstock to transform it into virgin-like resin. The Company is currently constructing its facility and conducting research and development activities to operationalize the licensed technology.

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP"). The unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared assuming that the Company will continue as a going concern; however, the conditions below raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to do so. The consolidated interim financial statements do not include any adjustments to reflect the possible future effects on the recoverability and classification of assets or the amounts and classifications of liabilities that may result should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern.

These unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2019. The unaudited consolidated interim financial statements do not include all the information and footnotes required by U.S. GAAP for complete financial statements. The results of operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2020 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the entire year ending December 31, 2020. The accompanying unaudited consolidated interim financial statements reflect all adjustments, consisting of normal recurring adjustments, that are, in the opinion of management, necessary to a fair statement of the results for the interim periods presented.

Potential Impact of COVID-19 on the Company's Business

With the global spread of the COVID-19 pandemic in the first half of 2020 and resulting shelter-in- place orders covering the Company's corporate headquarters, its Ohio plant operations, and employees, the Company has implemented policies and procedures to continue its operations under minimum business operations guidelines. The extent to which the COVID-19 pandemic impacts the Company's business, financial condition or results of operations will depend on future developments, which are highly uncertain and cannot be accurately predicted.

Principles of Consolidation

The accompanying consolidated interim financial statements include the accounts of the Company, and all significant intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated in consolidation.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) (Unaudited)

Liquidity and Going Concern

The Company has sustained recurring losses and negative cash flows from operations since its inception. As reflected in the accompanying consolidated financial statements, the Company has not yet begun commercial operations and does not have any sources of revenue. As of September 30, 2020, and December 31, 2019, the Company had a cash balance of \$107,544 and \$150,050, respectively, a working capital deficit of \$15,741,892 and \$7,621,546, respectively, and an accumulated deficit of \$43,310,446 and \$27,722,053, respectively. For nine months ended September 30, 2020, the Company incurred a net loss of \$15,588,393. Over the past year, the Company's growth has been funded through a combination of equity financing, secured term loan, promissory notes, debt financing obtained from a related party, and cash advances obtained from related parties. While the Company believes it is probable it will begin generating revenues in the near future, there is no assurance that the Company will be successful in its business activities or be able to fund its obligations for one year from the date the condensed consolidated financial statements are available to be issued.

Subsequent to September 30, 2020, the Company has raised gross proceeds of \$15 million from the sale of Class A Units. The Company expects to raise an additional \$15 million from the sale of Class A Units subject to certain conditions including the closing of the Merger. In addition, the Company entered into a Note Purchase Agreement and closed promissory notes to further fund the development of its technologies. Refer to Note 10 for details on subsequent events. There can be no assurance that any future financing will be available or, if available, that it will be on terms that are satisfactory to the Company.

NOTE 2 — SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the consolidated interim financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates, judgments and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, related disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of expenses for the period presented. The Company's most significant estimates and judgments involve valuation of the Company's equity, including assumptions made in the fair value of Equity-based compensation and the fair value of warrants it has issued to service providers. Although these estimates are based on management's best knowledge of current events and actions that the Company may undertake in the future, actual results may be different from these estimates.

Segment Information

Under ASC 280, Segment Reporting, operating segments are defined as components of an enterprise where discrete financial information is available that is evaluated regularly by the chief operating decision maker ("CODM"), in deciding how to allocate resources and in assessing performance. The Company has one component. Therefore, the Company's Chief Executive Officer, who is also the CODM, makes decisions and manages the Company's operations as a single operating segment, which is conducting business as a plastic recycler. To date, the Company has not entered into production and measures performance on a consolidated basis.

Bond Issuance Costs

The Company has incurred costs which are directly attributable to the Company's bond financing. These costs include items such as document preparation costs, underwriting fees, and other external, incremental expenses paid to advisors that directly relate to the financing. During the nine months ended September 30, 2020 and September 30, 2019, the Company incurred \$2,115,927 and \$294,021, respectively, of bond issuance costs, and as of September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, the Company has capitalized bond issuance costs totaling \$2,731,822 and \$615,896, respectively, which are recorded within Prepaid expenses and other current assets on the consolidated balance sheet. Subsequent to September 30, upon successful completion of the bond offering, these costs have been reclassified to reduce the carrying amount of the bond liability and will be amortized ratably over the term of the bond.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) (Unaudited)

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02, Leases (Topic 842), to increase transparency and comparability among organizations by recognizing lease assets and lease liabilities on the balance sheet and disclosing key information about leasing arrangements. In July 2018, ASU 2018-10, Codification Improvements to Topic 842, Leases, was issued to provide more detailed guidance and additional clarification for implementing ASU 2016-02. Furthermore, in July 2018, the FASB issued ASU 2018-11, Leases (Topic 842): Targeted Improvements, which provides an optional transition method in addition to the existing modified retrospective transition method by allowing a cumulative effect adjustment to the opening balance of retained earnings in the period of adoption. Furthermore, on June 3, 2020, the FASB deferred by one year the effective date of the new leasing standards are effective for the Company beginning after December 15, 2021 and interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2022, with early adoption permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the effect of the adoption of this guidance on the consolidated financial statements.

In June 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-13, Financial Instruments — Credit Losses (Topic 326): Measurement of Credit Losses of Financial Instruments, which, together with subsequent amendments, amends the requirement on the measurement and recognition of expected credit losses for financial assets held. ASU 2016-13 is effective for the Company beginning December 15, 2022, including interim periods within those fiscal years, with early adoption permitted. The Company is currently in the process of evaluating the effects of this pronouncement on the Company's financial statements and does not expect it to have a material impact on the consolidated financial statements.

In June 2018, the FASB issued ASU 2018-07, "Compensation — Stock Compensation (Topic 718): Improvements to Nonemployee Share-Based Payment Accounting" ("ASU 2018-07"). ASU 2018-07 extends the scope of Topic 718 to include share-based payment transactions for acquiring goods and services from nonemployees. ASU 2018-07 amendments are effective for the Company beginning January 1, 2020 and interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2020. The Company is currently evaluating the effect of the adoption of this guidance on the consolidated financial statements.

NOTE 3 — NOTES PAYABLE AND RELATED PARTY NOTES PAYABLE

Secured Term Loan

Enhanced Capital Ohio Rural Fund, LLC

On February 28, 2019, the Company entered into a subordinated debt agreement with Enhanced Capital Ohio Rural Fund, LLC. The agreement provides for principal of \$1,000,000 with an interest rate of the U.S. Federal prime rate per annum.

As of September 30, 2020, the outstanding balance of the loan is \$1,000,000. \$100,002 is recorded as Notes payable — current and \$899,998 recorded as Notes payable in the consolidated balance sheets. As of December 31, 2019, the outstanding balance on the term loan is \$1,000,000, recorded within Notes payable in the consolidated balance sheets.

On October 7, 2020, upon the closing of the bond offering, the full outstanding balance was paid off. Refer to Note 10 for details.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) (Unaudited)

Paycheck Protection Program

On May 4, 2020, the Company entered into a Paycheck Protection Program (the "Program", or "PPP") Term Note with PNC Bank to obtain principal of \$313,500. This Note is issued pursuant to the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act's (the "CARES Act") (P.L. 116-136) Paycheck Protection Program. During a period from May 4, 2020 to November 4, 2020 ("Deferral Period"), interests on the outstanding principal balance will accrue at the Fixed Rate of 1% per annum, but neither principal nor interest shall be due during the Deferral Period. At the end of the Deferral Period, the outstanding principal of the loan Facility that is not forgiven under the program shall convert to an amortizing term loan. All or a portion of this Facility may be forgiven in accordance with the program requirements. The amount of forgiveness shall be calculated in accordance with the requirements of the Program, including provisions of Section 1106 of the CARES Act. Not more than 25% of the amount forgiven can be attributable to non-payroll costs. The unforgiven portion of the PPP loan is payable over two years at an interest rate of 1%, with a deferral of payments for the first nine months.

As of September 30, 2020, the outstanding balance on the loan is \$313,500. \$191,583 is recorded as Notes payable — current and \$121,917 is recorded as Notes payable in the consolidated balance sheets.

Promissory Notes

Koch Modular Process Systems Secured Promissory Note

On December 20, 2019, the Company entered into an agreement with Koch Modular Process Systems LLC ("KMPS") to convert the current balance of Account Payable due to KMPS into a promissory note. The Company issued a Secured Promissory Note for a principal amount of \$1,677,489, with a maximum advance of funds up to \$3,077,489. The rate of interest on the loan balance is 21% per annum through the month of November 2019 and 24% per annum for December 2019 and thereafter.

As of September 30, 2020, and December 31, 2019, the outstanding balance on the promissory note is \$1,993,721 and \$1,609,553, recorded within Notes payable — current in the consolidated balance sheets.

On October 1, 2020, the Company was provided an extension to pay off the outstanding balance by October 7, 2020. On October 7, 2020, upon the closing of the bond offering, the full outstanding balance was paid off. Refer to Note 10 for details.

Denham-Blythe Company, Inc. Secured Promissory Note

On December 20, 2019, the Company and Denham-Blythe Company, Inc. ("DB") entered into an agreement to convert the current balance of Account Payable due to DB into a promissory note. The Company issued a Secured Promissory Note for a principal amount of \$2,000,000. The rate of interest on the loan balance is 24% per annum for December 2019 and thereafter with interest on the loan payable monthly.

As of September 30, 2020, and December 31, 2019, the outstanding balance on the promissory note is both \$1,991,693, recorded within Notes payable — current in the consolidated balance sheets.

On September 14, 2020, the Company was provided an extension to pay off the outstanding balance by October 7, 2020. On October 7, 2020, upon the closing of the bond offering, the full outstanding balance was paid off. Refer to Note 10 for details.

Promissory Note to Related Party

Innventus Fund I, LP

On July 19, 2019, the Company entered into Note and Warrant Financing agreement with Innventus Fund I, LP to obtain a \$600,000 loan and warrant financing. The Negotiable Promissory Note has a maturity date of October 21, 2019, and an interest rate of 1-month LIBOR plus 8.0%. The aggregate unpaid principal amount of the loan and all accrued and unpaid interest is due on the maturity date.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) (Unaudited)

As of December 31, 2019, the outstanding balance on this Note is \$600,000, recorded within Related party notes payable — current in the consolidated balance sheets. The Company repaid the principal and all accrued and unpaid interest on February 5, 2020.

Auto Now Acceptance Company, LLC

On May 5, 2017, the Company entered into a revolving line of credit facility (the "Credit Agreement") with Auto Now Acceptance Company, LLC, a related party.

On May 3, 2018, the Credit Agreement was amended and restated in its entirety and secured by a Security Agreement dated May 3, 2018. The credit facility was increased to \$14,000,000, bearing interest at a rate of LIBOR plus 6.12% per annum, payable monthly. The maturity date was extended to August 15, 2018. On July 31, 2018, the Credit Agreement was amended to extend the maturity date to February 15, 2019. Under the agreement, the Auto Now's advances of funds to the Company ceased on July 31, 2018.

On May 29, 2020, the Company executed a Second Amended and Restated the Security Agreement and entered into a Third Amended and Restated Promissory Note agreement to extend the financing on the loan from Auto Now Acceptance Company, LLC. The agreement extended the maturity date of the loan to June 31, 2021 and adjusted the interest rate on the third amended loan agreement. The security interests include inventory, equipment, accounts receivables and all the Company's assets. The interest rate within the amendment increased as follows:

- The annual rate of the 1-month LIBOR in U.S. dollars plus 6.12% adjusted daily, from May 3, 2018 through May 18, 2020
- 12% per annum from May 19, 2020 through August 31, 2020
- 16% per annum from September 1, 2020 through December 31, 2020
- 24% per annum from January 1, 2021 through June 30, 2021

As of September 30, 2020 the outstanding balance on the credit facility was \$12,000,000, recorded within Related party notes payable — current in the consolidated balance sheets. As of December 31, 2019 the outstanding balance was \$12,000,000, recorded within Related party notes payable in the consolidated balance sheets.

Advances from Related Parties

During 2019 and 2020, PureCycle received funding and support services from Innventure1 LLC (formerly Innventure LLC) and Wasson Enterprises. The outstanding balance due to Innventure1 LLC as of December 31, 2019 is \$1,957,611, recorded within Related party notes payable — current in the consolidated balance sheets as of December 31, 2019. The balance was repaid in full as of September 30, 2020.

The outstanding balance due to Wasson Enterprise as of December 31, 2019 is \$746,083, recorded within Related party notes payable — current in the consolidated balance sheets as of December 31, 2019. As of June 30, 2020, \$375,000 of the outstanding balance was repaid. The remaining balance of \$371,083 was assigned from Wasson Enterprise to Innventure LLC (Formerly WE-Innventure LLC) and was paid in full as of September 30, 2020.

NOTE 4 — MEMBERS' EQUITY

The Company operates subject to the terms and conditions of the amended and restated PureCycle Technologies LLC, Limited Liability Company Agreement (the "LLC Agreement") dated September 7, 2018. The LLC Agreement was subsequently amended on August 28, 2019.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) (Unaudited)

Class A Units

During the nine months ended September 30, 2020, the Board increased the number of authorized Class A units to 3,981,282. As of September 30, 2020, and September 30, 2019, 2,581,282 units are issued and outstanding. No additional Class A units were issued for the nine months ended September 30, 2020 and September 30, 2019. Subsequent to September 30, 2020, the Company issued 115,428 Class A Units to a related party for total consideration of \$10 million. The Company expects to raise an additional \$15 million from the sale of Class A Units to the related party subject to certain conditions including the closing of the Merger. Please refer to Note 10 for details.

Class B Preferred Units

As of September 30, 2020, and September 30, 2019, 1,727,843 Class B preferred units are issued and outstanding. No additional Class B preferred units were issued for the nine months ended September 30, 2020 and September 30, 2019. The Class B P&G warrants were exercised subsequent to September 30, 2020. Refer to Note 10 for details.

Class B-1 Preferred Units

During the nine months ended September 30, 2020, the Board increased the number of authorized Class B-1 preferred units to 1,145,584. During the nine months ended September 30, 2020 the Company issued 8,864 Class B-1 preferred units to a non-employee third party at \$37.61 per unit in exchange for services provided. Also during the nine months ended September 30, 2020, the Company issued 265,922 Class B-1 preferred units to a related party at \$37.61 per unit. As of September 30, 2020, and September 30, 2019, there are 1,105,287 and 577,074 Class B-1 preferred units issued and outstanding, respectively.

For the period ended September 30, 2020	Number of units		Amount
Balance, December 31, 2019	629,727	\$	23,655,518
Issuance of shares	475,560		17,506,684
Balance, September 30, 2020	1,105,287	\$	41,162,202
		_	
For the period ended September 30, 2019	Number of units		Amount
For the period ended September 30, 2019 Balance, December 31, 2018	Number of units 326,026	\$	Amount 12,260,210
		\$	
Balance, December 31, 2018	326,026	\$	12,260,210

Class C Units

During the nine months ended September 30, 2020, the Board increased the number of authorized Class C units to 1,069,012. During the nine months ended September 30, 2020, the Company granted 240,850 Class C incentive units, pursuant to the Company's equity incentive plan. There were 202,002 granted during the nine months ended September 30, 2019. 37,500 units were issued to a related party. See Note 5 for further information. As of September 30, 2020, and September 30, 2019, 656,290 and 395,188 Class C units are issued and outstanding, respectively. Subsequent to September 30, 2020, the Company issued 50,000 Class C Units to a related party. Please refer to Note 10 for details.

As of September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, there were 210,526 warrant units issued and outstanding to P&G to purchase Class B preferred units; 4,787 warrant units issued and outstanding to Innventus Fund I, LP to purchase Class B-1 preferred units; 7,978 warrant units issued and outstanding to a related party to purchase Class B-1 preferred units; 143,619 warrant units issued and outstanding to RTI to purchase Class C units. The Class B P&G warrants were exercised subsequent to September 30, 2020. Refer to Note 10 for details.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) (Unaudited)

NOTE 5 — EQUITY-BASED COMPENSATION

The Company established an equity incentive plan (the "Plan") on June 1, 2018 to provide for the grant of Class C incentive units, characterized as profits interests, to certain executives, directors, key employees, and non-employee service providers of the Company. The aggregate number of units that can be granted under the Plan is subject to the authorized amount of Class C Units per the LLC Agreement, which is 1,069,012 total units.

The units issued pursuant to the Plan are time-based and vest over the period defined in each individual grant agreement or upon a change of control event as defined in the Plan. The distribution threshold associated with the units is determined by the Board at the time units are granted. The Company has the option to repurchase all vested units upon a unitholder's termination of employment or service with the Company.

The Company recognizes compensation expense for the units equal to the fair value of the equity- based compensation awards and is recognized on a straight-line basis over the vesting period of such awards. The fair value of the units is estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model using the following assumptions:

	2020	2019
Expected annual dividend yield	0.0%	0.0%
Expected volatility	42.1 - 67.7%	51.1 - 95%
Risk-free rate of return	0.1 - 1.8%	1.75 - 2.73%
Expected option term (years)	0.35 - 4.9	1.5 - 5

The expected term of the units granted is determined based on the period of time the units are expected to be outstanding. The risk-free rate is based on the U.S. Treasury yield curve in effect at the time of grant. The expected volatility was based on the Company's capital structure and volatility of similar entities referred to as guideline companies. In determining similar entities, the Company considered industry, stage of life cycle, size and financial leverage. The dividend yield on the Company's units is assumed to be zero since the Company has not historically paid dividends. The fair value of the underlying Company units was determined using the back solve method.

A summary of incentive unit activity for the nine months ended September 30, 2020 and September 30, 2019 is as follows:

	Number of units	Weighted average grant date fair value	Weighted average remaining recognition period
Non-vested at December 31, 2019	72,972	\$ 2.09	
Granted	240,850	13.50	
Vested	(221,465)	10.84	
Forfeited	(1,146)		
Non-vested at September 30, 2020	91,211	\$ 10.81	2.18

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) (Unaudited)

	Number of units	Weighted average grant date fair value	Weighted average remaining recognition period
Non-vested at December 31, 2018	204,389	\$ 0.21	
Granted	202,002	17.84	
Vested	(320,111)	11.33	
Forfeited	(4,267)		
Non-vested at September 30, 2019	82,013	\$ 0.32	1.72

Total equity-based compensation cost for nine months ended September 30, 2020 and September 30, 2019 totaled \$2,552,541 and \$3,611,503, respectively, and is recorded within the selling, general and administrative expenses and operating costs on the consolidated statement of operations.

NOTE 6 — NET LOSS PER SHARE

The Company follows the two-class method when computing net loss per common units when units are issued that meet the definition of participating securities. The two-class method requires income available to common unitholders for the period to be allocated between common and participating securities based upon their respective rights to receive dividends as if all income for the period had been distributed. The two-class method also requires losses for the period to be allocated between common and participating securities based on their respective rights if the participating security contractually participates in losses. As holders of participating securities do not have a contractual obligation to fund losses, undistributed net losses are not allocated to Class C Units for purposes of the loss per unit calculation.

Presented in the table below is a reconciliation of the numerator and denominator for the basic and diluted earnings per unit ("EPU") calculations for the nine months ended September 30, 2020 and September 30, 2019 is as follows:

	Sept	ember 30, 2020	Sept	ember 30, 2019
Numerator:				
Net income (loss) attributable to PureCycle Technologies	\$	(15,588,393)	\$	(16,222,762)
Less cumulative earnings to preferred stockholder		4,833,137		1,927,889
Net income (loss) attributable to common stockholders	\$	(20,421,530)	\$	(18,150,651)
Denominator:				
Weighted average common shares outstanding, basic and diluted		2,581,282		2,581,282
Net loss per share attributable to common stockholder, basic and diluted	\$	(7.91)	\$	(7.03)

The weighted-average outstanding common unit equivalents were excluded from the computation of diluted net loss per share attributable to common stockholders for the periods presented because including them would have been anti-dilutive. These units include vested but not exercised warrants and non-vested profit interest units.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) (Unaudited)

NOTE 7 — PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Presented in the table below are the major classes of property, plant and equipment by category as of dates:

	As of September 30, 2020						
		A	ccumulated				
	 Cost		epreciation	Ne	t Book Value		
Building	\$ 9,736,424	\$	309,577	\$	9,426,847		
Machinery and equipment	15,980,336		1,981,606		13,998,730		
Fixtures and Furnishings	104,484		18,658		85,826		
Construction in process	9,270,120		_		9,270,120		
Total property, plant and equipment	\$ 35,091,364	\$	2,309,841	\$	32,781,523		
	,	As of D	ecember 31, 2019	,			

	As of December 31, 2019						
				Accumulated			
		Cost Depreciation				Net Book Value	
Building	\$	9,703,674	\$	122,384	\$	9,581,290	
Machinery and equipment		15,670,237		770,590		14,899,647	
Fixtures and Furnishings		104,484		7,463		97,021	
Construction in process		5,832,136		_		5,832,136	
Total property, plant and equipment	\$	31,310,531	\$	900,437	\$	30,410,094	

On March 28, 2019, the Company sold machinery and equipment for cash proceeds of \$110,000. The net book value of this equipment was \$365,650.

Depreciation expense is recorded within the operating expense in the consolidated statements of operations and amounted to \$1,409,404 and \$442,703 for the nine months ended September 30, 2020 and September 30, 2019.

NOTE 8 — FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date and sets out a fair value hierarchy. The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3). Inputs are broadly defined as assumptions market participants would use in pricing an asset or liability. Assets and liabilities carried at fair value are classified and disclosed in one of the following three categories:

Level 1 — Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the reporting entity has the ability to access at the measurement date.

Level 2 — Inputs other than quoted prices within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly, and fair value is determined through the use of models or other valuation methodologies

Level 3 — Inputs are unobservable for the asset or liability and include situations where there is little, if any, market activity for the asset or liability. The inputs into the determination of fair value are based upon the best information in the circumstances and may require significant management judgment or estimation.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) (Unaudited)

Liabilities measured and recorded at Fair Value on a recurring basis

As of September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, the Company's financial liabilities measured and recorded at fair value on a recurring basis were classified within the fair value hierarchy as follow:

		September	r 30, 2020		December 31, 2019						
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total			
P&G warrants	\$	\$	\$ 8,183,146	\$ 8,183,146	\$	\$	\$ 6,408,411	\$ 6,408,411			
	<u>s </u>	<u>s </u>	\$ 8,183,146	\$ 8,183,146	<u>s </u>	<u>s — </u>	\$ 6,408,411	\$ 6,408,411			

The Company has determined its warrant to be a Level 3 fair value measurement and has remeasured using the Black-Scholes option pricing model to calculate its fair value as of September 30, 2020 using the following assumptions:

Expected annual dividend yield	0.0%
Expected volatility	63.8 - 68.34%
Risk-free rate of return	0.2-0.23%
Expected option term (years)	0.5 - 3.9

Changes in Level 3 liabilities measured at fair value for nine months ended September 30, 2020 are as follows:

	Fair value
	(Level 3)
Balance at December 31, 2019	\$ 6,408,411
Change in fair value	1,774,735
Balance at September 30, 2020	\$ 8,183,146

Assets and liabilities recorded at carrying value

In determining the appropriate levels, the Company performs a detailed analysis of the assets and liabilities that are subject to fair value measurements.

The Company records cash and cash equivalents and accounts payable at cost, which approximates fair value due to their short-term nature or stated rates. The Company records debt at cost. Management believes the fair value of the debt is not materially different than the carrying amount.

NOTE 9 — DEVELOPMENT PARTNER ARRANGEMENTS

Strategic Alliance Agreement

On December 13, 2018, the Company entered into a strategic alliance agreement with Nestec Ltd. ("Nestle"), which expires on December 31, 2023. Upon execution of the agreement, Nestle committed to provide \$1.0 million to the Company to fund further research and development efforts. The funding provided by Nestle may be convertible, in whole or in part, into a prepaid product purchase arrangement at Nestle's option, upon the time of product delivery beginning in 2020. Additionally, in the event that the research and development efforts are not successful by December 31, 2020, up to 50% of the funding may be convertible into a 5-year term loan obligation, payable to Nestle at an interest rate equivalent to the U.S. prime rate.

The Company received the funding from Nestle on January 8, 2019. The Company has recorded \$1.0 million as a Deferred research and development obligation as of September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019. Recognition related to the funding received will be deferred until it is probable that Nestle will not exercise their option. If the prepaid product purchase option is exercised, the obligation will be recognized as an adjustment to the transaction price of future product sales (e.g., net revenue presentation). If the option is not exercised, or in the case of development efforts not being successful, any amounts not converted to a loan obligation will be recognized as a reduction to research and development costs.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) (Unaudited)

NOTE 10 — SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In connection with the preparation of the unaudited consolidated interim financial statements for the period ended September 30, 2020, management has evaluated events through November 17, 2020, to determine whether any events required recognition or disclosure in the consolidated financial statements. The following subsequent events were identified through the date of these consolidated financial statements:

On October 6, 2020, the Company entered into a Note Purchase Agreement (the "Note Purchase Agreement") with certain funds managed by Magnetar Capital LLC or its affiliates, providing for the issuance of up to \$60.0 million in aggregate principal amount of Convertible Senior Notes due 2022 (the "Convertible Notes") issuable under an Indenture dated as of October 7, 2020 (the "Magnetar Indenture") between PCT and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee and collateral agent. On October 7, 2020, PCT issued \$48.0 million in aggregate principal amount of Convertible Notes (the "First Tranche Notes") and expect to issue an additional \$12.0 million of aggregate principal amount of Convertible Notes (the "Second Tranche Notes") to the Convertible Notes Investors within 45 days after the entry into the Merger Agreement, defined below, subject to the satisfaction of customary closing conditions. In the event that the Business Combination is not consummated within 180 days of the entry into the Merger Agreement, the Second Tranche Notes are subject to a special mandatory redemption at a redemption price equal to 100% of their aggregate principal amount, plus accrued and unpaid interest.

On October 7, 2020, the Southern Ohio Port Authority ("SOPA") issued certain bonds ("Revenue Bonds") to be used to (i) acquire, construct and equip the Ohio Plant; (ii) fund a debt service reserve fund for the Series 2020A bonds; (iii) finance capitalized interest; and (iv) pay the costs of issuing the bonds. The bond offering includes ((i) Exempt Facility Revenue Bonds, tax-exempt Series 2020A of approximately \$220 million; (ii) Subordinate Exempt Facility Revenue Bonds, tax-exempt Series 2020B of \$20.0 million; and (iii) Subordinated Exempt Facility Revenue Bonds, taxable Series 2020C of \$10 million. The purchase price of the bonds was payable and immediately available to Southern Ohio Port Authority on the closing date of the bonds, October 7, 2020. PCT is not a direct obligor on the Revenue Bonds and is not a party to the indenture of trust between SOPA and UMB Bank, N.A as trustee. Pursuant to the execution of a loan agreement dated October 1, 2020, PCT executed promissory notes in favor of SOPA and assigned to UMB Bank on October 7, 2020. The amount of each promissory note was the aggregate principal amount of each revenue bond series issued by SOPA. PCT is required to submit a requisition for funds to be disbursed by the UMB Bank outlining the specified purpose.

The proceeds of the Revenue Bonds have been placed in various trust funds and non-interest-bearing accounts established and administered by UMB Bank, N.A., as trustee under the indenture (the "Trustee"). In addition, 100% of revenue attributable to the production of the Phase II Facility must be deposited into a revenue escrow fund. Funds in the trust accounts and revenue escrow account will be disbursed by the Trustee when certain conditions are met, and will be used to pay costs and expenditures related to the development of the Phase II Facility, make required interest and principal payments (including sinking fund redemption amounts) and, in certain circumstances required under the indenture, to redeem the Revenue Bonds.

As conditions for closing the Revenue Bonds, PCT and certain affiliates contributed \$60.0 million in equity at closing and has committed to contribute an additional \$40.0 million in equity by January 31, 2021. PCT will provide a liquidity reserve for Ohio Plant construction of \$50.0 million to be deposited by January 31, 2021. In addition, PCT has to maintain at least \$75 million of cash on its balance sheet as of July 31, 2021 and \$100.0 million of cash on its balance sheet as of January 31, 2022.

As part of the equity requirement for the bond, on October 4, 2020, the Company raised gross proceeds of \$15.0 million through the sale of 173,142 Class A Units, of which 115,428 Class A Units, or \$10.0 million, were sold to a related party that has committed to purchase an additional 173,142 Class A Units, or \$15.0 million, subject to certain conditions, including the signing of the Merger Agreement. This related party previously purchased Class B-1 Preferred Units from the Company, holds a board seat and was issued 37,500 Class C Units in August 2020 and 50,000 Class C Units subsequent to September 30, 2020.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) (Unaudited)

In conjunction with the bond offering, the company repaid the following:

- The note payable with Koch Modular Process Systems for the full outstanding balance of \$2,003,025;
- The note payable with Denham-Blythe Company, Inc. for the full outstanding balance of \$2,003,693;
- The note payable with Enhanced Capital Ohio Rural Fund, LLC for the full outstanding balance of \$1,000,000.

Pursuant to a 2019 agreement with Innventure LLC and the Company, the Chief Science Officer Dr. John Scott and a certain consultant of Innventure LLC are entitled to share equally in a project fee calculated based on a percentage of the Revenue Bonds. Pursuant to such agreement, the fee is equal to 1.5% of the total financing, reduced by the amount of retainer fees paid to such consultant. The Revenue Bonds closed in October 2020, and, as result, Dr. Scott received a partial payment of \$50,000, with the remaining balance of approximately \$1,519,125 due to Dr. Scott at the closing of the Merger Agreement described below.

On October 7, 2020, Purecycle: Ohio LLC terminated the lease agreement with Innventure LLC related to land in Lawrence County, Ohio and entered into an agreement to purchase that land from Innventure LLC. On October 7th, 2020 Innventure LLC assigned Purecycle: Ohio LLC the land it had purchased from Lawrence County Economic Development Corporation ("LCED") with a term loan from Closed Loop Fund, LP. Purecycle: Ohio purchased the land by paying off the outstanding term loan from Closed Loop Fund, LP in the amount of \$2,658,010 consisting of principal, accrued and unpaid interest and legal fees.

On October 16, 2020, P&G exercised the P&G warrants and the Company received proceeds of \$1 for the exercise of 210,526 outstanding Class B Warrants each exchanged for one Class B Preferred Unit.

On November 11, 2020, JobsOhio, a private non-profit corporation, approved a grant to PCT of \$750,000 to be used for construction of the Phase II Facility. In accordance this agreement, after certain condition is met, JobsOhio shall disburse the grant funds for eligible costs incurred after September 24, 2020 and no later than December 31, 2023. If the grant funds are not expended by December 31, 2023, JobsOhio shall have no further obligation to disburse.

On November 12, 2020, the Company raised gross proceeds of \$60.0 million through the sale of 684,190 Class A Units.

On November 16, 2020, PCT, Roth CH Acquisition I Co. ("ROCH"), Merger Sub Corp., Merger Sub LLC, and Roth CH Acquisition I Co. Parent Corp ("ParentCo"), entered into the Merger Agreement pursuant to which PCT will be merged with and into Merger Sub LLC, with PCT surviving the merger as a wholly owned subsidiary of ROCH (the "Business Combination"). The transaction estimates \$835.0 million pre-money valuation and will include a \$250.0 million fully committed private placement of common stock (the "PIPE"). PureCycle was deemed the accounting predecessor and the combined entity will be the successor registrant with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), meaning that PCT's consolidated financial statements for previous periods will be disclosed in ParentCo's future periodic reports filed with the SEC.

While the legal acquirer in the Merger Agreement is ParentCo, for financial accounting and reporting purposes under GAAP, PCT will be the accounting acquirer and the Business Combination will be accounted for as a "reverse recapitalization." A reverse recapitalization does not result in a new basis of accounting, and the consolidated financial statements of the combined entity represent the continuation of the consolidated financial statements of PCT in many respects. Under this method of accounting, ROCH will be treated as the "acquired" company for financial reporting purposes. For accounting purposes, PCT will be deemed to be the accounting acquirer in the transaction and, consequently, the transaction will be treated as a recapitalization of PCT. Accordingly, the consolidated assets, liabilities and results of operations of PCT will become the historical consolidated financial statements of ParentCo, and ROCH's assets, liabilities and results of operations will be consolidated with PCT beginning on the acquisition date. Operations prior to the Business Combination will be presented as those of ParentCo in future reports. The net assets of ROCH will be recognized at historical cost (which is expected to be consistent with carrying value), with no goodwill or other intangible assets recorded upon execution of the Business Combination.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) (Unaudited)

As of November 17, 2020, the Company issued 164,100 profit units in accordance with the Plan as described in Note 5.

The Company is not aware of any additional subsequent events, other than those described above, that would require recognition or disclosure in the consolidated financial statements.

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

Board of Managers PureCycle Technologies LLC

Opinion on the financial statements

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of PureCycle Technologies LLC (a Delaware limited liability company) and its subsidiary (the "Company") as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, the related consolidated statements of operations, members' equity, and cash flows for each of the two years in the period ended December 31, 2019, and the related notes (collectively referred to as the "financial statements"). In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for each of the two years in the period ended December 31, 2019, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Going concern

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared assuming that the Company will continue as a going concern. As discussed in Note 1 to the consolidated financial statements, the Company has suffered recurring losses from operations, has a working capital deficit, and has stated that substantial doubt exists about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Management's evaluation of the events and conditions giving rise to substantial doubt about going concern and management's plans regarding these matters are also described in Note 1. The consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

Basis for opinion

These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's financial statements based on our audits. We are a public accounting firm registered with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) ("PCAOB") and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB and in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud. The Company is not required to have, nor were we engaged to perform, an audit of its internal control over financial reporting. As part of our audits we are required to obtain an understanding of internal control over financial reporting but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion.

Our audits included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures that respond to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. Our audits also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

/s/ GRANT THORNTON LLP

We have served as the Company's auditor since 2019.

Chicago, Illinois August 25, 2020

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (in United States dollars, except unit and per unit amounts) For the Years ending December 31,

		2019		2018
ASSETS	_		_	
CURRENT ASSETS				
Cash	\$	150,050	\$	100,814
Prepaid royalties		2,000,000		_
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		720,578		577,571
Total current assets		2,870,628		678,385
Property, plant and equipment, net		30,410,094		25,059,806
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	33,280,722	\$	25,738,191
LIABILITIES AND MEMBERS' EQUITY				
CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	\$	2,364,542	\$	4,814,531
Accrued expenses		1,222,692		89,926
Notes payable-current		3,601,246		_
Related party notes payable-current		3,303,694		<u> </u>
Total current liabilities		10,492,174		4,904,457
Deferred research and development obligation		1,000,000		_
Notes payable		1,000,000		_
Related party notes payable		12,000,000		14,639,826
Redeemable warrants		6,408,411		
Commitment and contingencies (Note 8)				
TOTAL LIABILITIES		30,900,585		19,544,283
MEMBERS' EQUITY				
Class A Common units – \$0.15 par value; 2,581,282 units authorized, issued, and outstanding as of December 31, 2019 and 2018		387,192		387,192
Class B Preferred units – \$1 par value; 1,938,369 units authorized; 1,727,843 units issued and outstanding at December 31, 2019		1,898,469		1,898,469
and 2018.				
Class B-1 Preferred Units – \$1 par value; 1,063,688 units authorized; 629,727 and 326,066 units issued and outstanding at				
December 31, 2019 and 2018		23,655,518		12,260,210
Class C Profits Units – no par value; 719,029 units authorized, 513,671 and 280,219 units issued and 435,679 and 75,830 units				
outstanding at December 31, 2019 and 2018		4,053,833		24,488
Additional paid-in capital		107,178		32,884
Accumulated deficit		(27,722,053)		(8,409,335)
Total members' equity		2,380,137		6,193,908
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND MEMBERS' EQUITY	\$	33,280,722	\$	25,738,191

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (in United States dollars, except unit and per unit amounts) For the Years ending December 31,

	2019	2018
Costs and expenses		
Operating costs	\$ 5,965,960	\$ 1,221,915
Research and development	526,127	786,233
Selling, general and administrative	11,478,286	2,097,038
Total operating costs and expenses	 17,970,373	4,105,186
Interest expense	1,012,402	_
Other expense	329,943	_
Net loss	\$ (19,312,718)	\$ (4,105,186)
Loss per unit		
Basic and diluted	\$ (8.42)	\$ (1.86)
Weighted average common units		
Basic and diluted	2,581,282	2,581,282

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF MEMBERS' EQUITY (in United States dollars, except unit and per unit amounts) For the Years ending December 31,

								_	Total	Additional		Total										
	Clas	s A	Class B	Preferred	Class B-1	Class B-1 Preferred		Class B-1 Preferred		Class B-1 Preferred		Class B-1 Preferred		Class B-1 Preferred		Class B-1 Preferred		ss C	members'	paid-in	Accumulated	members'
	Units	Amount	Units	Amount	Units	Amount	Units	Amount	investment	capital	deficit	equity										
Balance, December 31, 2017 (as previously reported)	2,581,282	\$ 387,192	1,727,843	\$ 1,898,469		s —		s —	\$ 2,285,661	\$ 49,296	\$ (4,353,445)	\$ (2,018,488)										
Revisions										(49,296)	49,296											
Balance, December 31, 2017 (revised)	2,581,282	\$ 387,192	1,727,843	\$ 1,898,469		s —		ş —	\$ 2,285,661	\$ —	\$ (4,304,149)	\$ (2,018,488)										
Issuance of units	_	_	_	_	326,026	12,260,210	_	_	12,260,210	_	_	12,260,210										
Redeemable warrants	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	32,884	_	32,884										
Issuance of units upon vesting of profits units	_	_	_	_	_	_	75,830	15,887	15,887	_	_	15,887										
Net loss	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(4,073,329)	(4,073,329)										
Revisions	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	8,601	8,601		(31,857)	(23,256)										
Balance, December 31, 2018	2,581,282	\$ 387,192	1,727,843	\$ 1,898,469	326,026	\$ 12,260,210	75,830	\$ 24,488	\$ 14,570,359	\$ 32,884	\$ (8,409,335)	\$ 6,193,908										
Issuance of units		\$ —		s —	303,701	\$ 11,395,308		s —	\$ 11,395,308	\$ —	\$ —	11,395,308										
Redeemable warrants	_	_	_	_		_	_	_		74,294	_	74,294										
Issuance of units upon vesting of profits units	_	_	_	_	_	_	360,602	4,048,633	4,048,633	_	_	4,048,633										
Redemption of vested profit units	_	_	_	_	_	_	(753)	(19,288)	(19,288)	_	_	(19,288)										
Net loss	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(19,312,718)	(19,312,718)										
Balance, December 31, 2019	2,581,282	\$ 387,192	1,727,843	\$ 1,898,469	629,727	\$ 23,655,518	435,679	\$ 4,053,833	\$ 29,995,012	\$ 107,178	\$ (27,722,053)	\$ 2,380,137										

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (in United States dollars, except unit and per unit amounts) For the Years ending December 31,

Net loss (19,312,718) (3,105,80) Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net each used in operating activities 4,048,633 24,488 Equity-based compensation 4,048,633 24,488 Issuance of warrants 6,482,705 32,884 Depreciation expense 900,437 — Loss on sale of equipment 255,650 — Changes in operating assets and liabilities 151,014 (122,695) Prepaid royalities (2,000,000) — Prepaid royalities (2,000,000) — Accounts payable (1,132,766 89,206 Account expenses and other current assets (1,132,766 89,206 Prepaid royalities (5,892,062) (1,132,088) Account expenses (3,132,766 89,206 Prepaid royalities (5,892,062) (5,826,781) Accounts used in operating activities (5,992,062) (1,120,983) Cash flows from insenting activities (5,882,062) (11,120,983) Cash flows from insenting activities (5,882,062) (11,120,983) Cash flows from insenting acti		2019		2018	
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities 4,048,631 24,488 15,000 24,000 25	Cash flows from operating activities				
Equity-based compensation	Net loss	\$ (19,312,71	3) \$	(4,105,186)	
Sasance of warrants					
Depreciation expense	Equity-based compensation	4,048,63	3	24,488	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities	Issuance of warrants	6,482,70	5	32,884	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities 151,014 (122,065) Prepaid royalties (2,000,000) — Accounts payable 1,102,694 (1,346,188) Accrued expenses 1,132,766 89,926 Deferred research and development obligation 1,000,000 — Net cash used in operating activities 5,92,062 (11,120,983) Cash flows from investing activities 110,000 — Proceeds from sale of equipment (5,882,062) (11,120,983) Proceeds from sale of equipment 1,000,000 — Proceeds from secured term loan 1,000,000 — Proceeds from secured term loan 1,000,000 — Proceeds from promissory note from related parties — (3,143,238) Proceeds from advances from related parties — (3,143,238) Proceeds from isource of units — (3,143,238) Proceeds from isource of units (294,021) (214,823) Proceeds from isource of units (1,928) — Proceeds from isource of units (1,928) — Net cash pro	Depreciation expense	900,43	7	_	
Prepaid expenses and other current assets 151,014 (122,095) Prepaid royalties (2,000,000) ————————————————————————————————————	Loss on sale of equipment	255,65)	_	
Prepaid royalties (2,000,000) — Accounts payable 1,026,944 (1,346,198) Accrued expenses 1,132,766 89,926 Deferred research and development obligation 1,000,000 — Net cash used in operating activities (5,342,678) Cash flows from investing activities (5,992,062) (11,120,83) Proceeds from sale of equipment 110,000 — Net cash used in investing activities (5,882,062) (11,120,83) Proceeds from sale of equipment 10,000,000 — Proceeds from financing activities 10,000,000 — Proceeds from secured term loan 1,000,000 — Proceeds from promissory note from related parties 600,000 6,343,239 Proceeds from advances from related parties 63,868 1,403,190 Bond issuance costs (294,021) 2(14,823) Proceeds from issuance of units (19,288) 12,260,20 Payments on redemption of vested profit units (19,288) 12,260,20 Payments on redemption of vested profit units (19,288) 100,814	Changes in operating assets and liabilities				
Accounts payable 1,036,944 (1,346,198) Accrued expenses 1,132,766 89,266 Deferred research and development obligation 1,000,000 — Net cash used in operating activities (5,314,569) (5,426,781) Cash flows from investing activities (5,992,062) (11,120,983) Proceeds from sale of equipment 110,000 — Net cash used in investing activities (5,882,062) (11,20,983) Cash flows from financing activities 1,000,000 — Proceeds from secured term loan 1,000,000 6,343,239 Proceeds from promissory note from related parties 600,000 6,343,239 Payments on promissory note from related parties 63,68 1,031,090 Proceeds from advances from related parties 63,68 1,403,190 Proceeds from issuance of units (294,021) (214,823) Proceeds from issuance of units 10,895,308 12,260,210 Payments on redemption of vested profit units 19,855,867 16,648,578 Net cash provided by financing activities 12,245,867 16,648,578 Supplemental	Prepaid expenses and other current assets	151,01	1	(122,695)	
Accrued expenses 1,132,766 89,926 Deferred research and development obligation 1,000,000 — Net cash used in operating activities (5,34,569) (5,426,781) Cash flows from investing activities (5,992,062) (11,120,883) Proceeds from sale of equipment 110,000 — Net cash used in investing activities (5,882,062) (11,120,883) Cash flows from financing activities 1,000,000 — Proceeds from secured term loan 1,000,000 — Proceeds from promissory note from related parties 600,000 6,343,239 Payments on promissory note from related parties 600,000 6,343,239 Proceeds from advances from related parties 2,368 1,403,190 Bond issuance costs (294,021) (214,823) Proceeds from issuance of units 10,985,308 1,260,210 Payments on redemption of vested profit units (19,288) — Net cash provided by financing activities 12,245,867 16,648,578 Net increase in cash 49,236 100,814 Cash, end of year 5	Prepaid royalties	(2,000,00))	_	
Deferred research and development obligation 1,000,000 — Net cash used in operating activities (5,14,569) (5,426,781) Cash flows from investing activities (5,992,062) (11,120,983) Proceeds from sale of equipment (5,882,062) (11,120,983) Net cash used in investing activities 1,000,000 (-6,382,062) Cash flows from financing activities 1,000,000 6,343,239 Proceeds from promissory note from related parties 600,000 6,343,239 Proceeds from promissory note from related parties 6,368 1,403,190 Proceeds from advances from related parties (294,021) (214,823) Proceeds from issuance costs (294,021) (214,823) Poweeds from issuance of units (19,288) 12,269,261 Payments on redemption of vested profit units (19,288) 12,269,261 Powneeds from issuance of units (19,288) 12,660,261 Payments on redemption of vested profit units (19,288) 12,661,261 Payments on redemption of vested profit units (19,288) 10,0814 Cash, beginning of year 10,814 10,814	Accounts payable	1,026,94	4	(1,346,198)	
Net cash used in operating activities (6,314,569) (5,426,781) Cash flows from investing activities (5,992,062) (11,120,983) Proceeds from sale of equipment 110,000 — Net cash used in investing activities (5,882,062) (11,120,983) Cash flows from financing activities (5,882,062) (11,120,983) Cash flows from from related parties 1,000,000 — Proceeds from secured term loan 1,000,000 6,343,239 Payments on promissory note from related parties 600,000 6,343,239 Payments on promissory note from related parties 63,688 1,403,190 Bond issuance costs (294,021) (214,823) Proceeds from advances from related parties (294,021) (214,823) Proceeds from issuance of units 10,895,308 12,662,210 Porceeds from issuance of units 10,895,308 12,662,201 Payments on redemption of vested profit units (19,288) — Net cash provided by financing activities 12,245,867 16,648,578 Net increase in cash 49,236 100,814 —		1,132,76	5	89,926	
Cash flows from investing activities (5,992,062) (11,120,983) Proceeds from sale of equipment 110,000 — Net cash used in investing activities (5,882,062) (11,120,983) Cash flows from financing activities — Proceeds from secured term loan 1,000,000 — Proceeds from promissory note from related parties 600,000 6,343,239 Payments on promissory note from related parties 63,66 1,403,239 Proceeds from advances from related parties 63,66 1,403,190 Bond issuance costs (294,021) (214,823) Proceeds from issuance of units 10,895,308 12,260,210 Payments on redemption of vested profit units (19,288) — Net cash provided by financing activities 12,245,867 16,648,578 Net increase in cash 49,236 100,814 Cash, beginning of year 100,814 — Cash, beginning of year \$ 150,050 100,814 Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information \$ 1,861 \$ - Non-cash investing activities \$ 1,861 \$ - <td>Deferred research and development obligation</td> <td>1,000,00</td> <td>)</td> <td>_</td>	Deferred research and development obligation	1,000,00)	_	
Cash flows from investing activities (5,992,062) (11,120,983) Proceeds from sale of equipment 110,000 — Net cash used in investing activities (5,882,062) (11,120,983) Cash flows from financing activities — Proceeds from secured term loan 1,000,000 — Proceeds from promissory note from related parties 600,000 6,343,239 Payments on promissory note from related parties 63,66 1,403,239 Proceeds from advances from related parties 63,66 1,403,190 Bond issuance costs (294,021) (214,823) Proceeds from issuance of units 10,895,308 12,260,210 Payments on redemption of vested profit units (19,288) — Net cash provided by financing activities 12,245,867 16,648,578 Net increase in cash 49,236 100,814 Cash, beginning of year 100,814 — Cash, beginning of year \$ 150,050 100,814 Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information \$ 1,861 \$ - Non-cash investing activities \$ 1,861 \$ - <td>Net cash used in operating activities</td> <td>(6,314,56</td> <td>))</td> <td>(5,426,781)</td>	Net cash used in operating activities	(6,314,56))	(5,426,781)	
Construction of plant (5,992,062) (11,120,983) Proceeds from sale of equipment 110,000 — Net cash used in investing activities (5,882,062) (11,120,983) Cash flows from financing activities \$1,000,000 — Proceeds from secured term loan 600,000 6,343,239 Proceeds from related parties — (3,143,238) Proceeds from related parties 63,868 1,403,190 Bond issuance costs (294,021) (2,14,823) Proceeds from issuance of units 10,895,308 12,260,210 Payments on redemption of vested profit units (19,288) — Net cash provided by financing activities 12,245,867 16,648,578 Net increase in cash 49,236 100,814 — Cash, beginning of year 100,814 — Cash, beginning of year 100,814 — Cash, end of year \$ 150,050 \$ 100,814 Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information \$ 1,861 \$ - Non-cash investing activities \$ 1,861 \$ - Interest p		(, ,			
Proceeds from sale of equipment 110,000 — Net cash used in investing activities (5,882,062) (11,120,983) Cash flows from financing activities — Proceeds from secured term loan 1,000,000 — Proceeds from promissory note from related parties 600,000 6,343,239 Payments on promissory note from related parties 68,868 1,403,190 Proceeds from advances from related parties (294,021) (214,823) Proceeds from issuance ost units (19,288) 12,260,210 Payments on redemption of vested profit units (19,288) 12,260,210 Net increase in cash 49,236 10,648,758 Net increase in cash 49,236 100,814 Cash, beginning of year 100,814 — Cash, end of year \$ 150,050 \$ 100,814 Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information \$ 1,861 \$ - Non-cash operating activities \$ 1,861 \$ - Interest paid during the year, net of capitalized interest \$ 1,861 \$ - Non-cash investing activities \$ 1,861 \$ -		(5,992,06	2)	(11,120,983)	
Net cash used in investing activities (5,882,062) (11,120,983) Cash flows from financing activities - - Proceeds from secured term loan 1,000,000 - Proceeds from promissory note from related parties 600,000 6,343,239 Payments on promissory note from related parties - (3,143,238) Proceeds from advances from related parties 63,868 1,403,190 Bond issuance costs (294,021) (214,823) Proceeds from issuance of units 10,895,308 12,260,210 Payments on redemption of vested profit units (19,288) - Net cash provided by financing activities 12,245,867 16,648,578 Net increase in cash 49,236 100,814 Cash, beginning of year 100,814 - Cash, end of year 100,814 - Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information Non-cash investing activities \$ 1,861 - Non-cash investing activities \$ 1,861 \$ - Additions to property, plant, and equipment in accounts payable \$ (624,313) \$ (3,792,835) Non-cash fi			/		
Cash flows from financing activities	Net cash used in investing activities	(5.882.06	2)	(11.120.983)	
Proceeds from secured term loan 1,000,000 — Proceeds from promissory note from related parties 600,000 6,343,239 Payments on promissory note from related parties — (3,143,238) Proceeds from advances from related parties 63,868 1,403,190 Bond issuance costs (294,021) (214,823) Proceeds from issuance of units 10,895,308 12,260,210 Payments on redemption of vested profit units (19,288) — Net cash provided by financing activities 12,245,867 16,648,578 Net increase in cash 49,236 100,814 — Cash, end of year \$ 100,814 — Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information \$ 150,050 \$ 100,814 Non-cash operating activities \$ 1,861 \$ — Non-cash investing activities \$ 1,861 \$ — Additions to property, plant, and equipment in accounts payable \$ (624,313) \$ (3,792,835) Non-cash financing activities: \$ 3,601,246 \$ —		(-,,	-)	(,,)	
Proceeds from promissory note from related parties 600,000 6,343,239 Payments on promissory note from related parties — (3,143,238) Proceeds from advances from related parties 63,868 1,403,190 Bond issuance costs (294,021) (214,823) Proceeds from issuance of units 10,895,308 12,260,210 Payments on redemption of vested profit units (19,288) — Net cash provided by financing activities 12,245,867 16,648,578 Net increase in cash 49,236 100,814 Cash, beginning of year 100,814 — Cash, ed of year \$ 150,050 \$ 100,814 Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information Non-cash operating activities \$ 1,861 \$ — Additions to property, plant, and equipment in accounts payable \$ (624,313) \$ (3,792,835) Non-cash financing activities \$ 3,601,246 \$ —		1.000.00)	_	
Payments on promissory note from related parties — (3,143,238) Proceeds from advances from related parties 63,868 1,403,190 Bond issuance costs (294,021) (214,823) Proceeds from issuance of units 10,895,308 12,260,210 Payments on redemption of vested profit units (19,288) — Net cash provided by financing activities 12,245,867 16,648,578 Net increase in cash 49,236 100,814 Cash, beginning of year 100,814 — Cash, ed of year \$ 150,050 \$ 100,814 Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information * 1,861 \$ — Non-cash operating activities \$ 1,861 \$ — Additions to property, plant, and equipment in accounts payable \$ (624,313) \$ (3,792,835) Non-cash financing activities: * (624,313) \$ (3,792,835) Conversion of accounts payable to promissory notes \$ 3,601,246 \$ —	Proceeds from promissory note from related parties			6.343.239	
Proceeds from advances from related parties 63,868 1,403,190 Bond issuance costs (294,021) (214,823) Proceeds from issuance of units 10,895,308 12,260,210 Payments on redemption of vested profit units (19,288) — Net cash provided by financing activities 12,245,867 16,648,578 Net increase in cash 49,236 100,814 — Cash, beginning of year \$ 150,050 \$ 100,814 — Cash, end of year \$ 150,050 \$ 100,814 — Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information Non-cash operating activities \$ 1,861 \$ — Interest paid during the year, net of capitalized interest \$ 1,861 \$ — Non-cash investing activities \$ (624,313) \$ (3,792,835) Non-cash financing activities: \$ 3,601,246 \$ —		_	_	, ,	
Bond issuance costs (294,021) (214,823) Proceeds from issuance of units 10,895,308 12,260,210 Payments on redemption of vested profit units (19,288) — Net cash provided by financing activities 12,245,867 16,648,578 Net increase in cash 49,236 100,814 — Cash, beginning of year 100,814 — Cash, end of year \$ 150,050 \$ 100,814 Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information *** Non-cash operating activities** Interest paid during the year, net of capitalized interest \$ 1,861 \$ — Non-cash investing activities *** Additions to property, plant, and equipment in accounts payable \$ (624,313) \$ (3,792,835) Non-cash financing activities: *** Conversion of accounts payable to promissory notes \$ 3,601,246 \$ —		63,86	3		
Proceeds from issuance of units 10,895,308 12,260,210 Payments on redemption of vested profit units (19,288) — Net cash provided by financing activities 12,245,867 16,648,578 Net increase in cash 49,236 100,814 Cash, beginning of year 100,814 — Cash, end of year \$ 150,050 \$ 100,814 Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information *** Non-cash operating activities Interest paid during the year, net of capitalized interest \$ 1,861 \$ — Non-cash investing activities *** (624,313) \$ (3,792,835) Non-cash financing activities: *** *** *** Conversion of accounts payable to promissory notes *** 3,601,246 *** —		(294.02	()	, ,	
Payments on redemption of vested profit units (19,288) — Net cash provided by financing activities 12,245,867 16,648,578 Net increase in cash 49,236 100,814 Cash, beginning of year 100,814 — Cash, end of year \$ 150,050 \$ 100,814 Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information *** *** Non-cash operating activities *** *** Interest paid during the year, net of capitalized interest *** *** Non-cash investing activities *** *** Additions to property, plant, and equipment in accounts payable *** (624,313) *** (3,792,835) Non-cash financing activities: *** *** *** —**	Proceeds from issuance of units	10,895,30	3		
Net cash provided by financing activities 12,245,867 16,648,578 Net increase in cash 49,236 100,814 Cash, beginning of year 100,814 — Cash, end of year \$ 150,050 \$ 100,814 Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information *** *** Non-cash operating activities *** *** Interest paid during the year, net of capitalized interest *** *** Non-cash investing activities *** *** Additions to property, plant, and equipment in accounts payable *** (624,313) ** (3,792,835) Non-cash financing activities: *** *** *** —** Conversion of accounts payable to promissory notes *** 3,601,246 *** —**	Payments on redemption of vested profit units	(19.28	3)		
Net increase in cash 12,245,867 16,648,578 Cash, beginning of year 49,236 100,814 — Cash, end of year \$ 150,050 \$ 100,814 Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information *** *** Non-cash operating activities *** 1,861 *** Interest paid during the year, net of capitalized interest *** *** Non-cash investing activities *** *** Additions to property, plant, and equipment in accounts payable *** *** *** Non-cash financing activities: *** *** *** Conversion of accounts payable to promissory notes *** 3,601,246 *** —**					
Net increase in cash 49,236 100,814 Cash, beginning of year 100,814 — Cash, end of year \$ 150,050 \$ 100,814 Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information *** *** Non-cash operating activities *** *** Interest paid during the year, net of capitalized interest *** *** Non-cash investing activities *** *** Additions to property, plant, and equipment in accounts payable *** *** Non-cash financing activities: *** *** Conversion of accounts payable to promissory notes *** 3,601,246 ***		12,245,86	7	16,648,578	
Cash, beginning of year Cash, end of year Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information Non-cash operating activities Interest paid during the year, net of capitalized interest Additions to property, plant, and equipment in accounts payable Non-cash financing activities: Conversion of accounts payable to promissory notes 100,814 - 100,814	Net increase in cash	49.23	<u> </u>		
Cash, end of year \$ 150,050 \$ 100,814 Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information Non-cash operating activities Interest paid during the year, net of capitalized interest \$ 1,861 \$ — Non-cash investing activities Additions to property, plant, and equipment in accounts payable \$ (624,313) \$ (3,792,835) Non-cash financing activities: Conversion of accounts payable to promissory notes \$ 3,601,246 \$ —	Cash, beginning of year	100.81	1		
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information Non-cash operating activities Interest paid during the year, net of capitalized interest \$ 1,861 \$ — Non-cash investing activities Additions to property, plant, and equipment in accounts payable \$ (624,313) \$ (3,792,835) Non-cash financing activities: Conversion of accounts payable to promissory notes \$ 3,601,246 \$ —	, , ,			100.814	
Non-cash operating activities Interest paid during the year, net of capitalized interest Non-cash investing activities Additions to property, plant, and equipment in accounts payable Non-cash financing activities: Conversion of accounts payable to promissory notes \$ 1,861 \$ — (624,313) \$ (3,792,835) **Touch to property, plant, and equipment in accounts payable \$ 3,601,246 \$ —	Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		
Interest paid during the year, net of capitalized interest Non-cash investing activities Additions to property, plant, and equipment in accounts payable Non-cash financing activities: Conversion of accounts payable to promissory notes \$ 1,861 \$ — (3,792,835) (3,792,835)					
Non-cash investing activities Additions to property, plant, and equipment in accounts payable Non-cash financing activities: Conversion of accounts payable to promissory notes \$ 3,601,246 \$ —		\$ 1.86	1 \$	_	
Additions to property, plant, and equipment in accounts payable Non-cash financing activities: Conversion of accounts payable to promissory notes \$ 3,601,246 \$ —		, ,,,,			
Non-cash financing activities: Conversion of accounts payable to promissory notes \$ 3,601,246 \$ —		\$ (624.31)	3) \$	(3,792,835)	
Conversion of accounts payable to promissory notes \$ 3,601,246 \$ —		. (**_ ',2 *.	,	(-,,)	
		\$ 3.601.24	5 S	_	
	Conversion of accounts payable to equity			_	

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2019 and 2018

NOTE 1 — ORGANIZATION

Formation and Organization

PureCycle Technologies LLC ("PureCycle" or the "Company") was formed as a Delaware limited liability company ("LLC") on September 15, 2015 ("Date of Formation"), as Advanced Resin Technologies LLC. In November 2016, the Company changed its name to Purecycle Technologies LLC. PureCycle is a majority owned subsidiary of WE-Innventure LLC ("WE-Innventure" or the "Parent").

PureCycle and its wholly owned subsidiary, Purecycle: Ohio LLC, are businesses whose planned principal operations are to conduct business as a plastics recycler using PureCycle's patented recycling process. Developed and licensed by Procter & Gamble ("P&G"), the patented recycling process separates color, odor and other contaminants from plastic waste feedstock to transform it into virgin-like resin. The Company is currently constructing its facility and conducting research and development activities to operationalize the licensed technology.

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP"). The consolidated financial statements have been prepared assuming that the Company will continue as a going concern; however, the conditions below raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to do so. The consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments to reflect the possible future effects on the recoverability and classification of assets or the amounts and classifications of liabilities that may result should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern.

Principles of Consolidation

The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company, and all significant intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated in consolidation.

Liquidity and going concern

The Company has sustained recurring losses and negative cash flows from operations since its inception. As reflected in the accompanying consolidated financial statements, the Company has not yet begun commercial operations and the Company does not have any sources of revenue. As of December 31, 2019 and 2018, the Company had a cash balance of \$150,050 and \$100,814, respectively, a working capital deficit of \$7,621,546 and \$4,226,072, respectively, and an accumulated deficit of \$27,722,053 and \$8,409,335, respectively. During the year ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, the Company incurred a net loss of \$19,312,718 and \$4,105,186. Over the past year, the Company's growth has been funded through a combination equity financing, secured term loan, promissory notes, debt financing obtained from a related parties. While the Company believes it is probable it will begin generating revenues in the near future, there is no assurance that the Company will be successful in its business activities or be able to fund its obligations for one year from the date the consolidated financial statements are available to be issued.

The Company's promissory note due to a related party (see note 3) matured on February 15, 2019 and has not been repaid. On May 29, 2020, the Company extended the Promissory Note with Auto Now Acceptance Company, LLC to June 30, 2021. The inability of the Company to fund obligations as they become due may result in a material adverse impact on the Company's financial position and results of operations. These conditions raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) December 31, 2019 and 2018

Subsequent to year-end, as of March 31, 2020, the Company repaid advances from Innventure and Wasson Enterprise of \$1,950,000 and \$375,000 respectively. As of August 24, 2020, the Company has raised net proceeds of \$17,068,273 from individual investors from the sale of Class B-1 preferred units. In addition, the Company expects to obtain additional funding through a bond financing to further fund the development of its technologies. There can be no assurance that any future financing will be available or, if available, that it will be on terms that are satisfactory to the Company.

NOTE 2 — SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Cash

The Company's cash balance represents cash deposited with financial institutions.

Bond Issuance Costs

The Company has incurred costs which are directly attributable to the Company's upcoming bond financing. These costs include items such as document preparation costs, underwriting fees, and other external, incremental expenses paid to advisors that directly relate to the financing. Upon successful completion of the bond offering, these costs will be reclassified to reduce the carrying amount of the bond liability and will be amortized ratably over the term of the bond. During the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, the Company incurred \$294,021 and \$214,823 respectively, of bond issuance costs, and as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, the Company has capitalized bond issuance costs totaling \$615,896 and \$321,875, respectively, which are recorded within Prepaid expenses and other current assets on the consolidated balance sheet.

Property, Plant and Equipment

As of December 31, 2019 and 2018, the Company's property, plant and equipment consists of building, office equipment and furniture, machinery and equipment, fixtures and furnishings and construction in progress. All property, plant and equipment are located within the United States. Property, plant and equipment are recorded at cost and are amortized over their estimated useful lives, unless the useful life is indefinite, using the straight-line method over the following table:

Building	39 years
Land	Indefinite
Office equipment and furniture	7 years
Machinery and equipment	5-10 years
Fixtures and Furnishings	5 years

Construction in progress relates to costs capitalized in conjunction with major improvements that have not yet been placed in service, and accordingly are not currently being depreciated. The Company capitalizes interest cost incurred on funds used to construct property, plant and equipment. On June 30, 2019 the Feedstock Evaluation Unit ("FEU") and associated assets were determined to be substantially completed and ready for intended use. In accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 835, Interest, the interest capitalization period covers the duration of the activities required to get the asset ready for its intended use and capitalization continues as long as the activities and incurrence of cost continues. As the FEU unit and associated assets were determined to be ready for intended use on June 30, 2019, the interest capitalization on the Company loans related to those assets ends at that point in time. From July 1, 2019 and going forward, the Company applied a capitalization rate to the average amount of accumulated expenditures related to the current plant being built. The capitalized interest is recorded as part of the asset to which it relates over the asset's estimated useful life. Interest cost capitalized as of December 31, 2019 and 2018 totaled \$1,846,209 and \$1,238,135 respectively.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) December 31, 2019 and 2018

As of December 31, 2019, the Company determined that there were no indicators of impairment and did not recognize any impairment of its property, plant and equipment.

Operating Costs

Operating costs are expensed as incurred. Operating costs consist of facility employee personnel costs, expense for supplies and materials, depreciation, transportation and other operating related expense.

Research and Development Costs

Research and development costs are expensed as incurred. Research and development expenses consist of expenses for services provided by third parties, and payroll and benefits of those employees engaged in research, design and development activities, costs related to design tools, license expenses related to intellectual property, and supplies and services.

Selling, General, and Administrative Costs

Selling, General and Administrative Costs are expensed as incurred. Selling, general, and administrative expense consist of personnel costs, allocated facilities expenses, facility rent, repairs and utilities, office insurance, travel, sales and marketing costs.

Income Taxes

The Company is a limited liability company and has elected to be treated as a partnership for U.S. federal tax purposes. The Company's taxable income or loss is allocated to its members. The Company is not directly liable for U.S. federal income taxes. The Company is, however, subject to annual state LLC franchise taxes and state LLC fees. During the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, these taxes and fees amounted to \$375 and \$2,062, respectively, and are included in selling, general and administrative expenses.

Management has evaluated the Company's tax positions, including their status as a pass-through entity for U.S. federal and state tax purposes, and has determined that the Company has taken no uncertain tax positions that require adjustment to the consolidated financial statements.

Net Loss Per Unit

The Company computes net loss per share in accordance with ASC 260, Earnings per Share. Basic (loss) earnings per unit is computed by dividing (loss) income available to common unitholders by the weighted-average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per unit is computed by dividing income available to common unitholders by the weighted-average number of shares of common units outstanding during the period increased to include the number of additional common units that would have been outstanding if the potentially dilutive securities had been issued, using the treasury stock method.

Equity-Based Compensation

The Company issues grants of incentive units to select employees and service providers. The equity- based compensation cost for the incentive units is measured at the grant date based on the fair value of the award over the requisite service period, which is the vesting period on the straight-line basis. In accordance with ASC 718, Compensation — Stock Compensation ("ASC 718"), in the event of modification, the Company recognizes the remaining compensation cost based on the grant date fair value over the new requisite service period.

The Company applies a zero forfeiture rate for its equity-based awards, as such awards have been granted to a limited number of employees and service providers. A significant forfeiture, or an indication that significant forfeitures may occur, would result in a revised forfeiture rate which would be accounted for prospectively as a change in an estimate.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) December 31, 2019 and 2018

Warrants

The Company accounts for its warrants issued to nonemployees in accordance with ASC 505, Equity, which requires all nonemployee transactions, in which goods or services are the consideration received in exchange for equity instruments, to be accounted for based on the fair value of the consideration received or the fair value of the equity instruments issued, whichever is more reliably measurable. Accordingly, the Company determines the fair value of the equity instruments issued as of the warrant issuance date, and the fair value is then expensed in accordance with the vesting terms of the warrant agreement. In the event the warrants are issued with other debt instruments, the Company accounts for its warrants in accordance with ASC 480, Distinguishing Liabilities from Equity, for unit of account analysis. In the event the terms of the warrants qualify as a liability under ASC 480, the company accounts for the instrument as a liability recorded at fair value each reporting period.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates, judgments and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, related disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of expenses for the period presented. The Company's most significant estimates and judgments involve valuation of the Company's equity, including assumptions made in the fair value of Equity- based compensation and the fair value of warrants it has issued to service providers. Although these estimates are based on management's best knowledge of current events and actions that the Company may undertake in the future, actual results may be different from these estimates.

Segment Information

Under ASC 280, Segment Reporting, operating segments are defined as components of an enterprise where discrete financial information is available that is evaluated regularly by the chief operating decision maker ("CODM"), in deciding how to allocate resources and in assessing performance. The Company has one component. Therefore, the Company's Chief Executive Officer, who is also the CODM, makes decisions and manages the Company's operations as a single operating segment, which is conducting business as a plastic recycler. To date, the Company has not entered into production and measures performance on a consolidated basis.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The Company applies fair value accounting in accordance with ASC 820, Fair Value Measurements ("ASC 820") for valuation of financial instruments. ASC 820 defines fair value and establishes a framework for measuring fair value and making disclosures about fair value measurements. This framework applies to all financial assets and liabilities that are being measured and reported at fair value and for disclosures of fair value.

Correction of Immaterial Errors

Management discovered prior period errors that accumulated over prior year 2018. The cumulative adjustment for the errors covering the period from January 1, 2018 to December 31, 2018 was approximately \$377,723.

Pursuant to the guidance of Staff Accounting Bulletin ("SAB") No. 99, Materiality, the Company concluded that the errors were not material to any of its prior period financials. The prior period financial statements were revised, in accordance with SAB No. 108, Considering the Effects of Prior Year Misstatements when Quantifying Misstatements in Current Year Financial Statements.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) December 31, 2019 and 2018

Reclassifications: Certain amounts in year 2018 have been aggregated or disaggregated to conform to current year presentation. These reclassifications have no effect on previously reported current or total assets, current or total liabilities within the consolidated balance sheets, net loss within the consolidated statements of operation, and the cash provided (used) by operating, investing or financing activities within the consolidated statements of cash flows.

A reconciliation of the effects of the adjustments to the previously reported balance sheet at December 31, 2018 follows:

ASSETS

	A	s reported		Reclasses		As reclassed		Revision	Revised
CURRENT ASSETS									
Cash	\$	100,815	\$	(1)	\$	100,814	\$	_	\$ 100,814
Prepaid royalties		1,000,000		_		1,000,000		(1,000,000)	_
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		487,501		1		487,502		90,069	577,571
Total current assets		1,588,316				1,588,316		(909,931)	678,385
Property, plant and equipment, net		24,527,598		_		24,527,598		532,208	25,059,806
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	26,115,914	\$		\$	26,115,914	\$	(377,723)	\$ 25,738,191
LIABILITIES AND MEMBERS' EQUITY									
CURRENT LIABILITIES									
Accounts payable	\$	4,196,704	\$	(27,706)	\$	4,168,998	\$	645,533	\$ 4,814,531
Accrued expenses		_		89,926		89,926		_	89,926
Payable to affiliate		62,220		(62,220)		_		_	_
Related party notes payable – current		12,000,000		(12,000,000)		_		_	_
Total current liabilities		16,258,924		(12,000,000)		4,258,924		645,533	4,904,457
Deferred research and development obligation		1,000,000		_		1,000,000		(1,000,000)	_
Notes payable		2,639,826		(2,639,826)		_		_	_
Related party notes payable				14,639,826		14,639,826			14,639,826
TOTAL LIABILITIES		19,898,750				19,898,750		(354,467)	 19,544,283
MEMBERS' EQUITY									
Class A Common units		_		387,192		387,192		_	387,192
Class B Preferred units		_		1,898,469		1,898,469		_	1,898,469
Class B-1 Preferred Units		_		12,260,210		12,260,210		_	12,260,210
Class C Profits Units		_		15,887		15,887		8,601	24,488
Members' Equity		14,561,758		(14,561,758)		_		_	_
Additional paid-in capital		82,180		_		82,180		(49,296)	32,884
Accumulated deficit		(8,426,774)				(8,426,774)		17,439	(8,409,335)
Total members' equity		6,217,164				6,217,164		(23,256)	 6,193,908
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND MEMBERS' EQUITY	\$	26,115,914	\$		\$	26,115,914	\$	(377,723)	\$ 25,738,191

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) December 31, 2019 and 2018

A reconciliation of the effects of the adjustments to the previously reported statement of operations for the year ended December 31, 2018:

	A	As reported	Reclasses	As reclassed	Revision	Revised
Costs and expenses						
Operating costs	\$	1,842,091	\$ (627,783)	\$ 1,214,308	\$ 7,607	\$ 1,221,915
Research and development		786,233	_	786,233	_	786,233
Selling, general and administrative		485,741	1,587,047	2,072,788	24,250	2,097,038
Professional expenses		959,264	(959,264)	_	_	_
Total operating costs and expenses		4,073,329		4,073,329	31,857	4,105,186
Interest expense						_
Other expense		_	_	_	_	_
Net loss	\$	(4,073,329)	\$ _	\$ (4,073,329)	\$ (31,857)	\$ (4,105,186)

A reconciliation of the effects of the adjustments to the previously reported statement of members' equity for the year ended December 31, 2018:

	A	s reported		Reclasses	As reclassed	Revision	Revised
Class A			'				
Balance at December 31, 2017	\$	387,192	\$	_	\$ 387,192	\$ _	\$ 387,192
Balance at December 31, 2018	\$	387,192	\$	_	\$ 387,192	\$ _	\$ 387,192
Class B							
Balance at December 31, 2017	\$	1,898,470	\$	(1)	\$ 1,898,469	\$ _	\$ 1,898,469
Balance at December 31, 2018	\$	1,898,470	\$	(1)	\$ 1,898,469	\$ _	\$ 1,898,469
Class B-1							
Balance at December 31, 2017	\$	_	\$	_	\$ _	\$ _	\$ _
Issuance of units		12,260,209		1	12,260,210	_	12,260,210
Balance at December 31, 2018	\$	12,260,209	\$	1	\$ 12,260,210	\$ _	\$ 12,260,210
Class C							
Balance at December 31, 2017	\$	_	\$	_	\$ _	\$ _	\$ _
Issuance of units upon vesting of profit units		15,887		_	15,887	8,601	24,488
Balance at December 31, 2018	\$	15,887	\$	_	\$ 15,887	\$ 8,601	\$ 24,488
Total members' investment							
Balance at December 31, 2017	\$	2,285,662	\$	(1)	\$ 2,285,661	\$ _	\$ 2,285,661
Issuance of units		12,260,209		1	12,260,210	_	12,260,210

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) December 31, 2019 and 2018

	A	s reported	Reclasses		As reclassed	Revision	Revised
Issuance of units upon vesting of profit units		15,887		_	15,887	8,601	24,488
Balance at December 31, 2018	\$	14,561,758	\$	_	\$ 14,561,758	\$ 8,601	\$ 14,570,359
Additional paid-in capital							
Balance at December 31, 2017	\$	49,296	\$	_	\$ 49,296	\$ (49,296)	\$ _
Redeemable warrants		32,884		—	32,884	_	32,884
Balance at December 31, 2018	\$	82,180	\$	—	\$ 82,180	\$ (49,296)	\$ 32,884
Accumulated deficit							
Balance at December 31, 2017	\$	(4,353,445)	\$	—	\$ (4,353,445)	\$ 49,296	\$ (4,304,149)
Net loss		(4,073,329)		—	(4,073,329)	(31,857)	(4,105,186)
Balance at December 31, 2018	\$	(8,426,774)	\$	—	\$ (8,426,774)	\$ 17,439	\$ (8,409,335)
Total members' equity							
Balance at December 31, 2017	\$	(2,018,487)	\$	(1)	\$ (2,018,488)	\$ _	\$ (2,018,488)
Issuance of units		12,260,209		1	12,260,210	_	12,260,210
Redeemable warrants		32,884		—	32,884	_	32,884
Issuance of units upon vesting of profit units		15,887		—	15,887	8,601	24,488
Net loss		(4,073,329)		_	(4,073,329)	(31,857)	(4,105,186)
Balance at December 31, 2018	\$	6,217,164	\$	_	\$ 6,217,164	\$ (23,256)	\$ 6,193,908

A reconciliation of the effects of the adjustments to the previously reported statement of cash flows for the year ended December 31, 2018:

	A	As reported	Reclasses	As reclassed	Revision	Revised
Cash flows from operating activities			_	 	_	_
Net loss	\$	(4,073,329)	\$ _	\$ (4,073,329)	\$ (31,857)	\$ (4,105,186)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in						
operating activities						
Equity-based compensation		15,887	_	15,887	8,601	24,488
Issuance of warrants		32,884	_	32,884	_	32,884
Changes in operating assets and liabilities						
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		(32,627)	_	(32,627)	(90,068)	(122,695)
Prepaid royalties		(1,000,000)	_	(1,000,000)	1,000,000	_
Accounts payable		(1,964,024)	(27,706)	(1,991,730)	645,532	(1,346,198)
Accrued expenses		_	89,926	89,926	_	89,926
Payable to affiliate		62,220	(62,220)	_	_	_
Deferred research and development obligation		1,000,000	_	1,000,000	(1,000,000)	_
Net cash used in operating activities		(5,958,989)		(5,958,989)	532,208	(5,426,781)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) December 31, 2019 and 2018

	As reported	Reclasses			As reclassed	Revision	Revised
Cash flows from investing activities							
Construction of plant	\$ (10,588,775)	\$	_	\$	(10,588,775)	\$ (532,208)	\$ (11,120,983)
Net cash used in investing activities	 (10,588,775)		_		(10,588,775)	 (532,208)	(11,120,983)
Cash flows from financing activities							
Proceeds from promissory note from related parties	6,343,239		_		6,343,239	_	6,343,239
Payments on promissory note from related parties	(3,143,239)		1		(3,143,238)	_	(3,143,238)
Proceeds from advances from related parties	1,403,192		(2)		1,403,190	_	1,403,190
Bond issuance costs	(214,822)		(1)		(214,823)	_	(214,823)
Proceeds from issuance of units	12,260,209		1		12,260,210	 	12,260,210
Net cash provided by financing activities	16,648,579		(1)		16,648,578	_	16,648,578
Net increase in cash	100,815		(1)		100,814		100,814
Cash, beginning of year	_		_		_	_	_
Cash, end of year	\$ 100,815	\$	(1)	\$	100,814	\$ _	\$ 100,814
				_			
	As reported	Reclasses			As reclassed	Revision	Revised
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information							
Non-cash operating activities							
Interest paid during the year, net of capitalized interest	\$ _	\$	_	\$	_	\$ _	\$ _
Non-cash investing activities							
Additions to property, plant, and equipment in accounts							
payable	\$ (3,792,835)	\$	_	\$	(3,792,835)	\$ _	\$ (3,792,835)

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

As an emerging growth company ("EGC"), the Jumpstart Our Business Startups Act ("JOBS Act") allows the Company to delay adoption of new or revised accounting pronouncements applicable to public companies until such pronouncements are applicable to private companies. The Company has elected to use this extended transition period under the JOBS Act until such time the Company is no longer considered to be an EGC. The adoption dates discussed below reflect this election.

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02, Leases (Topic 842), to increase transparency and comparability among organizations by recognizing lease assets and lease liabilities on the balance sheet and disclosing key information about leasing arrangements. In July 2018, ASU 2018-10, Codification Improvements to Topic 842, Leases, was issued to provide more detailed guidance and additional clarification for implementing ASU 2016-02. Furthermore, in July 2018, the FASB issued ASU 2018-11, Leases (Topic 842): Targeted Improvements, which provides an optional transition method in addition to the existing modified retrospective transition method by allowing a cumulative effect adjustment to the opening balance of retained earnings in the period of adoption. Furthermore, on June 3, 2020, the FASB deferred by one year the effective date of the new leases standard for private companies, private NFPs and public NFPs that have not yet issued (or made available for issuance) financial statements reflecting the new standard. These new leasing standards are effective for the Company beginning after December 15, 2021 and interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2022, with early adoption permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the effect of the adoption of this guidance on the consolidated financial statements.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) December 31, 2019 and 2018

In June 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-13, Financial Instruments — Credit Losses (Topic 326): Measurement of Credit Losses of Financial Instruments, which, together with subsequent amendments, amends the requirement on the measurement and recognition of expected credit losses for financial assets held. ASU 2016-13 is effective for the Company beginning December 15, 2022, including interim periods within those fiscal years, with early adoption permitted. The Company is currently in the process of evaluating the effects of this pronouncement on the Company's financial statements and does not expect it to have a material impact on the consolidated financial statements.

In June 2018, the FASB issued ASU 2018-07, "Compensation — Stock Compensation (Topic 718): Improvements to Nonemployee Share-Based Payment Accounting" ("ASU 2018-07"). ASU 2018-07 extends the scope of Topic 718 to include share-based payment transactions for acquiring goods and services from nonemployees. ASU 2018-07 amendments are effective for the Company beginning January 1, 2020 and interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2020. The Company is currently evaluating the effect of the adoption of this guidance on the consolidated financial statements.

NOTE 3 — NOTES PAYABLE AND DEBT INSTRUMENTS

Secured Term Loan

On February 28, 2019, the Company entered into a subordinated debt agreement with Enhanced Capital Ohio Rural Fund, LLC. The agreement provides for principal of \$1,000,000 with an interest of the U.S. Federal prime rate per annum. The interest rate will increase to the U.S. Federal prime rate plus 3% per annum subsequent to the completion of the Company's upcoming bond financing. As of December 31, 2019, the interest rate was 4.75%. The first 24 months will be an "interest-only period" whereby the Company will only make accrued but unpaid interest payments at the end of each month. At the end of the interest-only period principal payments of \$16,667 are payable on the last business day of each month. All unpaid principal and interest are payable on February 27, 2024, the maturity date of the agreement.

Until the closing of the bond indebtedness, the lender shall have first priority lien on all collateral. The term loan is secured by the Company's receivables, contract rights, general intangibles, equipment, intellectual property, inventory, instruments, investment property, letters of credit and related collateral and proceeds.

The Company may at its option prepay the outstanding principal amount of the Loan. Any voluntary prepayment under the Loan prior to the two-year anniversary of the Closing date is subject to a prepayment penalty of 4.0% on the amount of such payment.

As defined within the agreement, the Company shall use the proceeds of the Term Loan (i) for working capital, (ii) capital spending, (iii) general corporate purposes, (iv) operations and hiring of incremental personnel in a manner consistent with the Ohio Rural Business Growth Act, and (v) to pay the fees, costs and expenses of Lender pursuant to the Loan agreement.

As of December 31, 2019, the outstanding balance on the term loan is \$1,000,000, recorded within Notes payable in the consolidated balance sheets. The Company incurred \$44,778 of interest cost during 2019. As the secured term loan was used to construct the Company's property, plant and equipment, the interest costs incurred was capitalized within Property, Plant and Equipment as described in Note 2.

Promissory Notes

Koch Modular Process Systems Secured Promissory Note

On December 20, 2019, the Company entered into an agreement with Koch Modular Process Systems LLC ("KMPS") to convert the current balance of Account Payable due to KMPS into a promissory note.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) December 31, 2019 and 2018

The Company issued a Secured Promissory Note for a principal amount of \$1,677,489, with a maximum advance of funds up to \$3,077,489. This loan provides the Company with the ability to draw additional funds by rolling invoices from KMPS into the balance. The rate of interest on the loan balance is 21% per annum through the month of November 2019 and 24% per annum for December 2019 and thereafter. The aggregate unpaid principal amount of the Loan, all accrued and unpaid interest, and all other amounts payable under this Note are due and payable on the maturity date. The loan maturity date is September 30, 2020 unless PureCycle repays the principal and accrued and unpaid interests from closing of the bond financing earlier.

The promissory note is secured by a first priority of the Company's fixtures and personal property of every kind and all proceeds and products of each of the foregoing. The Company has the option to prepay the loan in whole or in part at any time or from time to time without penalty or premium by paying the principal amount to be prepaid together with accrued interest thereon to the date of prepayment. Any amount of principal prepaid may not be reborrowed.

As of December 31, 2019, the outstanding balance on the promissory note is \$1,609,553 recorded within Notes payable — current in the consolidated balance sheets.

Denham-Blythe Company, Inc. Secured Promissory Note

On December 20, 2019, the Company and Denham-Blythe Company, Inc ("DB") entered into an agreement to convert the current balance of Account Payable due to DB into a promissory note. The Company issued a Secured Promissory Note for a principal amount of \$2,000,000. The rate of interest on the loan balance is 24% per annum for December 2019 and thereafter with interest on the loan payable monthly. The loan maturity date is September 30, 2020 unless PureCycle repays the principal and accrued and unpaid interests from closing of the bond financing.

The promissory note is secured by a first priority lien of the Company's fixtures and personal property of every kind and all proceeds and products of each of the foregoing. The Company has the option to prepay the loan in whole or in part at any time or from time to time without penalty or premium by paying the principal amount to be prepaid together with accrued interest thereon to the date of prepayment. Any amount of principal prepaid may not be reborrowed.

As of December 31, 2019, the outstanding balance on the promissory note is \$1,991,693, recorded within Notes payable — current in the consolidated balance sheets. The Company incurred \$12,000 of interest cost during 2019. As the promissory note was used to construct the Company's property, plant and equipment, the interest costs incurred was capitalized within Property, Plant and Equipment as described in Note 2.

Promissory Note to Related Parties

Innventus Fund I, LP

On July 19, 2019, the Company entered into Note and Warrant Financing agreement with Innventus Fund I, LP to obtain a \$600,000 loan and warrant financing. The Negotiable Promissory Note has a maturity date of October 21, 2019, and an interest rate of 1-month LIBOR plus 8.00%. The aggregate unpaid principal amount of the loan and all accrued and unpaid interest is due on the maturity date.

As of December 31, 2019, the outstanding balance on this Note is \$600,000, recorded within Related party notes payable — current in the consolidated balance sheets. The Company incurred \$21,436 of interest cost during 2019. The effective interest rate is 14.29% as of December 31, 2019. Subsequent to December 31, 2019, the principal and all accrued and unpaid interest was paid on February 15, 2020.

See Note 6 for further information on the issuance of warrants.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) December 31, 2019 and 2018

Auto Now Acceptance Company, LLC

On May 5, 2017, the Company entered into a revolving line of credit facility (the "Credit Agreement") with Auto Now Acceptance Company, LLC, a related party. The credit facility provided for a \$13,292,000 revolving line of credit. The revolving line of credit was due on demand with interest payable monthly, bearing interest at a rate of 5.0%.

On May 3, 2018, the Credit Agreement was amended and restated in its entirety and secured by a Security Agreement dated May 3, 2018. The credit facility was increased to \$14,000,000, bearing interest at a rate of LIBOR plus 6.12% per annum, payable monthly. The maturity date was extended to August 15, 2018. The Credit Agreement was also amended to state that the agreement is collateralized by substantially all assets of the Company.

On July 31, 2018, the Credit Agreement was amended to extend the maturity date to February 15, 2019. Under the agreement, the Auto Now's advances of funds to the Company will cease on July 31, 2018. Upon execution of the amendment, the agreement was accounted for as a promissory note as the Company was no longer able to draw additional funds on the facility. As the cash flows were not substantially different, the Company accounted for the extension as a debt modification. No additional fees were incurred in connection with the extension, and consequently there was no impact on the carrying value of the debt. As the Company has defaulted the principal payment, the interest is accrued at the annual rate of a month LIBOR plus 10% per annum.

Subsequent to December 31, 2019, on May 29, 2020, the company extended the maturity date to June 30, 2021. See Note 13 for further information.

As of December 31, 2019, and 2018, the outstanding balance on the promissory note is \$12,000,000 and \$12,000,000, respectively, recorded within Related party notes payable in the consolidated balance sheets. The Company incurred \$1,337,857 and \$1,081,446 of interest cost during 2019 and 2018, respectively. As the promissory note was used to construct the Company's property, plant and equipment, the interest cost incurred was capitalized within Property, Plant and Equipment as described in Note 2.

Advances from Related Parties

PureCycle received funding and support services from Innventure and Wasson Enterprise. During the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, PureCycle received \$63,868 and \$946,963 from Innventure. During the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, PureCycle received \$0 and \$456,227 from Wasson Enterprise. These advances were unsecured, non-interest bearing with no formal terms of repayment.

The outstanding balance due to Innventure as of December 31, 2019 and 2018 is \$1,957,611 and \$1,893,743, respectively, recorded within Related party notes payable — current in the consolidated balance sheets as of December 31, 2019 and recorded within a Related party notes payable in consolidated balance sheets as of December 31, 2018. The outstanding balance due to Wasson Enterprise is \$746,083 as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, recorded within Related party notes payable — current in the consolidated balance sheets as of December 31, 2019 and recorded within Related party notes payable in consolidated balance sheets as of December 31, 2018.

The weighted average interest rate on notes payable — current and related party notes payable — current is 12.95% as of December 31, 2019.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) December 31, 2019 and 2018

Principal repayments due on the Notes payable and Related party notes payable over the next five years are as follows:

Years ending December, 31	Amount
2020	\$ 6,904,940
2021	12,150,003
2022	200,004
2023	200,004
2024	449,989
Thereafter	_
Total	\$ 19,904,940

NOTE 4 — MEMBERS' EQUITY

The Company operates subject to the terms and conditions of the amended and restated PureCycle Technologies LLC, Limited Liability Company Agreement (the "LLC Agreement") dated September 7, 2018. The LLC Agreement was subsequently amended on August 28, 2019.

The LLC Agreement provides for overall management and control of the Company to be vested in the Board of Managers (the "Board"). The members' interests are represented by four classes: Class A units, Class B preferred units, Class B-1 preferred units and Class C units. Members owning a majority of the Class A units, Class B preferred units and Class B-1 preferred units are required to elect managers to the Board to serve the Class A unit, Class B preferred unit and Class B-1 preferred unit member interests. Each holder of Class A units, Class B preferred units, and Class B-1 preferred units ("Voting Members") shall be entitled to one vote per unit held. The holders of Class C units do not have voting rights in respect to their units held. No Member shall be liable for any debts or losses of capital or profits of the Company or be required to guarantee the liabilities of the Company.

Class A Units

The Board authorized up to 2,581,282 Class A units. As of December 31, 2019 and 2018, 2,581,282 units are issued and outstanding. No additional Class A units are issuable under the LLC Agreement.

These units were issued to the initial investors of the Company for no cash consideration. Therefore, the Company determined the fair value of the units utilizing the Black-Scholes option pricing model. The fair value of the Class A units granted was determined to be \$0.15 per unit.

Class B Preferred Units

The Board authorized up to 1,938,369 Class B preferred units. As of December 31, 2019 and 2018, there are 1,727,843 Class B preferred units issued and outstanding. No additional Class B preferred units are issuable under the LLC Agreement. The Class B preferred unit members are entitled to receive a cumulative preferred return at the rate of eight percent (8%) per year on the sum of the unreturned preferred capital and unpaid preferred return through the date of such distribution.

Class B-1 Preferred Units

On August 28, 2019 the Company amended its LLC agreement to increase the number of authorized Class B-1 preferred units to 1,063,688. In 2019 and 2018, the Company issued 303,701 and 326,026 Class B-1 preferred units at a purchase price of \$37.61 per B-1 Unit. On October 29, 2019, the Company entered into a Class B-1 Preferred Unit Purchase Agreement with a third party contractors to exchange an outstanding accounts payable balance of \$500,000 into 13,296 Class B-1 preferred units at a purchase price of \$37.61 per B-1 unit.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) December 31, 2019 and 2018

As of December 31, 2019, and 2018, there are 629,727 and 326,026 Class B-1 preferred units issued and outstanding, respectively. The Class B-1 preferred unit members are entitled to receive a cumulative preferred return at the rate of eight percent (8%) per year on the sum of the unreturned preferred capital and unpaid preferred return through the date of such distribution.

A summary of the accumulated but unpaid distributions for the Class B and Class B-1 preferred units as of December 31, 2019 and 2018 is as follows:

	Class B	Class B-1
Accumulated and unpaid, January 1, 2018	\$ 270,109	\$
Accumulated	148,809	279,971
Distributed	_	_
Accumulated and unpaid, December 31, 2018	418,918	279,971
Accumulated	160,713	1,574,354
Distributed	_	_
Accumulated and unpaid, December 31, 2019	\$ 579,631	\$ 1,854,325

Class C Units

The Board authorized up to 719,029 Class C units. Class C preferred units are non-voting profits interest incentive units pursuant to individual award agreements determined by the Voting Members at the time of the awards, which set forth such additional terms and conditions, including the vesting and forfeiture terms. Class C Units or any other Units that the Company issued as profits interests are considered as Distribution Threshold Unit and are entitled only to its Sharing Percentage of excess distributions over and above its Distribution Threshold. During 2019 and 2018, the Company granted 233,452 and 280,219 of Class C incentive units, respectively, pursuant to the Company's equity incentive plan. See note 5 for further information. As of December 31, 2019 and 2018, 435,679 and 75,830 Class C units are issued and outstanding, respectively.

Distribution Preferences

Distributions are authorized at the discretion of the Board. Distributions shall be made first to the holders of Class B-1 preferred units and Class B preferred units, ratably among such holders based on the relative aggregate unpaid preferred return with respect to all outstanding preferred units held by each such holder immediately prior to such distribution, until the aggregate unpaid return for the preferred units has been reduced to \$0.

Distributions shall be made second to the holders of Class B-1 preferred units and Class B preferred units, ratably among such holders based on the relative aggregate unreturned preferred capital with respect to all outstanding preferred units held by each such holder immediately prior to such distribution, until the aggregate unreturned capital for the preferred units has been reduced to \$0.

Distributions will then be made to all members in proportion to their ownership percentages.

Liquidation Preferences

In the event of the dissolution of the Company, the Company's cash and proceeds obtained from the disposition of the Company's noncash assets shall be distributed. Distributions shall be made first to the Company's creditors, including members who are creditors, to satisfy the liabilities of the Company. The remaining cash will then be distributed to the members following the normal distribution preferences described above.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) December 31, 2019 and 2018

NOTE 5 — EQUITY-BASED COMPENSATION

The Company established an equity incentive plan (the "Plan") on June 1, 2018 to provide for the grant of Class C incentive units, characterized as profits interests, to certain executives, directors, key employees, and non-employee service providers of the Company. The aggregate number of units that can be granted under the Plan is subject to the authorized amount of Class C Units per the LLC Agreement, which is 719,029 total units.

On September 7, 2018, the Plan was subsequently amended to shorten the vesting period to 25% vesting immediately upon issuance with the remaining units vesting in equal monthly installments over the next three years. Six employees were impacted by this modification.

The units issued pursuant to the Plan are time-based and vest over the period defined in each individual grant agreement or upon a change of control event as defined in the Plan. The distribution threshold is determined by the Board at the time units are granted. The Company has the option to repurchase all vested units upon a unitholder's termination of employment or service with the Company.

The Company recognizes compensation expense for the units equal to the fair value of the equity- based compensation awards and is recognized on a straight-line basis over the vesting period of such awards. The fair value of the units is estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model using the following assumptions:

	2019	2018
Expected annual dividend yield	0.0%	0.0%
Expected volatility	42.1 - 67.2%	76.0%
Risk-free rate of return	1.55 - 2.0%	1.40%
Expected option term (years)	1.0 - 5.0	5.0

The expected term of the units granted is determined based on the period of time the units are expected to be outstanding. The risk-free rate is based on the U.S. Treasury yield curve in effect at the time of grant. The expected volatility was based on the Company's capital structure and volatility of similar entities referred to as guideline companies. In determining similar entities, the Company considered industry, stage of life cycle, size and financial leverage. The dividend yield on the Company's units is assumed to be zero since the Company has not historically paid dividends. The fair value of the underlying Company units was determined using the backsolve method.

A summary of incentive unit activity for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018 is as follows:

	Number of units	Weighted average grant date fair value	Weighted average remaining recognition period (years)
Non-vested at January 1, 2018	_	\$	
Granted	280,219	0.21	
Vested	(75,830)	0.21	
Redeemed	_	_	
Forfeited	_	_	
Non-vested at December 31, 2018	204,389	0.21	2.12
Granted	233,452	17.87	
Vested	(360,602)	11.26	
Forfeited	(4,267)	0.21	
Non-vested at December 31, 2019	72,972	\$ 2.09	1.74

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) December 31, 2019 and 2018

Total equity-based compensation cost for 2019 and 2018 totaled \$4,048,633 and \$24,488, respectively, and is recorded within the selling, general and administrative expenses and research and development on the consolidated statement of operations. The total unrecognized compensation cost of non-vested awards not yet recognized for 2019 and 2018 is \$157,297 and \$34,220, respectively.

NOTE 6 — REDEEMABLE WARRANTS

Warrants issued to purchase Class B Preferred Units

On October 16, 2015, the Company issued a Unit Purchase Warrant to P&G in connection with the patent licensing agreement described in Note 11, for 210,526 warrant units at an exercise price of \$1 per unit, allowing P&G to purchase a variable number of Class B preferred units during the exercise period of April 15, 2019 through April 15, 2024. The warrants were determined to vest at the start of the exercise period. The number of units available to P&G to purchase is equal to an amount that initially represents 5% of all outstanding equity of the Company on a fully diluted basis. Additionally, the warrant agreement contains an anti-dilution provision, which states that the number of warrants exercisable upon full exercise of the warrant will be subject to adjustment, such that the ownership percentage is not reduced below 2.5% sharing percentage in the Company, on a fully diluted basis.

The Company determined the warrants issued are liability classified under ASC 480, Distinguishing Liabilities from Equity. Accordingly, the warrant units will be held at their initial fair value and remeasured at fair value at each subsequent reporting date.

The Company has determined its warrant liability to be a Level 3 fair value measurement and has used the Black-Scholes option pricing model to calculate its fair value using the following assumptions:

Expected annual dividend yield	0.0%
Expected volatility	42.7 – 67.2%
Risk-free rate of return	6 - 2.0%
Expected option term (years)	1.0 - 5.0

The expected term of the units granted are determined based on the period of time the units are expected to be outstanding. The risk-free rate is based on the U.S. Treasury yield curve in effect at the time of grant. The expected volatility was based on the Company's capital structure and volatility of similar entities referred to as guideline companies. In determining similar entities, the Company considered industry, stage of life cycle, size and financial leverage. The dividend yield on the Company's units is assumed to be zero since the Company has not historically paid dividends. The fair value of the underlying Company units was determined using the backsolve method.

A summary of the Class B warrant activity for the years ended December 31, 2019 is as follows:

	Number of warrants	Weighted average exercise price	Weighted average grant date fair value	Weighted average remaining contractual term (years)
Outstanding at January 1, 2019	_	\$ —	\$ —	
Granted	210,526	1.00	30.63	
Exercised	_	_	_	
Outstanding at December 31, 2019	210,526	\$ 1.00	\$ 30.63	4.29
Exercisable	210,526			

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) December 31, 2019 and 2018

The Company recognized expense of \$6,408,411 for 2019, in connection with these warrants, which was recorded within selling, general and administrative on the consolidated statement of operations and within redeemable warrants on the consolidated balance sheets.

* There was no activity during 2018

Warrants issued to purchase Class B-1 Preferred Units

On June 5, 2019, in connection with Class B-1 Preferred Unit Purchase Agreement with a related party, the Company issued a Unit Purchase Warrant for 7,978 warrant units at an exercise price of \$37.61, allowing the Company to purchase a variable number of Class B-1 Preferred units during the exercise period of June 5, 2019 through June 4, 2024.

The Company determined the warrants are not a freestanding instrument under ASC 480, Distinguishing Liabilities from Equity. Also, the warrants are determined to be clearly and closely related to the Class B-1 Preferred Units under ASC 815, Derivatives and Hedging. Accordingly, they are not recorded in the financial statements until exercised.

On July 22, 2019, in connection with a Bridge Note and Warrant Financing agreement with Innventus Fund I, LP, the Company issued a Unit Purchase Warrant for 4,787 warrant units at an exercise price of \$37.61, allowing the Company to purchase a variable number of Class B-1 Preferred units during the exercise period of July 22, 2019 through July 22, 2024.

The Company determined the warrants issued are equity classified under ASC 480, Distinguishing Liabilities from Equity. Accordingly, the warrant units will be held at their initial fair value with no subsequent remeasurement.

The Company has determined its warrant to be a Level 3 fair value measurement and has used the Black- Scholes option pricing model to calculate its fair value using the following assumptions:

Expected annual dividend yield	0.0%
Expected volatility	54.2 – 63.6%
Risk-free rate of return	1.5 - 1.7%
Expected option term (years)	4.4 - 4.7

A summary of the Class B-1 warrant activity for the years ended December 31, 2019 is as follows:

	Number of warrants	aver	Weighted average exercise price		Veighted rage grant e fair value	Weighted average remaining contractual term (years)
Outstanding at January 1, 2019		\$		\$		
Granted	4,787		37.61		15.52	
Exercised	_		_		_	
Outstanding at December 31, 2019	4,787	\$	37.61	\$	15.52	4.56
Exercisable	4,787					

The Company recognized expense of \$74,294 for 2019, in connection with these warrants, which was recorded within selling, general and administrative on the consolidated statement of operations and within additional paid-in capital on the consolidated balance sheets.

^{*} There was no activity during 2018

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) December 31, 2019 and 2018

Warrants issued to purchase Class C Units

On June 29, 2018, the Board approved the issuance of warrants to RTI under the terms of a professional services agreement to purchase an aggregate of 143,619 of the Company's Class C units at an aggregated exercise price of \$37.605 per unit. The warrants vested immediately upon issuance and expire on June 29, 2023 or upon a change in control event, as defined in the warrant agreement. The Company determined the warrants issued are equity classified under ASC 480, Distinguishing Liabilities from Equity. Accordingly, the warrant units will be held at their initial fair value with no subsequent remeasurement.

The Company has determined its warrant to be a Level 3 fair value measurement and used the Black-Scholes option-pricing model using the following assumptions:

Expected annual dividend yield	0.0%
Expected volatility	50.0%
Risk-free rate of return	2.82%
Expected option term (years)	5.0

The expected term of the units granted are determined based on the period of time the units are expected to be outstanding. The risk-free rate is based on the U.S. Treasury yield curve in effect at the time of grant. The expected volatility was based on the Company's capital structure and volatility of similar entities referred to as guideline companies. In determining similar entities, the Company considered industry, stage of life cycle, size and financial leverage. The dividend yield on the Company's units is assumed to be zero since the Company has not historically paid dividends. The fair value of the underlying Company units was determined using the backsolve method.

A summary of the Class C warrant activity for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018 is as follows:

	Number of warrants	av	eighted erage eise price	av	Weighted erage grant te fair value	Weighted average remaining contractual term (years)
Outstanding at January 1, 2018	_	\$	_	\$	_	
Granted	143,619		37.61		0.23	
Exercised	_		_		_	
Outstanding at December 31, 2018	143,619	\$	37.61	\$	0.23	4.5
Granted	_		_		_	
Exercised	_		_		_	
Outstanding at December 31, 2019	143,619	\$	37.61	\$	0.23	3.5
Exercisable	143,619					

The Company recognized expense of \$32,884 for 2018, in connection with these warrants, which was recorded within selling, general and administrative on the consolidated statement of operations and within additional paid-in capital on the consolidated balance sheets.

NOTE 7 — RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company is majority owned by WE-Innventure. WE-Innventure, in turn, is majority owned by Innventure LLC ("Innventure") and WE-INN LLC ("WE-INN"). WE-INN holds a minority interest in Innventure, and WE-INN is majority owned by Wasson Enterprises.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) December 31, 2019 and 2018

WE-Innventure holds majority interests in the following legal entities: Innventure Management Services LLC, Innventure GP LLC, and Aeroflexx LLC. WE-Innventure has a controlling financial interest over each of the legal entities within the group and has decision-making ability over the group whereby significant managerial and operational support is provided by WE-Innventure personnel. This includes certain executive management and officers of PureCycle and other legal entities that are employees or officers of WE-Innventure. The legal entities, including PureCycle, are deemed to be under common control by WE Innventure. There were no transactions between PureCycle and its affiliates, Innventure GP LLC and Aeroflexx LLC, during the years ended December 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018.

Innventure Management Services LLC, Innventure, and Wasson Enterprises provide significant managerial support to the other legal entities below WE-Innventure, including PureCycle.

Management services

During the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, PureCycle reimbursed Innventure Management Services LLC for certain expenses related to certain expenses incurred on its behalf. For the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, the Company paid \$579,620 and \$537,606, respectively, to Innventure Management Services LLC related to this arrangement, which was included in selling, general and administrative expenses in the consolidated statement of operations. As of December 31, 2019, and 2018, the Company owed Innventure Management Services LLC \$17,521 and \$62,220, respectively, related to this arrangement, which is classified as a current liability on the accompanying consolidated balance sheets.

Notes payable and debt instruments

On May 5, 2017, the Company entered into a revolving line of credit facility with Auto Now Acceptance Company.

On July 19, 2019, the Company entered into Note and Warrant Financing agreement with Innventus Fund I, LP to obtain a \$600,000 loan and warrant financing.

Since the inception of the company, PureCycle has been receiving advances from Innventure, LLC and Wasson Enterprises.

Refer to Note 3 for notes payable and debt instruments to related parties.

Leases

The Company leases its office and production facilities from Innventure, as described in Note 8.

NOTE 8 — COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Operating leases

The Company leases its offices under non-cancelable operating leases which terminate July 31, 2043. Certain leases contain escalation clauses and renewal options. In 2018, the Company entered into a 25-year operating lease with Innventure, a related party, for the Company's primary office space in Lawrence County, Ohio. The initial term of the lease in Lawrence County, Ohio, terminates on July 31, 2043. Upon the completion of the initial term the Lessor, Innventure LLC, grants the option to extend the term for five successive periods of five years each.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) December 31, 2019 and 2018

Future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases for the years ending December 31 are as follows:

2020	\$ 336,000
2021	336,000
2022	336,000
2023	336,000
2024	336,000
Thereafter	6,244,000
Total future minimum lease payments	\$ 7,924,000

Rent expense totaled \$421,700 and \$290,809 for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018.

NOTE 9 — NET LOSS PER UNIT

The Company follows the two-class method when computing net loss per common units when units are issued that meet the definition of participating securities. The two-class method requires income available to common unitholders for the period to be allocated between common and participating securities based upon their respective rights to receive dividends as if all income for the period had been distributed. The two-class method also requires losses for the period to be allocated between common and participating securities based on their respective rights if the participating security contractually participates in losses. As holders of participating securities do not have a contractual obligation to fund losses, undistributed net losses are not allocated to Class B, Class B-1 and Class C Units for purposes of the loss per unit calculation.

Presented in the table below is a reconciliation of the numerator and denominator for the basic and diluted earnings per unit ("EPU") calculations for the year ended:

Numerator:	2019	2018
Net income (loss) attributable to PureCycle Technologies	\$ (19,312,718)	\$ (4,105,186)
Less cumulative earnings to preferred shareholder	2,433,956	698,889
Net income (loss) attributable to common stockholders	\$ (21,746,674)	\$ (4,804,075)
Denominator:		
Weighted average common units outstanding, basic and diluted	2,581,282	2,581,282
Net loss per unit attributable to common stockholder, basic and diluted	\$ (8.42)	\$ (1.86)

The weighted-average outstanding common unit equivalents were excluded from the computation of diluted net loss per share attributable to common stockholders for the periods presented because including them would have been anti-dilutive. These units include vested but not-exercised warrants and non-vested profits interest units.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) December 31, 2019 and 2018

NOTE 10 - PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Presented in the table below are the major classes of property, plant and equipment by category as of dates:

		As of December 31, 2019						
	Accumulated							
	Cost Depreciation			preciation	Net Book Value			
Building	\$	9,703,674	\$	122,384	\$	9,581,290		
Machinery and equipment		15,670,238		770,590		14,899,648		
Fixtures and Furnishings		104,484		7,463		97,021		
Construction in process		5,832,135		_		5,832,135		
Total property, plant and equipment	\$	31,310,531	\$	900,437	\$	30,410,094		

	As of December 31, 2018					
	 Accumulated					
	Cost Depreciation N			Net	Net Book Value	
Building	\$ 	\$		\$		
Machinery and equipment	_		_		_	
Fixtures and Furnishings	_		_		_	
Construction in process	25,059,806		_		25,059,806	
Total property, plant and equipment	\$ 25,059,806	\$	_	\$	25,059,806	

On March 28, 2019, the Company sold equipment for cash proceeds of \$110,000. The net book value of this equipment was \$365,650.

Depreciation expense is recorded within the operating costs in the consolidated statements of operations and amounted to \$900,437 for the year ended December 31, 2019. There is no depreciation expense as of December 31, 2018.

NOTE 11 — DEVELOPMENT PARTNER ARRANGEMENTS

License Agreement

On October 16, 2015, the Company entered into a patent license agreement with P&G. The agreement outlines three phases with specific deliverables for each phase. During Phase 1 of the agreement, P&G provides the Company with up to one full-time employee to assist in the execution of the Company's research and development activities. During Phase 2, P&G provides up to two full-time employees to assist in the execution of the Company's research and development activities. During Phases 1 and 2 of the agreement, the Company is required to make payments to P&G in the amount of \$100,000 and \$200,000, respectively, every six months. These payments are amortized ratably to research and development expense over each six-month period. In April 2019, the Company elected to enter into Phase 3 of the agreement and prepaid a royalty payment in the amount of \$2,000,000, which will be reduced against future royalties payable as sales occur. Phase 3 of the agreement relates to the commercial manufacture period for the manufacture of the licensed product. This phase includes the construction of the first commercial plant for the manufacture of the licensed product, details on the commercial sales capacity and the pricing of the product to P&G and third parties. Where the Company has made royalty payments to its product development partners, the Company expenses such payments as incurred unless it has determined that is it probable that the such prepaid royalties have future economic benefit to the Company. In such cases prepaid royalties will be reduced as royalties would otherwise be due to the partners.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) December 31, 2019 and 2018

As of December 31, 2019, the Company is in Phase 3 of the agreement and has recorded \$2,000,000 within Prepaid royalties on the consolidated balance sheets. As of December 31, 2018, the Company was in Phase 2 of the agreement and had \$133,000 prepaid license costs recorded within Prepaid expenses and other current assets on the consolidated balance sheets. For the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, the Company recorded \$333,000 and \$400,000, respectively, of research and development expenses in connection with this agreement.

Strategic Alliance Agreement

On December 13, 2018, the Company entered into a strategic alliance agreement with Nestec Ltd. ("Nestle"), which expires on December 31, 2023. Upon execution of the agreement, Nestle committed to provide \$1,000,000 to the Company to fund further research and development efforts. The funding provided by Nestle may be convertible, in whole or in part, into a prepaid product purchase arrangement at Nestle's option, upon the time of product delivery beginning in 2020. Additionally, in the event that the research and development efforts are not successful by December 31, 2020, up to 50% of the funding may be convertible into a 5-year term loan obligation, payable to Nestle at an interest rate equivalent to the U.S. prime rate.

The Company received the funding from Nestle on January 8, 2019. As of December 31, 2019, the Company has recorded \$1,000,000 in Deferred research and development obligation. Recognition related to the funding received will be deferred until it is probable that Nestle will not exercise their option. If the prepaid product purchase option is exercised, the obligation will be recognized as an adjustment to the transaction price of future product sales (e.g., net revenue presentation). If the option is not exercised, or in the case of development efforts not being successful, any amounts not converted to a loan obligation, the residual balance will be recognized as a reduction to research and development costs.

NOTE 12 — FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date and sets out a fair value hierarchy. The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3). Inputs are broadly defined as assumptions market participants would use in pricing an asset or liability. Assets and liabilities carried at fair value are classified and disclosed in one of the following three categories:

Level 1— Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the reporting entity has the ability to access at the measurement date. The type of investments included in Level 1 includes listed equities.

Level 2 — Inputs other than quoted prices within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly, and fair value is determined through the use of models or other valuation methodologies. Investments that are generally included in this category include corporate bonds and loans, less liquid and restricted equity securities, and certain over-the-counter derivatives. A significant adjustment to a Level 2 input could result in the Level 2 measurement becoming a Level 3 measurement.

Level 3 — Inputs are unobservable for the asset or liability and include situations where there is little, if any, market activity for the asset or liability. The inputs into the determination of fair value are based upon the best information in the circumstances and may require significant management judgment or estimation. Investments that are included in this category generally include equity and debt positions in private companies.

Liabilities measured and recorded at Fair Value on a recurring basis

As of December 31, 2019 and 2018, the Company's financial liabilities measured and recorded at fair value on a recurring basis were classified within the fair value hierarchy as follows:

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) December 31, 2019 and 2018

		2019			2018					
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total		
P&G warrants	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 6,408,411	\$ 6,408,411	\$ <u> </u>	\$ —	s —	\$ —		
	\$	\$ —	\$ 6,408,411	\$ 6,408,411	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —		

Changes in Level 3 liabilities measured at fair value for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018 are as follows:

		rair value (Level 3)
Balance at December 31, 2018	\$	_
Fair value of P&G warrants at inception		6,448,411
Change in fair value		(40,000)
Balance at December 31, 2019	\$	6,408,411

There were no transfers between the levels during 2019 or 2018.

The fair value of the warrants described in Note 6 was determined using the Black-Scholes option pricing model, which is an income approach.

Assets and liabilities recorded at carrying value

In determining the appropriate levels, the Company performs a detailed analysis of the assets and liabilities that are subject to fair value measurements.

NOTE 13 — SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In connection with the preparation of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2019, management has evaluated events through August 25 2020, to determine whether any events required recognition or disclosure in the consolidated financial statements. The following subsequent events were identified through the date of these consolidated financial statements:

On February 15, 2020, the Company repaid the promissory note to Innventus Fund I, LP for principal of \$600,000 and all accrued unpaid interests.

On March 11, 2020, the World Health Organization declared the coronavirus outbreak of 2019 ("COVID-19") a pandemic. With the global spread of the COVID-19 pandemic and resulting shelter-in- place orders covering the Company's corporate headquarters, primary our Ohio plant operations, and employees, the Company has implemented policies and procedures to continue its operations under minimum business operations guidelines. The extent to which the COVID-19 pandemic impacts the Company's business, financial condition or results of operations will depend on future developments, which are highly uncertain and cannot be accurately predicted.

On January 28, 2020 and March 24, 2020, the Company repaid advances from Innventure of \$1,950,000 in full.

On March 26, 2020, the Company repaid advances from Wasson Enterprise of \$375,000 and assigned the remaining outstanding balance from Wasson Enterprise to WE-Innventure LLC.

On May 4, 2020, the Company entered into Paycheck Protection Program (the "Program") Term Note with PNC Bank to obtain \$313,500. This Note is issued pursuant to the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act's (the "CARES Act") (P.L. 116-136) Paycheck Protection Program. During a period from May 4, 2020 to November 4, 2020 ("Deferral Period"), interests on the outstanding principal balance will accrue at the Fixed Rate of 1% per annum, but neither principal nor interest shall be due during the Deferral Period. At the end of the Deferral Period, the outstanding principal of the loan Facility that is not forgiven under the program shall convert to an amortizing term loan. All or a portion of this Facility may be forgiven in accordance with the program requirement. The unforgiven portion of the PPP loan is payable over two years at an interest rate of 1%, with a deferral of payments for the first six months.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) December 31, 2019 and 2018

On May 29, 2020, the Company executed a Second Amended and Restated the Security Agreement and entered into a Third Amended and Restated Promissory Note agreement to extend the financing on the loan from Auto Now Acceptance Company, LLC. The agreement extended the maturity date of the loan to June 30, 2021 and adjusted the interest rate on the third amended loan agreement. The security interests include inventory, equipment, accounts receivables and all the Company's assets. The interest rate within the amendment increased as follows:

- The annual rate of the 1-month LIBOR in U.S. dollars plus 6.12% adjusted daily, from May 3, 2018 through May 18, 2020
- 12% per annum from May 19, 2020 through August 31, 2020
- 16% per annum from September 1, 2020 through December 31, 2020
- 24% per annum from January 1, 2021 through June 30, 2021

As of August 25 2020, the Company issued 56,450 profit units in accordance with The Plan as described in Note 5. As of August 25 2020, the Company has raised net proceeds of \$17,068,273 from individual investors from the sale of Class B-1 preferred units.

The Company was awarded a \$200,000 grant on May 21, 2018 by the Southern Ohio Agricultural & Community Development Foundation ("SOACDF"). The grant was to be dispersed at two points in time, 1) fifty percent (50%) of the funds awarded to be dispersed upon execution of the agreement and once contingencies were met, and 2) the remaining fifty percent (50%) was be paid after the Ohio project was initially complete. The Ohio project was considered initially complete once it met certain requirements outlined in the agreement, which includes; a) physical completion of the FEU, b) a required number of jobs were created and retained for a minimum of six months, c) project completion and request form was received by SOACDF, and d) site monitoring demonstrates compliance. The first portion of the grant was received on May 18, 2018 in the amount of \$100,000. In June 2020, the Company received the second \$100,000 portion of the total grant amount of \$200,000. The funds were to be allocated solely for the purchase of the FEU.

The Company expects to obtain additional funding through a bond financing and is actively seeking to raise additional equity financing to be used in connection with the construction and equipping certain solid waste disposal facilities. The Company is working with the investment bank Piper Sandler and issuing three series of bonds of approximately, (i) \$280 million of senior tax exempt bonds (ii) \$20 million of subordinate tax exempt bonds, and (iii) \$10 million of subordinate taxable bonds.

The Company is not aware of any additional subsequent events, other than those described above, that would require recognition or disclosure in the consolidated financial statements.

PART II – INFORMATION NOT REQUIRED IN PROSPECTUS

Item 13. Other Expenses of Issuance and Distribution

The following table sets forth the expenses in connection with this registration statement. All of such expenses are estimates, other than the filing fees payable to the Securities and Exchange Commission.

		Amount
	t	o be paid
SEC registration fee	\$	28,502.38
Accounting fees and expenses	\$	*
Legal fees and expenses	\$	*
Printing and miscellaneous expenses	\$	*
Total	\$	*

* To be completed by amendment

Item 14. Indemnification of Directors and Officers

Section 145(a) of the DGCL provides, in general, that a corporation may indemnify any person who was or is a party or is threatened to be made a party to any threatened, pending or completed action, suit or proceeding, whether civil, criminal, administrative or investigative (other than an action by or in the right of the corporation), because he or she is or was a director, officer, employee or agent of the corporation, or is or was serving at the request of the corporation as a director, officer, employee or agent of another corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust or other enterprise, against expenses (including attorneys' fees), judgments, fines and amounts paid in settlement actually and reasonably incurred by the person in connection with such action, suit or proceeding, if he or she acted in good faith and in a manner he or she reasonably believed to be in or not opposed to the best interests of the corporation and, with respect to any criminal action or proceeding, had no reasonable cause to believe his or her conduct was unlawful.

Section 145(b) of the DGCL provides, in general, that a corporation may indemnify any person who was or is a party or is threatened to be made a party to any threatened, pending or completed action or suit by or in the right of the corporation to procure a judgment in its favor because the person is or was a director, officer, employee or agent of the corporation, or is or was serving at the request of the corporation as a director, officer, employee or agent of another corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust or other enterprise, against expenses (including attorneys' fees) actually and reasonably incurred by the person in connection with the defense or settlement of such action or suit if he or she acted in good faith and in a manner he or she reasonably believed to be in or not opposed to the best interests of the corporation, except that no indemnification shall be made with respect to any claim, issue or matter as to which he or she shall have been adjudged to be liable to the corporation unless and only to the extent that the Court of Chancery or other adjudicating court determines that, despite the adjudication of liability but in view of all of the circumstances of the case, he or she is fairly and reasonably entitled to indemnity for such expenses that the Court of Chancery or other adjudicating court shall deem proper.

Section 145(g) of the DGCL provides, in general, that a corporation may purchase and maintain insurance on behalf of any person who is or was a director, officer, employee or agent of the corporation, or is or was serving at the request of the corporation as a director, officer, employee or agent of another corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust or other enterprise against any liability asserted against such person and incurred by such person in any such capacity, or arising out of his or her status as such, whether or not the corporation would have the power to indemnify the person against such liability under Section 145 of the DGCL.

The Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation, which will become effective upon consummation of the Business Combination, will provide that no Director of the Combined Company will be personally liable to the Combined Company or its stockholders for or with respect to any breach of fiduciary duty or other act or omission as a director of the Combined Company. In addition, the Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation will provide that if the DGCL is amended to authorize the further elimination or limitation of the liability of directors, then the liability of a director of the Combined Company shall be eliminated or limited to the fullest extent permitted by the DGCL, as so amended.

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The Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation will further provide that any repeal or modification of such article by its stockholders or amendment to the DGCL will not adversely affect any right or protection existing at the time of such repeal or modification with respect to any acts or omissions occurring before such repeal or modification of a director serving at the time of such repeal or modification.

The Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation will provide that it will indemnify each person who was or is a party or threatened to be made a party to any threatened, pending or completed action, suit or proceeding whether civil, criminal, administrative or investigative (other than an action by or in the right of the Combined Company) by reason of the fact that he or she is or was, or has agreed to become, the Combined Company's director or officer, or is or was serving, or has agreed to serve, at the Combined Company's request as a director, officer, partner, employee or trustee of, or in a similar capacity with, another corporation, partnership, joint venture or other enterprise (all such persons being referred to as an Indemnitee), or by reason of any action alleged to have been taken or omitted in such capacity, against all Indemnifiable Losses if such Indemnitee acted in good faith and in a manner he or she reasonably believed to be in or not opposed to the Combined Company's best interests, and, with respect to any criminal action or proceeding, he or she had no reasonable cause to believe his or her conduct was unlawful, subject to limited exceptions. The Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation will also provide that it will advance expenses to Indemnitees in connection with a legal proceeding, subject to limited exceptions.

In connection with the Business Combination, the Combined Company will enter into indemnification agreements with each of its directors and executive officers. These agreements will provide that the Combined Company will indemnify each of its directors and such officers to the fullest extent permitted by law and its charter and its bylaws.

The Combined Company will also maintain a general liability insurance policy, which will cover certain liabilities of directors and officers of the Combined Company arising out of claims based on acts or omissions in their capacities as directors or officers.

Item 15. Recent Sales of Unregistered Securities

Private Placements in Connection with ROCH IPO

In May 2019, CR Financial Holdings, Inc., an entity affiliated with ROCH, purchased an aggregate of 100 shares of Common Stock for an aggregate purchase price of \$25,000. On May 2, 2019, CR Financial Holdings, Inc. transferred all of its shares to Roth, Craig-Hallum and officers and directors of Roth and Craig-Hallum for the same price per share that it originally paid for such shares.

Such initial stockholders purchased an aggregate of 265,000 ROCH Units in connection with the IPO in exchange for \$2,650,000 in the aggregate.

The sales of the above securities were exempt from the registration requirements of the Securities Act in reliance on the exemptions afforded by Section 4(a)(2) of the Securities Act. Other than the IPO, no sales involved underwriters, underwriting discounts or commissions or public offerings of securities of the registrant.

PIPE Placement

In connection with entering into the Merger Agreement, ROCH entered into the Subscription Agreements, each dated as of November 16, 2020, with the PIPE Investors, pursuant to which, among other things, ROCH agreed to the PIPE Placement.

The PIPE Placement closed immediately prior to the Business Combination on the Closing Date. The shares of Common Stock issued to the PIPE Investors, were exchanged for shares of ParentCo Common Stock upon consummation of the Business Combination.

The shares issued to the Investors in the PIPE Placement on the Closing Date were issued pursuant to and in accordance with the exemption from registration under the Securities Act, under Section 4(a)(2) and/or Regulation D promulgated under the Securities Act.

Item 16. Exhibits

The following is a list of exhibits filed as a part of this registration statement:

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(a) Exhibits

Exhibit

LAMBIT	D. 1.4. (D.10)			
Number	Description of Exhibit			
<u>2.1</u>	Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated as of November 16, 2020, by and among Roth CH Acquisition I Co., Roth CH Acquisition I Co. Parent Corp., Roth CH			
	Merger Sub, LLC, Roth CH Merger Sub, Inc. and PureCycle Technologies LLC. (11)†			
<u>3.1</u>	Certificate of Incorporation of Roth CH Acquisition I Co. Parent Corp. (1)			
<u>3.2</u>	Bylaws of Roth CH Acquisition I Co. Parent Corp. (1)			
<u>3.3</u>	Form of Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of the Combined Company, to be effective upon consummation of the Business Combination. (1)			
<u>3.4</u>	Form of Amended and Restated Bylaws of the Combined Company, to be effective upon consummation of the Business Combination. (1)			
4.1	Specimen Common Stock Certificate.*			
<u>4.2</u>	Specimen Warrant Certificate. (2)			
<u>4.3</u>	Form of Warrant Agreement between Continental Stock Transfer & Trust Company and Roth CH Acquisition I Co. (2)			
<u>4.4</u>	Indenture, dated as of October 7, 2020, by and between PureCycle Technologies LLC and U.S. Bank National Association, in its capacity as trustee and collateral			
	agent. (11)			
<u>4.5</u>	Form of 5.875% Convertible Senior Secured Note (included as Exhibit A to the Indenture filed as Exhibit 4.4 to this Registration Statement). (11)			
<u>4.6</u>	The Indenture of Trust, dated as of October 1, 2020, between Southern Ohio Port Authority and UMB Bank, N.A. (11)†			
<u>4.7</u>	Form of Series 2020A Bond (included as Exhibit A-1 to the Indenture of Trust filed as Exhibit 4.6 to this Registration Statement). (1)			
<u>4.8</u>	Form of Series 2020B Bond (included as Exhibit A-2 to the Indenture of Trust filed as Exhibit 4.6 to this Registration Statement). (1)			

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Exhibit Number **Description of Exhibit** <u>4.9</u> Form of Series 2020C Bond (included as Exhibit A-3 to the Indenture of Trust filed as Exhibit 4.6 to this Registration Statement). (1) Redeemable Conditional Warrant to Purchase Securities of Roth CH Acquisition I Co. Parent Corp., dated November 16, 2020, by and between Roth CH 4.10 Acquisition I Co. Parent Corp., PureCycle Technologies LLC, and Recycled Resin Investors, LLC. (1) Opinion of Loeb & Loeb LLP* 5.1 10.1 Form of Letter Agreement among Roth CH Acquisition I Co., Roth Capital Partners, LLC and Craig-Hallum Capital Group LLC and Roth CH Acquisition I Co.'s officers, directors and stockholders. (2) 10.2 Form of Investment Management Trust Agreement between Continental Stock Transfer & Trust Company and Roth CH Acquisition I Co. (2) 10.3 Form of Escrow Agreement between Roth CH Acquisition I Co., Continental Stock Transfer & Trust Company and the initial stockholders of Roth CH Acquisition I Co.(2) 10.4 Form of Subscription Agreement among the Roth CH Acquisition I Co, the initial stockholders, Roth Capital Partners, LLC and Craig-Hallum Capital Group <u>LLC.(2)</u> 10.5 Form of Registration Rights Agreement among Roth CH Acquisition I Co. and the initial stockholders and Continental Stock Transfer & Trust Company. (2) 10.6 Form of Indemnity Agreement. (2) Founder Support Agreement, dated as of November 16, 2020, by and among Roth CH Acquisition I Co., PureCycle Technologies LLC, and the founding members 10.7 of Roth CH Acquisition I Co. (3) Company Support Agreement, dated as of November 16, 2020, by and among Roth CH Acquisition I Co., PureCycle Technologies LLC, and the founding 10.8 members of PureCycle Technologies LLC.(2) 10.9 Form of Subscription Agreement for the PIPE Placement. (3) 10.10 Form of PIPE Registration Rights Agreement. (3) 10.11 Form of Investor Rights Agreement. ± 10.12 Loan Agreement, dated as of October 1, 2020, by and between Purecycle: Ohio LLC and Southern Ohio Port Authority. 111; 10.13 Form of the Series 2020A Promissory Note (included as Exhibit A-1 to the Loan Agreement filed as Exhibit 10.12 to this Registration Statement). (1) 10.14 Form of the Series 2020B Promissory Note (included as Exhibit A-2 to the Loan Agreement filed as Exhibit 10.12 to this Registration Statement). (1) 10.15 Form of the Series 2020C Promissory Note (included as Exhibit A-3 to the Loan Agreement filed as Exhibit 10.12 to this Registration Statement). (1) 10.16 Guaranty of Completion, dated as of October 7, 2020, by PureCycle Technologies LLC in favor of UMB Bank, N.A. (11) † 10.17

Security Agreement, dated as of October 7, 2020, by and between Purecycle: Ohio LLC and UMB Bank, N.A. (1) †

10.18 Right of First Refusal Agreement, dated as of October 7, 2020, by and between PureCycle Technologies LLC and the Investors signatory thereto. (1)

10.19 Side Letter Agreement, dated as of October 5, 2020, by and between PureCycle Technologies LLC and Pure Crown LLC. (1) †

10.20 Amended and Restated Patent License Agreement, dated July 28, 2020, by and between PureCycle Technologies LLC and The Procter & Gamble Company. (1)**

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Exhibit				
Number	Description of Exhibit			
10.21	PureCycle Technologies, Inc. 2021 Equity and Incentive Compensation Plan. (1)			
<u>10.22</u>	Form of PureCycle Technologies, Inc. Restricted Stock Agreement. (1)			
10.23	Amended and Restated Purchase Option Agreement, dated November 20, 2020, by and between PureCycle Technologies LLC, Roth CH Acquisition Co. Parent			
	Corp., and AptarGroup, Inc.			
<u>10.24</u>	CEO Executive Employment Agreement between Michael Otworth and PureCycle Technologies LLC, dated November 14, 2020. (1)			
<u>10.25</u>	Executive Employment Agreement between Michael Dee and PureCycle Technologies LLC, dated November 15, 2020. (1)			
<u>10.26</u>	Executive Employment Agreement between David Brenner and PureCycle Technologies LLC, dated November 14, 2020. (1)			
<u>10.27</u>	Form of PureCycle Technologies LLC Restrictive Covenants Agreement. (1)			
<u>21.1</u>	Subsidiaries of the Registrant. (1)			
$\frac{23.1}{23.2}$ 23.3	Consent of Marcum LLP.			
<u>23.2</u>	Consent of Grant Thornton LLP.			
	Consent of Loeb & Loeb LLP (included in Exhibit 5.1).*			
<u>24.1</u>	Power of Attorney (included on the signature page hereto).			
<u>99.1</u>	Consent of Michael J. Otworth to be named as a director.			
<u>99.2</u>	Consent of Dr. John Scott to be named as a director.			
99.3	Consent of Richard Brenner to be named as a director.			
<u>99.4</u>	Consent of Tanya Burnell to be named as a director.			
99.1 99.2 99.3 99.4 99.5	Consent of Timothy Glockner to be named as a director.			
<u>99.6</u>	Consent of Jeffrey Fieler to be named as director.			

- (1) Previously filed as an exhibit to the Registrant's Registration Statement on Form S-4, as amended (File No. 333-250847)
- (2) Previously filed as an exhibit to Roth CH Acquisition I Co.'s Registration Statement on Form S-1, as amended (File No. 333-236852)
- (3) Previously filed as an exhibit to Roth CH Acquisition I Co.'s Current Report on Form 8-K filed on November 16, 2020
- Refiled with modifications.
- * To be filed by amendment.
- ** Certain portions of the exhibit have been omitted pursuant to Rule 601(b)(10) of Regulation S-K. The omitted information is (i) not material and (ii) would likely cause competitive harm to the registrant if publicly disclosed.
- † Schedules have been omitted pursuant to Item 601(a)(5) of Regulation S-K. The registrant hereby undertakes to furnish copies of any of the omitted schedules upon request by the Securities and Exchange Commission.

(b) Financial Statement Schedules

None.

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Undertakings

The undersigned registrant hereby undertakes:

- (1) To file, during any period in which offers or sales are being made, a post effective amendment to this registration statement:
- (i) To include any prospectus required by Section 10(a)(3) of the Securities Act of 1933;
- (ii) To reflect in the prospectus any facts or events arising after the effective date of the registration statement (or the most recent post-effective amendment thereof) which, individually or in the aggregate, represent a fundamental change in the information set forth in the registration statement. Notwithstanding the foregoing, any increase or decrease in volume of securities offered (if the total dollar value of securities offered would not exceed that which was registered) and any deviation from the low or high end of the estimated maximum offering range may be reflected in the form of prospectus filed with the Commission pursuant to Rule 424(b) if, in the aggregate, the changes in volume and price represent no more than 20 percent change in the maximum aggregate offering price set forth in the "Calculation of Registration Fee" table in the effective registration statement.
- (iii) To include any material information with respect to the plan of distribution not previously disclosed in the registration statement or any material change to such information in the registration statement.
- (2) That, for the purpose of determining any liability under the Securities Act of 1933, each such post effective amendment shall be deemed to be a new registration statement relating to the securities offered therein, and the offering of such securities at that time shall be deemed to be the initial bona fide offering thereof.
- (3) To remove from registration by means of a post effective amendment any of the securities being registered which remain unsold at the termination of the offering.
- (4) That, for the purpose of determining liability under the Securities Act to any purchaser, each prospectus filed pursuant to Rule 424(b) as part of a registration statement relating to an offering, other than registration statements relying on Rule 430B or other than prospectuses filed in reliance on Rule 430A, shall be deemed to be part of and included in the registration statement as of the date it is first used after effectiveness. Provided, however, that no statement made in a registration statement or prospectus that is part of the registration statement or made in a document incorporated or deemed incorporated by reference into the registration statement or prospectus that is part of the registration statement will, as to a purchaser with a time of contract of sale prior to such first use, supersede or modify any statement that was made in the registration statement or prospectus that was part of the registration statement or made in any such document immediately prior to such date of first use.
- (5) That, for the purpose of determining liability of the registrant under the Securities Act of 1933 to any purchaser in the initial distribution of the securities: The undersigned registrant undertakes that in a primary offering of securities of the undersigned registrant pursuant to this registration statement, regardless of the underwriting

method used to sell the securities to the purchaser, if the securities are offered or sold to such purchaser by means of any of the following communications, the undersigned registrant will be a seller to the purchaser and will be considered to offer or sell such securities to such purchaser:

- Any preliminary prospectus or prospectus of the undersigned registrant relating to the offering required to be filed pursuant to Rule 424;
- Any free writing prospectus relating to the offering prepared by or on behalf of the undersigned registrant or used or referred to by the undersigned registrant;
- The portion of any other free writing prospectus relating to the offering containing material information about the undersigned registrant or its securities provided by or on behalf of the undersigned registrant; and
- (iv) Any other communication that is an offer in the offering made by the undersigned registrant to the purchaser.

Insofar as indemnification for liabilities arising under the Securities Act may be permitted to directors, officers and controlling persons of the registrant pursuant to the foregoing provisions, or otherwise, the registrant has been advised that in the opinion of the Securities and Exchange Commission such indemnification is against public policy as expressed in the Securities Act and is, therefore, unenforceable. In the event that a claim for indemnification against such liabilities (other than the payment by the registrant of expenses incurred or paid by a director, officer or controlling person of the registrant in the successful defense of any action, suit or proceeding) is asserted by such director, officer or controlling person in connection with the securities being registered, the registrant will, unless in the opinion of its counsel the matter has been settled by controlling precedent, submit to a court of appropriate jurisdiction the question whether such indemnification by it is against public policy as expressed in the Securities Act and will be governed by the final adjudication of such issue.

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Signatures

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act, the registrant has duly caused this registration statement to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, in the City of Newport Beach, State of California on November 30, 2020.

ROTH CH ACQUISITION I CO. PARENT CORP.

By: /s/ Byron Roth Name: Byron Roth

CEO & Chairman

Power of Attorney

KNOW ALL PERSONS BY THESE PRESENTS, that each person whose signature appears below constitutes and appoints Byron Roth and Aaron Gurewitz, and each of them, his or her true and lawful attorneys-in-fact and agents, each with full power of substitution and resubstitution, for him or her and in his or her name, place and stead, in any and all capacities, to sign any or all amendments (including post-effective amendments) to this registration statement and any and all related registration statements pursuant to Rule 462(b) of the Securities Act, and to file the same, with all exhibits thereto, and other documents in connection therewith, with the Securities and Exchange Commission, hereby ratifying and confirming all that said attorneys-in-fact and agents, or any of them, or their substitute or substitutes, may lawfully do or cause to be done by virtue hereof.

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act, this registration statement has been signed below by the following persons in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

Signature	Title	Date
/s/ Byron Roth Byron Roth	Chairman and Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)	November 30, 2020
/s/ Gordon Roth Gordon Roth	Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)	November 30, 2020
/s/ John Lipman John Lipman	Chief Operating Officer and Director	November 30, 2020
/s/ Molly Hemmeter Molly Hemmeter	Director	November 30, 2020
/s/ Adam Rothstein Adam Rothstein	Director	November 30, 2020
/s/ Daniel M. Friedberg Daniel M. Friedberg	Director	November 30, 2020
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FORM OF INVESTOR RIGHTS AGREEMENT

THIS INVESTOR RIGHTS AGREEMENT (this "Agreement") is entered into as of [●], 2021, by and among Roth CH Acquisition I Co. Parent Corp., a Delaware corporation (the "ParentCo"), the parties listed as Investors on the signature pages hereto (each, an "Investor" and collectively, the "Investors," with the Investors listed as those of ROCH on the signature pages hereto, being the "ROCH Investors" and the Investors listed as those of the Company on the signature pages hereto, being the "Company Investors") and, solely for purposes of Section 8.1, Roth CH Acquisition I Co., a Delaware corporation ("ROCH") and PureCycle Technologies, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company (the "Company").

WHEREAS, ROCH, ParentCo, Roth CH Merger Sub LLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("Merger Sub LLC"), Roth CH Merger Sub Corp., a Delaware corporation ("Merger Sub Corp"), and PureCycle Technologies, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company (the "Company"), have entered into that certain Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated as of November 16, 2020 (as amended or supplemented from time to time, the "Merger Agreement"), pursuant to which, among other things: (a) Merger Sub Corp will merge with and into ROCH (the "RH Merger"), with ROCH surviving the RH Merger as a wholly owned subsidiary of ParentCo; and (b) immediately following the RH Merger, Merger Sub LLC will merge with and into the Company (the "PCT Merger"), with the Company surviving the PCT Merger as an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of ParentCo;

WHEREAS, ROCH and the ROCH Investors are parties to that certain Registration Rights Agreement, dated May 4, 2020 (the 'Prior ROCH Agreement');

WHEREAS, the Company and certain convertible noteholders of the Company (collectively, the "Convertible Noteholders") are parties to that certain Registration Rights Agreement, dated November 15, 2020 (the "Convertible Notes Registration Rights Agreement");

WHEREAS, pursuant to the subscription agreements between ROCH and each of the subscribers signatory thereto (collectively, the 'PIPE Investors'), ROCH and the PIPE Investors are parties to that certain Registration Rights Agreement, dated November 16, 2020 (the "PIPE Registration Rights Agreement"); and

WHEREAS, ROCH and the ROCH Investors desire to terminate the Prior ROCH Agreement in its entirety and to accept the rights created pursuant to this Agreement in lieu of the rights granted to them under the Prior ROCH Agreement.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the mutual covenants and agreements set forth herein, and for other good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged, the parties hereto agree as follows:

1. DEFINITIONS. The following capitalized terms used herein have the following meanings:

"Addendum Agreement" is defined in Section 8.2.

- "Agreement" means this Agreement, as amended, restated, supplemented, or otherwise modified from time to time.
- "Business Day" means a day other than a Saturday, Sunday or other day on which commercial banks in New York, New York are authorized or required by law to close.
- "Commission" means the Securities and Exchange Commission, or any other Federal agency then administering the Securities Act or the Exchange Act.
- "Common Stock" means the common stock, par value \$0.001 per share, of ParentCo.
- "Company" is defined in the preamble to this Agreement.
- "Company Founders" means Pure Crown LLC, Innventure LLC, WE-INN LLC, Wasson Family 2015 GST Irrevocable Gift Trust, Assured Solutions Company, Ltd., Dam Insurance Management, Ltd., Gleim Insurance Management, Ltd., David Brenner, John Scott, Michael Otworth and Rick Brenner.
- "Company Initial Directors" means Michael Otworth, Rick Brenner, John Scott, Tanya Burrell and Timothy Glockner.
- "Company Investors" is defined in the preamble to this Agreement.
- "Convertible Noteholders" is defined in the preamble to this Agreement.
- "Convertible Notes Registration Rights Agreement" is defined in the preamble to this Agreement.
- "Demand Registration" is defined in Section 2.2.1.
- "Demand Takedown" is defined in Section 2.1.5(a).
- "Demanding Holder" is defined in Section 2.2.1.
- "Director Designation Period" is defined in Section 7.3.
- "Designated Director" is defined in Section 7.3.
- "Earnout Shares" has the meaning ascribed to such term in the Merger Agreement.
- "Effectiveness Period" is defined in Section 3.1.3.
- "Exchange Act" means the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and the rules and regulations of the Commission promulgated thereunder, all as the same shall be in effect at the time.
- "Form S-1" means a Registration Statement on Form S-1.

- "Form S-3" means a Registration Statement on Form S-3 or any similar short-form registration that may be available at such time.
- "Founder Support Agreement" means that certain ROCH Founder Support Agreement, dated as of November 16, 2020, by and among ROCH, ParentCo, the Company and the ROCH Investors.
- "Indemnified Party" is defined in Section 4.3.
- "Indemnifying Party" is defined in Section 4.3.
- "Independent Director" is defined in Section 7.1.
- "Investor" is defined in the preamble to this Agreement.
- "Investor Indemnified Party" is defined in Section 4.1.
- "Lock-up Common Stock" is defined in Section 6.1.
- "Lock-up Period" means the period commencing on the date hereof and ending on (i) with respect to 33.34% of the Lock-up Common Stock (or in the case of the Company Founders, with respect to 20% of the Lock-up Common Stock), the date that is six months after the Closing Date (as defined in the Merger Agreement), (ii) with respect to the next 33.33% of the Lock-up Common Stock (or in the case of the Company Founders, with respect to the next 30% of the Lock-up Common Stock), the date that is 12 months after the Closing Date (as defined in the Closing Agreement) and (iii) with respect to the final 33.33% of the Lock-up Common Stock (or in the case of the Company Founders, with respect to the final 50% of the Lock-up Common Stock), the date on which the Ironton, Ohio plant becomes operational, as certified by Leidos in accordance with the Limited Offering Memorandum, dated September 23, 2020 (in connection with the bond offering by Southern Ohio Port Authority to PureCycle: Ohio LLC) (provided, that if the Ironton, Ohio plant has not become operational prior to April 15, 2023, the Lock-up Period will end on April 15, 2023 with respect to the remaining 33.33% of the Lock-up Common Stock held by The Procter and Gamble Company (or its affiliates)).
- "Merger Agreement" is defined in the preamble to this Agreement.
- "New Registration Statement" is defined in Section 2.1.4.
- "Notices" is defined in Section 8.3.
- "ParentCo" is defined in the preamble to this Agreement.
- "PCT Merger" is defined in the preamble to this Agreement.
- "Piggy-Back Registration" is defined in Section 2.3.1.
- "PIPE Investors" is defined in the preamble to this Agreement.
- "PIPE Registration Rights Agreement" is defined in the preamble to this Agreement.

- "Pre-PIPE Designated Director" is defined in Section 7.3.
- "Pre-PIPE Director Designation Period" is defined in Section 7.3.
- "Pre-PIPE Investor" means the Company Investors that received Company LLC Interests (as defined in the Merger Agreement) in the Pre-PIPE Financing (as defined in the Merger Agreement), but only with respect to the shares of Common Stock received in respect of such Company LLC Interests in the PCT Merger.
- "Prior Company Agreement" is defined in the preamble to this Agreement.
- "Pro Rata" is defined in Section 2.2.4.
- "Register," "Registered" and "Registration" mean a registration effected by preparing and filing a registration statement or similar document in compliance with the requirements of the Securities Act, and the applicable rules and regulations promulgated thereunder, and such registration statement becoming effective.
- "Registrable Securities" means the (i) shares of Common Stock issued to the Investors in the RH Merger and the PCT Merger including any shares of Common Stock issuable upon exercise of (A) warrants or (B) purchase options under the Amended and Restated Purchase Option Agreement, dated November 20, 2020, among AptarGroup, Inc., the Company and ParentCo, in each case, issued or that become effective concurrent with the RH Merger or the PCT Merger, (ii) the shares of Common Stock issuable to the Company Investors as PCT Earnout Consideration (as defined in the Merger Agreement) and (iii) all Common Stock issued to any Investor with respect to such securities referred to in clauses (i) (iii) by way of any share split, share dividend or other distribution, recapitalization, share exchange, share reconstruction, amalgamation, contractual control arrangement or similar event. As to any particular Registrable Securities, such securities shall case to be Registrable Securities when: (a) a Registration Statement with respect to the sale of such securities shall have become effective under the Securities Act and such securities shall have been sold, transferred, disposed of or exchanged in accordance with such Registration Statement; (b) such securities shall have been otherwise transferred, new certificates for them not bearing a legend restricting further transfer shall have been delivered by ParentCo and subsequent public distribution of them shall not require registration under the Securities Act; (c) such securities shall have ceased to be outstanding; or (d) the Registrable Securities are freely saleable under Rule 144 without volume limitations, requirements of current public information, manner of sale or any other restrictions under Rule 144.
- "Registration Statement" means a registration statement filed by ParentCo with the Commission in compliance with the Securities Act and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder for a public offering and sale of equity securities, or securities or other obligations exercisable or exchangeable for, or convertible into, equity securities (other than a registration statement on Form S-4 or Form S-8, or their successors, or any registration statement covering only securities proposed to be issued in exchange for securities or assets of another entity).

"Resale Shelf Registration Statement" is defined in Section 2.1.1.

- "Requesting Holder" is defined in Section 2.1.5(a).
- "ROCH" is defined in the preamble to this Agreement.
- "ROCH Designated Director" is defined in Section 7.2.
- "ROCH Initial Directors" means Byron Roth and Jeff Fieler.
- "RH Merger" is defined in preamble to this Agreement.
- "SEC Guidance" is defined in Section 2.1.4.
- "Securities Act" means the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and the rules and regulations of the Commission promulgated thereunder, all as the same shall be in effect at the time.
- "Selling Holders" is defined in Section 2.1.5(a)(ii).
- "Transfer" means to (i) sell, offer to sell, contract or agree to sell, hypothecate, pledge, grant any option to purchase or otherwise dispose of or agree to dispose of, directly or indirectly, or establish or increase a put equivalent position or liquidate or decrease a call equivalent position within the meaning of Section 16 of the Exchange Act, and the rules and regulations of the Commission promulgated thereunder, with respect to any shares of Common Stock, (ii) enter into any swap or other arrangement that transfers to another, in whole or in part, any of the economic consequences of ownership of any shares of Common Stock, whether any such transaction is to be settled by delivery of such securities, in cash or otherwise, or (iii) publicly announce any intention to effect any transaction, including the filing of a registration statement specified in clause (i) or (ii). Notwithstanding the foregoing, a Transfer shall not be deemed to include any transfer for no consideration if the donee, trustee, heir or other transferee has agreed in writing to be bound by the same terms under this Agreement to the extent and for the duration that such terms remain in effect at the time of the Transfer.
- "<u>Underwriter</u>" means a securities dealer who purchases any Registrable Securities as principal in an underwritten offering and not as part of such dealer's market-making activities.
- "Underwritten Takedown" shall mean an underwritten public offering of Registrable Securities pursuant to the Resale Shelf Registration Statement, as amended or supplemented.
- "Underwritten Demand Registration" shall mean an underwritten public offering of Registrable Securities pursuant to a Demand Registration, as amended or supplemented.
- 2. REGISTRATION RIGHTS.
- 2.1 Resale Shelf Registration Rights.
- 2.1.1 Registration Statement Covering Resale of Registrable Securities. ParentCo shall prepare and file or cause to be prepared and filed with the Commission, no later than forty five (45) days following the date that ParentCo becomes eligible to use Form S-3 or its successor form (the "S-3 Eligibility Date"), a Registration Statement for an offering to be made on a continuous basis pursuant to Rule 415 of the Securities Act registering the resale from time to time by Investors of all of the Registrable Securities then held by or then issuable, including the shares of Common Stock issuable as Earnout Shares, to Investors that are not covered by an effective registration statement on the S-3 Eligibility Date (the "Resale Shelf Registration Statement"). The Resale Shelf Registration Statement shall be on Form S-3 or another appropriate form permitting Registration of such Registrable Securities for resale by such Investors. ParentCo shall use reasonable best efforts to cause the Resale Shelf Registration Statement to be declared effective as soon as possible after filing, and once effective, to keep the Resale Shelf Registration Statement continuously effective under the Securities Act at all times until the expiration of the Effectiveness Period.

- 2.1.2 Notification and Distribution of Materials. ParentCo shall notify the Investors in writing of the effectiveness of the Resale Shelf Registration Statement and shall furnish to them, without charge, such number of copies of the Resale Shelf Registration Statement (including any amendments, supplements and exhibits), the Prospectus contained therein (including each preliminary prospectus and all related amendments and supplements) and any documents incorporated by reference in the Resale Shelf Registration Statement or such other documents as the Investors may reasonably request in order to facilitate the sale of the Registrable Securities in the manner described in the Resale Shelf Registration Statement.
- 2.1.3 Amendments and Supplements. Subject to the provisions of Section 2.1.1, ParentCo shall promptly prepare and file with the Commission from time to time such amendments and supplements to the Resale Shelf Registration Statement and Prospectus used in connection therewith as may be necessary to keep the Resale Shelf Registration Statement effective and to comply with the provisions of the Securities Act with respect to the disposition of all the Registrable Securities during the Effectiveness Period.
- 2.1.4 Notwithstanding the registration obligations set forth in this Section 2.1, in the event the Commission informs ParentCo that all of the Registrable Securities cannot, as a result of the application of Rule 415, be registered for resale as a secondary offering on a single registration statement, ParentCo agrees to promptly (i) inform each of the holders thereof and use its commercially reasonable efforts to file amendments to the Resale Shelf Registration Statement as required by the Commission and/or (ii) withdraw the Resale Shelf Registration Statement and file a new registration statement (a "New Registration Statement"), in either case covering the maximum number of Registrable Securities permitted to be registered by the Commission, on Form S-3 or such other form available to register for resale the Registrable Securities as a secondary offering; provided, however, that prior to filing such amendment or New Registration Statement, ParentCo shall be obligated to use its commercially reasonable efforts to advocate with the Commission for the registration of all of the Registrable Securities in accordance with any publicly-available written or oral guidance, comments, requirements or requests of the Commission staff (the "SEC Guidance"), including without limitation, the Manual of Publicly Available Telephone Interpretations D.29. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement, if any SEC Guidance sets forth a limitation of the number of Registrable Securities permitted to be registered on a particular Registration Statement as a secondary offering (and notwithstanding that ParentCo used diligent efforts to advocate with the Commission for the registration of all or a greater number of Registrable Securities), unless otherwise directed in writing by a holder as to further limit its Registrable Securities to be included in such Registration Statement, the number of securities to be registered on such Registration Statement will be reduced pro rata in accordance with the number of shares of Common Stock that each person has requested be included in such Registration Statement, regardless of the number of shares of Common Stock held by each such person (such proportion is referred to herein as "Pro Rata"), subject to a determination by the Commission that certain Investors must be reduced first based on the number of Registrable Securities held by such Investors. In the event ParentCo amends the Resale Shelf Registration Statement or files a New Registration Statement, as the case may be, under clauses (i) or (ii) above, ParentCo will use its commercially reasonable efforts to file with the Commission, as promptly as allowed by Commission or SEC Guidance provided to ParentCo or to registrants of securities in general, one or more registration statements on Form S-3 or such other form available to register for resale those Registrable Securities that were not registered for resale on the Resale Shelf Registration Statement, as amended, or the New Registration Statement.

- 2.1.5 Notice of Certain Events. ParentCo shall promptly notify the Investors in writing of any request by the Commission for any amendment or supplement to, or additional information in connection with, the Resale Shelf Registration Statement required to be prepared and filed hereunder (or Prospectus relating thereto). ParentCo shall promptly notify each Investor in writing of the filing of the Resale Shelf Registration Statement or any Prospectus, amendment or supplement related thereto or any post-effective amendment to the Resale Shelf Registration Statement and the effectiveness of any post-effective amendment.
- (a) If ParentCo shall receive a request from the holders of Registrable Securities with an estimated market value of at least \$5,000,000 (the requesting holder(s) shall be referred to herein as the "Requesting Holder") that ParentCo effect the Underwritten Takedown of all or any portion of the Requesting Holder's Registrable Securities, and specifying the intended method of disposition thereof, then ParentCo shall promptly give notice of such requested Underwritten Takedown (each such request shall be referred to herein as a "Demand Takedown") at least ten (10) Business Days prior to the anticipated filing date of the prospectus or supplement relating to such Demand Takedown to the other Investors and thereupon shall use its reasonable best efforts to effect, as expeditiously as possible, the offering in such Underwritten Takedown of:
- (i) subject to the restrictions set forth in Section 2.2.4, all Registrable Securities for which the Requesting Holder has requested such offering under Section 2.1.5(a), and
- (ii) subject to the restrictions set forth in Section 2.2.4, all other Registrable Securities that any holders of Registrable Securities (all such holders, together with the Requesting Holder, the "Selling Holders") have requested ParentCo to offer by request received by ParentCo within seven Business Days after such holders receive ParentCo's notice of the Demand Takedown, all to the extent necessary to permit the disposition (in accordance with the intended methods thereof as aforesaid) of the Registrable Securities so to be offered.
- (b) Promptly after the expiration of the seven-Business Day-period referred to in Section 2.1.5(a)(ii), ParentCo will notify all Selling Holders of the identities of the other Selling Holders and the number of shares of Registrable Securities requested to be included therein.

- (c) ParentCo shall only be required to effectuate: (i) one Underwritten Takedown within any six-month period; (ii) no more than two Underwritten Takedowns in respect of all Registrable Securities held by the ROCH Investors after giving effect to Section 2.2.1(c); and (d) no more than two Underwritten Takedowns in respect of all Registrable Securities held by the Company Investors after giving effect to Section 2.2.1(d).
- (d) If the managing underwriter in an Underwritten Takedown advises ParentCo and the Requesting Holder that, in its view, the number of shares of Registrable Securities requested to be included in such underwritten offering exceeds the largest number of shares that can be sold without having an adverse effect on such offering, including the price at which such shares can be sold, the shares included in such Underwritten Takedown will be reduced in accordance with the process and priority set forth in Section 2.2.4.
- 2.1.6 Selection of Underwriters. Selling Holders holding a majority in interest of the Registrable Securities requested to be sold in an Underwritten Takedown shall have the right to select an Underwriter or Underwriters in connection with such Underwritten Takedown, which Underwriter or Underwriters shall be reasonably acceptable to ParentCo. In connection with an Underwritten Takedown, ParentCo shall enter into customary agreements (including an underwriting agreement in customary form) and take such other actions as are reasonably required in order to expedite or facilitate the disposition of the Registrable Securities in such Underwritten Takedown, including, if necessary, the engagement of a "qualified independent underwriter" in connection with the qualification of the underwriting arrangements with the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc.
- 2.1.7 Registrations effected pursuant to this Section 2.1 shall not be counted as Demand Registrations effected pursuant to Section 2.2.

2.2 Demand Registration.

2.2.1 Request for Registration. At any time and from time to time after the expiration of a lock-up to which such shares are subject, if any, (i) ROCH Investors who hold a majority in interest of the Registrable Securities held by all ROCH Investors or (ii) Company Investors who hold a majority in interest of the Registrable Securities held by all Company Investors, as the case may be, may make a written demand for Registration under the Securities Act of all or any portion of their Registrable Securities on Form S-1 or any similar long-form Registration or, if then available, on Form S-3. Each registration requested pursuant to this Section 2.2.1 is referred to herein as a "Demand Registration shall specify the number of shares of Registrable Securities proposed to be sold and the intended method(s) of distribution thereof. ParentCo will notify all Investors that are holders of Registrable Securities of the demand, and each such holder of Registrable Securities who wishes to include all or a portion of such holder's Registrable Securities in the Demand Registration (each such holder including shares of Registrable Securities in such registration, a "DemandIng Holder") shall so notify ParentCo within fifteen (15) days after the receipt by the holder of the notice from ParentCo. Upon any such request, the Demanding Holders shall be entitled to have their Registrable Securities included in the Demand Registration, subject to Section 2.2.4 and the provisos set forth in Section 3.1.1. ParentCo shall not be obligated to effect: (a) more than one (1) Demand Registration during any six-month period; (b) any Demand Registration at any time there is an effective Resale Shelf Registration Statement on file with the Commission pursuant to Section 2.1; (c) more than two Underwritten Demand Registrations in respect of all Registrable Securities held by the ROCH Investors, each of which will also count as an Underwritten Takedown of the ROCH Investors under Section 2.1.5(c)(iii); or (d) more than two Underwritten Demand Regi

- 2.2.2 Effective Registration. A Registration will not count as a Demand Registration until the Registration Statement filed with the Commission with respect to such Demand Registration has been declared effective and ParentCo has complied with all of its obligations under this Agreement with respect thereto; provided, however, that if, after such Registration Statement has been declared effective, the offering of Registrable Securities pursuant to a Demand Registration is interfered with by any stop order or injunction of the Commission or any other governmental agency or court, the Registration Statement with respect to such Demand Registration will be deemed not to have been declared effective, unless and until, (i) such stop order or injunction is removed, rescinded or otherwise terminated, and (ii) a majority-in-interest of the Demanding Holders thereafter elect to continue the offering; provided, further, that ParentCo shall not be obligated to file a second Registration Statement until a Registration Statement that has been filed is counted as a Demand Registration or is terminated.
- 2.2.3 <u>Underwritten Offering</u>. If the Demanding Holders so elect and such holders so advise ParentCo as part of their written demand for a Demand Registration, the offering of such Registrable Securities pursuant to such Demand Registration shall be in the form of an underwritten offering with either (a) an estimated market value of at least \$15,000,000 or (b) all of the Registrable Securities then held by all Investors. In such event, the right of any holder to include its Registrable Securities in such registration shall be conditioned upon such holder's participation in such underwriting and the inclusion of such holder's Registrable Securities in the underwriting to the extent provided herein. All Demanding Holders proposing to distribute their Registrable Securities through such underwriting shall enter into an underwriting agreement in customary form with the Underwriters selected for such underwriting by the holders initiating the Demand Registration, and subject to the approval of ParentCo.
- 2.2.4 Reduction of Offering. If the managing Underwriter or Underwriters for a Demand Registration that is to be an underwritten offering advises ParentCo and the Demanding Holders in writing that the dollar amount or number of shares of Registrable Securities which the Demanding Holders desire to sell, taken together with all other shares of Common Stock or other equity securities which ParentCo desires to sell and the shares of Common Stock, if any, as to which registration has been requested pursuant to written contractual piggy-back registration rights held by other shareholders of ParentCo who desire to sell (including the Convertible Noteholders), exceeds the maximum dollar amount or maximum number of shares that can be sold in such offering without adversely affecting the proposed offering price, the timing, the distribution method, or the probability of success of such offering (such maximum dollar amount or maximum number of shares, as applicable, the "Maximum Number of Shares"), then ParentCo shall include in such registration: (i) first, the shares of Common Stock or other equity securities (A) comprised of Registrable Securities as to which Demand Registration has been requested by the Demanding Holders and (B) for the account of the Convertible Noteholders exercising piggy-back registration rights under the Convertible Notes Registration Rights Agreement, (pro rata in accordance with the number of shares that each such Person has requested be included in such registration, regardless of the number of shares held by each such Person (such proportion is referred to herein as "Pro Rata")) that can be sold without exceeding the Maximum Number of Shares; (ii) second, to the extent that the Maximum Number of Shares has not been reached under the foregoing clause (i), the shares of Common Stock or other equity securities for the account of other persons that ParentCo is obligated to register pursuant to written contractual arrangements with such persons, as to which "piggy-back" registration has been requ

2.2.5 Withdrawal. If a majority-in-interest of the Demanding Holders disapprove of the terms of any underwriting or are not entitled to include all of their Registrable Securities in any offering, such majority-in-interest of the Demanding Holders may elect to withdraw from such offering by giving written notice to ParentCo and the Underwriter or Underwriters of their request to withdraw prior to the effectiveness of the Registration Statement filed with the Commission with respect to such Demand Registration. If the majority-in-interest of the Demanding Holders withdraws from a proposed offering relating to a Demand Registration, except in the case that such Demanding Holders were not entitled to include all of their Registrable Securities in any offering, then either the Demanding Holders shall reimburse ParentCo for the costs associated with the withdrawn registration (in which case such registration shall not count as a Demand Registration provided for in Section 2.1) or the withdrawn registration shall count as a Demand Registration provided for in Section 2.1. In the event the majority-in-interest of the Demanding Holders withdraws from a proposed offering relating to a Demand Registration as a result of such Demanding Holders not being entitled to include all of the Registrable Securities in an offering, such registration shall not count as a Demand Registration provided for in Section 2.1.

2.3 Piggy-Back Registration.

2.3.1 Piggy-Back Rights. If at any time ParentCo proposes to file a Registration Statement under the Securities Act with respect to an offering of equity securities, or securities or other obligations exercisable or exchangeable for, or convertible into, equity securities, by ParentCo for its own account or for shareholders of ParentCo for their account (or by ParentCo and by shareholders of ParentCo including, without limitation, pursuant to Section 2.1), other than a Registration Statement (i) filed in connection with any employee stock option or other benefit plan, (ii) for an exchange offer or offering of securities solely to ParentCo's existing shareholders, (iii) for an offering of debt that is convertible into equity securities of ParentCo, (iv) that is on Form S-4 (as promulgated under the Securities Act) relating to equity securities to be issued solely in connection with any acquisition of any entity or business or their then equivalents, (v) filed relating to equity securities to be issued under the PIPE Registration Rights Agreement, (vi) filed relating to equity securities to be issued under the Convertible Notes Registration Rights Agreement or (vii) for a dividend reinvestment plan, then ParentCo shall (x) give written notice of such proposed filing to the holders of Registrable Securities as soon as practicable but in no event less than ten (10) days before the anticipated filing date, which notice shall describe the amount and type of securities to be included in such offering, the intended method(s) of distribution, and the name of the proposed managing Underwriter or Underwriters, if any, of the offering, and (y) offer to the holders of Registrable Securities in such notice the opportunity to register the sale of such number of shares of Registrable Securities as such holders may request in writing within five (5) days following receipt of such notice (a "Piggy-Back Registration"). ParentCo shall cause such Registrable Securities to be included in such Piggy-Back Registration and shall use its best efforts to cause the managing Underwriter or Underwriters of a proposed underwritten offering to permit the Registrable Securities requested to be included in a Piggy-Back Registration on the same terms and conditions as any similar securities of ParentCo and to permit the sale or other disposition of such Registrable Securities in accordance with the intended method(s) of distribution thereof. All holders of Registrable Securities proposing to distribute their securities through a Piggy-Back Registration that involves an Underwriter or Underwriters shall enter into an underwriting agreement in customary form with the Underwriter or Underwriters selected for such Piggy-Back Registration.

- 2.3.2 Reduction of Offering. If the managing Underwriter or Underwriters for a Piggy-Back Registration that is to be an underwritten offering advises ParentCo and the holders of Registrable Securities participating in such offering in writing that the dollar amount or number of shares of Common Stock which ParentCo desires to sell, taken together (if applicable) with shares of Common Stock as to which registration has been demanded pursuant to written contractual arrangements with persons other than the holders of Registrable Securities hereunder (including the Convertible Noteholders) and the Registrable Securities as to which registration has been requested under this Section 2.3, exceeds the Maximum Number of Shares, then ParentCo shall include in any such registration:
- (a) If the registration is undertaken for ParentCo's account: (i) first, the shares of Common Stock or other equity securities that ParentCo desires to sell that can be sold without exceeding the Maximum Number of Shares; (ii) second, to the extent that the Maximum Number of Shares has not been reached under the foregoing clause (i), the shares of Common Stock or other equity securities (A) comprised of Registrable Securities as to which registration has been requested pursuant to the terms hereof and (B) for the account of the Convertible Noteholders exercising piggy-back registration rights under the Convertible Notes Registration Rights Agreement, Pro Rata, that can be sold without exceeding the Maximum Number of Shares; and (iii) third, to the extent that the Maximum Number of Shares has not been reached under the foregoing clauses (i) through (ii), the shares of Common Stock or other equity securities for the account of other persons that ParentCo is obligated to register pursuant to other written contractual piggy-back registration rights with such persons, Pro Rata, that can be sold without exceeding the Maximum Number of Shares; and
- (b) If the registration is a "demand" registration undertaken at the demand of persons other than the holders of Registrable Securities (including the Convertible Noteholders), (i) first, the shares of Common Stock or other equity securities (A) for the account of the demanding persons, (B) comprised of Registrable Securities as to which registration has been requested pursuant to the terms hereof and (C) for the account of the Convertible Noteholders exercising piggy-back registration rights under the Convertible Notes Registration Rights Agreement (if such demand for registration was not made thereunder), Pro Rata, that can be sold without exceeding the Maximum Number of Shares; (ii) second, to the extent that the Maximum Number of Shares has not been reached under the foregoing clause (i), the shares of Common Stock or other equity securities that ParentCo desires to sell that can be sold without exceeding the Maximum Number of Shares has not been reached under the foregoing clauses (i) and (ii), the shares of Common Stock or other equity securities for the account of other persons that ParentCo is obligated to register pursuant to written contractual arrangements with such persons, Pro Rata, that can be sold without exceeding the Maximum Number of Shares.

2.3.3 Withdrawal. Any holder of Registrable Securities may elect to withdraw such holder's request for inclusion of Registrable Securities in any Piggy-Back Registration by giving written notice to ParentCo of such request to withdraw prior to the effectiveness of the Registration Statement. ParentCo (whether on its own determination or as the result of a withdrawal by persons making a demand pursuant to written contractual obligations) may withdraw a Registration Statement at any time prior to the effectiveness of such Registration Statement. Notwithstanding any such withdrawal, ParentCo shall pay all expenses incurred by the holders of Registrable Securities in connection with such Piggy-Back Registration as provided in Section 3.3.

3. REGISTRATION PROCEDURES.

- 3.1 Filings: Information. Whenever ParentCo is required to effect the registration of any Registrable Securities pursuant to Section 2, ParentCo shall use its reasonable best efforts to effect the registration and sale of such Registrable Securities in accordance with the intended method(s) of distribution thereof as expeditiously as practicable, and in connection with any such request:
- 3.1.1 Filing Registration Statement. ParentCo shall use its reasonable best efforts to, as expeditiously as possible after receipt of a request for a Demand Registration pursuant to Section 2.1, prepare and file with the Commission a Registration Statement on any form for which ParentCo then qualifies or which counsel for ParentCo shall deem appropriate and which form shall be available for the sale of all Registrable Securities to be registered thereunder in accordance with the intended method(s) of distribution thereof, and shall use its reasonable best efforts to cause such Registration Statement to become effective and use its reasonable best efforts to keep it effective for the Effectiveness Period; provided, however, that ParentCo shall have the right to defer any Demand Registration for up to sixty (60) days, and any Piggy-Back Registration for such period as may be applicable to deferment of any Demand Registration to which such Piggy-Back Registration relates, in each case if ParentCo shall furnish to the holders a certificate signed by the Chief Executive Officer or Chairman of ParentCo stating that, in the good faith judgment of the Board of Directors of ParentCo (the "ParentCo Board"), it would be materially detrimental to ParentCo and its shareholders for such Registration Statement to be effected at such time; provided further, however, that ParentCo shall not have the right to exercise the right set forth in the immediately preceding proviso for more than a total of sixty (60) consecutive calendar days, or more than ninety (90) total calendar days, in each case during any 365-day period in respect of a Demand Registration hereunder.
- 3.1.2 <u>Copies</u>. ParentCo shall, prior to filing a Registration Statement or prospectus, or any amendment or supplement thereto, furnish without charge to the holders of Registrable Securities included in such registration, and such holders' legal counsel, copies of such Registration Statement as proposed to be filed, each amendment and supplement to such Registration Statement (in each case including all exhibits thereto and documents incorporated by reference therein), the prospectus included in such Registration Statement (including each preliminary prospectus), and such other documents as the holders of Registrable Securities included in such registration or legal counsel for any such holders may request in order to facilitate the disposition of the Registrable Securities owned by such holders.

- 3.1.3 <u>Amendments and Supplements</u>. ParentCo shall prepare and file with the Commission such amendments, including post-effective amendments, and supplements to such Registration Statement and the prospectus used in connection therewith as may be necessary to keep such Registration Statement effective and in compliance with the provisions of the Securities Act until all Registrable Securities and other securities covered by such Registration Statement have been disposed of in accordance with the intended method(s) of distribution set forth in such Registration Statement or such securities have been withdrawn (the "<u>Effectiveness Period</u>").
- 3.1.4 Notification. After the filing of a Registration Statement, ParentCo shall promptly, and in no event more than two (2) Business Days after such filing, notify the holders of Registrable Securities included in such Registration Statement of such filing, and shall further notify such holders promptly and confirm such advice in writing in all events within two (2) Business Days of the occurrence of any of the following: (i) when such Registration Statement becomes effective; (iii) when any post-effective amendment to such Registration Statement becomes effective; (iii) the issuance or threatened issuance by the Commission of any stop order (and ParentCo shall take all actions required to prevent the entry of such stop order or to remove it if entered); and (iv) any request by the Commission for any amendment or supplement to such Registration Statement or any prospectus relating thereto or for additional information or of the occurrence of an event requiring the preparation of a supplement or amendment to such prospectus so that, as thereafter delivered to the purchasers of the securities covered by such Registration Statement, such prospectus will not contain an untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state any material fact required to be stated therein or necessary to make the statements therein not misleading, and promptly make available to the holders of Registrable Securities included in such Registration Statement any such supplement or amendment; except that before filing with the Commission a Registration Statement or prospectus or any amendment or supplement thereto, including documents incorporated by reference, ParentCo shall furnish to the holders of Registrable Securities included in such Registration Statement and to the legal counsel for any such holders, copies of all such documents proposed to be filed sufficiently in advance of filing to provide such holders and legal counsel with a reasonable opportunity to review such documents and comment thereon.
- 3.1.5 Securities Laws Compliance. ParentCo shall use its reasonable best efforts to (i) register or qualify the Registrable Securities covered by the Registration Statement under such securities or "blue sky" laws of such jurisdictions in the United States as the holders of Registrable Securities included in such Registration Statement (in light of their intended plan of distribution) may reasonably request and (ii) take such action necessary to cause such Registrable Securities covered by the Registration Statement to be registered with or approved by such other governmental authorities as may be necessary by virtue of the business and operations of ParentCo and do any and all other acts and things that may be necessary or advisable to enable the holders of Registrable Securities included in such Registration Statement to consummate the disposition of such Registrable Securities in such jurisdictions; provided, however, that ParentCo shall not be required to qualify generally to do business in any jurisdiction where it would not otherwise be required to qualify but for this paragraph or subject itself to taxation in any such jurisdiction.

- 3.1.6 Agreements for Disposition. ParentCo shall enter into customary agreements (including, if applicable, an underwriting agreement in customary form) and take such other actions as are reasonably required in order to expedite or facilitate the disposition of such Registrable Securities. The representations, warranties and covenants of ParentCo in any underwriting agreement which are made to or for the benefit of any Underwriters, to the extent applicable, shall also be made to and for the benefit of the holders of Registrable Securities included in such registration statement, and the representations, warranties and covenants of the holders of Registrable Securities included in such registration statement in any underwriting agreement which are made to or for the benefit of any Underwriters, to the extent applicable, shall also be made to and for the benefit of ParentCo.
- 3.1.7 Comfort Letter. ParentCo shall obtain a "cold comfort" letter from ParentCo's independent registered public accountants in the event of an underwritten offering, in customary form and covering such matters of the type customarily covered by "cold comfort" letters as the managing Underwriter may reasonably request, and reasonably satisfactory to a majority-in-interest of the participating holders.
- 3.1.8 Opinions. On the date the Registrable Securities are delivered for sale pursuant to any Registration, ParentCo shall obtain an opinion, dated such date, of one (1) counsel representing ParentCo for the purposes of such Registration, addressed to the holders, the placement agent or sales agent, if any, and the Underwriters, if any, covering such legal matters with respect to the Registration in respect of which such opinion is being given as the holders, placement agent, sales agent, or Underwriter may reasonably request and as are customarily included in such opinions, and reasonably satisfactory to a majority in interest of the participating holders.
- 3.1.9 Cooperation. The principal executive officer of ParentCo, the principal financial officer of ParentCo, the principal accounting officer of ParentCo and all other officers and members of the management of ParentCo shall cooperate fully in any offering of Registrable Securities hereunder, which cooperation shall include, without limitation, the preparation of the Registration Statement with respect to such offering and all other offering materials and related documents, and participation in meetings with Underwriters, attorneys, accountants and potential investors.
- 3.1.10 Records. Upon execution of confidentiality agreements, ParentCo shall make available for inspection by the holders of Registrable Securities included in such Registration Statement, any Underwriter participating in any disposition pursuant to such registration statement and any attorney, accountant or other professional retained by any holder of Registrable Securities included in such Registration Statement or any Underwriter, all financial and other records, pertinent corporate documents and properties of ParentCo, as shall be necessary to enable them to exercise their due diligence responsibility, and cause ParentCo's officers, directors and employees to supply all information requested by any of them in connection with such Registration Statement.

- 3.1.11 Earnings Statement. ParentCo shall comply with all applicable rules and regulations of the Commission and the Securities Act, and make available to its shareholders, as soon as practicable, an earnings statement covering a period of twelve (12) months, which earnings statement shall satisfy the provisions of Section 11(a) of the Securities Act and Rule 158 thereunder.
- 3.1.12 <u>Listing</u>. ParentCo shall use its reasonable best efforts to cause all Registrable Securities included in any Registration Statement to be listed on such exchanges or otherwise designated for trading in the same manner as similar securities issued by ParentCo are then listed or designated.
- 3.2 Obligation to Suspend Distribution. Upon receipt of any notice from ParentCo of the happening of any event of the kind described in Section 3.1.4(iv), or, upon any suspension by ParentCo, pursuant to a written insider trading compliance program adopted by the ParentCo Board, of the ability of all "insiders" covered by such program to transact in ParentCo's securities because of the existence of material non-public information, each holder of Registrable Securities included in any registration shall immediately discontinue disposition of such Registrable Securities pursuant to the Registration Statement covering such Registrable Securities until such holder receives the supplemented or amended prospectus contemplated by Section 3.1.4(iv) or the restriction on the ability of "insiders" to transact in ParentCo's securities is removed, as applicable, and, if so directed by ParentCo, each such holder will deliver to ParentCo all copies, other than permanent file copies then in such holder's possession, of the most recent prospectus covering such Registrable Securities at the time of receipt of such notice.
- 3.3 Registration Expenses. ParentCo shall bear all costs and expenses incurred in connection with the Resale Shelf Registration Statement pursuant to Section 2.1, any Demand Registration pursuant to Section 2.1, any Demand Takedown pursuant to Section 2.1.5(a)(i), any Piggy-Back Registration pursuant to Section 2.3, and any registration on Form S-3 effected pursuant to Section 2.3, and all expenses incurred in performing or complying with its other obligations under this Agreement, whether or not the Registration Statement becomes effective, including, without limitation: (i) all registration and filing fees; (ii) fees and expenses of compliance with securities or "blue sky" laws (including fees and disbursements of counsel in connection with blue sky qualifications of the Registrable Securities); (iii) printing expenses; (iv) ParentCo's internal expenses (including, without limitation, all salaries and expenses of its officers and employees); (v) the fees and expenses incurred in connection with the listing of the Registrable Securities as required by Section 3.1.10; (vi) Financial Industry Regulatory Authority fees; (vii) fees and disbursements of counsel for ParentCo and fees and expenses for independent certified public accountants retained by ParentCo; (viii) the fees and expenses of any special experts retained by ParentCo in connection with such registration and (ix) the fees and expenses of one legal counsel selected by the holders of a majority-in-interest of the Registrable Securities being sold by the holders thereof, which underwriting discounts or selling commissions shall be borne by such holders. Additionally, in an underwritten offering, all selling shareholders and ParentCo shall bear the expenses of the Underwriter pro rata in proportion to the respective amount of shares each is selling in such offering.

3.4 <u>Information</u>. The holders of Registrable Securities shall promptly provide such information as may reasonably be requested by ParentCo, or the managing Underwriter, if any, in connection with the preparation of any Registration Statement, including amendments and supplements thereto, in order to effect the registration of any Registrable Securities under the Securities Act and in connection with ParentCo's obligation to comply with Federal and applicable state securities laws. The Company's obligations to include the Registrable Securities in any Registration Statement under this Agreement are contingent upon each holder of Registrable Securities furnishing in writing to the Company such information regarding such holder, the securities of the Company held by such holder and the intended method of disposition of the Registrable Securities as shall be reasonably requested by the Company to effect the registration of the Registrable Securities, and such holder shall execute such documents in connection with such registration as the Company may reasonably request that are customary of a selling stockholder in similar situations.

4. INDEMNIFICATION AND CONTRIBUTION.

4.1 <u>Indemnification by ParentCo.</u> ParentCo agrees to indemnify and hold harmless each Investor and each other holder of Registrable Securities, and each of their respective officers, employees, affiliates, directors, partners, members, attorneys and agents, and each person, if any, who controls an Investor and each other holder of Registrable Securities (within the meaning of Section 15 of the Securities Act or Section 20 of the Exchange Act) (each, an "<u>Investor Indemnified Party</u>"), from and against any expenses, losses, judgments, claims, damages or liabilities, whether joint or several, arising out of or based upon any untrue statement (or allegedly untrue statement) of a material fact contained in any Registration Statement under which the sale of such Registrable Securities was registered under the Securities Act, any preliminary prospectus, final prospectus or summary prospectus contained in the Registration Statement, or any amendment or supplement to such Registration Statement, or arising out of or based upon any omission (or alleged omission) to state a material fact required to be stated therein or necessary to make the statements therein not misleading, or any violation by ParentCo of the Securities Act or any rule or regulation promulgated thereunder applicable to ParentCo and relating to action or inaction required of ParentCo in connection with any such registration; and ParentCo shall promptly reimburse the Investor Indemnified Party for any legal and any other expenses reasonably incurred by such Investor Indemnified Party in connection with investigating and defending any such expense, loss, judgment, claim, damage, liability or action; provided, however, that ParentCo will not be liable in any such case to the extent that any such expense, loss, claim, damage or liability arises out of or is based upon any untrue statement or allegedly untrue statement or omission or alleged omission made in such Registration Statement, preliminary prospectus, final prospectus, or summary prospectus, or any

- 4.2 <u>Indemnification by Holders of Registrable Securities</u>. Each selling holder of Registrable Securities will, in the event that any registration is being effected under the Securities Act pursuant to this Agreement of any Registrable Securities held by such selling holder, indemnify and hold harmless ParentCo, each of its directors and officers, and each other selling holder and each other person, if any, who controls another selling holder within the meaning of the Securities Act, against any losses, claims, judgments, damages or liabilities, whether joint or several, insofar as such losses, claims, judgments, damages or liabilities (or actions in respect thereof) arise out of or are based upon any untrue statement or allegedly untrue statement of a material fact contained in any Registration Statement under which the sale of such Registrable Securities was registered under the Securities Act, any preliminary prospectus, final prospectus or summary prospectus contained in the Registration Statement, or any amendment or supplement to the Registration Statement, or arise out of or are based upon any omission or the alleged omission to state a material fact required to be stated therein or necessary to make the statement therein not misleading, if the statement or omission was made in reliance upon and in conformity with information furnished in writing to ParentCo by such selling holder expressly for use therein, or is based on any selling holder's violation of the federal securities laws (including Regulation M) or failure to sell the Registrable Securities in accordance with the plan of distribution contained in the prospectus, and shall reimburse ParentCo, its directors and officers, and each other selling holder or controlling person for any legal or other expenses reasonably incurred by any of them in connection with investigation or defending any such loss, claim, damage, liability or action. Each selling holder's indemnification obligations hereunder shall be several and not joint and shall be limited t
- 4.3 Conduct of Indemnification Proceedings. Promptly after receipt by any person of any notice of any loss, claim, damage or liability or any action in respect of which indemnity may be sought pursuant to Sections 4.1 or 4.2, such person (the "Indemnified Party") shall, if a claim in respect thereof is to be made against any other person for indemnification hereunder, notify such other person (the "Indemnifying Party") in writing of the loss, claim, judgment, damage, liability or action; provided, however, that the failure by the Indemnified Party to notify the Indemnifying Party shall not relieve the Indemnifying Party from any liability which the Indemnifying Party may have to such Indemnified Party hereunder, except and solely to the extent the Indemnifying Party is actually prejudiced by such failure. If the Indemnified Party is seeking indemnification with respect to any claim or action brought against the Indemnified Party, then the Indemnifying Party shall be entitled to participate in such claim or action, and, to the extent that it wishes, jointly with all other Indemnifying Parties, to assume control of the defense thereof with counsel satisfactory to the Indemnified Party. After notice from the Indemnifying Party to the Indemnifying Party of its election to assume control of the defense of such claim or action, the Indemnifying Party shall not be liable to the Indemnified Party for any legal or other expenses subsequently incurred by the Indemnified Party in connection with the defense thereof other than reasonable costs of investigation; provided, however, that in any action in which both the Indemnified Party and the Indemnifying Party are named as defendants, the Indemnified Party shall have the right to employ separate counsel (but no more than one such separate counsel, which counsel is reasonably acceptable to the Indemnifying Party) to represent the Indemnified Party and its controlling persons who may be subject to liability arising out of any claim in respect of which indemnity may be sought by the Indemnified Party against the Indemnifying Party, with the fees and expenses of such counsel to be paid by such Indemnifying Party if, based upon the written opinion of counsel of such Indemnified Party, representation of both parties by the same counsel would be inappropriate due to actual or potential differing interests between them. No Indemnifying Party shall, without the prior written consent of the Indemnified Party, consent to entry of judgment or effect any settlement of any claim or pending or threatened proceeding in respect of which the Indemnified Party is or could have been a party and indemnity could have been sought hereunder by such Indemnified Party, unless such judgment or settlement includes an unconditional release of such Indemnified Party from all liability arising out of such claim or proceeding.

4.4 Contribution.

- 4.4.1 If the indemnification provided for in the foregoing Sections 4.1, 4.2 and 4.3 is unavailable to any Indemnified Party in respect of any loss, claim, damage, liability or action referred to herein, then each such Indemnifying Party, in lieu of indemnifying such Indemnified Party, shall contribute to the amount paid or payable by such Indemnified Party as a result of such loss, claim, damage, liability or action in such proportion as is appropriate to reflect the relative fault of the Indemnified Parties and the Indemnifying Parties in connection with the actions or omissions which resulted in such loss, claim, damage, liability or action, as well as any other relevant equitable considerations. The relative fault of any Indemnified Party and any Indemnifying Party shall be determined by reference to, among other things, whether the untrue or alleged untrue statement of a material fact or the omission or alleged omission to state a material fact relates to information supplied by such Indemnified Party or such Indemnifying Party and the parties' relative intent, knowledge, access to information and opportunity to correct or prevent such statement or omission.
- 4.4.2 The parties hereto agree that it would not be just and equitable if contribution pursuant to this Section 4.4.2 were determined by pro rata allocation or by any other method of allocation which does not take account of the equitable considerations referred to in the immediately preceding Section 4.4.1.
- 4.4.3 The amount paid or payable by an Indemnified Party as a result of any loss, claim, damage, liability or action referred to in the immediately preceding paragraph shall be deemed to include, subject to the limitations set forth above, any legal or other expenses incurred by such Indemnified Party in connection with investigating or defending any such action or claim. Notwithstanding the provisions of this Section 4.4, no holder of Registrable Securities shall be required to contribute any amount in excess of the dollar amount of the net proceeds (after payment of any underwriting fees, discounts, commissions or taxes) actually received by such holder from the sale of Registrable Securities which gave rise to such contribution obligation. No person guilty of fraudulent misrepresentation (within the meaning of Section 11(f) of the Securities Act) shall be entitled to contribution from any person who was not guilty of such fraudulent misrepresentation.

5. AVAILABILITY OF PUBLIC INFORMATION.

5.1 Rule 144. ParentCo covenants that it shall file any reports required to be filed by it under the Securities Act and the Exchange Act and shall take such further action as the holders of Registrable Securities may reasonably request, all to the extent required from time to time to enable such holders to sell Registrable Securities without registration under the Securities Act within the limitation of the exemptions provided by Rule 144 under the Securities Act, as such Rules may be amended from time to time, or any similar rule or regulation hereafter adopted by the Commission.

6. LOCK-UP AGREEMENTS

- 6.1 Company Investor Lock-Up. During the Lock-up Period, subject to Section 6.3, each Company Investor agrees that such Company Investor shall not Transfer any (i) shares of Common Stock or any equity securities convertible into or exercisable or exchangeable (directly or indirectly) for shares of Common Stock that were issued to such Company Investor pursuant to the PCT Merger on the date of this Agreement or (ii) Earnout Shares ("Lock-up Common Stock").
- 6.2 <u>Hedging Included</u>. The foregoing restriction is expressly agreed to preclude each Company Investor during the Lock-up Period from engaging in any hedging or other transaction which is designed to or which reasonably could be expected to lead to or result in a sale or disposition of such Company Investor's shares of Lock-up Common Stock even if such shares of Lock-up Common Stock would be disposed of by someone other than the undersigned. Such prohibited hedging or other transactions during such periods would include without limitation any short sale or any purchase, sale or grant of any right (including without limitation any put or call option) with respect to any of the Company Investor's shares of Lock-up Common Stock or with respect to any security that includes, relates to, or derives any significant part of its value from such shares of Lock-up Common Stock.
- 6.3 Lock-up Exceptions. Notwithstanding anything else to the contrary in this Agreement, subject to the conditions below, each Company Investor may Transfer its shares of Lock-up Common Stock in connection with (i) transfers or distributions to such Company Investor's direct or indirect affiliates (within the meaning of Rule 405 under the Securities Act of 1933) or to the estates of any of the foregoing; (ii) transfers by bona fide gift to a member of such Company Investor's immediate family or to a trust, the beneficiary of which is such Company Investor or a member of such Company Investor's immediate family for estate planning purposes; (iii) by virtue of the laws of descent and distribution upon death of such Company Investor; (iv) pursuant to a qualified domestic relations order, (v) transfers to ParentCo's officers, directors or their affiliates, (vi) pledges of shares of Lock-up Common Stock as security or collateral in connection with a borrowing or the incurrence of any indebtedness by such Company Investor (provided, however, that such borrowing or incurrence of indebtedness is secured by either a portfolio of assets or equity interests issued by multiple issuers), (vii) transfers pursuant to a bona fide third-party tender offer, merger, stock sale, recapitalization, consolidation or other transaction involving a Change in Control (as defined in the Merger Agreement) (provided, however, that in the event that such tender offer, merger, recapitalization, consolidation or other such transaction is not completed, the shares of Lock-up Common Stock subject to this Agreement shall remain subject to this Agreement), (viii) the establishment of a trading plan pursuant to Rule 10b5-1 promulgated under the Exchange Act (provided, however, that such plan does not provide for the transfer of the shares of Lock-up Common Stock during the Lock-Up Period. (ix) transfers to satisfy tax withholding obligations in connection with the exercise of options to purchase shares of Common Stock or the vesting of stock-based awards, (x) in the case of Innventure LLC, transfers to Silver Leaf Capital Partners, LLC, Pickwick Capital Partners, LLC and Innventus Fund I, L.P. (or transfers to Innventure1, LLC for further transfer by Innventure 1, LLC to such parties) pursuant to purchase option or similar agreements of up to an aggregate of the number of shares of Common Stock that would have been received in exchange for 16,628 Class B-1 Units (as defined in the Merger Agreement) in the PCT Merger, (xi) in the case of Rick Brenner, transfers in the aggregate of up to the number of shares of Common Stock that were received in exchange for 75,000 Class A Units (as defined in the Merger Agreement) in the PCT Merger; (xii) Lock-Up Shares that were received in the PCT Merger in exchange for the Company LLC Interests (as defined in the Merger Agreement) issued in connection pursuant to the Pre-Pipe Financing (as defined in the Merger Agreement) and (xiii) transfers by Innventure, LLC to its member Innventure1, LLC and further transfers by Innventure1, LLC to its members; provided, however, that, in the case of any transfer pursuant to the foregoing clauses (i) through (v) and clauses (x), (xi) and (xiii), it shall be a condition to any such transfer that (i) the transferee or donee agrees to be bound by the terms of this Agreement (including, without limitation, the restrictions set forth in the preceding sentence) to the same extent as if such person were a party hereto; and (ii) each party (donor, donee, transferor or transferee) shall not be required by law (including without limitation the disclosure requirements of the Securities Act and the Exchange Act) to make, and shall agree to not voluntarily make, any filing or public announcement of the transfer or disposition prior to the expiration of the Lock-Up Period.

7. BOARD OF DIRECTORS AND COMMITTEES.

- 7.1 <u>Initial ParentCo Directors</u>. Immediately following the consummation of the RH Merger, the ParentCo Board will be comprised of: seven Directors, two of whom shall be the ROCH Initial Directors (each of whom shall qualify as an "independent director" under Rule 5605(a)(2) of the listing rules of the Nasdaq Stock Market (or any successor rule) as interpreted by Staff Letter 2008-11 (an "<u>Independent Director</u>")) and the remainder of whom shall be Company Initial Directors (two of whom shall qualify as Independent Directors).
- 7.2 ROCH Directors. From and after the date hereof until the second anniversary of the date of this Agreement (the "ROCH Director Designation Period"), at each annual or special meeting of stockholders of ParentCo, ROCH Investors who represent a majority in interest of the Registrable Securities held by all ROCH Investors shall have the right to designate for election as a director of ParentCo, and the ParentCo Board (including any committee thereof) shall nominate (and recommend for election and include such recommendation in a timely manner in any proxy statement, consent solicitation or other applicable announcement to ParentCo's stockholders) two individuals to serve as a Director of ParentCo (each of whom shall qualify as an Independent Director) (each a "ROCH Designated Director"); provided, however that, during the ROCH Director Designation Period, for so long as the Pre-PIPE Investors hold 10% or more of the outstanding shares of Common Stock, the ROCH Investors will designate as one of the two ROCH Designated Directors the individual designated by the Pre-PIPE Investors who represent a majority in interest of the Registrable Securities held by all Pre-PIPE Investors.
- 7.3 <u>Pre-PIPE Financing Director</u>. From and after the expiration of the ROCH Director Designation Period until the Pre-PIPE Investors no longer hold 10% or more of the outstanding shares of Common Stock (the "<u>Pre-PIPE Director Designation Period</u>," together with the ROCH Director Designation Period, each a "<u>Director Designation Period</u>"), the Pre-PIPE Investors who represent a majority in interest of the Registrable Securities held by all Pre-PIPE Investors shall have the right to designate for election as a director of ParentCo, and the ParentCo Board (including any committee thereof) shall nominate (and recommend for election and include such recommendation in a timely manner in any proxy statement, consent solicitation or other applicable announcement to ParentCo's stockholders) one individual to serve as a Director of ParentCo (who shall qualify as an Independent Director) (each, a "<u>Pre-PIPE Designated Director</u>," together with the ROCH Designated Directors, each a "<u>Designated Director</u>").

- 7.4 <u>Director Vacancies</u>. Each Investor agrees to vote, or cause to be voted, all shares of Common Stock owned by such Investor, or over which such Investor has voting control, from time to time and at all times, in whatever manner as shall be necessary to ensure that: (a) no Designated Director may be removed from office unless: (i) such removal is directed or approved by the affirmative vote of the ROCH Investors entitled under Section 7.2 to designate such ROCH Designated Director or the affirmative vote of the Pre-PIPE Investors entitled under Section 7.3 to designate such Pre-PIPE Designated Director, as applicable; or (ii) the applicable Director Designation Period has expired; and (b) during the applicable Director Designation Period, any vacancies created by the resignation, removal or death of a Designated Director shall be filled pursuant to the provisions of this Section 7. ParentCo and the ParentCo Board shall take all actions necessary to fill such vacancy with such replacement Designated Director promptly upon written notice to ParentCo of the name of such replacement director by the ROCH Investors entitled under Section 7.2 to designate such ROCH Designated Director or the Pre-PIPE Investors entitled under Section 7.3 to designate such Pre-PIPE Designated Director, as applicable.
- 7.5 <u>Proxy.</u> During the applicable Director Designation Period, by execution of this Agreement, each Investor does hereby appoint ParentCo with full power of substitution and resubstitution, as the Investor's true and lawful attorney and irrevocable proxy, to the fullest extent of the Investor's rights with respect to the shares of Common Stock owned by such Investor as of the date of this Agreement or hereafter acquired, to vote, each of such shares of Common Stock solely with respect to the matters set forth in this <u>Section 7</u>. Each Investor intends this proxy to be irrevocable during the applicable Director Designation Period and coupled with an interest hereunder and hereby revokes any proxy previously granted by such Investor with respect to the shares of Common Stock owned by such Investor as of the date of this Agreement or hereafter acquired.

8. MISCELLANEOUS.

8.1 Other Registration Rights and Arrangements. Other than (a) a holder of the Registrable Securities, (b) a holder of securities registrable under the Convertible Notes Registration Rights Agreement and (c) a holder of securities registrable under the PIPE Registration Rights Agreement, ParentCo represents and warrants that no person has any right to require ParentCo to register any of ParentCo's share capital for sale or to include ParentCo's share capital in any registration filed by ParentCo for the sale of shares for its own account or for the account of any other person. ROCH and the ROCH Investors hereby terminate the Prior ROCH Agreement, which shall be of no further force and effect and is hereby superseded and replaced in its entirety by this Agreement. ParentCo shall not hereafter enter into any agreement with respect to its securities which is inconsistent with or violates the rights granted to the holders of Registrable Securities in this Agreement (other than, for the avoidance of doubt, the Convertible Notes Registration Rights Agreement and the PIPE Registration Rights Agreement or agreements and this Agreement, the terms of this Agreement shall prevail.

8.2 <u>Assignment; No Third Party Beneficiaries.</u> This Agreement and the rights, duties and obligations of ParentCo hereunder may not be assigned or delegated by ParentCo in whole or in part. This Agreement and the rights, duties and obligations of the holders of Registrable Securities hereunder may be freely assigned or delegated by such holder of Registrable Securities in conjunction with and to the extent of any permitted transfer of Registrable Securities by any such holder. This Agreement and the provisions hereof shall be binding upon and shall inure to the benefit of each of the parties hereto and their respective successors and assigns and the holders of Registrable Securities and their respective successors and permitted assigns. This Agreement is not intended to confer any rights or benefits on any persons that are not party hereto other than as expressly set forth in Section 4 and this Section 8.2. The rights of a holder of Registrable Securities under this Agreement may be transferred by such a holder to a transferee who acquires or holds Registrable Securities; provided, however, that such transfere has executed and delivered to ParentCo a properly completed agreement to be bound by the terms of this Agreement substantially in form attached hereto as Exhibit A (an "Addendum Agreement"), and the transferor shall have delivered to ParentCo no later than thirty (30) days following the date of the transfer, written notification of such transfer setting forth the name of the transferor, the name and address of the transferee, and the number of Registrable Securities so transferred. The execution of an Addendum Agreement shall constitute a permitted amendment of this Agreement.

8.3 Amendments and Modifications. Upon the written consent of ParentCo, the Holders of at least a majority in interest of the Registrable Securities at the time in question, compliance with any of the provisions, covenants and conditions set forth in this Agreement may be waived, or any of such provisions, covenants or conditions may be amended or modified; provided, however, that notwithstanding the foregoing, any amendment hereto or waiver hereof that adversely affects one Holder, solely in his, her or its capacity as a holder of the shares of capital stock of ParentCo, in a manner that is materially different from the other Holders (in such capacity) shall require the consent of the Holder so affected. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the foregoing, (a) the rights of the ROCH Investors pursuant to Section 1 (with respect to the definition of "Registrable Securities"), Section 2.1.5, Section 2.2.1, Section 2.2.2, Section 6.1, Section 7.2, Section 7.4, this clause (a) of Section 8.3 and clause (2) of Section 8.4 shall only be waived, amended and modified by the ROCH Investors who hold a majority in interest of the Registrable Securities held by all ROCH Investors at the time in question, and (b) the rights of the Pre-PIPE Investors pursuant to Section 7.3, Section 7.4, this clause (b) of Section 8.3 and clause (2) of Section 8.4 shall only be waived, amended and modified by the Pre-PIPE Investors who hold a majority in interest of the Registrable Securities held by all Pre-PIPE Investors at the time in question. No course of dealing between any Holder or ParentCo and any other party hereto or any failure or delay on the part of a Holder or ParentCo in exercising any rights or remedies under this Agreement shall operate as a waiver of any rights or remedies of any Holder or ParentCo. No single or partial exercise of any rights or remedies under this Agreement by a party shall operate as a waiver or preclude the exercise of any there rights or remedies hereunder or thereunder by such party. Notwithsta

8.4 <u>Term.</u> This Agreement shall terminate upon the earlier of (i) the fifth anniversary of the date of this Agreement or (ii) the date as of which (A) all of the Registrable Securities have been sold pursuant to a Registration Statement (but in no event prior to the applicable period referred to in Section 4(a)(3) of the Securities Act and Rule 174 thereunder (or any successor rule promulgated thereafter by the Commission)) or (B) the Holders of all Registrable Securities are permitted to sell the Registrable Securities under Rule 144 (or any similar provision) under the Securities Act without limitation on the amount of securities sold or the manner of sale; provided further that (1) with respect to any Investor, such Investor will have no rights under this Agreement and all obligations of ParentCo to such Investor under this Agreement shall terminate upon the earlier of (x) the date such Investor ceases to hold at least [•] Registrable Securities or (y) if such Investor is an executive officer of the Company as of immediately prior to the consummation of the PCT Merger, the date such Investor no longer serves as an executive officer of ParentCo and (2) Section 7 will survive until the expiration of each of the Director Designation Periods.

8.5 Notices. All notices, demands, requests, consents, approvals or other communications (collectively, "Notices") required or permitted to be given hereunder or which are given with respect to this Agreement shall be in writing and shall be personally served, delivered by reputable air courier service with charges prepaid, or transmitted by email, addressed as set forth below, or to such other address as such party shall have specified most recently by written notice. Notice shall be deemed given (i) on the date of service or transmission if personally served or transmitted by email; provided, that if such service or transmission is not on a Business Day or is after 5:00 pm Eastern time, then such notice shall be deemed given on the next Business Day and (ii) one Business Day after being deposited with a reputable courier service with an order for next-day delivery, to the parties as follows:

If to ROCH:

Roth CH Acquisition I Co. 888 San Clemente Drive, Suite 400 Newport Beach, CA 92660 Attention: Byron Roth E-mail: broth@roth.com with a copy to:

Loeb & Loeb 345 Park Avenue, 19th Floor_ New York, NY 10154 Attention: Mitchell S. Nussbaum, Esq. E-mail: mnussbaum@loeb.com

If to the ParentCo or the Company, to:

PureCycle Technologies, LLC 5950 Hazeltine National Drive, Suite 650 Orlando, FL 32822 Attention: Michael Otworth, CEO E-mail: motworth@innventure.com

with a copy to:

Jones Day 1420 Peachtree St. Atlanta, Georgia 30309

Attention: Bryan E. Davis, Patrick S. Baldwin

E-mail: <u>bedavis@jonesday.com</u>; <u>pbaldwin@jonesday.com</u>

If to an Investor, to the address set forth under such Investor's signature to this Agreement or to such Investor's address as found in ParentCo's books and records.

- 8.6 Severability. This Agreement shall be deemed severable, and the invalidity or unenforceability of any term or provision hereof shall not affect the validity or enforceability of this Agreement or of any other term or provision hereof. Furthermore, in lieu of any such invalid or unenforceable term or provision, the parties hereto intend that there shall be added as a part of this Agreement a provision as similar in terms to such invalid or unenforceable provision as may be possible that is valid and enforceable.
- 8.7 <u>Counterparts</u>. This Agreement may be executed in multiple counterparts, each of which shall be deemed an original, and all of which taken together shall constitute one and the same instrument. Signatures of the parties transmitted by facsimile or electronic transmission (including via DocuSign) will be deemed to be their original signatures for all purposes.
- 8.8 Entire Agreement. This Agreement (including all agreements entered into pursuant hereto and all certificates and instruments delivered pursuant hereto and thereto) constitute the entire agreement of the parties with respect to the subject matter hereof and supersede all prior and contemporaneous agreements, representations, understandings, negotiations and discussions between the parties, whether oral or written, including without limitation the Prior ROCH Agreement and the Prior Company Agreement.
- 8.9 Titles and Headings. Titles and headings of sections of this Agreement are for convenience only and shall not affect the construction of any provision of this Agreement.

- 8.10 Waivers and Extensions. Any party to this Agreement may waive any right, breach or default which such party has the right to waive, provided that such waiver will not be effective against the waiving party unless it is in writing, is signed by such party, and specifically refers to this Agreement. Waivers may be made in advance or after the right waived has arisen or the breach or default waived has occurred. Any waiver may be conditional. No waiver of any breach of any agreement or provision herein contained shall be deemed a waiver of any preceding or succeeding breach thereof nor of any other agreement or provision herein contained. No waiver or extension of time for performance of any obligations or acts shall be deemed a waiver or extension of the time for performance of any other obligations or acts.
- 8.11 Governing Law. This Agreement shall be governed by, interpreted under, and construed in accordance with the internal laws of the State of New York applicable to agreements made and to be performed within the State of New York, without giving effect to any choice-of-law provisions thereof that would compel the application of the substantive laws of any other jurisdiction.
- 8.12 Consent to Jurisdiction; Waiver of Trial by Jury. The parties hereto agree to submit any matter or dispute resulting from or arising out of the execution, performance, interpretation, breach or termination of this Agreement to the non-exclusive jurisdiction of federal or state courts within the State of New York. Each of the parties agrees that service of any process, summons, notice or document in the manner set forth in Section 8.5 hereof or in such other manner as may be permitted by applicable law, shall be effective service of process for any proceeding in the State of New York with respect to any matters to which it has submitted to jurisdiction in this Section 8.13. Each of the parties hereto irrevocably and unconditionally agrees that it is subject to, and hereby submits to, the personal jurisdiction of the courts located in the State of New York for any action, suit or proceeding arising out of this Agreement or the transactions contemplated hereunder and waives any objection to the laying of venue in the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York, or the New York state courts if the federal jurisdictional standards are not satisfied, and hereby further irrevocably and unconditionally waives and agrees not to plead or claim in any such court that any such action, suit or proceeding brought in any such court has been brought in an inconvenient forum. TO THE FULLEST EXTENT PERMITTED BY APPLICABLE LAW, EACH OF THE PARTIES HEREBY IRREVOCABLY WAIVES ITS RIGHTS TO A TRIAL BY JURY.

[Signature Page Follows]

N WITNESS WHEREOF	, the parties have caused this Inves	stor Rights Agreement to b	e executed and delivered by	their duly authorized	d representatives as of	the date first
vritten above						

[Signature Page to Investor Rights Agreement]

ROTH CH ACQUISITION I CO.		
By: Name: Title:	Byron Roth Chief Executive Officer and Chairman of the Board	
PURECY	CLE TECHNOLOGIES, LLC	
By: Name: Title:		
котн с	H ACQUISITION I CO. PARENT CORP.	
By: Name: Title:	Byron Roth Chief Executive Officer and Chairman of the Board	
ROCH II	NVESTORS:	
ROTH C	APITAL PARTNERS, LLC	
By: Name: Title: Address:	Byron Roth Member 888 San Clemente Drive, Suite 400 Newport Beach, CA 92660	
CRAIG-HALLUM CAPITAL GROUP LLC		
Title:	Rick Hartfiel Member 222 South 9th Street, Suite 350 Minneapolis, MN 55402	

AMG TRUST ESTABLISHED JANUARY 23, 2007

By:	
Name: Title: Address:	Aaron Gurewitz Trustee 888 San Clemente Drive, Suite 400 Newport Beach, CA 92660
By:	Byron Roth
Name:	888 San Clemente Drive, Suite 400
Address:	Newport Beach, CA 92660
By:	Gordon Roth
Name:	888 San Clemente Drive, Suite 400
Address:	Newport Beach, CA 92660
By:	John Lipman
Name:	222 South 9th Street, Suite 350
Address:	Minneapolis, MN 55402
By: Name: Address:	Rick Hartfiel 222 South 9th Street, Suite 350 Minneapolis, MN 55402
By:	Aaron Gurewitz
Name:	888 San Clemente Drive, Suite 400
Address:	Newport Beach, CA 92660
By:	Molly Hemmeter
Name:	c/o Roth CH Acquisition I Co. 888 San Clemente Drive, Suite 400
Address:	Newport Beach, CA 92660
By: Name: Address:	Newport Beach, CA 92660
estor Rights	s Agreement]

[Signature Page to Investor Rights Agreement]

HAMPSTEAD PARK CAPITAL MANAGEMENT, LLC

By:		
Name	Daniel Friedberg	
Title:	/ Pol CHA COM	
Addre	ss: c/o Roth CH Acquisition I Co. 888 San Clemente Drive, Suite 400	
	Newport Beach, CA 92660	
	Newport Beach, CA 92000	
COM	PANY INVESTORS:	
PURE	PURE CROWN LLC	
By: H	ICC Manager LLC	
By:		
Name		
Title:		
Addre	SS:	
	ENTURE, LLC	
By:		
Name: Title:		
Addre	se.	
Addic	55.	
WE-II	NN LLC	
By:		
Name		
Title:		
Addre	ss:	
	SON FAMILY 2015 GST IRREVOCABLE GIFT TRUST	
By: Name:		
Title:		
Addre	SS:	
[Signature Page to Investor Rig		

ASSURED SOLUTIONS COMPANY, LTD.

By:	
Name:	
Title:	
Address:	
DAM IN	SURANCE MANAGEMENT, LTD.
By:	
Name:	
Title:	
Address:	
GLEIM	INSURANCE MANAGEMENT LTD.
By:	
Name:	
Title:	
Address:	
PATRIO	T INSURANCE MANAGEMENT, LTD.
By:	
Name:	
Title:	
Address:	
By:	
Name:	David Brenner
Address:	12263 Regal Lily Lane
	Orlando FL 32827
D	
By: Name:	John Scott
	14355 80 th Ave
Address.	Sebastian, FL 32958
	Scoastian, FL 32936
By:	
Name:	Michael Otworth
Address:	409 Cunningham St.
	Maryville, TN 37803
[Signature Page to Investor Right:	s Agreement]

Address:	Rick Brenner 12173 Aztec Rose Lane Orlando, FL 32827
By: Name:	[·]
Address: [Signature Page to Investor Rights	

EXHIBIT A

Addendum Agreement

This Addendum Agreement ("Addendum Agreement") is executed on, 2	0, by the undersigned (the 'New Holder') pursuant to the terms of that
certain Investor Rights Agreement dated as of [●], 2021 (the "Agreement"), by and among Pare	entCo and the Investors identified therein, as such Agreement may be amended,
supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time. Capitalized terms used but not defined	n this Addendum Agreement shall have the respective meanings ascribed to such
terms in the Agreement. By the execution of this Addendum Agreement, the New Holder agree	s as follows:

- 1. <u>Acknowledgment.</u> New Holder acknowledges that New Holder is acquiring certain shares of Common Stock of ParentCo (the <u>Shares</u>") as a transferee of such Shares from a party in such party's capacity as a holder of Registrable Securities under the Agreement, and after such transfer, New Holder shall be considered an "Investor" and a holder of Registrable Securities for all purposes under the Agreement.
- 2. Agreement. New Holder hereby (a) agrees that the Shares shall be bound by and subject to the terms of the Agreement and (b) adopts the Agreement with the same force and effect as if the New Holder were originally a party thereto.
- 3. Notice. Any notice required or permitted by the Agreement shall be given to New Holder at the address or facsimile number listed below New Holder's signature below.

AMENDED AND RESTATED PURCHASE OPTION AGREEMENT

THIS AMENDED AND RESTATED PURCHASE OPTION AGREEMENT (this "Agreement"), is made as of November 20, 2020, by and between Purecycle Technologies LLC, a Delaware limited liability company (the "Purecycle"), Roth CH Acquisition I Co. Parent Corp. (and after the SPAC Merger Closing (as defined below), PureCycle Technologies, Inc.), a Delaware corporation (the "Company") and AptarGroup, Inc., a Delaware corporation ("Purchaser"). Reference is made to that certain Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated as of November 16, 2020, by and among Purecycle, the Company and certain other parties thereto (the "Merger Agreement"). Capitalized terms used but not defined in this Agreement have the meanings ascribed to them in the Merger Agreement.

PRELIMINARY STATEMENTS

- A. Purecycle and Purchaser previously entered into that certain Class B-1 Preferred Unit Purchase Agreement, dated as of August 30, 2019 (the 'Original Purchase Agreement''), pursuant to which Purecycle agreed to sell or issue to Purchaser Class B-1 Preferred Units of Purecycle ('Units'') in accordance with the terms set forth there.
- B. Pursuant to the terms of the Original Purchase Agreement, Purchaser exercised its option to purchase additional Units in connection with the Testing Milestone (as defined in the Original Purchase Agreement), and on the date hereof, Purchaser holds the option to purchase additional Units following the satisfaction or completion (or Purchaser's waiver) of the FDA Milestone (as defined in the Original Purchase Agreement) and the Additional Investment Option (as defined in the Original Purchase Agreement).
- C. Pursuant to the terms of the Original Purchase Agreement, Purecycle agreed to issue additional Units at each FTE Closing (as defined in the Original Purchase Agreement). Purecycle issued 8,864 Units to Purchaser at the first FTE Closing, and, subject to the terms and conditions of the Original Purchase Agreement, Purecycle must issue additional Units to Purchaser upon the completion of the FTE Service Requirements (as defined in the Original Purchase Agreement) for the one-year periods ending August 30, 2021 and August 30, 2022.
- D. On the date hereof, Purecycle, the Company, Roth CH Acquisition I Co., a Delaware corporation ("Parent"), and certain other parties thereto are entering into the Merger Agreement, pursuant to which, among other things, through a series of statutory mergers involving Purecycle, Parent and certain affiliates thereof, Purecycle will become a wholly-owned indirect subsidiary of the Company, and the holders of Units will receive a number of shares of common stock of the Company, par value of \$0.001 ("Holdings Common Shares"), determined in accordance with the terms of the Merger Agreement (such matters and actions described in the Merger Agreement collectively, the "Transactions").
- E. Purecycle and Purchaser desire to amend and restate the Original Purchase Agreement with this Agreement, effective as of the date of the SPAC Merger Closing (the "Effective Date"), conditioned upon the consummation of the Transactions, such that, among other things, in lieu of any issuances by Purecycle to Purchaser of additional Units pursuant to the Original Purchase Agreement, after the Effective Date, the Company would issue to Purchaser an equivalent number of Holdings Common Shares, subject to the terms and conditions set forth herein.

The parties hereby agree as follows:

Issuance of Holdings Common Shares.

1.1 Issuance of Holdings Common Shares.

(a) Purchaser shall have the option to purchase additional Holdings Common Shares from the Company in exchange for payment to be made by Purchaser of One Million Dollars (\$1,000,000.00) (the "Milestone Tranche"), at the Milestone Closing (as defined below). The Milestone Closing shall be subject to the satisfaction or completion (or Purchaser's waiver) of the FDA Letter Milestone (as defined below) and the conditions set forth in Section 4.1. Purchaser may exercise such option, in its sole discretion, by delivery of written notice to the Company (the "Exercise Notice") no more than twenty (20) days after satisfaction of the FDA Milestone, to call for the Milestone Closing, at which the Purchaser shall purchase and pay to the Company, the Milestone Tranche, and the Company shall sell and issue to Purchaser, 235,796 Holdings Common Shares (subject to appropriate adjustment in the event of any stock dividend, stock split, combination or other similar recapitalization with respect to Holdings Common Shares), subject to the terms and conditions set forth herein.

(b) The FTE Closings (as defined below) shall be subject to the completion of an FTE Service Requirement (as defined below) set forth in Section 2.7 of that certain Strategic Supply Agreement executed by and between Purecycle and Purchaser, dated as of August 30, 2019 (as amended from time to time, the "Strategic Supply Agreement"), and of the terms and conditions thereof. Within five (5) days after completion of each year of an FTE Service Requirement, as reasonably determined by the Company, the Company shall issue to Purchaser, that number of additional Holdings Common Shares equal to the quotient of Three Hundred Thirty-Three Thousand Three Hundred Thirty-Three Cents (\$333,333.33) divided by the Current Fair Market Value.

(c) In the event that either (i) prior to the Effective Date, Purchaser invests the Milestone Tranche (as defined in the Original Purchase Agreement) in connection with FDA Milestone (as defined in the Original Purchase Agreement) pursuant to the terms of the Original Purchase Agreement or (ii) on or following the Effective Date, Purchaser invests the Milestone Tranche pursuant to Section 1.1(a), then Purchaser shall have an additional option (the "Additional Investment Option"), in its sole discretion, to purchase additional Holdings Common Share from the Company in exchange for one payment to be made by Purchaser in the amount of Five Million Dollars (\$5,000,000.00) (the "Additional Investment Amount"). Exercise of the Additional Investment Option must be made within sixty (60) days from the date of (A) the last Milestone Closing (as defined in the Original Purchase Agreement) under the Original Purchase Agreement or (B) the Milestone Closing under Section 1.1(a) (as applicable), by Purchaser's delivery to the Company of written notice of Purchaser's exercise of the Additional Investment Option (the "Additional Investment Notice"). At the closing of the Additional Investment Option (the "Additional Investment Notice, Purchaser shall purchase and pay to the Company the Additional Investment Amount, and the Company shall sell and issue to Purchaser, that number of additional Holdings Common Share equal to the quotient determined by dividing the Additional Investment Amount by the Current Fair Market Value, subject to the terms and conditions set forth herein.

- 1.2 Closing; Delivery. Each Closing shall take place remotely via the exchange of documents and signatures, at 1:00 p.m. Pacific time on the applicable closing date, or at such other time and place as the Company and Purchaser mutually agree upon, orally or in writing. The Milestone Closing (if applicable) shall occur no later than fifteen (15) trading days from the date Purchaser delivers to the Company an Exercise Notice. In the event there is more than one closing, the term "Closing" shall apply to each such closing unless otherwise specified, including the Milestone Closing, the FTE Closings and the Additional Investment Closing, as applicable.
- 1.3 Delivery. The parties acknowledge and agree that the Holdings Common Shares are uncertificated. Promptly following each Closing, the Company shall cause its transfer agent to update the applicable records of the Company to reflect the issuance of the Holdings Common Share being issued to Purchaser at each Closing. Further, prior to or at each Closing, the parties shall deliver to each other those items set forth in Section 4 and Section 5.
- 1.4 Defined Terms Used in this Agreement. In addition to the terms defined above or elsewhere in this Agreement, unless expressly noted otherwise, the following terms used in this Agreement shall be construed to have the meanings set forth or referenced below.
- (a) "Affiliate" means, with respect to any specified Person, any other Person who, directly or indirectly, controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with such Person, including, without limitation, any general partner, managing member, officer, director or trustee of such Person, or any venture capital fund or registered investment company now or hereafter existing that is controlled by one or more general partners, managing members or investment advisers of, or shares the same management company or investment adviser with, such Person.
- **(b)** "Business" means (i) the research, development, manufacture, marketing, distribution, sale, and other exploitation of ultra-pure recycled polypropylene and (ii) the Company's business as now conducted and as presently proposed to be conducted.
 - (c) "Code" means the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.
- (d) "Company Intellectual Property" means all Technology and Intellectual Property Rights necessary for the conduct of the Business by the Company as now conducted and as presently proposed to be conducted.
- (e) "Current Fair Market Value" means, with respect to a Holdings Common Share, (i) if Holdings Common Shares are listed and traded on the New York Stock Exchange, the NYSE American, the NASDAQ Global Select Market, the NASDAQ Global Market or the NASDAQ Capital Market (each, a "Trading Market"), the volume weighted average of the closing price of one Holding Common Share on such Trading Market for the 10 trading days ending on the third trading day immediately prior to the applicable Closing; (ii) if the Holdings Common Shares are not listed on a Trading Market, but are traded in the over-the-counter market, the volume weighted average of the bid price on such Trading Market for the 20 trading days ending on the third trading day immediately prior to the applicable Closing; or (iii) if there is no active public market for the Holdings Common Shares, the value determined in good faith by the Company's board of directors.

- (f) "FDA" means the United States Food and Drug Administration.
- (g) "FDA Letter Milestone" means the Company's delivery to Purchaser of a written notification and supporting evidence, including written confirmation from Wiley Rein LLP, the Company's regulatory legal counsel, that the Company (a) has successfully completed all testing the Company reasonably believes, in consultation with Wiley Rein LLP, is required to obtain a "letter of no objection" from the FDA that UPRP is intended for use at levels of up to one hundred percent (100%) recycled content in manufacturing polypropylene articles for contact with all food types under Table 2 Conditions of Use, A-H of the "Food Types & Conditions of Use for Food Contact Substances" tables promulgated by the FDA and (b) has submitted a request to the FDA for such letter of no objection, along with all data and other materials Purecycle reasonably believes, in consultation with Wiley Rein LLP, is required to obtain such letter.
- (h) "FTE Closing" means a Closing which shall occur upon the satisfaction of an FTE Service Requirement in accordance with the terms and conditions of Section 1.1(b).
- (i) "FTE Service Requirement" means the services of Purchaser's employees equal to one full-time equivalent employee, who collectively shall render support services to the Company and its subsidiaries over each of three (3) consecutive one-year periods (the first of which began on August 30, 2019) in accordance with the terms and conditions set forth in the Strategic Supply Agreement, to the Company's reasonable satisfaction.
- (j) "Governmental Authority" means any United States federal, state, or local or any foreign government, governmental, regulatory, or administrative authority, agency, or commission, or any court, tribunal, or judicial or arbitral body.
- (k) "Intellectual Property Rights" means any and all of the following in any jurisdiction throughout the world: (i) patents, patent applications (including provisional patent applications) and statutory invention registrations, including reissues, divisionals, continuations, industrial design registrations and applications, continuations in part, renewals, extensions and reexaminations thereof, all patents which may issue on such applications, and all rights therein provided by international treaties or conventions; (ii) trademarks, service marks, trade names, trade dress, brand names, product names, logos, designs, slogans, proprietary designations, and all goodwill associated with the foregoing, any and all common law rights therein, all registrations and applications for registration of any of the foregoing, all rights therein provided by international treaties or conventions, and all extensions and renewals of any of the foregoing; (iii) all rights associated with works of authorship, including copyrightable works, copyrights (including for software), moral rights, mask works, and database rights, whether or not registered, and registrations and applications for registration of any of the foregoing, and all rights therein provided by international treaties or conventions; (iv) rights associated with Technology, including any rights arising as a "trade secret" under applicable Law; (v) domain names, internet addresses, URLs, social media accounts, and any applicable registrations pertaining to any of the foregoing; and (vi) all other intellectual property rights, industrial property rights, and related proprietary rights, interests, and projections of every kind and nature, however designated or arising.

- (I) "Investor Rights Agreement" means that certain Investor Rights Agreement, to be dated as of the date of the SPAC Merger Closing, by and among the Company, Purchaser and certain other equityholders of the Company.
- (m) "Key Employee" means the following officers of the Company: Michael Otworth; Chris Talarek; David Brenner; Jason Vititoe; Michael Dee; and Gene Guerra.
- (n) "Knowledge" including the phrase "to the Company's knowledge" shall mean the actual knowledge after reasonable investigation of the following individuals: Michael Dee; Michael Otworth; Chris Talarek; Jason Vititoe; Scott Brown; and David Brenner.
 - (o) "Law" means any law, statute, code, ordinance, regulation, or rule of any Governmental Authority.
- (p) "Material Adverse Effect" means a material adverse effect on the Business, assets (including intangible assets), liabilities, financial condition, property, or results of operations of the Company and its subsidiaries (taken as a whole); provided, however, that none of the following shall constitute, or shall be considered in determining whether a such a material adverse effect has occurred: (i) the announcement or execution of this Agreement; (ii) changes in financial markets as a whole; (iii) changes in general economic conditions that affect the industries in which the Company (and its subsidiaries) conduct business, including related to the supply and price of goods used by the Company and its subsidiaries (taken as a whole) to conduct its Business; or (iv) any change in applicable Law, rule or regulation, or GAAP or interpretation thereof.
- (q) "Milestone Closing" means the optional Closing which shall occur if exercised by the Purchaser in accordance with the terms and conditions of Section 1.1(a).
 - (r) "Person" means any individual, corporation, partnership, trust, limited liability company, association or other entity.
 - (s) "P&G" means The Procter & Gamble Company.
- (t) "P&G License" means the Patent License Agreement between the Company (formerly known as Advanced Resin Technologies LLC) and P&G dated October 16, 2015.
- (u) "Phase 2 Supply" means the five hundred (500) pounds of UPRP to be delivered by the Company to the Purchaser as soon as August 31, 2019 and no later than October 31, 2019, in accordance with the Strategic Supply Agreement.

- (v) "Securities Act' means the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder.
- (w) "Side Letter" means the agreement between the Company and Purchaser, dated as of August 30, 2019.
- (x) "Service Providers" means any current or former employee, officer, director, advisor, consultant, or independent contractor of the Company or its subsidiaries.
 - (y) "SPAC Merger Closing" has the meaning ascribed to the term "Closing" as such term is defined in the Merger Agreement.
- (z) "Technical Employee" means each of the individuals who either alone or in concert with others develops, invents, programs or designs any Company Intellectual Property who, for clarity, are: John Layman; George Scholtsky; Fred Fiscus; Ryan Risch; and Hans Schonemann.
- (aa) "Technology" means all of the following, in written, electronic, oral, graphic, or other tangible or intangible form, whether or not patentable, registrable, or capable of a precise separate description: (i) technology, formulae, algorithms, procedures, processes, methods, techniques, systems, know-how, ideas, models, concepts, practices, knowledge, creations, inventions and invention disclosures (whether or not reduced to practice), (ii) specifications, designs, models, flow-charts, architectures, devices, prototypes, schematics, manuals, quality control procedures, and tooling, (iii) regulatory filings, submissions, approvals, supporting information therefor, and correspondence with regulatory authorities, (iv) software, content, mask works, register-transfer level and gate-level descriptions, netlists, documentation, scripts, verification components, test components, test suites, and works of authorship, (v) analytical and quality control data, manufacturing data, databases, and data collections, and (vi) any other information, data, or materials related to the research, discovery, development, marketing, pricing, distribution, cost, sale, or manufacturing of products or services or the operation of a particular business.
- (bb) "Transaction Agreements" means this Agreement, the Original Purchase Agreement, the Investors Rights Agreement, and the Side Letter.
- **Representations and Warranties of the Company.** The Company hereby represents and warrants to the Purchaser that, except as set forth on the Disclosure Schedule attached as Exhibit A to this Agreement (the "Disclosure Schedule"), which exceptions shall be deemed to be part of the representations and warranties made hereunder, the following representations are true and complete as of the date of the applicable Closing, except as otherwise indicated. The Disclosure Schedule shall be arranged in sections corresponding to the numbered and lettered sections and Sections contained in this Section 2. For purposes of these representations and warranties (other than those in Section 2. 2, 2, 3, 2, 4, 2.5, and 2.6), the term the "Company" shall include any subsidiaries of the Company, unless otherwise noted herein.
- 2.1 Organization, Good Standing, Corporate Power and Qualification. The Company is a corporation duly organized, validly existing and in good standing under the Laws of the State of Delaware and has all requisite corporate power and authority to carry on its Business as now conducted and as presently proposed to be conducted. The Company is duly qualified to transact business and is in good standing in each jurisdiction in which the failure to so qualify would have a Material Adverse Effect

2.2 Capitalization.

- (a) Except as set forth in Section 2.2(a) of the Disclosure Schedule, the Company's capitalization is as set forth in its most recent registration statement prospectus or proxy statement (the "Recent Prospectus").
- (b) Except as set forth on Section 2.2(b) of the Disclosure Schedule or the Recent Prospectus, there are no (i) outstanding warrants, options, agreements, convertible securities, performance units or other commitments or instruments pursuant to which the Company is or may become obligated to issue or sell any Holdings Common Shares or other securities, (ii) outstanding obligations of the Company to repurchase, redeem or otherwise acquire outstanding Holdings Common Shares or any securities convertible into or exchangeable for any Holdings Common Shares, (iii) bonds, debentures, notes or other Indebtedness of the Company having the right to vote (or convertible into, or exchangeable for, securities having the right to vote) on any matters on which members of the Company may vote, are issued or outstanding, (iv) preemptive or similar rights to purchase or otherwise acquire Holdings Common Shares pursuant to any provision of Law, the Company's certificate of incorporation or other governing document or any Contract to which the Company is a party, or (v) any right of first refusal, right of first offer, proxy, voting trust, voting agreement or similar arrangement with respect to the sale or voting of the Holdings Common Shares.
- (c) Except as described on Section 2.2(c) of the Disclosure Schedule or the Recent Prospectus, no employee or other Person has a Contract or Benefit Arrangement that contemplates a grant of, or right to purchase or receive: (i) options, restricted stock awards or other equity awards with respect to the equity of the Company or (ii) other securities of the Company, that in each case, have not been issued or granted as of the date of this Agreement.
- (d) All Holdings Common Shares and other securities issued by the Company have been issued in transactions in accordance with all applicable Laws governing the issuance, sale and purchase of securities.
- 2.3 Subsidiaries. Except as set forth in Section 2.3 of the Disclosure Schedule, the Company does not currently own or control, directly or indirectly, any interest in any other corporation, partnership, trust, joint venture, limited liability company, association, or other business entity. The Company is not a participant in any joint venture, partnership or similar arrangement. Each subsidiary listed on Section 2.3 of the Disclosure Schedule is wholly owned by the Company.
- 2.4 Authorization. All action required to be taken by the board of directors (or other similar governing body) and the shareholders or members (as applicable) of the Company and Purecycle in order to authorize the Company and Purecycle, respectively, to enter into the Transaction Agreements, and to issue the Holdings Common Share at each Closing has been taken. All action on the part of the officers of the Company and Purecycle (as applicable) necessary for the execution and delivery of the Transaction Agreements, the performance of all obligations of the Company and Purecycle under the Transaction Agreements to be performed as of each Closing, and the issuance and delivery of the Holdings Common Share has been taken. The Transaction Agreements, when executed and delivered by the Company and Purecycle (as applicable), shall constitute valid and legally binding obligations of the Company and Purecycle (as applicable), enforceable against the Company or Purecycle (as applicable) in accordance with their respective terms except (i) as limited by applicable bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, moratorium, fraudulent conveyance, or other Laws of general application relating to or affecting the enforcement of creditors' rights generally, (ii) as limited by Laws relating to the availability of specific performance, injunctive relief, or other equitable remedies, or (iii) to the extent the indemnification provisions contained in the Investor Rights Agreement may be limited by applicable federal or state securities Laws.

- 2.5 Valid Issuance; Public Listing. The Holdings Common Share, when issued, sold and delivered in accordance with the terms and for the consideration set forth in this Agreement, will be validly issued, fully paid and nonassessable and free of restrictions on transfer other than restrictions on transfer under the Transaction Agreements, applicable state and federal securities Laws and, as to any Purchaser, liens or encumbrances created by or imposed by Purchaser. Assuming the accuracy of the representations of Purchaser in Section 3 of this Agreement, the Holdings Common Share will be issued in compliance with all applicable federal and state securities Laws. The Holdings Common Shares are listed on The Nasdaq Capital Stock Market, LLC ("Nasdaq"), with trading ticker PCT. There is no proceeding pending or, to the Knowledge of the Company, threatened against the Company by Nasdaq with respect to any intention by such entity to prohibit or terminate the listing of Holdings Common Shares on Nasdaq.
- 2.6 Governmental Consents and Filings. Assuming the accuracy of the representations made by Purchaser in Section 3 of this Agreement, no consent, approval, order or authorization of, or registration, qualification, designation, declaration or filing with, any federal, state or local governmental authority is required on the part of the Company in connection with the consummation of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement, except filings pursuant to Regulation D of the Securities Act, and applicable state securities Laws, which have been made or will be made in a timely manner.
- 2.7 Litigation. There is no claim, action, suit, proceeding, arbitration, complaint, charge or investigation pending, or to the Company's knowledge, currently threatened (i) against the Company or any officer, or director of the Company, (ii) against any Key Employee arising out of their employment or board relationship with the Company, (iii) that questions the validity of the Transaction Agreements or the right of the Company to enter into them, or to consummate the transactions contemplated by the Transaction Agreements; or (iv) to the Company's knowledge, that would reasonably be expected to have, either individually or in the aggregate, a Material Adverse Effect. Neither the Company nor, to the Company's knowledge, any of its officers, directors or Key Employees is a party or is named as subject to the provisions of any order, writ, injunction, judgment or decree of any court or government agency or instrumentality (in the case of officers, directors or Key Employees, such as would affect the Company). There is no action, suit, proceedings or investigation by the Company pending or which the Company intends to initiate. The foregoing includes, without limitation, actions, suits, proceedings or investigations pending or threatened in writing (or any basis therefor known to the Company) involving the prior employment of any of the Company's employees, their services provided in connection with the Company's Business, any information or techniques allegedly proprietary to any of their former employers or their obligations under any agreements with prior employers.

2.8 Intellectual Property.

- (a) The Company: (i) exclusively owns all right, title and interest in all Company Intellectual Property owned or purported to be owned by the Company; (ii) has a valid right to use all Company Intellectual Property licensed or purported to be licensed to the Company by any Person ("Licensed IP"); and (iii) with respect to all other Company Intellectual Property, can acquire on commercially reasonable terms sufficient legal rights to such Company Intellectual Property without, to the Company's Knowledge, any conflict with, or infringement, misappropriation, or other violation of, the Intellectual Property Rights or other rights of any Person, including (1) any Service Provider or (2) any Governmental Authority, university, college, other educational institution, or research center with which any Service Provider may be affiliated now or may have been affiliated in the past. Neither the Company nor any of its affiliates has taken any action that would impair or otherwise adversely affect the Company's use of or right to use the Company Intellectual Property. To the Company's Knowledge, the practice of the Company Intellectual Property and the conduct of the Business by the Company (including the marketing, manufacture, sale, and distribution of products and services marketed or sold, or proposed to be marketed or sold, by the Company) do not violate and will not violate any license to, and do not infringe, misappropriate, or violate, and will not infringe, misappropriate, or violate, any Intellectual Property, or the conduct of the Business has violated, or would violate or otherwise conflict with, any Intellectual Property Rights or other proprietary rights or Technology of any other Person.
- (b) Other than with respect to commercially available software products licensed to the Company under standard end-user object code license agreements, there are no outstanding options, licenses, agreements, claims, encumbrances, or shared ownership interests of any kind relating to the Company Intellectual Property, nor is the Company bound by or a party to any options, licenses, or agreements of any kind with respect to the Intellectual Property Rights, Technology, licenses, information, or other proprietary rights of any other Person, except as set forth in Section 2.8(b) of the Disclosure Schedule. The Company has obtained and possesses valid licenses to use all of the software programs present on the computers and other software-enabled electronic devices that they own or lease or that they have otherwise provided to their employees for their use in connection with the Business.
- (c) To the Company's Knowledge, it will not be necessary to use any Technology or Intellectual Property Rights developed by any Service Provider prior to his, her, or its employment by the Company, or of any Governmental Authority, university, college, other educational institution, or research center with which any such Service Provider may be affiliated now or may have been affiliated with in the past. Each Service Provider has signed a written agreement with the Company to irrevocably assign and transfer to the Company all right, title, and interest in all Technology and Intellectual Property Rights that such Service Provider solely or jointly conceived, reduced to practice, developed, or made during the period of his, her, or its employment with or engagement by the Company that (i) relate, at the time of conception, reduction to practice, development, or making of such Intellectual Property Right or Technology, to the Business, (ii) were developed on any amount of the Company's or any of its Affiliates's time or with the use of any of the Company's or any of its Affiliates, facilities, or information, or (iii) resulted from the performance of services for the Company or any of its Affiliates (a "Service Provider Agreement"). To the Company's Knowledge, no Service Provider is in violation of any Service Provider Agreement. No Service Provider has asserted nor, to the Company's Knowledge, has any right, title, interest, or other claim in, nor has the right to receive any royalties or other consideration with respect to, any Company Intellectual Property.

- (d) Section 2.8(d) of the Disclosure Schedule lists all patents, patent applications, registered trademarks, trademark applications, service marks, service mark applications, tradenames, registered copyrights, and licenses to and under any of the foregoing, in each case owned by the Company as of the date of the applicable Closing.
- (e) The Company has not embedded, used, or distributed any open source, copyleft, or community source code (including but not limited to, any libraries or code, software, technologies, or other materials that are licensed or distributed under any version of the GNU General Public License, GNU Lesser General Public License, Affero General Public License, Server Side Public License, Mozilla Public License, BSD license, Microsoft Shared Source License, Common Public License, Netscape Public License, Artistic License, Sun Community Source License, Sun Industry Standards License, Apache License, or any license listed, or other distribution model described by the Open Source Initiative, at www.opensource.org, collectively "Open Source Software") in connection with any of the Company's products or services that are generally available or in development in any manner that would materially restrict the ability of the Company to protect its proprietary interests in any such product or service or in the Company Intellectual Property or in any manner that requires, or purports to require, (i) any Company Intellectual Property (other than the Open Source Software itself) be disclosed or distributed in source code form or be licensed for the purpose of making derivative works; (ii) any restriction on the consideration to be charged for the distribution of any Company Intellectual Property; (iii) the creation of any obligation on the Company with respect to Company Intellectual Property owned or purported to be owned by the Company; or (iv) any other limitation, restriction or condition on the right of the Company with respect to its use or distribution of any Company Intellectual Property.
- (f) No funding, facilities, or personnel of a Governmental Authority, university, college, other educational institution, or research center, or funding from any Person other than the Company or its Affiliates was used in the development of any Company Intellectual Property. No Service Provider or other Person who was involved in or contributed to the creation or development of any Company Intellectual Property has performed services for any Governmental Authority, university, college, other educational institution, or research center in a manner that would grant any ownership interest or rights in the Company Intellectual Property to any Governmental Authority, university, college, other educational institution, or research center.

- (g) To the Knowledge of the Company, no Person has infringed, misappropriated, or otherwise violated, and to the Knowledge of the Company, no Person is currently infringing, misappropriating, or otherwise violating any Company Intellectual Property.
- (h) All Licensed IP is subject to a legal, valid, and binding agreement between the Company and the applicable licensor and is, in each case, in full force and effect. There is no material default or breach by the Company, or, to the Company's Knowledge, by any other party to any such agreement in the timely performance of any obligation to be performed or paid under any material provision thereof. To the Company's Knowledge, the Company has met, and agrees that it shall meet, all of its obligations under the P&G License required to maintain the full scope of the licenses granted to the Company therein.
- (i) No source code for any Company Intellectual Property has been delivered, licensed, or made available to any escrow agent or other Person who is not, as of the date of this Agreement, an employee of the Company. The Company has no duty or obligation (whether present, contingent, or otherwise) to deliver, license, or make available the source code for any Company Intellectual Property to any escrow agent or other Person. To the Company's Knowledge, no event has occurred, and no circumstance or condition exists that (with or without notice or lapse of time) will, or could reasonably be expected to, result in the delivery, license, or disclosure of any source code for any Company Intellectual Property to any other Person who is not, as of the date of this Agreement, an employee of the Company.
- (j) The Company has taken all commercially reasonable actions, consistent with current industry standards, to ensure the confidentiality and protection of all Technology included in the Company Intellectual Property and no such Technology has been authorized to be disclosed or has actually been disclosed by the Company to any Person, other than pursuant to a valid and enforceable written agreement restricting the disclosure and use thereof. To the Company's Knowledge, there has been no unauthorized disclosure or use of any Company Intellectual Property.
- Compliance with Other Instruments. (a) The Company is not in violation or default (i) of any provision of its certificate of incorporation, certificate of formation or other governing document, (ii) of any instrument, judgment, order, writ or decree, (iii) under any note, indenture or mortgage, or (iv) under any lease, agreement, license, contract, or purchase order to which it is a party or by which it is bound that is required to be listed on the Disclosure Schedule, other than as set forth in Section 2.9 of the Disclosure Schedule, or (v) of any provision of Law applicable to the Company, the violation of which would have a Material Adverse Effect. (b) The execution, delivery and performance of the Transaction Agreements and the consummation of the transactions contemplated by the Transaction Agreements will not result in (i) any such violation or default or be in conflict with or constitute, with or without the passage of time and giving of notice, either (1) a default under any such provision, instrument, judgment, order, writ, decree, license, contract or agreement, including under the P&G License or (2) an event which results in the creation of any lien, charge or encumbrance upon any Company Intellectual Property or any assets of the Company or the suspension, revocation, forfeiture, or nonrenewal of any material permit or license applicable to the Company; (ii) the release, disclosure, or delivery of any Company Intellectual Property by or to any escrow agent or other Person; (iii) the grant, assignment, or transfer to any other Person of any license, covenant not to assert, or other right or interest under, to, or in any Company Intellectual Property, except as provided in the Strategic Supply Agreement; (iv) the payment of any royalties or other license fees to any Person with respect to any Company Intellectual Property in excess of those payable by the Company in the absence of this Agreement; or (v) a right of a party to any agreement between the Company and any other Person to obtain access to di

2.10 Agreements; Actions.

- (a) Except for the Transaction Agreements and as set forth in Section 2.10(a) to the Disclosure Schedule, there are no agreements, understandings, instruments, contracts or proposed transactions to which the Company or any of its Affiliates is a party or by which any of them are bound that involve (i) obligations (contingent or otherwise) of, or payments to, the Company or any of its Affiliates in excess of \$500,000, (ii) the license of any Technology, Intellectual Property Rights, or other proprietary rights to or from the Company, (iii) the grant of rights to manufacture, produce, assemble, license, market, or sell the Company's products to any other Person that limit the Company's exclusive right to develop, manufacture, assemble, distribute, market or sell its products, or (iv) indemnification by the Company with respect to infringements, misappropriations, or other violations of Intellectual Property Rights or other proprietary rights.
- (b) Except as set forth in Section 2.10(b) to the Disclosure Schedule, the Company has not (i) declared or paid any dividends, or authorized or made any distribution upon or with respect to any class or series of its equity securities, (ii) incurred any indebtedness for money borrowed or incurred any other liabilities individually in excess of \$500,000 or in excess of \$1,000,000 in the aggregate, (iii) made any loans or advances to any Person, other than ordinary advances for travel expenses, or (iv) sold, exchanged or otherwise disposed of any of its assets or rights, other than the sale of its inventory in the ordinary course of business.
- (c) For the purposes of (a) and (b) of this <u>Section 2.10</u>, all indebtedness, liabilities, agreements, understandings, instruments, contracts and proposed transactions involving the same Person (including Persons the Company has reason to believe are affiliated with each other) shall be aggregated for the purpose of meeting the individual minimum dollar amounts of such Section.
- (d) The Company is not a guarantor or indemnitor of any indebtedness of any other Person, except as set forth in Section 2.10(d) of the Disclosure Schedule.

2.11 Certain Transactions.

(a) Other than as described in Section 2.11(a) of the Disclosure Schedule and (i) standard employee benefits generally made available to all employees, (ii) standard director and officer indemnification agreements approved by the board of directors of the Company, and (iii) the purchase equity securities from the Company and the issuance of options to purchase the Company's equity securities, in each instance, approved in the written minutes of the board of directors of the Company (previously provided to Purchaser or its counsel), there are no agreements, understandings or proposed transactions between the Company and any of its officers, directors, consultants or Key Employees, or any Affiliate thereof.

- (b) Other than as described in Section 2.11(b) of the Disclosure Schedule, the Company is not indebted, directly or indirectly, to any of its directors, officers or employees or to their respective spouses or children or to any Affiliate of any of the foregoing, other than in connection with expenses or advances of expenses incurred in the ordinary course of business or employee relocation expenses and for other customary employee benefits made generally available to all employees. None of the Company's directors, officers or employees, or any members of their immediate families, or any Affiliate of the foregoing are, directly or indirectly, indebted to the Company or, to the Company's knowledge, have any (i) material commercial, industrial, banking, consulting, legal, accounting, charitable or familial relationship with any of the Company is affiliated or with which the Company has a business relationship, or any firm or corporation which competes with the Company except that directors, officers, employees or equityholders of the Company may own stock in (but not exceeding two percent (2%) of the outstanding capital stock of) publicly traded companies that may compete with the Company; or (iii) financial interest in any material contract with the Company.
- 2.12 Rights of Registration and Voting Rights. Except as may be provided in the Investor Rights Agreement, the Company is not under any obligation to register under the Securities Act any of its currently outstanding securities or any securities issuable upon exercise or conversion of its currently outstanding securities. To the Company's knowledge, except as contemplated in the Investor Rights Agreements, no stockholder of the Company has entered into any agreements with respect to the voting of equity securities of the Company, except as set forth in Section 2.12 of the Disclosure Schedule.
- 2.13 Property. Other than as described in Section 2.13 of the Disclosure Schedule, the property and assets that the Company owns are free and clear of all mortgages, deeds of trust, liens, loans and encumbrances, except for statutory liens for the payment of current taxes that are not yet delinquent and encumbrances and liens that arise in the ordinary course of business and do not materially impair the Company's ownership or use of such property or assets. With respect to the property and assets it leases, the Company is in compliance with such leases and holds a valid leasehold interest free of any liens, claims or encumbrances other than those of the lessors of such property or assets. The Company does not own any real property.
- 2.14 Financial Statements. The Company's periodic reports filed with the SEC or the Form S-4 filed in connection with the Merger Agreement (as applicable) (the "SEC Filings") contain (a) the annual audited consolidated balance sheets of the Company, and the related statements of operations, changes in equityholders' equity and cash flows, as of and for the most recent two fiscal years available in the SEC Filings, including the notes thereto and (b) the unaudited consolidated balance sheet of the Company, and the related statements of operations, changes in equityholders' equity and cash flows, as of and for the period beginning on the first day of the current calendar year and ending on the last day of the most recent fiscal quarter available in the SEC Filings (collectively, the "Financial Statements"). The Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") applied on a consistent basis throughout the periods indicated (except as may be indicated in the notes thereto). The Financial Statements fairly present in all material respects the financial condition and operating results of the Company as of the dates, and for the periods, indicated therein, subject in the case of the unaudited Financial Statements to normal year-end audit adjustments. Except as set forth in the Financial Statements, the Company has no material liabilities or obligations, contingent or otherwise, other than (i) liabilities incurred in the ordinary course of business subsequent to the date of the balance sheet contained in the most recent SEC Filing (the "Statement Date"); (ii) obligations under contracts and commitments incurred in the ordinary course of business; and (iii) liabilities and obligations of a type or nature not required under GAAP to be reflected in the Financial Statements, which, in all such cases, individually and in the aggregate would not have a Material Adverse Effect. The Company maintains and will continue to maintain a standard system of accounting establi

- **2.15 Changes**. Since the Statement Date, except as set forth in Section 2.15 of the Disclosure Schedule and as a result of the Transactions, there has not been:
- (a) any change in the assets, liabilities, financial condition or operating results of the Company from that reflected in the Financial Statements, except changes in the ordinary course of business that have not caused, in the aggregate, a Material Adverse Effect;
 - (b) any damage, destruction or loss, whether or not covered by insurance, that would have a Material Adverse Effect;
 - (c) any waiver or compromise by the Company of a valuable right or of a material debt owed to it;
- (d) any satisfaction or discharge of any lien, claim, or encumbrance or payment of any obligation by the Company, except in the ordinary course of business and the satisfaction or discharge of which would not have a Material Adverse Effect;
 - (e) any material change to a material contract or agreement by which the Company or any of its assets is bound or subject;
 - (f) any material change in any compensation arrangement or agreement with any employee, officer, director or stockholder;
 - (g) any resignation or termination of employment of any officer or Key Employee of the Company;
- (h) any mortgage, pledge, transfer of a security interest in, or lien, created by the Company, with respect to any of its material properties or assets, except liens for taxes not yet due or payable and liens that arise in the ordinary course of business and do not materially impair the Company's ownership or use of such property or assets;
- (i) any loans or guarantees made by the Company to or for the benefit of its employees, officers or directors, or any members of their immediate families, other than travel advances and other advances made in the ordinary course of its business;

(j)	any declaration, setting aside or payment or other distribution in respect of any of the Company's equity securities, or any direct or indirect
redemption, purchase, or other acqui	isition of any of such equity securities by the Company;

(k) any sale, assignment or transfer of any Company Intellectual Property that could reasonably be expected to result in a Material Adverse Effect;

- (I) receipt of notice that there has been a loss of, or material order cancellation by, any major customer of the Company;
- (m) to the Company's knowledge, any other event or condition of any character that would reasonably be expected to result in a Material
- (n) any arrangement or commitment by the Company to do any of the things described in this Section 2.15.

2.16 Employee Matters.

Adverse Effect; or

(a) To the Company's knowledge, none of its employees is obligated under any contract (including licenses, covenants or commitments of any nature) or other agreement, or subject to any judgment, decree or order of any court or administrative agency, that would, to the Company's knowledge, materially interfere with such employee's ability to promote the interest of the Company or that would conflict with the Company's Business. Other than as described in Section 2.16(a) of the Disclosure Schedule, neither the execution or delivery of the Transaction Agreements, nor the carrying on of the Company's Business by the employees of the Company, nor the conduct of the Company's Business as now conducted and as presently proposed to be conducted, will, to the Company's knowledge, conflict with or result in a breach of the terms, conditions, or provisions of, or constitute a default under, any contract, covenant or instrument under which any such employee is now obligated.

(b) Other than as described in Section 2.16(b) of the Disclosure Schedule, the Company is not delinquent in payments to any of its employees, consultants, or independent contractors for any wages, salaries, commissions, bonuses, or other direct compensation for any service performed for it to the date of the applicable Closing or amounts required to be reimbursed to such employees, consultants or independent contractors. The Company has complied in all material respects with all applicable state and federal equal employment opportunity Laws and with other Laws related to employment, including those related to wages, hours, worker classification and collective bargaining. The Company has withheld and paid to the appropriate governmental entity or is holding for payment not yet due to such governmental entity all amounts required to be withheld from employees of the Company and is not liable for any arrears of wages, taxes, penalties or other sums for failure to comply with any of the foregoing.

(c) To the Company's knowledge, no Key Employee intends to terminate employment with the Company or is otherwise likely to become unavailable to continue as a Key Employee. The Company does not have a present intention to terminate the employment of any of the foregoing. The employment of each employee of the Company is terminable at the will of the Company. Except as set forth in Section 2.16(c) of the Disclosure Schedule or as required by Law, upon termination of the employment of any such employees, no severance or other payments will become due. Except as set forth in Section 2.16(c) of the Disclosure Schedule, the Company has no policy, practice, plan or program of paying severance pay or any form of severance compensation in connection with the termination of employment services.

- (d) The Company has not made any representations regarding equity incentives to any officer, employee, director or consultant that are inconsistent with the unit amounts and terms set forth in the minutes of meetings of the Company's board of directors.
 - (e) No Key Employee or Technical Employee has been terminated or resigned.
- (f) Section 2.16(f) of the Disclosure Schedule sets forth each employee benefit plan maintained, established or sponsored by the Company, or which the Company participates in or contributes to, which is subject to the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended ("ERISA"). The Company has made all required contributions and has no liability to any such employee benefit plan, other than liability for health plan continuation coverage described in Part 6 of Title I(B) of ERISA and has complied in all material respects with all applicable Laws for any such employee benefit plan.
- (g) The Company is not bound by or subject to (and none of its assets or properties is bound by or subject to) any written or oral, express or implied, contract, commitment or arrangement with any labor union, and no labor union has requested or, to the knowledge of the Company, has sought to represent any of the employees, representatives or agents of the Company. There is no strike or other labor dispute involving the Company pending, or to the Company's knowledge, threatened, which could have a Material Adverse Effect, nor is the Company aware of any labor organization activity involving its employees.
- 2.17 Tax Returns and Payments. There are no federal, state, county, local or foreign taxes due and payable by the Company which have not been timely paid, other than those for which an extension has been filed. There are no accrued and unpaid federal, state, country, local or foreign taxes of the Company which are due, whether or not assessed or disputed. There have been no examinations or audits of any tax returns or reports by any applicable federal, state, local or foreign governmental agency. The Company has duly and timely filed all federal, state, county, local and foreign tax returns required to have been filed by it and there are in effect no waivers of applicable statutes of limitations with respect to taxes for any year.
- 2.18 Insurance. The Company has in full force and effect insurance policies concerning such casualties as would be reasonable and customary for companies like the Company with extended coverage, sufficient in amount (subject to reasonable deductions) to allow it to replace any of its properties that might be damaged or destroyed.
- 2.19 Employee Agreements. Each current and former Service Provider has executed a Service Provider Agreement with the Company or one of its Affiliates substantially in the form or forms delivered to the counsel for Purchaser. No current or former Key Employee or Technical Employee has excluded any Technology or Intellectual Property Rights from his or her assignment of Technology and Intellectual Property Rights pursuant to such Key Employee's or Technical Employee's Service Provider Agreement. Each current and former Key Employee and Technical Employee has executed a non- competition (if in a state where non-competition agreements are enforceable) and non-solicitation agreement substantially in the form or forms delivered to counsel for Purchaser. To the Company's knowledge, none of its Key Employees or Technical Employees is in violation of any agreement covered by this Section 2.19.

- 2.20 Permits. The Company has all franchises, permits, licenses and any similar authority necessary for the conduct of its Business, the lack of which would reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect. The Company is not in default in any material respect under any of such franchises, permits, licenses or other similar authority.
- 2.21 Constitutional Documents. The constitutional documents of the Company are in the forms contained in the SEC Filings. The copy of the minute books of the Company provided to Purchaser contains minutes of all meetings of board of directors or stockholders and all actions by written consent without a meeting by the board of directors or stockholders since the date of formation and accurately reflects in all material respects all actions by the board of directors (or any committee thereof) or stockholders with respect to all transactions approved thereby.
- 2.22 Real Property Holding Corporation. The Company is not now and has never been a "United States real property holding corporation" as defined in the Code and any applicable regulations promulgated thereunder. The Company has filed with the Internal Revenue Service all statements, if any, with its United States income tax returns which are required under such regulations.
- 2.23 Environmental and Safety Laws. Except as would not reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect: (a) the Company is and has been in compliance with all Environmental Laws; (b) there has been no release or threatened release of any pollutant, contaminant or toxic or hazardous material, substance or waste or petroleum or any fraction thereof (each a "Hazardous Substance"), on, upon, into or from any site currently or heretofore owned, leased or otherwise used by the Company; (c) there have been no Hazardous Substances generated by the Company that have been disposed of or come to rest at any site that has been included in any published U.S. federal, state or local "superfund" site list or any other similar list of hazardous or toxic waste sites published by any governmental authority in the United States; and (d) there are no underground storage tanks located on, no polychlorinated biphenyls ("PCBs") or PCB-containing equipment used or stored on, and no hazardous waste as defined by the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, as amended, stored on, any site owned or operated by the Company, except for the storage of hazardous waste in compliance with permits, pending permit applications, correspondence, engineering studies and environmental studies or assessments. For purposes of this Section 2.23, "Environmental Laws" means any law, regulation, or other applicable requirement relating to (a) releases or threatened release of Hazardous Substance; (b) pollution or protection of employee health or safety, public health or the environment; or (c) the manufacture, handling, transport, use, treatment, storage, or disposal of Hazardous Substances.
- 2.24 Disclosure. The Company has made available to Purchaser all the information reasonably available to the Company that Purchaser has requested for deciding whether to acquire the Holdings Common Shares. No representation or warranty of the Company contained in this Agreement, as qualified by the Disclosure Schedule, and no certificate furnished or to be furnished to Purchaser at a Closing contains any untrue statement of a material fact or, to the Company's knowledge, omits to state a material fact necessary in order to make the statements contained herein or therein not misleading in light of the circumstances under which they were made. It is understood that this representation is qualified by the fact that the Company has not delivered to Purchaser, and has not been requested to deliver, a private placement or similar memorandum or any written disclosure of the types of information customarily furnished to purchasers of securities.

2.25 Foreign Corrupt Practices Act Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries nor any of their respective directors, officers, employees or agents have, directly or indirectly, made, offered, promised or authorized any payment or gift of any money or anything of value to or for the benefit of any "foreign official" (as such term is defined in the U.S. Foreign Corrupt Practices Act of 1977, as amended (the "FCPA")), foreign political party or official thereof or candidate for foreign political office for the purpose of (i) influencing any official act or decision of such official, party or candidate, (ii) inducing such official, party or candidate to use his, her or its influence to affect any act or decision of a foreign governmental authority, or (iii) securing any improper advantage, in the case of (i), (ii) and (iii) above in order to assist the Company or any of its affiliates in obtaining or retaining business for or with, or directing business to, any person. Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries nor any of their respective directors, officers, employees or agents have made or authorized any bribe, rebate, payoff, influence payment, kickback or other unlawful payment of funds or received or retained any funds in violation of any Law, rule or regulation. The Company further represents that it has maintained, and has caused each of its subsidiaries and affiliates to maintain, systems of internal controls (including, but not limited to, accounting systems, purchasing systems and billing systems) and written policies to ensure compliance with the FCPA or any other applicable anti-bribery or anti-corruption Law, and to ensure that all books and records of the Company and its subsidiaries accurately and fairly reflect, in reasonable detail, all transactions and dispositions of funds and assets. Neither the Company nor, to the Company's knowledge, any of its officers, directors or employees are the subject of any allegation, voluntary disclosure, investigation, prosecution or other enforcement act

2.26 Data Privacy. In connection with its collection, storage, transfer (including, without limitation, any transfer across national borders) and/or use of any personally identifiable information from any individuals, including, without limitation, any customers, prospective customers, employees and/or other third parties (collectively "Personal Information"), the Company is and has been, to the Company's knowledge, in compliance with all applicable Laws in all relevant jurisdictions, the Company's privacy policies and the requirements of any contract or codes of conduct to which the Company is a party. The Company has commercially reasonable physical, technical, organizational and administrative security measures and policies in place to protect all Personal Information collected by it or on its behalf from and against unauthorized access, use and/or disclosure. To the extent the Company maintains or transmits protected health information, as defined under 45 C.F.R. § 160.103, the Company is in compliance with the applicable requirements of the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996, as amended by the Health Information Technology for Economic and Clinical Health Act, including all rules and regulations promulgated thereunder. The Company is and has been, to the Company's knowledge, in compliance in all material respects with all Laws relating to data loss, theft and breach of security notification obligations.

- 2.27 Export Control Laws. The Company has conducted all export transactions in accordance with applicable provisions of United States export control Laws and regulations, including the Export Administration Regulations, the International Traffic in Arms Regulations, the regulations administered by the Office of Foreign Assets Control of the U.S. Treasury Department, and the export control Laws and regulations of any other applicable jurisdiction. Without limiting the foregoing: (a) the Company has obtained all export licenses and other approvals, timely filed all required filings and has assigned the appropriate export classifications to all products, in each case as required for its exports of products, software and technologies from the United States and any other applicable jurisdiction; (b) the Company is in compliance with the terms of all applicable export licenses, classifications, filing requirements or other approvals; (c) there are no pending or, to the knowledge of the Company, threatened claims against the Company with respect to such exports, classifications, required filings or other approvals; (d) there are no pending investigations related to the Company's exports; and (e) there are no actions, conditions, or circumstances pertaining to the Company's export transactions that would reasonably be expected to give rise to any material future claims.
- 2.28 Product Development and FDA Regulation. All descriptions of, protocols for, and data and other results of, the studies, evaluation batches, demonstration materials, processing procedures, and pilot projects provided by the Company to the Purchaser and submitted to the FDA shall be materially accurate and complete upon submission. The Company is not aware of any studies which reasonably call into question the results of the studies, evaluation batches, demonstration materials, processing procedures, pilot projects of the Company, or the safety of the materials produced by the Company for use as food contact materials. The Company is and has been in compliance with all applicable Laws and guidance administered or issued by the FDA or any similar Governmental Authority, including, but not limited to, the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act and all other applicable Laws.
- 2.29 CFIUS. The Company has conducted an assessment and determined that the Company does not (a) produce, design, test, manufacture, fabricate, or develop "critical technologies" as that term is defined in 31 C.F.R. § 800.215; (b) perform the functions as set forth in column 2 of Appendix A to 31 C.F.R. part 800 with respect to covered investment "critical infrastructure"; or (c) maintain or collect, directly or indirectly, "sensitive personal data" as that term is defined in 31 C.F.R. § 800.241; and, therefore, in turn, is not a "TID U.S. business" within the meaning of 31 C.F.R. § 800.248.
 - 3. REPRESENTATIONS AND WARRANTIES OF PURCHASER. Purchaser hereby represents and warrants to the Company, severally and not jointly, that:
- 3.1 Authorization. Purchaser has full power and authority to enter into the Transaction Agreements. The Transaction Agreements to which the Purchaser is a party, when executed and delivered by Purchaser, will constitute valid and legally binding obligations of Purchaser, enforceable against Purchaser in accordance with their terms, except (a) as limited by applicable bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, moratorium, fraudulent conveyance and any other Laws of general application affecting enforcement of creditors' rights generally, and as limited by Laws relating to the availability of specific performance, injunctive relief or other equitable remedies, or (b) to the extent the indemnification provisions contained in the Investor Rights Agreement may be limited by applicable federal or state securities Laws.

- 3.2 Purchase Entirely for Own Account. This Agreement is made with Purchaser in reliance upon the Purchaser's representation to the Company, which by the Purchaser's execution of this Agreement, Purchaser hereby confirms, that the Holdings Common Shares to be acquired by the Purchaser will be acquired for investment for Purchaser's own account, not as a nominee or agent, and not with a view to the resale or distribution of any part thereof, and that Purchaser has no present intention of selling, granting any participation in, or otherwise distributing the same. By executing this Agreement, Purchaser further represents that Purchaser does not presently have any contract, undertaking, agreement or arrangement with any Person to sell, transfer or grant participations to such Person or to any third Person, with respect to any of the Holdings Common Shares. The Purchaser has not been formed for the specific purpose of acquiring the Holdings Common Shares.
- 3.3 Disclosure of Information. Purchaser has had an opportunity to discuss the Company's Business, management, financial affairs and the terms and conditions of the offering of the Holdings Common Shares with the Company's management and has had an opportunity to review the Company's facilities. The foregoing, however, does not limit or modify the representations and warranties of the Company in Section 2 of this Agreement or the right of Purchaser to rely thereon.
- Restricted Securities. Purchaser understands that the Holdings Common Shares have not been, and will not be, registered under the Securities Act, by reason of a specific exemption from the registration provisions of the Securities Act which depends upon, among other things, the bona fide nature of the investment intent and the accuracy of the Purchaser's representations as expressed herein. Purchaser understands that the Holdings Common Shares are "restricted securities" under applicable U.S. federal and state securities Laws and that, pursuant to these Laws, Purchaser must hold the Holdings Common Shares indefinitely unless they are registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission and qualified by state authorities, or an exemption from such registration and qualification requirements is available. Purchaser acknowledges that the Company has no obligation to register or qualify the Holdings Common Shares, or any other securities that may be held by Purchaser, for resale except as set forth in (a) the Investor Rights Agreement to be entered into concurrently with the Closing (as defined in the Merger Agreement), by and among the Company, (b) the Registration Rights Agreement to be entered into substantially concurrently with the Closing (as defined in the Merger Agreement) by and among the Company, Parent and certain subscribers for equity of Parent and (c) the Registration Rights Agreement, entered into as of November 15, 2020, by and among Purecycle and certain holders of the Convertible Notes. The Purchaser further acknowledges that if an exemption from registration or qualification is available, it may be conditioned on various requirements including, but not limited to, the time and manner of sale, the holding period for the Holdings Common Shares, and on requirements relating to the Company which are outside of the Purchaser's control, and which the Company is under no obligation and may not be able to satisfy.

3.5 Legends. The Purchaser understands that the Holdings Common Shares and any securities issued in respect of or exchange for the Holdings Common Shares, may be notated with one or all of the following legends:

"THE SHARES REPRESENTED HEREBY HAVE NOT BEEN REGISTERED UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933 AND HAVE BEEN ACQUIRED FOR INVESTMENT AND NOT WITH A VIEW TO, OR IN CONNECTION WITH, THE SALE OR DISTRIBUTION THEREOF. NO SUCH TRANSFER MAY BE EFFECTED WITHOUT AN EFFECTIVE REGISTRATION STATEMENT RELATED THERETO OR AN OPINION OF COUNSEL IN A FORM SATISFACTORY TO THE COMPANY THAT SUCH REGISTRATION IS NOT REQUIRED UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933."

- (a) Any legend set forth in, or required by, the other Transaction Agreements.
- (b) Any legend required by the securities Laws of any state to the extent such Laws are applicable to the Holdings Common Shares represented by the certificate, instrument, or book entry so legended.
 - 3.6 Accredited Investor. The Purchaser is an accredited investor as defined in Rule 501(a) of Regulation D promulgated under the Securities Act.
- 3.7 Foreign Investors. If the Purchaser is not a United States person (as defined by Section 7701(a)(30) of the Code), the Purchaser hereby represents that it has satisfied itself as to the full observance of the Laws of its jurisdiction in connection with any invitation to subscribe for the Holdings Common Shares or any use of this Agreement, including (i) the legal requirements within its jurisdiction for the purchase of the Holdings Common Shares, (ii) any foreign exchange restrictions applicable to such purchase, (iii) any governmental or other consents that may need to be obtained, and (iv) the income tax and other tax consequences, if any, that may be relevant to the purchase, holding, redemption, sale, or transfer of the Holdings Common Shares. The Purchaser's subscription and payment for and continued beneficial ownership of the Holdings Common Shares will not violate any applicable securities or other Laws of the Purchaser's jurisdiction.
- 3.8 No General Solicitation. Neither the Purchaser, nor any of its officers, directors, employees, agents, stockholders or partners has either directly or indirectly, including, through a broker or finder (a) engaged in any general solicitation, or (b) published any advertisement in connection with the offer and sale of the Holdings Common Shares.
- 3.9 Exculpation. Purchaser acknowledges that it is not relying upon any Person, other than the Company and its officers and directors, in making its investment or decision to invest in the Company.

3.10 Residence. Purchaser is a corporation, incorporated under the Laws of the State of Delaware and its principal place of business is identified in the address or addresses of Purchaser set forth on Purchaser's signature page to this Agreement.

4. CONDITIONS TO PURCHASER'S OBLIGATIONS AT CLOSINGS.

- 4.1 Closings. The obligations of Purchaser to purchase Holdings Common Shares at each Closing are subject to the fulfillment, on or before each such Closing, of each of the following conditions and deliverables, unless otherwise waived:
- (a) Compliance Certificate. An executive officer of the Company shall deliver to Purchaser at such additional Closing a certificate certifying that the representations and warranties of the Company contained in Section 2 are true and correct in all respects as of the date of such additional Closing, subject to any updates to the Disclosure Schedule delivered at each additional Closing (but which shall not affect the representations and warranties given, or disclosure schedules delivered, in previous Closings).
- (b) Performance. The Company shall have performed and complied with all covenants, agreements, obligations and conditions contained in this Agreement that are required to be performed or complied with by it on or before such Closing and shall have delivered the Transaction Agreements as of the date hereof, and remained in compliance with the Transaction Agreements as of each Closing.
- (c) Qualifications. All authorizations, approvals or permits, if any, of any governmental authority or regulatory body of the United States or of any state that are required in connection with the lawful issuance and sale of the Holdings Common Shares pursuant to this Agreement shall be obtained and effective as of each Closing.
- (d) Proceedings and Documents. All proceedings in connection with the transactions contemplated at any Closing and all documents incident thereto shall be reasonably satisfactory in form and substance to Purchaser, and Purchaser (or its counsel) shall have received all such counterpart original and certified or other copies of such documents as reasonably requested. Such documents may include good standing certificates.
- 5. CONDITIONS OF THE COMPANY'S OBLIGATIONS AT CLOSINGS. The obligations of the Company to sell Holdings Common Shares to Purchaser at each Closing are subject to the fulfillment, on or before each such Closing, of each of the following conditions and deliverables, unless otherwise waived:
- 5.1 Representations and Warranties. The representations and warranties of Purchaser contained in Section 3 shall be true and correct in all respects as of the date of such Closing.
- 5.2 Performance. Purchaser shall have performed and complied with all covenants, agreements, obligations and conditions contained in this Agreement that are required to be performed or complied with by it on or before such Closing and shall have delivered the Transaction Agreements as of the date hereof, and remained in compliance with the Transaction Agreements as of each additional Closing.

5.3 Qualifications. All authorizations, approvals or permits, if any, of any governmental authority or regulatory body of the United States or of any state that are required in connection with the lawful issuance and sale of the Holdings Common Shares pursuant to this Agreement shall be obtained and effective as of each Closing.

6. MISCELLANEOUS.

- 6.1 Survival of Warranties. Unless otherwise set forth in this Agreement, the representations and warranties of the Company and Purchaser contained in or made pursuant to this Agreement shall survive the execution and delivery of this Agreement and the applicable Closing at which made, and shall in no way be affected by any investigation or knowledge of the subject matter thereof made by or on behalf of Purchaser or the Company.
- 6.2 Successors and Assigns. The terms and conditions of this Agreement shall inure to the benefit of and be binding upon the respective successors and assigns of the parties. Nothing in this Agreement, express or implied, is intended to confer upon any party other than the parties hereto or their respective successors and assigns any rights, remedies, obligations or liabilities under or by reason of this Agreement, except as expressly provided in this Agreement.
- **6.3 Governing Law.** This Agreement shall be governed by the internal law of the State of Delaware, without regard to conflict of law principles that would result in the application of any law other than the law of the State of Delaware.
- 6.4 Counterparts. This Agreement may be executed in two (2) or more counterparts, each of which shall be deemed an original, but all of which together shall constitute one and the same instrument. Counterparts may be delivered via facsimile, electronic mail (including pdf or any electronic signature complying with the U.S. federal ESIGN Act of 2000, e.g., www.docusign.com) or other transmission method and any counterpart so delivered shall be deemed to have been duly and validly delivered and be valid and effective for all purposes.
- 6.5 Titles and Subtitles. The titles and subtitles used in this Agreement are used for convenience only and are not to be considered in construing or interpreting this Agreement.
- Notices. All notices and other communications given or made pursuant to this Agreement shall be in writing and shall be deemed effectively given upon the earlier of actual receipt, or (a) personal delivery to the party to be notified, (b) when sent, if sent by electronic mail or facsimile during normal business hours of the recipient, and if not sent during normal business hours, then on the recipient's next business day, (c) five (5) days after having been sent by registered or certified mail, return receipt requested, postage prepaid, or (d) one (1) business day after deposit with a nationally recognized overnight courier, freight prepaid, specifying next business day delivery, with written verification of receipt. All communications shall be sent to the respective parties at their address as set forth on the signature page to this Agreement, or to such e-mail address, facsimile number or address as subsequently modified by written notice given in accordance with this Section 6.6. If notice is given to the Company, a copy (which copy shall not constitute notice) shall also be sent to Jones Day, Attn: Patrick Baldwin (Email: pbaldwin@jonesday.com).

- 6.7 No Finder's Fees. Each party represents that it neither is nor will be obligated for any finder's fee or commission in connection with this transaction. Purchaser agrees to indemnify and to hold harmless the Company from any liability for any commission or compensation in the nature of a finder's or broker's fee arising out of this transaction (and the costs and expenses of defending against such liability or asserted liability) for which Purchaser or any of its officers, employees or representatives is responsible. The Company agrees to indemnify and hold harmless Purchaser from any liability for any commission or compensation in the nature of a finder's or broker's fee arising out of this transaction (and the costs and expenses of defending against such liability or asserted liability) for which the Company or any of its officers, employees or representatives is responsible.
- **6.8** Attorneys' Fees. If any action at law or in equity (including, arbitration) is necessary to enforce or interpret the terms of any of the Transaction Agreements, the prevailing party shall be entitled to reasonable attorneys' fees, costs and necessary disbursements in addition to any other relief to which such party may be entitled.
- 6.9 Amendments and Waivers. Any term of this Agreement may be amended, terminated or waived only with the written consent of the Company and Purchaser. Any amendment or waiver effected in accordance with this Section 6.9 shall be binding upon Purchaser and each transferee of the Holdings Common Shares, each future holder of all such securities, and the Company.
 - 6.10 Severability. The invalidity or unenforceability of any provision hereof shall in no way affect the validity or enforceability of any other provision.
- 6.11 Delays or Omissions. No delay or omission to exercise any right, power or remedy accruing to any party under this Agreement, upon any breach or default of any other party under this Agreement, shall impair any such right, power or remedy of such non-breaching or non-defaulting party nor shall it be construed to be a waiver of any such breach or default, or an acquiescence therein, or of or in any similar breach or default thereafter occurring; nor shall any waiver of any single breach or default be deemed a waiver of any other breach or default theretofore or thereafter occurring. Any waiver, permit, consent or approval of any kind or character on the part of any party of any previsions or conditions of this Agreement, must be in writing and shall be effective only to the extent specifically set forth in such writing. All remedies, either under this Agreement or by law or otherwise afforded to any party, shall be cumulative and not alternative.
- 6.12 Entire Agreement. This Agreement (including the Exhibits hereto), the Original Purchase Agreement, and the other Transaction Agreements constitute the full and entire understanding and agreement between the parties with respect to the subject matter hereof, and any other written or oral agreement relating to the subject matter hereof existing between the parties are expressly canceled; provided that prior to the Effective Date, the Original Purchase Agreement will remain effective.
- 6.13 Corporate Securities Law. THE SALE OF THE SECURITIES WHICH ARE THE SUBJECT OF THIS AGREEMENT HAS NOT BEEN QUALIFIED WITH THE COMMISSIONER OF CORPORATIONS OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA AND THE ISSUANCE OF THE SECURITIES OR THE PAYMENT OR RECEIPT OF ANY PART OF THE CONSIDERATION THEREFOR PRIOR TO THE QUALIFICATION IS UNLAWFUL, UNLESS THE SALE OF SECURITIES IS EXEMPT FROM THE QUALIFICATION BY SECTION 25100, 25102 OR 25105 OF THE CALIFORNIA CORPORATIONS CODE. THE RIGHTS OF ALL PARTIES TO THIS AGREEMENT ARE EXPRESSLY CONDITIONED UPON THE QUALIFICATION BEING OBTAINED UNLESS THE SALE IS SO EXEMPT.

- 6.14 **Dispute Resolution.** The parties (a) hereby irrevocably and unconditionally submit to the jurisdiction of the state courts of Delaware and to the jurisdiction of the United States District Court for the District of Delaware for the purpose of any suit, action or other proceeding arising out of or based upon this Agreement, (b) agree not to commence any suit, action or other proceeding arising out of or based upon this Agreement except in the state courts of Delaware or the United States District Court for the District of Delaware, and (c) hereby waive, and agree not to assert, by way of motion, as a defense, or otherwise, in any such suit, action or proceeding, any claim that it is not subject personally to the jurisdiction of the above-named courts, that its property is exempt or immune from attachment or execution, that the suit, action or proceeding is brought in an inconvenient forum, that the venue of the suit, action or proceeding is improper or that this Agreement or the subject matter hereof may not be enforced in or by such court.
- 6.15 WAIVER OF JURY TRIAL: EACH PARTY HEREBY WAIVES ITS RIGHTS TO A JURY TRIAL OF ANY CLAIM OR CAUSE OF ACTION BASED UPON OR ARISING OUT OF THIS AGREEMENT, THE OTHER TRANSACTION AGREEMENTS, THE SECURITIES OR THE SUBJECT MATTER HEREOF OR THEREOF. THE SCOPE OF THIS WAIVER IS INTENDED TO BE ALL-ENCOMPASSING OF ANY AND ALL DISPUTES THAT MAY BE FILED IN ANY COURT AND THAT RELATE TO THE SUBJECT MATTER OF THIS TRANSACTION, INCLUDING, WITHOUT LIMITATION, CONTRACT CLAIMS, TORT CLAIMS (INCLUDING NEGLIGENCE), BREACH OF DUTY CLAIMS, AND ALL OTHER COMMON LAW AND STATUTORY CLAIMS. THIS SECTION HAS BEEN FULLY DISCUSSED BY EACH OF THE PARTIES HERETO AND THESE PROVISIONS WILL NOT BE SUBJECT TO ANY EXCEPTIONS. EACH PARTY HERETO HEREBY FURTHER WARRANTS AND REPRESENTS THAT SUCH PARTY HAS REVIEWED THIS WAIVER WITH ITS LEGAL COUNSEL, AND THAT SUCH PARTY KNOWINGLY AND VOLUNTARILY WAIVES ITS JURY TRIAL RIGHTS FOLLOWING CONSULTATION WITH LEGAL COUNSEL.
- 6.16 No Commitment for Additional Financing. The Company acknowledges and agrees that Purchaser has not made any representation, undertaking, commitment or agreement to provide or assist the Company in obtaining any financing, investment or other assistance, other than the purchase of the Holdings Common Shares at each Closing as set forth herein and subject to the conditions set forth herein.

6.17 Treatment of Original Purchase Agreement

- Purchaser hereby warrants, as of the date hereof, that it has not assigned, in whole or in part, the Original Purchase Agreement or any of its rights or obligations thereunder. Without limiting any restrictions on assignment contained in the Original Purchase Agreement or this Agreement, Purchaser will not, from and after the date hereof, (i) assign, in whole or in part, the Original Purchase Agreement or any of its rights or obligations thereunder, to any person or entity unless Purchaser assigns simultaneously therewith this Agreement and its rights and obligations hereunder (or, if Purchaser transfers a portion of the Original Purchase Agreement or its rights or obligations thereunder, the corresponding portion of this Agreement and its rights or obligations hereunder) in accordance with the terms hereof or (ii) assign this Agreement in whole or in part to any person or entity unless Purchaser simultaneously therewith the Original Purchase Agreement (or, if Purchaser assigns a portion of this Agreement or its rights or obligations hereunder, a proportionate portion of the Original Purchase Agreement and its rights and obligations thereunder) in accordance with the terms hereof. Neither the execution and delivery of this Agreement or any other Transaction Agreement will affect the terms and conditions of, or the rights and obligations of Purchaser and Purceycle under, the Original Purchase Agreement, except (i) as set forth in the immediately preceding sentence and (ii) as set forth in Section 6.17(b).
 - **(b)** Notwithstanding the terms of the Original Purchase Agreement:
- (i) if Purecycle provides written notice to Purchaser that it reasonably expects the SPAC Merger Closing to occur within ten (10) days after Purchaser's timely delivery to Purccycle of an Exercise Notice (as defined in the Original Purchase Agreement) pursuant to Section 1.1(b) of the Original Purchase Agreement, then such Exercise Notice (as defined in the Original Purchase Agreement) will, automatically and without any further action required by any party, be deemed to be an Exercise Notice delivered by Purchaser to the Company on the date of the SPAC Merger Closing pursuant to Section 1.1(a) (with such deemed delivery considered to be timely notwithstanding the timing requirements set forth in Section 1.1(a));
- (ii) if Purecycle provides written notice to Purchaser that it reasonably expects the SPAC Merger Closing to occur within ten (10) days after Purchaser's timely delivery to Purecycle of the Additional Investment Notice (as defined in the Original Purchase Agreement) pursuant to Section 1.1(d) of the Original Purchase Agreement, then such Additional Investment Notice (as defined in the Original Purchase Agreement) will, automatically and without any further action required by any party, be deemed to be an Additional Investment Notice delivered by Purchaser to the Company on the date of the SPAC Merger Closing pursuant to Section 1.1(c) (with such deemed delivery considered to be timely notwithstanding the timing requirements set forth in Section 1.1(c)); provided that the Current Fair Market Value shall be \$10.00 per Holdings Common Share; and
- (iii) the determination of Current Fair Market Value (as defined in the Original Purchase Agreement) of the Units purchased in connection with the Additional Investment Option (as defined in the Original Purchase Agreement) will be based on an aggregate equity valuation of the Company of \$835,000,000.
- 6.18 Company Joinder. At or immediately prior to the SPAC Merger Closing, Purecycle shall cause the Company to execute a counterpart signature page to this Agreement, and, upon execution of such counterpart signature page, the Company shall become a party to this Agreement with the same force and effect as if originally named as a party herein.

7. EFFECTIVE DATE; TERMINATION

- 7.1 Effective Date. The parties agree that this Agreement will only be effective as of the Effective Date and only upon the consummation of the SPAC Merger Closing, except with respect to this Section 7 and Section 6 (including Section 6.17), which shall be effective as of the date hereof. For the avoidance of doubt, from and after the Effective Date, the Original Agreement in its entirety shall be amended, restated and superseded by this Agreement.
- 7.2 Termination Prior to Effective Date. Prior to the Effective Date, this Agreement will automatically terminate without any additional action by any party hereto or any third-party and be of no further force or effect, and none of Purchaser, Purecycle or the Company will have any rights or obligations hereunder, as of the earliest to occur of (i) unless the parties otherwise agree in writing at the time of such termination, the termination of the Original Purchase Agreement in accordance with its terms and (ii) the termination of the Merger Agreement in accordance with its terms. For the avoidance of doubt, if this Agreement is terminated prior to the Effective Date, then the Original Purchase Agreement will remain effective pursuant to the terms thereof, without any modifications by this Agreement, and no party shall have any rights, obligations or liabilities pursuant to this Agreement.

[SIGNATURE PAGE FOLLOWS]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties have executed this Amended and Restated Purchase Option Agreement as of the date first written above.

PURECYCLE:

Purecycle Technologies LLC

By: /s/ Michael Otworth

Name: Michael Otworth Title: Chief Executive Officer Email: motworth@purecycletech.com Address: 5950 Hazeltine National Drive, Suite 650 Orlando, FL 32822

PURCHASER:

Aptargroup, Inc.

By:

/s/ Daniel R. Ackerman
Name: Daniel R. Ackerman
Title: VP Corporate Controller
Email: dan.ackerman@aptar.com
Address: 275 Exchange Drive,
Crystal Lake, IL 60014

INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM'S CONSENT

We consent to the inclusion in this Registration Statement of Roth CH Acquisition I Co. Parent Corp. on Form S-1 of our report dated February 14, 2020, which includes an explanatory paragraph as to the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, with respect to our audit of the financial statements of Roth CH Acquisition I Co. (the "Company") as of December 31, 2019 and for the period from February 13, 2019 (inception) through December 31, 2019, which report appears in the Prospectus, which is part of this Registration Statement. We also consent to the reference to our Firm under the heading "Experts" in such Prospectus.

/s/ Marcum llp

New York, NY November 30, 2020

CONSENT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

We have issued our report dated August 25, 2020, with respect to the consolidated financial statements of PureCycle Technologies LLC contained in this Registration Statement and Prospectus. We consent to the use of the aforementioned report in this Registration Statement and Prospectus, and to the use of our name as it appears under the caption "Experts."

/s/ GRANT THORNTON LLP

Chicago, Illinois November 30, 2020

Consent to Reference in Prospectus

By:

Roth CH Acquisition I Co. Parent Corp. (the "Company") is filing a Registration Statement on Form S-1 with the Securities and Exchange Commission under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"). In connection therewith, I hereby consent, pursuant to Rule 438 of the Securities Act, to the reference to me in the prospectus included in such Registration Statement as a future member of the board of directors of the Company.

Date: November 25, 2020

/s/ Michael J. Otworth

Name: Michael J. Otworth

Consent to Reference in Prospectus

Roth CH Acquisition I Co. Parent Corp. (the "Company") is filing a Registration Statement on Form S-1 with the Securities and Exchange Commission under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"). In connection therewith, I hereby consent, pursuant to Rule 438 of the Securities Act, to the reference to me in the prospectus included in such Registration Statement as a future member of the board of directors of the Company.

Date: November 25, 2020

By: /s/ John Scott

Name: John Scott

Consent to Reference in Prospectus

Roth CH Acquisition I Co. Parent Corp. (the "Company") is filing a Registration Statement on Form S-1 with the Securities and Exchange Commission under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"). In connection therewith, I hereby consent, pursuant to Rule 438 of the Securities Act, to the reference to me in the prospectus included in such Registration Statement as a future member of the board of directors of the Company.

Date: November 25, 2020

By: /s/ Richard Brenner

Name: Richard Brenner

Consent to Reference in Prospectus

Roth CH Acquisition I Co. Parent Corp. (the "Company") is filing a Registration Statement on Form S-1 with the Securities and Exchange Commission under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"). In connection therewith, I hereby consent, pursuant to Rule 438 of the Securities Act, to the reference to me in the prospectus included in such Registration Statement as a future member of the board of directors of the Company.

Date: November 25, 2020

By: /s/ Tanya Burnell

Name: Tanya Burnell

Consent to Reference in Prospectus

Roth CH Acquisition I Co. Parent Corp. (the "Company") is filing a Registration Statement on Form S-1 with the Securities and Exchange Commission under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"). In connection therewith, I hereby consent, pursuant to Rule 438 of the Securities Act, to the reference to me in the prospectus included in such Registration Statement as a future member of the board of directors of the Company.

Date: November 25, 2020

By: /s/ Timothy Glockner

Name: Timothy Glockner

Consent to Reference in Prospectus

Roth CH Acquisition I Co. Parent Corp. (the "Company") is filing a Registration Statement on Form S-1 with the Securities and Exchange Commission under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"). In connection therewith, I hereby consent, pursuant to Rule 438 of the Securities Act, to the reference to me in the prospectus included in such Registration Statement as a future member of the board of directors of the Company.

Date: November 25, 2020

By: /s/ Jeffrey Fieler

Name: Jeffrey Fieler